Typography

* What is it?
* Visual composition of words
* Glyphs:
  + Characters available in a given typeface
    - Font is a specific form of typeface
  + Change based on the language the font depicts
* Serif v. Sans-Serif
  + Serif:
    - Short finishing lines at the end of characters
    - More readable in print
    - Causes less eye strain for large bodies of text
  + Sans-Serif:
    - Lack finishing lines
    - More readable on computer screens
    - Adds emphasis
    - More recognizable
* Kerning and Tracking
  + Kerning:
    - The adjustment of space between characters
  + Tracking:
    - The adjustment of
* Alignment:
  + Justified, Align Left, Align right, Centered
* Vector Fonts:
  + Made using vectors rather than bitmaps
  + Vectors mathematically defined allows for scaling
  + TrueType (.ttf) is older font standard
  + OpenType (.otf) is newer font standard with more glyphs and features
  + Both are usable in Processing
* Text Attributes:
  + textLeading() sets spacing between lines of text
  + textAlign() sets
    - LEFT, CENTER, RIGHT
  + textSize()
  + textWidth() returns width of character or string