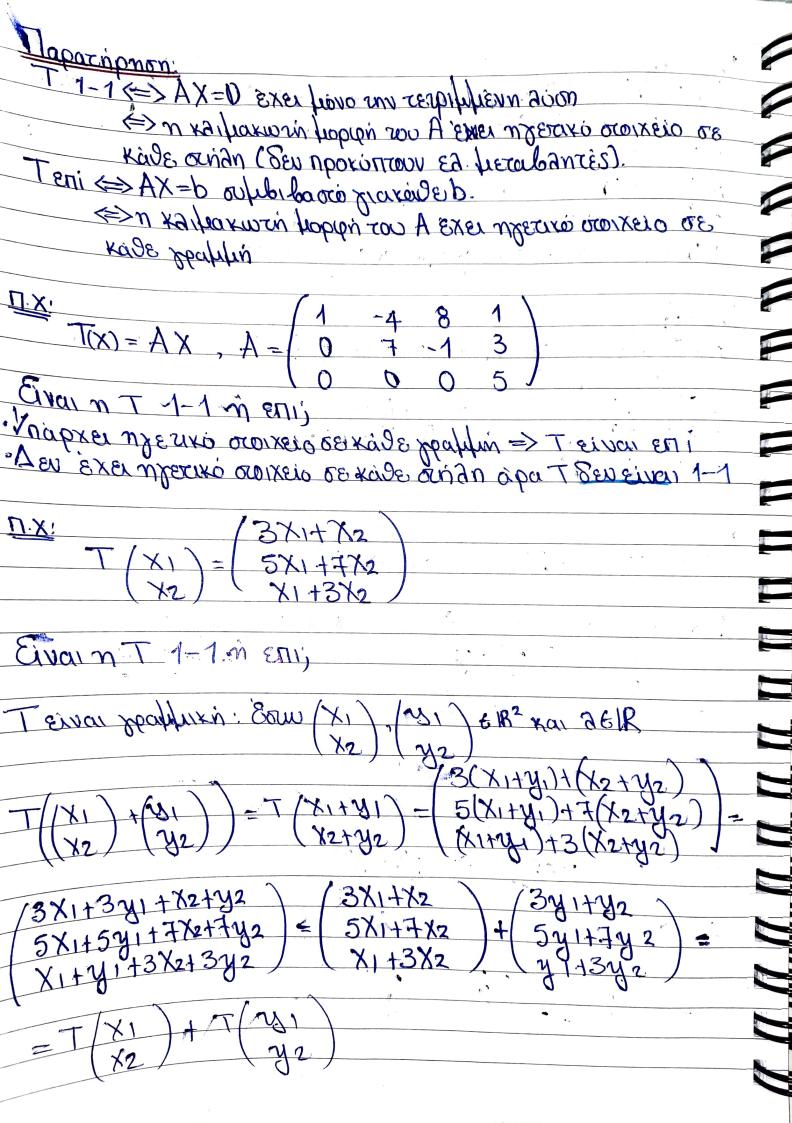
30/10
Mendifum:
1
ATTEN KOVIOELS: $T: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$ Translating: $T(x+y) = T(x) + T(y)$
partnikes: T(x+y)=T(x)+T(y)
Texty = $T(x)+T(y)$ $T(\lambda x) = \lambda T(x)$
V-11
Polythings > Unapxel Mivaras A wore T(x) = A.X ranoviros Mivaras [T(e1) T(e2) T(en)]
Thakas Ten Ten
Opiatios:
Mia aneixovion T: IR">RM REJETON "1-1" av: T
$T(x) = T(y) \Rightarrow x = y \text{ (in 1608) value } x \neq y \Rightarrow T(x) \neq T(y)$
R <sup>m</sup>
X o T(x)
yo Truy
Eni av xia xòde yelkm onapxei xelkn wore T(x)=y
Eni av yra kåde yelkmonapxer xelkn wore T(x)=y
A. y= Tx)
$f(x) = x^2$ $f(x) = x^3$
(SAS ocivo20 aprior=Rm)
(040 ocross office)

IR" > IR" polytukn anerkovion he Tix)= AX ya xanoiov m xm rivara A, za axózovola eivai 1008 úvela: s nowisylnon: 2) T(x)=0=>X=0 TX)=0=>AX=0 nous musiplifest nur ovoil 13x3 0=XA(E 4)01 ocindes con A einen palylika avejaponces. Dewonto: Av T: R">R" spahlukin anerkovim le Tx)=A, Ter axònoula-Elvai 1808 ivalia: " Teni mxn . nx1 = mx1 3) Col A)=1Rm T(x) = X  $X \in \mathbb{R}^n$   $(T \in \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n)$ Troopavies Eivai 1-1 Sion av X,y, E 18th Kui T(x) = T(y), TORE X=T(X)=T(Y)=Y => X=Y Eni Siòri av XEIR": CORE: T(X)=X  $\frac{\Pi X}{\Gamma_{1} \alpha \times \epsilon l R^{n}}$ ,  $X = \begin{pmatrix} x_{1} \\ x_{2} \\ x_{n} \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\epsilon_{0} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}$  $T(x) = x^2$ ,  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$   $(T: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n)$ J SEN EWAI 1-1:



T(
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x_1}$$
) = T( $\frac{\partial}{\partial x_1}$ ) =  $\frac{\partial}{\partial x_1}$  =  $\frac{\partial}{\partial$ 

$$T(e_1) = T(0) = T(1,0,0,0) = (0,1,0,0)$$

$$T(e_2) = T\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = T(0,1,1,0)$$

$$T(e_3) = T\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = (0,0,1,1)$$

$$T(e_4) = T\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0,0,0,1 \end{pmatrix} = A = \begin{pmatrix} 1&1&0&0 \\ 0&1&1&0 \\ 0&0&1&1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- · Δεν είναι 1-1, δεν εχει ηγετικά στοιχεία σε κάθε στηλη. · Δεν είναι επί, δεν εχει ηγετικό στοιχείο σε κάθε γραμμή.
- (14) 1. T(X1,1/2) = (2X1-3/2, X1+4, 5/2), Eivai peapluxini

1º uponos: 
$$T((x_1, x_2) + (y_1, y_2)) = T(x_1 + y_1, x_2 + y_2) =$$

$$= (2(x_1 + y_1) - 3(x_2 + y_2), x_1 + y_1 + 4, 5(x_2 + y_2)) =$$

$$= (2x_1 + 2y_1 - 3x_2 - 3y_2), x_1 + y_1 + 4, 5x_2 + 5y_2) =$$

$$=(2x_1-3x_2,x_1,5x_2)+(2y_1-3y_2,y_1-4,5y_2)=$$

$$= (2x_1 - 3x_2, x_1, 5x_2) + (2x_1 - 3y_2, y_1 - 4, 5y_2) =$$

$$= T(x_1, x_2) + (Ty_1, y_2)$$

$$= T(x_1, x_2) + T(y_1, y_2)$$

$$2^{0.5}$$
 uponos:  $T(0,0) = (0.4,0) + (0,0,0)$