

DETERMINANTS

$$\textcircled{1} \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ -1 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \quad |A| = 2 \cdot (-3) - 4 \cdot (-1) = -6 + 4 = -2.$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 7 \\ -4 & -12 \end{bmatrix} \quad |B| = (-5) \cdot (-12) - 7 \cdot (-4) = 60 + 28 = 88$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -2 \\ 6 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad |C| = (-3) \cdot 5 - (-2) \cdot 6 = -15 + 12 = -3$$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 3 \\ -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad |D| = (-1) \cdot 3 - 3 \cdot (-4) = -3 + 12 = 9$$

$$E = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad |E| = 3 \cdot 0 - 2 \cdot (-1) = +2 = 2$$

$$F = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 5 \\ -3 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \quad |F| = (-1) \cdot (-4) - 5 \cdot (-3) = 4 + 15 = 19$$

$$G = \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{3} & 3 \\ 1 & -\sqrt{3} \end{bmatrix} \quad |G| = \sqrt{3}(-\sqrt{3}) - 3 = -3 - 3 = -6$$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} \pi & -2 \\ -\pi & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad |H| = \pi - (-2) \cdot (-\pi) = \pi - 2\pi = -\pi$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 2 \\ -3 & 4 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \quad |A| = 3 \cdot 4 \cdot (-2) + 1 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 + (-3) \cdot 0 \cdot 2 - \\ - 2 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 - 3 \cdot 0 \cdot 3 - (-3) \cdot 1 \cdot (-2) = \\ = -24 + 12 - 32 - 6 = -30 - 32 + 12 = -50$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -2 & 4 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 \\ -4 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad |B| = (-3) \cdot 2 \cdot (-1) + (-2) \cdot 1 \cdot (-4) + (-1) \cdot 3 \cdot 4 - \\ - 4 \cdot 2 \cdot (-4) - 1 \cdot 3 \cdot (-3) - (-1) \cdot (-2) \cdot (-1) = \\ = \cancel{6 + 8 + 12 + 32 + 9 + 2} = 34 + 11 = 45$$

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$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -1 & 2 \\ -4 & -3 & 7 \\ -5 & 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad |C| = 6(-3) \cdot 0 + (-1) \cdot 7 \cdot (-5) + (-4) \cdot 6 \cdot 2 - \\ - 2 \cdot (-3)(-5) - 7 \cdot 6 \cdot 0 - (-1) \cdot (-4) \cdot 0 = \\ = 35 - 48 - 30 - 252 = 5 - 300 = -295$$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & -5 & 1 \\ 0 & \pi & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad |D| = (-3)(-5) \cdot 0 + 4 \cdot \pi \cdot 2 + (-1) \cdot 4 \cdot 0 - \\ - 2(-5) \cdot 0 - \pi \cdot (-3) - 4 \cdot (-1) \cdot 0 = \\ = 8\pi + 3\pi = 11\pi$$

$$E = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -7 & 2 \\ 8 & -1 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \quad |E| = 5 \cdot (-1) \cdot (-5) + 8 \cdot 0 \cdot 2 + (-7) \cdot 3 \cdot 4 - \\ - 2(-1) \cdot 4 - 3 \cdot 0 \cdot 5 - (-7) \cdot 8 \cdot (-5) = \\ = 25 - 84 + 8 - 280 = -331$$

$$F = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -3 \\ 0 & -3 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \quad |F| = 3 \cdot 2(-6) + 0 + 0 - 0 - (-3)(-3) \cdot 3 - \\ - (-1)(-1)(-6) = -36 - 27 + 6 = -57$$

$$G = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \sqrt{3} & \sqrt{6} \\ 0 & \sqrt{2} & \sqrt{5} \end{bmatrix} \quad |G| = \sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{6} = \sqrt{15} - \sqrt{12}$$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & \sqrt{2} \\ -\sqrt{3} & 0 & \pi \\ 0 & \pi & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad |H| = -\sqrt{3} \cdot \pi \cdot \sqrt{2} - \pi^2 \cdot (-1) = \\ = -\pi\sqrt{16} + \pi^2 = \pi^2 - \pi\sqrt{6}$$

③ Find inverse matrices

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 2 \\ -3 & 4 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \quad |A| = -50 - \text{Invertible } (\neq 0)$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{|A|} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{21} & C_{31} \\ C_{12} & C_{22} & C_{32} \\ C_{13} & C_{23} & C_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C_{11} = + \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ 0 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = 4 \cdot (-2) = -8$$

$$C_{12} = - \begin{vmatrix} -3 & 3 \\ 4 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = -((-3) \cdot (-2) - 3 \cdot 4) = \\ = -(6 - 12) = -(-6) = 6$$

$$C_{13} = + \begin{vmatrix} -3 & 4 \\ 4 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = +(-16) = -16$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} + & - & + \\ - & + & - \\ + & - & + \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C_{21} = - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = -(1 \cdot (-2)) = 2$$

$$C^T = \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{21} & C_{31} \\ C_{12} & C_{22} & C_{32} \\ C_{13} & C_{23} & C_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

3
 + - +
 - + -
 + - +

$$C_{22} = + \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 4 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = 3 \cdot (-2) - 2 \cdot 4 = -14$$

$$C_{23} = - \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 4 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = - (0 - 4) = -(-4) = 4$$

$$C_{31} = + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 3 - 2 \cdot 4 = -5$$

$$C_{32} = - \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ -3 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = (9 - 2 \cdot (-3)) = -(9 + 6) = -15$$

$$C_{33} = + \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ -3 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = 12 - (-3) = 15$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{-50} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -8 & 2 & -5 \\ 6 & -14 & -15 \\ -16 & 4 & 15 \end{bmatrix} = -0,02 \begin{bmatrix} -8 & 2 & -5 \\ 6 & -14 & -15 \\ -16 & 4 & 15 \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0,16 & -0,04 & 0,1 \\ -0,12 & 0,28 & 0,3 \\ 0,32 & -0,08 & -0,3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Find inverse matrices

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -2 & 4 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 \\ -4 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad |B| = 45 \neq 0 \quad \text{Invertible}$$

$$B^{-1} = \frac{1}{|B|} \cdot C^T$$

$$C^T = \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{21} & C_{31} \\ C_{12} & C_{22} & C_{32} \\ C_{13} & C_{23} & C_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C_{11} = + \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = -2 - 3 = -5 \quad C_{12} = - \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ -4 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = -(1 - (-4)) = -5$$

$$C_{13} = + \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ -4 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = -3 - 2 \cdot (-4) = 5 \quad C_{21} = - \begin{vmatrix} -2 & 4 \\ 3 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = -(2 - 12) = 10$$

$$C_{22} = + \begin{vmatrix} -3 & 4 \\ -4 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = 3 - (4 \cdot (-4)) = 19 \quad C_{23} = - \begin{vmatrix} -3 & -2 \\ -4 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = -(-9 - 8) = 17.$$

$$C_{31} = + \begin{vmatrix} -2 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -2 - 8 = -10$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} + & - & + \\ - & + & - \\ + & - & + \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$C_{32} = - \begin{vmatrix} -3 & 4 \\ -1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -(-3 - (-4)) = -1$$

$$C_{33} = + \begin{vmatrix} -3 & -2 \\ -1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = -6 - ((-2) \cdot (-1)) = -6 - 2 = -8$$

$$B^{-1} = \frac{1}{45} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 10 & -10 \\ -5 & 19 & -1 \\ 5 & 17 & -8 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{9} & \frac{2}{9} & -\frac{2}{9} \\ -\frac{1}{9} & \frac{19}{45} & -\frac{1}{45} \\ \frac{1}{9} & \frac{17}{45} & -\frac{8}{45} \end{bmatrix}$$

Find inverse matrix

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -1 & 2 \\ -4 & -3 & 7 \\ -5 & 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad |C| = -295 \neq 0 \quad \text{Invertible}$$

$$C^{-1} = \frac{1}{|C|} \cdot K^T$$

$$K^T = \begin{bmatrix} K_{11} & K_{21} & K_{31} \\ K_{12} & K_{22} & K_{32} \\ K_{13} & K_{23} & K_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} + & -3 & 7 & -1 & 2 & -1 & 2 \\ 6 & 0 & 0 & 6 & 0 & -3 & 7 \end{array} \right] \quad -7 \cdot 6 ; -(0 - 6 \cdot 2) ; -7 - 2 \cdot (-3)$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} -4 & 7 & 2 & 6 & 2 & 6 & 2 \\ -5 & 0 & 0 & -5 & 0 & -4 & 7 \end{array} \right] \quad -(0 - 7 \cdot -5) ; -2 \cdot (-5) ; -(6 \cdot 7 - 2 \cdot (-4))$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} -4 & -3 & 2 & 6 & -1 & 6 & -1 \\ -5 & 6 & 0 & -5 & 6 & -4 & -3 \end{array} \right] \quad -4 \cdot 6 - (-3)(-5) ; -(36 - 5) ; 6 \cdot (-3) - 4$$

$$K^T = \begin{bmatrix} -42 & 12 & -1 \\ -35 & 10 & -50 \\ -39 & -31 & -22 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C^{-1} = \frac{1}{-295} \cdot K^T = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{-42}{295} & -\frac{12}{295} & \frac{1}{295} \\ \frac{-35}{295} & -\frac{2}{295} & \frac{10}{295} \\ \frac{-39}{295} & \frac{31}{295} & \frac{22}{295} \end{bmatrix}$$

Find inverse matrix

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & -5 & 1 \\ 0 & \pi & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$|D| = 11\pi \neq 0$ Invertible

$$D^{-1} = \frac{1}{|D|} \cdot C^T = \frac{1}{|D|} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{21} & C_{31} \\ C_{12} & C_{22} & C_{32} \\ C_{13} & C_{23} & C_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$\left[+ \begin{vmatrix} -5 & 1 \\ \pi & 0 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ \pi & 0 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ -5 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \right] \begin{array}{l} 0 - \pi ; \\ -(0 - 2\pi) ; \\ -1 - (-10) \end{array}$$

$$\left[- \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} -3 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} -3 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \right] \begin{array}{l} 0 ; \\ 0 ; \\ -(3 - 8) \end{array}$$

$$\left[+ \begin{vmatrix} 4 & -5 \\ 0 & \pi \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} -3 & -1 \\ 0 & \pi \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} -3 & -1 \\ 4 & -5 \end{vmatrix} \right] \begin{array}{l} 4\pi - 0 ; \\ -(-3\pi) ; \\ (-3)(-5) + 4 \end{array}$$

$$C^T = \begin{bmatrix} -\pi & 2\pi & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 11 \\ 4\pi & 3\pi & 19 \end{bmatrix} \quad D^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\pi} & \frac{2}{\pi} & \frac{9}{11\pi} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{\pi} \\ \frac{4}{11} & \frac{3}{11} & \frac{19}{11\pi} \end{bmatrix}$$

Find inverse matrix

$$E = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -7 & 2 \\ 8 & -1 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \quad \left[+ \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 3 \\ 0 & -5 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} -7 & 2 \\ 0 & -5 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} -7 & 2 \\ -1 & 3 \end{vmatrix} \right] \begin{array}{l} 5 ; \\ -(35) ; \\ -21 - (-2) \end{array}$$

$$\left[- \begin{vmatrix} 8 & 3 \\ 4 & -5 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 4 & -5 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 8 & 3 \end{vmatrix} \right] \begin{array}{l} -(-10 - 12) ; \\ -25 - 8 ; \\ -(15 - 16) \end{array}$$

$$\left[+ \begin{vmatrix} 8 & -1 \\ 4 & 0 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 5 & -7 \\ 4 & 0 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} 5 & -7 \\ 8 & -1 \end{vmatrix} \right] \begin{array}{l} -(-4) ; \\ -(-28) ; \\ -5 - (-7 \cdot 8) \end{array}$$

$$C^T = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -35 & -19 \\ 52 & -33 & 1 \\ 4 & -28 & 51 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$E^{-1} = \frac{1}{-331} \cdot C^T =$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{5}{331} & \frac{35}{331} & \frac{19}{331} \\ -\frac{52}{331} & \frac{33}{331} & -\frac{1}{331} \\ -\frac{4}{331} & \frac{28}{331} & -\frac{51}{331} \end{bmatrix}$$

Find inverse matrix $|F| = -57 \neq 0$ invertible

$$F = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -3 \\ 0 & -3 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$F^{-1} = \frac{1}{|F|} \cdot C^T$$

$$+ \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ -3 & -6 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ -3 & -6 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 \end{vmatrix} - 12 - (-3) \cdot (-3); -(6); 3$$

$$- \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -6 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -6 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ -1 & -3 \end{vmatrix} - (6-0); -18; -(-9)$$

$$+ \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ 0 & -3 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} 3; -(-9); 6-1$$

$$C^T = \begin{bmatrix} -21 & -6 & 3 \\ -6 & -18 & 9 \\ 3 & 9 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$F^{-1} = \frac{1}{-57} \cdot C^T =$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{7}{19} & \frac{2}{19} & -\frac{1}{19} \\ \frac{2}{19} & \frac{6}{19} & -\frac{3}{19} \\ -\frac{1}{19} & -\frac{3}{19} & -\frac{5}{57} \end{bmatrix}$$

Find inverse matrix $|G| = \sqrt{15} - \sqrt{12} \neq 0$ Invertible

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$$G = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \sqrt{3} & \sqrt{6} \\ 0 & \sqrt{2} & \sqrt{5} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$G^{-1} = \frac{1}{|G|} \cdot C^T$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{c} + \begin{vmatrix} \sqrt{3} & \sqrt{6} \\ \sqrt{2} & \sqrt{5} \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ \sqrt{2} & \sqrt{5} \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ \sqrt{3} & \sqrt{6} \end{vmatrix} \\ - \begin{vmatrix} 0 & \sqrt{6} \\ 0 & \sqrt{5} \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \sqrt{5} \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \sqrt{6} \end{vmatrix} \\ + \begin{vmatrix} 0 & \sqrt{3} \\ 0 & \sqrt{2} \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \sqrt{2} \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \sqrt{3} \end{vmatrix} \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{15} - \sqrt{12}; 0; 0 \\ 0; \sqrt{5}; -\sqrt{6} \\ 0; -\sqrt{2}; \sqrt{3} \end{array}$$

$$C^T = \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{15} - \sqrt{12} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \sqrt{5} & -\sqrt{6} \\ 0 & -\sqrt{2} & \sqrt{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$G^{-1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{15} - \sqrt{12}} \cdot C^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{15} - \sqrt{12}} & -2\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{10} \\ 0 & -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{15} - \sqrt{12}} & \sqrt{5} + 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Find inverse matrix $|H| = \pi^2 - \pi\sqrt{6} \neq 0$ Invertible

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & \sqrt{2} \\ -\sqrt{3} & 0 & \pi \\ 0 & \pi & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H^{-1} = \frac{1}{|H|} \cdot C^T$$

$$+ \begin{vmatrix} 0 & \pi \\ \tilde{\pi} & 0 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 0 & \sqrt{2} \\ \pi & 0 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} 0 & \sqrt{2} \\ 0 & \tilde{\pi} \end{vmatrix} - \tilde{\pi}^2; \sqrt{2} \tilde{\pi}; 0$$

$$- \begin{vmatrix} -\sqrt{3} & \pi \\ 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} -1 & \sqrt{2} \\ 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} -1 & \sqrt{2} \\ -\sqrt{3} & \tilde{\pi} \end{vmatrix} 0; 0; -(-\pi - (\sqrt{2} \cdot (-\sqrt{3})))$$

$$+ \begin{vmatrix} -\sqrt{3} & 0 \\ 0 & \pi \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & \pi \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ -\sqrt{3} & 0 \end{vmatrix} -\sqrt{3} \tilde{\pi}; \tilde{\pi}; 0$$

$$C^T = \begin{bmatrix} -\tilde{\pi}^2 & \sqrt{2} \tilde{\pi} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \tilde{\pi} - \sqrt{6} \\ -\sqrt{3} \tilde{\pi} & \tilde{\pi} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H^{-1} = \frac{1}{\tilde{\pi}^2 - \sqrt{6} \tilde{\pi}} \cdot C^T =$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{\tilde{\pi}^2 + \tilde{\pi} \sqrt{6}}{\tilde{\pi}^2 - 6} & \frac{\pi \sqrt{2} + 2 \sqrt{3}}{\tilde{\pi}^2 - 6} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{\tilde{\pi}} \\ -\frac{\tilde{\pi} \sqrt{3} + 3 \sqrt{2}}{\tilde{\pi}^2 - 6} & \frac{\tilde{\pi} + \sqrt{6}}{\tilde{\pi}^2 - 6} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

④ Find the determinant

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$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 4 & 0 & 7 \\ 3 & 0 & -6 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} \oplus & \ominus & \oplus & \ominus \\ \ominus & \oplus & \ominus & \oplus \\ \oplus & \ominus & \oplus & \ominus \\ \ominus & \oplus & \ominus & \oplus \end{array}$$

$$-6R_2 + R_4 \rightarrow R_4$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 4 & 0 & 7 \\ -3 & -12 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|A| = (-1)(-1) \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 4 & 7 \\ -3 & -12 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |A| &= 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 2 + (-1)(-12) \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot 7(-3) - \\ &\quad - (2 \cdot 4(-3) + 1(-12) \cdot 2 + 7(-12) \cdot 3) = \\ &= 24 + 24 - 21 - (-24 - 2 - 252) = 27 + 248 = 305 \end{aligned}$$

Find the determinant

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & 6 & -3 & 9 \\ 4 & 0 & -5 & 6 \\ -1 & 3 & 0 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{2R_1 + R_3 \rightarrow R_3} \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & 6 & -3 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & -7 & 14 \\ -1 & 3 & 0 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-2R_4 + R_1 \rightarrow R_1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -6 & -1 & 14 \\ 0 & 6 & -3 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & -7 & 14 \\ -1 & 3 & 0 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|B| = (-1) \cdot (-1) \cdot \begin{vmatrix} -6 & -1 & 14 \\ 6 & -3 & 9 \\ 0 & -7 & 14 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$|B| = 18 \cdot 14 - 6 \cdot 7 \cdot 14 - (9(-7)(-6) + 6(-1) \cdot 14) =$$

$$= 252 - 588 - (378 - 84) = -336 - 294 = -630$$

Find the determinant

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 5 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 & 4 \\ 2 & 0 & -1 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} + & - & + & - \\ - & + & - & + \\ + & - & + & - \\ - & + & - & + \end{array}$$

$$R_1 + R_3 \rightarrow R_3$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 5 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 & 4 \\ 6 & 5 & 0 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|C| = 1 \cdot 1 \cdot$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & 4 \\ 6 & 5 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|C| = -20 + 24 - (-7 + 48) = 4 - 41 = -37$$

Find the determinant

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 & 5 & 0 \\ -1 & 4 & 3 & \pi \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrix is not square.
Determinant not defined.

Find the determinant

$$E = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 3 & 0 & -1 \\ 9 & -4 & -3 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 3 & 2 & 4 & -2 \\ 2 & 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} + & - & + & - & + \\ - & + & - & + & - \\ + & - & + & - & + \\ - & + & - & + & - \\ + & - & + & - & + \end{array}$$

$$|E| = +4 \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 5 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 3 & -1 \\ 9 & -4 & -3 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$2R_4 + R_1 \rightarrow R_1$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 5 & -2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 3 & -1 \\ 9 & -4 & -3 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$-R_4 + R_2 \rightarrow R_2$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 5 & -2 & 0 \\ -3 & 0 & 4 & 0 \\ 9 & -4 & -3 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|E| = +4 \cdot (-1)(+1) \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 5 & -2 \\ -3 & 0 & 4 \\ 9 & -4 & -3 \end{bmatrix} = -4 \cdot (-24 + 180 - (45 - 128)) =$$

$$= -4 \cdot 239 = -956$$

Find the determinant

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$$F = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 & 5 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \pi & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 5 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 7 & -6 & 2 \\ 3 & 0 & 7 & 0 & 3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$|F| = -\pi \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & -6 & 2 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 & 3 \end{vmatrix}$$

Col 1 - Col 4 \rightarrow Col 1

$$\begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 & 4 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & -6 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$|F| = -\pi \cdot 3 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 & 4 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 3 & -6 \end{vmatrix} = -\pi \cdot 3 \cdot (-6) = 18\pi$$

⑤ Find inverse matrix $|A|=305 \neq 0$ Inversible

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 4 & 0 & 7 \\ 3 & 0 & -6 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad A^{-1} = \frac{1}{|A|} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{21} & C_{31} & C_{41} \\ C_{12} & C_{22} & C_{32} & C_{42} \\ C_{13} & C_{23} & C_{33} & C_{43} \\ C_{14} & C_{24} & C_{34} & C_{44} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \left| \begin{array}{cccc} 2 & -1 & 0 & | & 1 & 0 & 2 & | & 1 & 0 & 2 & | & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ + \left| \begin{array}{ccccc} 4 & 0 & 7 & - & 4 & 0 & 7 & - & 2 & -1 & 0 & - & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -6 & 2 & - & 0 & -6 & 2 & - & 0 & -6 & 2 & - & 4 & 0 & 7 \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right. \\ \left. \begin{array}{c} \left| \begin{array}{cccc} 1 & -1 & 0 & | & 3 & 0 & 2 & | & 3 & 0 & 2 & | & 3 & 0 & 2 \\ - \left| \begin{array}{ccccc} -1 & 0 & 7 & + & -1 & 0 & 7 & - & 1 & 1 & 0 & + & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 3 & -6 & 2 & + & 3 & -6 & 2 & - & 3 & -6 & 2 & - & -1 & 0 & 7 \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right. \\ \left. \begin{array}{c} \left| \begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 2 & 0 & | & 3 & 1 & 2 & | & 3 & 1 & 2 & | & 3 & 1 & 2 \\ - \left| \begin{array}{ccccc} -1 & 4 & 7 & - & -1 & 4 & 7 & + & 1 & 2 & 0 & - & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 2 & - & 3 & 0 & 2 & - & 3 & 0 & 2 & - & -1 & 4 & 7 \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right. \\ \left. \begin{array}{c} \left| \begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 2 & -1 & | & 3 & 1 & 0 & | & 3 & 1 & 0 & | & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ - \left| \begin{array}{ccccc} -1 & 4 & 0 & + & -1 & 4 & 0 & - & 1 & 2 & -1 & + & 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 0 & -6 & + & 3 & 0 & -6 & - & 3 & 0 & -6 & - & -1 & 4 & 0 \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right. \end{array} \end{array}$$

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$$\begin{bmatrix} 92 & -(-6) & -26 & -1 \\ -19 & 138 & 12 & -23 \\ 54 & -23 & -2 & -47 \\ -(-24) & -78 & 33 & 13 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{305} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 92 & 6 & -26 & -1 \\ -19 & 138 & 12 & -23 \\ 54 & -23 & -2 & -47 \\ 24 & -78 & 33 & 13 \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{92}{305} & \frac{6}{305} & \frac{-26}{305} & \frac{-1}{305} \\ \frac{-19}{305} & \frac{138}{305} & \frac{12}{305} & \frac{-23}{305} \\ \frac{54}{305} & \frac{-23}{305} & \frac{-2}{305} & \frac{-47}{305} \\ \frac{24}{305} & \frac{-78}{305} & \frac{33}{305} & \frac{13}{305} \end{bmatrix}$$

Find inverse matrix $|B| = -630 \neq 0$ Invertible

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & 6 & -3 & 9 \\ 4 & 0 & -5 & 6 \\ -1 & 3 & 0 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \quad B^{-1} = \frac{1}{|B|} \cdot C^T$$

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$$\begin{array}{c}
 \left[+ \begin{vmatrix} 6 & -3 & 9 \\ 8 & -5 & 6 \\ 3 & 0 & -5 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & -5 & 6 \\ 3 & 0 & -5 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -1 & 4 \\ 6 & -3 & 9 \\ 3 & 0 & -5 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -1 & 4 \\ 6 & -3 & 9 \\ 0 & -5 & 6 \end{vmatrix} \right] \\
 - \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -3 & 9 \\ 4 & -5 & 6 \\ -1 & 0 & -5 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} -2 & -1 & 4 \\ 4 & -5 & 6 \\ -1 & 0 & -5 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} -2 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & -3 & 9 \\ -1 & 0 & -5 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} -2 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & -3 & 9 \\ 4 & -5 & 6 \end{vmatrix} \\
 + \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 6 & 9 \\ 4 & 0 & 6 \\ -1 & 3 & -5 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} -2 & 0 & 4 \\ 4 & 0 & 6 \\ -1 & 3 & -5 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} -2 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 6 & 9 \\ -1 & 3 & -5 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} -2 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 6 & 9 \\ 4 & 0 & 6 \end{vmatrix} \\
 - \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 6 & -3 \\ 4 & 0 & -5 \\ -1 & 3 & 0 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} -2 & 0 & -1 \\ 4 & 0 & -5 \\ -1 & 3 & 0 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} -2 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 6 & -3 \\ -1 & 3 & 0 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} -2 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 6 & -3 \\ 4 & 0 & -5 \end{vmatrix}
 \end{array}$$

$$B^{-1} = \frac{1}{-630} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 231 & -42 & -21 & 84 \\ 87 & -84 & 33 & -42 \\ 192 & -84 & 138 & 168 \\ 6 & -42 & 24 & 84 \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{231}{-630} & \frac{42}{630} & \frac{-21}{630} & \frac{84}{-630} \\ \frac{87}{-630} & \frac{-84}{630} & \frac{33}{-630} & \frac{-42}{630} \\ \frac{192}{-630} & \frac{-84}{630} & \frac{138}{-630} & \frac{168}{-630} \\ \frac{6}{-630} & \frac{-42}{630} & \frac{24}{-630} & \frac{84}{-630} \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{-11}{30} & \frac{1}{15} & \frac{1}{30} & \frac{-2}{15} \\ \frac{-29}{210} & \frac{2}{15} & \frac{-11}{210} & \frac{1}{15} \\ \frac{-32}{105} & \frac{2}{15} & \frac{-23}{105} & \frac{-4}{15} \\ \frac{-1}{105} & \frac{1}{15} & \frac{-4}{105} & \frac{-2}{15} \end{bmatrix}$$

Find the inverse matrix $|C| = -37 \neq 0$

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$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 5 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 & 4 \\ 2 & 0 & -1 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C^{-1} = \frac{1}{|C|} \cdot K^T$$

K-cofactor
adjugate
matrix.

$$\left[\begin{array}{c} + \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & -1 & 7 \\ 1 & 0 & 4 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 5 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 7 \\ 1 & 0 & 4 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} 5 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 4 \\ 1 & 0 & 4 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 5 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & -1 & 7 \end{vmatrix} \\ - \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 0 & 4 \\ 2 & -1 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 4 \\ 2 & -1 & 7 \end{vmatrix} \\ + \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 2 & 4 \\ 2 & 0 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 5 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 5 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 5 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 4 \\ 2 & 0 & 7 \end{vmatrix} \\ - \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 5 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 5 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 5 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & -1 \end{vmatrix} \end{array} \right]$$

$$C^{-1} = \frac{1}{-37} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 13 & -4 & -6 \\ -4 & -24 & -4 & 31 \\ -1 & 68 & 36 & -131 \\ 1 & 6 & 1 & -17 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{4}{37} & \frac{-13}{37} & \frac{4}{37} & \frac{6}{37} \\ \frac{4}{37} & \frac{24}{37} & \frac{4}{37} & \frac{-31}{37} \\ \frac{1}{37} & \frac{-68}{37} & \frac{-36}{37} & \frac{131}{37} \\ \frac{-1}{37} & \frac{-6}{37} & \frac{-1}{37} & \frac{17}{37} \end{bmatrix}$$

Find inverse matrix.

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 & 5 & 0 \\ -1 & 4 & 3 & 11 \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrix is not square.
 Determinant is not defined.
 Inverse matrix is not defined.