1 Domain

Our ontology wishes to explore the domain of western dress codes and the way in which they govern outfits by imposing a set of rules on the items of clothing they include.

2 Competency Questions

1. Is an evening gown part of an outfit that is appropriate for an opening night theatre performance if one is a female?

```
\forall w \forall x \forall y \forall z \ eveningGown(w) \land theatreOpeningNight(x) \land female(y) \land outfit(z) \\ \land garment\_of(w,z) \supset has\_genderDes(w,z) \land eventAppropriate(z,y)
```

```
(all w all x all y all z
(eveningGown(w) & theatreOpeningNight(x) & female(y) & garment_of(w,z))
)
(has_genderDes(x,y) & is_eventAppropriate(z,x))).
```

2. Does a dress and shoes alone complete a business outfit?

```
\forall x \forall y \forall z \; dress(x) \land shoes(y) \land outfit(z) \land garment\_of(x,z) \land garment\_of(y,z) \supset outfit(z)
```

```
(all x all y all z
(dress(x) & shoes(y) & outfit(z) & garment_of(x,z) & garment_of(y,z))
   ->
(businessOutfit(z)).
```

3. Does a jacket, pants and shoes comprise a complete mens outfit?

```
\forall x \forall y \forall z \ dress(x) \land pants(y) \land outfit(z) \land garment\_of(x,z) \land garment\_of(y,z) \supset outfit(z)
```

```
(all x all y all z
(dress(x) & shoes(y) & outfit(z) & garment_of(x,z) & garment_of(y,z))
   ->
(businessOutfit(z)).
```

4. Is a three piece suit complete without a vest?

```
\forall x \forall y \forall z \ vest(x) \land \neg component \ of(x,y) \supset three Piece Suit(y)
```

```
(all x all y
(vest(x) & -component_of(x,y))
  ->
(threePieceSuit(y)).
```

- 5. Can a man wear a men's suit without a tie?
- 6. Must one where men's neck apparel to a semi-formal event?
- 7. Is a red colored suit considered formal wear?

8. Is a green ballroom gown suitable for a state dinner?

```
\forall x \forall y \forall z \ ballroomGown(x) \land green(c) \land dyed(x,c) \supset suitable(y,z)
```

```
(all x all y all z
```

- 2 (ballroomGown(x) & outfit(y) & dinnerParty(z) & garment_of(x,y)
- 3 ->
- (suitable(y,z)).
- 9. Is an evening gown part of an outfit suitable for a dinner party?

```
\forall x \forall y \forall z \forall c \ eveningGown(x) \land dinnerParty(z) \land garment\_of(x,y) \supset suitable(y,z)
```

```
1 (all x all y all z
```

- 2 (eveningGown(x) & outfit(y) & dinnerParty(z) & garment_of(x,y)
- 3 **->**
- 4 (suitable(y,z)).

3 AXIOMS

3.1 Subclass Axioms

1. A dress is a type of garment

$$\forall x \ dress(x) \supset garment(x)$$

- (all x (dress(x)) -> garment(x))
- 2. A evening gown is a type of dress

$$\forall x \ eveningGown(x) \supset garment(x)$$

- (all x (eveningGown(x)) -> dress(x))
- 3. Legs, feet and torso are body segments

$$\forall x \; legs(x) \lor legs(y) \lor feet(x) \supset bodySegment(x)$$

3.2 SORT CONSTRAINTS

1. Garment are dyed colors

$$\forall x \forall y \ dyed(x,y) \supset garment(x) \land color(y)$$

2. Events suggest dress codes

$$\forall x \forall y \ suggest(x,y) \supset event(x) \land dressCode(y)$$

- all x all y (suggest(x,y))->(event(x) & dressCode(y))).
- 3. Outfits conform to dress codes

$$\forall x \forall y \ conforms(x,y) \supset outfit(x) \land dressCode(y)$$

- all x all y (conforms(x,y))->(outfit(x) & dressCode(y))).
- 4. Outfits are suitable for events

$$\forall x \forall y \ suitable(x,y) \supset outfit(x) \land event(y)$$

- all x all y (suitable(x,y))->(outfit(x) & event(y))).
- 5. Dress codes govern outfits

$$\forall x \forall y \ governs(x,y) \supset dressCode(y,x) \land outfit(y)$$

- all x all y (governs(x,y))->(dressCode(x) & outfit(y))).
- 6. Events permit outfits

$$\forall x \forall y \ permits(x,y) \supset event(x) \land outfit(y)$$

- all x all y (permits(x,y))->(event(x) & outfit(y))).
- 7. Garments are a component of outfits

$$\forall x \forall y \ component_of(x,y) \supset garment(x) \land outfit(y)$$

- all x all y (component_of(x,y))->(garment(x) & outfit(y))).
- 8. Outfits include garments

$$\forall x \forall y \ include(x,y) \supset garment(x) \land outfit(y)$$

- all x all y (include(x,y))->(outfit(x) & garment(y))).
- 9. Outfits are worn by genders

$$\forall x \forall y \ worn \ by(x,y) \supset outfit(x) \land gender(y)$$

- all x all y (worn_by(x,y))->(outfit(x) & gender(y))).
- 10. Garments are targeted to genders

$$\forall x \forall y \ worn_by(x,y) \supset outfit(x) \land gender(y)$$

- all x all y (worn_by(x,y))->(outfit(x) & gender(y))).
- 11. Garments are worn over garments

$$\forall x \forall y \ worn \ over(x,y) \supset garment(x) \land garment(y)$$

- all x all y (worn_over(x,y))->(garment(x) & garment(y))).
- 12. Garments are worn under garments

$$\forall x \forall y \ worn_under(x,y) \supset garment(x) \land garment(y)$$

- all x all y (worn_over(x,y))->(garment(x) & garment(y))).
- 13. Garments cover body segments

$$\forall x \forall y \ covers(x,y) \supset garment(x) \land bodySegment(y)$$

- all x all y (covers(x,y))->(garment(x) & bodySegment(y))).
- 14. Body segments are covered by garments

$$\forall x \forall y \ covered_by(x,y) \supset bodySegment(x) \land garment(y)$$

all x all y (covered_by(x,y))->(bodySegment(x) & garment(y))).

3.3 Dependence Axioms

All outfits include a garment that is worn over the torso and is not an accompaniment garment ∀(x,y) (outfit(x) ∧ torso(y) ⊃ (∃z garment(z) ∧ worn_over(z,y) ∧ component_of(z,x) ∧ ¬accompanimentGarment(z)))
 (all x all y
 (outfit(x) & torso(y))
 ->
 (exists z (garment(z) & worn_over(z,y) & component_of(z,x)
 & -accompanimentGarment(z))).
 All outfits include a garment that is worn over the legs and is not an accompaniment garment ∀(x,y) (outfit(x) ∧ legs(y) ⊃ (∃z garment(z) ∧ worn_over(z,y) ∧ component_of(z,x) ∧ ¬accompanimentGarment(z)))

3. All outfits include a garment that is worn over the feet and is not an accompaniment garment

```
\forall (x,y) \ (outfit(x) \land feet(y) \supset (\exists z \ garment(z) \\ \land worn \ over(z,y) \land component \ of(z,x) \land \neg accompanimentGarment(z)))
```

4. All mens suits consist of pants and a jacket of the same color

```
\forall x \ mensSuit(x) \supset \exists y \exists z \exists c \ mensPants(y) \land mensJacket(z) \\ \land color(c) \land dyed(y,c) \land dyed(z,c)
```

```
(all x
(mensSuit(x)
  ->
(exists y exists z (mensPants(y) & mensJacket(z) & color(c) & dyed(y,c)
  & dyed(z,c)))).
```

5. All garments are dyed a color

```
\forall x \ garment(x) \supset \exists c \ color(c) \land dyed(x, c)
```

```
(all x
(garment(x))
  ->
(exists c (color(c) & dyed(x,c)))).
```

3.4 Definitions

1. Women's garments are garments targeted to females

```
\forall x \forall y \ womensGarment(x) \equiv garment(x) \land female(y) \land targeted\_to(x,y)
```

```
1 (all x all y
```

- 2 (womensGarment(x)
- 3 <->
- 4 (garment(x) & female(y) & targeted_to(x,y)))).
- 2. Men's garments are garments targeted to males

$$\forall x \forall y \ mensGarment(x) \equiv garment(x) \land male(y) \land targeted \ to(x,y)$$

```
(all x all y
```

- 2 (mensGarment(x)
- 3 <->
- 4 (garment(x) & male(y) & targeted_to(x,y)))).
- 3. Lower garments are garment worn over the legs

$$\forall x \forall y \ lowerGarment(x) \equiv garment(x) \land legs(y) \land worn \ over(x, y)$$

```
ı (all x all y
```

- 2 (lowerGarment(x)
- 3 <->
- 4 (garment(x) & legs(y) & worn_over(x,y)))).
- 4. Upper garments are garments worn over the torso

$$\forall x \forall y \ upperGarment(x) \equiv garment(x) \land torso(y) \land worn \ over(x,y)$$

```
(all x all y
```

- (upperGarment(x)
- 3 <->
- 4 (garment(x) & torso(y) & worn_over(x,y)))).
- 5. Footwear are garments worn over the feet

$$\forall x \forall y \ footwear(x) \equiv garment(x) \land feet(y) \land worn \ over(x, y)$$

```
1 (all x all y
```

- 2 (upperGarment(x)
- 3 <->
- 4 (garment(x) & feet(y) & worn_over(x,y)))).
- 6. Men's garments are not women's garments

$$\forall x \ mensGarment(x) \equiv \neg womensGarment(x)$$

```
(all x
   (mensGarment(x)
   -womensGarments(x))).
7. A formal outfit is an outfit that conform to a formal dress code
                  \forall x \forall y \ formalOutfit(x) \equiv outfit(x) \land formal(y) \land conforms(x, y)
   (all x all y
  (formalOutfit(x))
   (outfit(x) & formal(y) & conforms(x,y))).
8. A semiformal outfit is an outfit that conform to a semiformal dress code
            \forall x \forall y \ semiformalOutfit(x) \equiv outfit(x) \land semiFormal(y) \land conforms(x,y)
  all x all y
  semiFormalOutfit(x))
  outfit(x) & semiFormal(y) & conforms(x,y))).
9. An informal outfit is an outfit that conform to an informal dress code
               \forall x \forall y \ informalOutfit(x) \equiv outfit(x) \land informal(y) \land conforms(x,y)
  all x all y
  informalOutfit(x))
```

outfit(x) & informal(y) & conforms(x,y))).

3.5 Properties of Relations

3.5.1 Inverse Relation

```
all x all y (include(x,y) <-> components_of(y,x))).

all x all y (permits(x,y) <-> suitable(y,x))).

all x all y (governs(x,y) <-> components_of(y,x))).

all x all y (worn_over(x,y) <-> worn_under(y,x))).

all x all y (covers(x,y) <-> covered_by(y,x))).
```

3.5.2 SubProperty of Relation Chain

1. If an event suggest a dress code and that dress code governs a set of outfits than that event permits those outfits.

```
\forall x \forall y \forall z \ suggest(x,y) \land governs(y,z) \supset permits(x,z)
```

```
(all x all y all z
(suggest(x,y) & governs(y,z))
  ->
(permits(x,z))).
```

2. All components of an outfit that is worn by a gender are targeted to that gender

```
\forall x \forall y \forall z \ components \ of(x,y) \land worn \ by(y,z) \supset targetGender(x,z)
```

```
(all x all y all z
(components_of(x,y) & worn_by(y,z))
   ->
(targeted_to(x,z))).
```

3.6 Unsorted or Rejected

1. If an outfit consist of a type of clothing then there exists an garment of clothing that is a part of that outfit of that same type

```
\forall (x,y,z) \; (type(x) \land outfit(y) \land garmentOf(x,y) \supset (\exists w \; garment(w) \land of\_type(w,x) \land garmentOf(w,y))) \\
```

2. If an outfit consists on an garment of clothing then the outfit consists of that type of clothing

$$\forall (w, x, y, z) \ (garment(w) \land outfit(x) \land garmentOf(x, y) \land type(z) \land of \ type(w, z) \supset garmentOf(z, x))$$

3. No type of clothing can be a type of itself

$$\forall (x,y) \ (type(x) \land type(y) \supset \neg (x=y))$$

4. No outfit can consist of the same two garments of clothing

$$\forall (x, y, z) \ (garment(x) \land garment(y) \land outfit(z) \land garmentOf(x, z) \land garmentOf(y, z) \supset \neg (x = y))$$

5. garments of clothing that are of the same type and part of the same outfit are the same garment of clothing

$$\forall (t, x, y, z) \ (garment(x) \land garment(y) \land outfit(z) \land type(t)$$

$$\land garmentOf(x, z) \land garmentOf(y, z) \land of_type(x, t) \land of_type(y, t) \supset (x = y))$$

6. No outfit can consist of the same two types of clothing

$$\forall (x,y,z) \ (type(x) \land type(y) \land outfit(z) \land garmentOf(x,z) \land garmentOf(y,z) \supset \neg (x=y))$$

7. All garments that cover feet are of type shoes or of type socks

$$\forall (x,y,z) \; (garment(x) \land feet(y) \land cover(x,y) \supset (shoes(z) \land of_type(x,z)) \\ \lor (socks(z) \land of_type(x,z)))$$

8. Dresses cover the legs and torso

$$\forall (x, y, z) \ (dress(x) \land torso(y) \land legs(z) \supset wornOver(x, y) \land wornOver(x, z))$$

9. An garment of clothing is appropriate for only one gender

$$\forall (x, y, z) \ (garment(x) \land male(y) \land female(z) \land gender_appr(x, y) \\ \supset \neg gender \ appr(x, z))$$

10. All garments of clothing of type dress are appropriate for women.

$$\forall (x, y, z) \ (garment(x) \land dress(y) \land of_type(x, y) \land female(z) \supset gender_appr(x, z))$$

11. All garments of clothing of type skirt are appropriate for women.

$$\forall (x, y, z) \ (garment(x) \land skirt(y) \land of_type(x, y) \land female(z) \supset gender_appr(x, z))$$

12. All garments of clothing of type women's shoes are appropriate for women.

$$\forall (x,y,z) \; (garment(x) \land womens_shoes(y) \land of_type(x,y) \land female(z) \supset gender_appr(x,z))$$

13. All garments of clothing of type men's shoes are appropriate for men.

$$\forall (x,y,z) \; (garment(x) \land mens_shoes(y) \land of_type(x,y) \land men(z) \supset gender_appr(x,z))$$

14. All garments of clothing of type blouse are appropriate for women.

$$\forall (x,y,z) \; (garment(x) \wedge blouse(y) \wedge of_type(x,y) \wedge women(z) \supset gender_appr(x,z))$$

15. All combinations of skirts, women's jackets and blouses make a skirt suit.

$$\forall (w, x, y, z) skirtSuit(w) \supset skirt(x) \land womens_jacket(y) \land blouse(z)$$

16. All combinations of dresses and women's jackets make a dress suit

$$\forall (x,y,z) skirtSuit(x) \supset dress(y) \land womens_jacket(z)$$