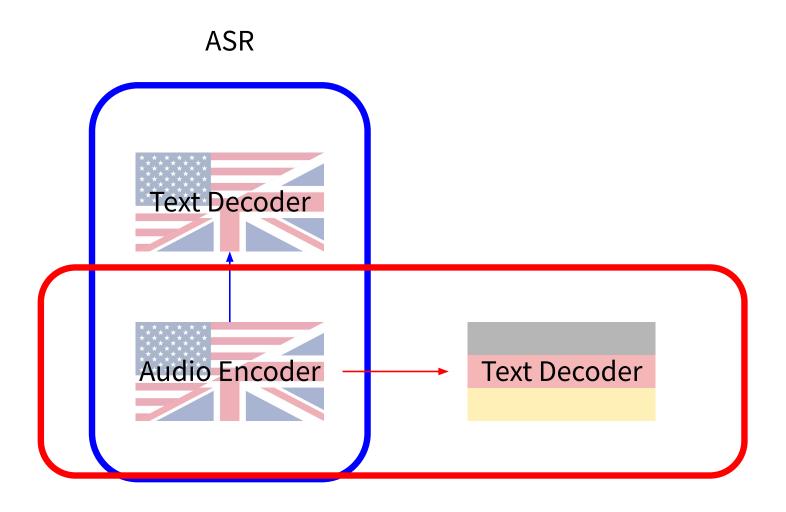
Sec 3.2.1

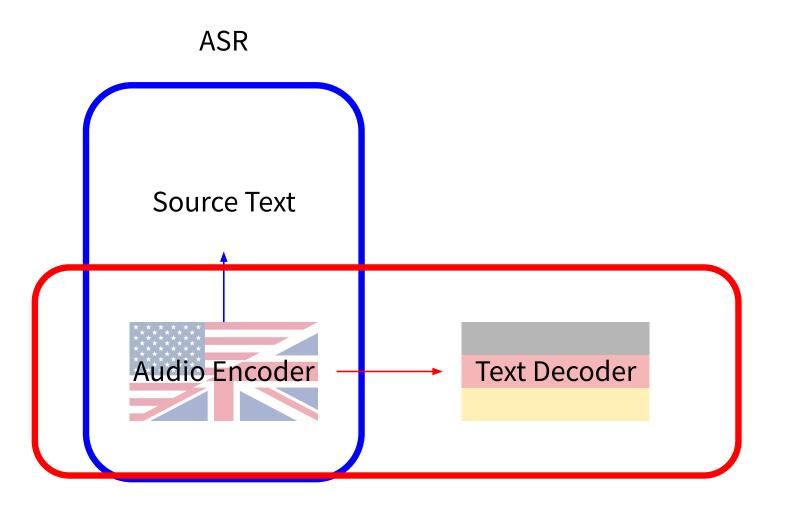
Multi-task Learning

- Baseline
 - No changes to the architecture
- ST+ASR
 - One encoder
 - Source Language audio
 - Two decoder
 - Source Language text
 - Target language text
 - (Weis et al, 2017)

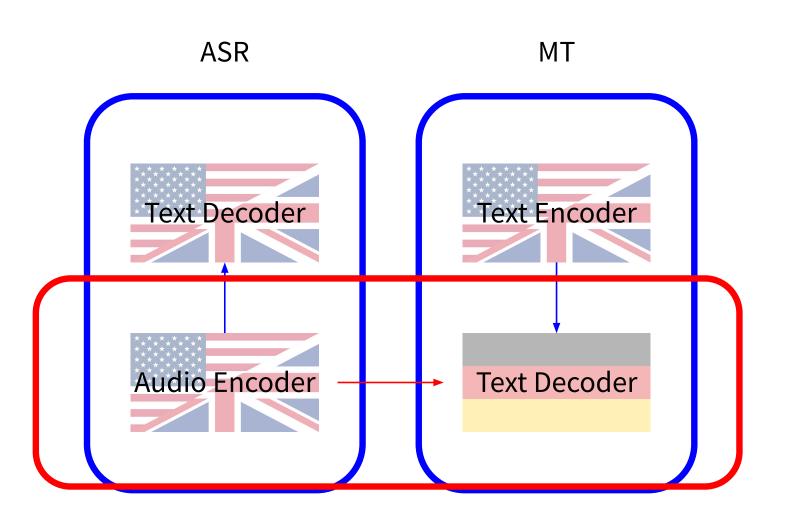


- Baseline
 - No changes to the architecture
- ST+ASR
 - One encoder
 - Source Language audio
 - Two decoder
 - Source Language text
 - Target language text
 - (Weis et al, 2017)

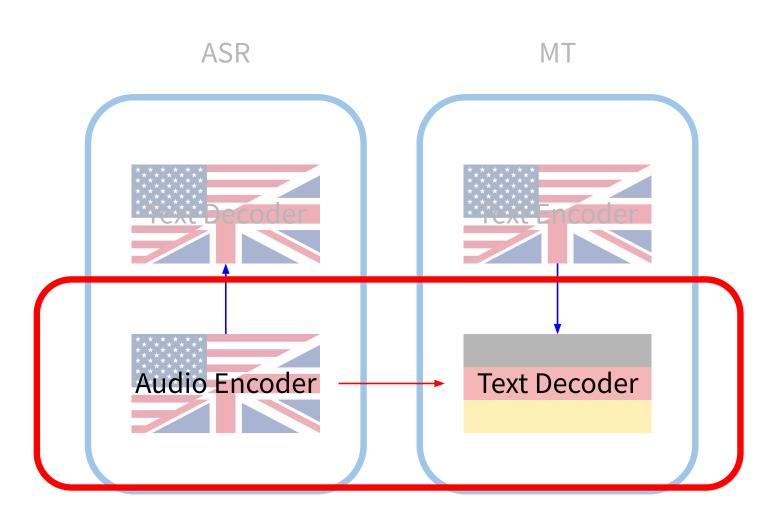
- ASR using CTC loss on encoder
 - (Hori et al, 2017)
 - (Bahra et al, 2019)



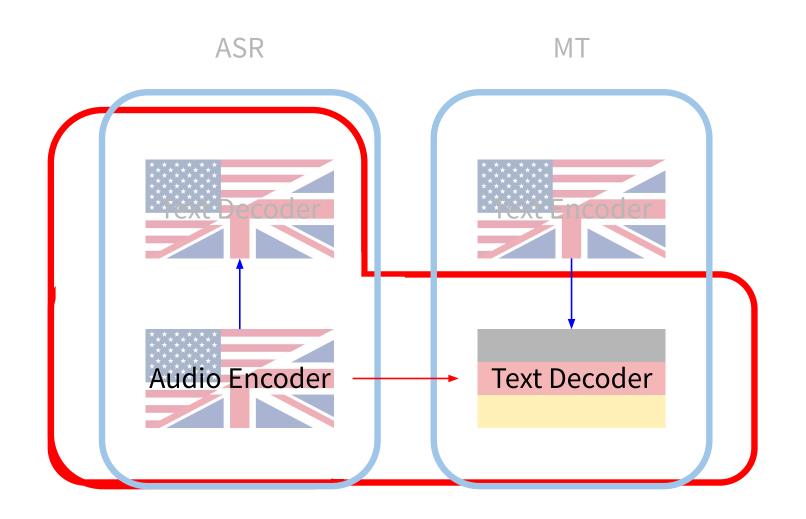
- Baseline
 - No changes to the architecture
- ST+ASR
- ST+ASR+MT
 - Two encoder
 - Source Language audio
 - Source Language text
 - Two decoder
 - Source Language text
 - Target language text ST
 - (Berard et al, 2018)



- Baseline
 - No changes to the architecture
- ST+ASR
- ST+ASR+MT
- Inference:
 - Direct translation
 - No use of additional parts



- Make use of additional model also during decoding
- · Simplify task
 - using intermediate representation
- Comparison to cascade:
 - Full pipeline is trained
- Methods:
 - Adapt architecture
 - Preprocess data

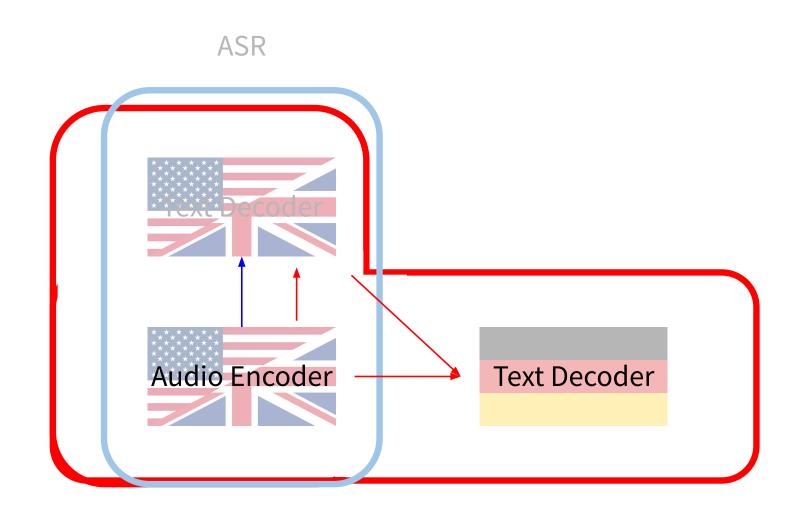


Cascade:

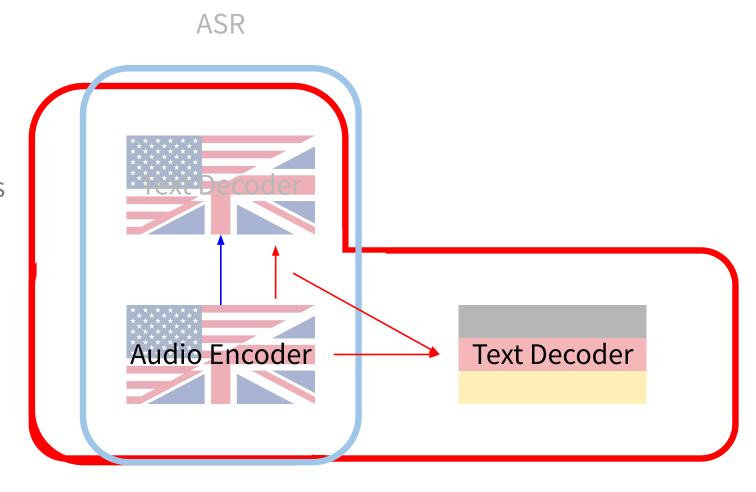
- Target language decoder attents to source text decoder
- (Anastasopoulos Chiang, 2018)

ASR **Audio Encoder Text Decoder**

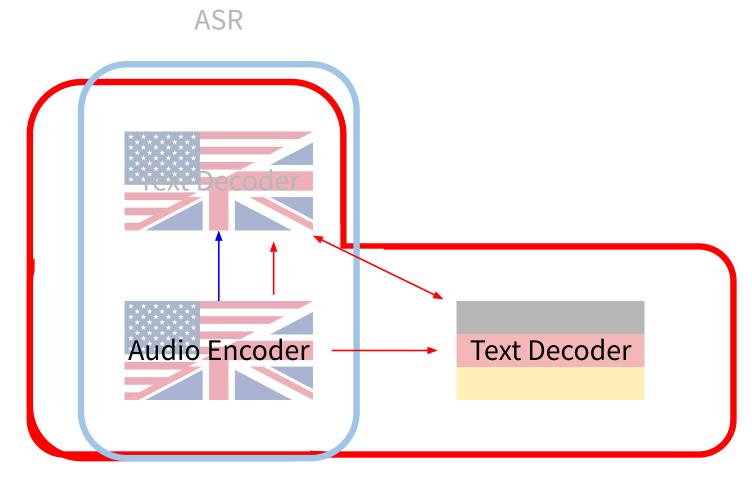
- Cascade:
- Triangle:
 - Target language decoder attents to source audio encoder and source text decoder
 - (Anastasopoulos Chiang, 2018)



- Cascade:
- Triangle:
- Shared context vector
 - Target language decoder attents to source audio encoder and ASR context vectors
 - No direct influence of hard decisions of source text decoder
 - (Sperber et al, 2019)



- Cascade:
- Triangle:
- Shared context vector
- Dual Decoder
 - Source and target language decoder run in parallel
 - Attend to each other
 - (Le et al, 2020)



- Cascade:
- Triangle:
- Shared context vector
- Dual Decoder
- Concat
 - Single decoder generates source and target language
 - Output is concatenation
 - (Sperber et al, 2020)

