

The Nexus between Squad Depth and NBA Championship

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Motivation & Research Problem



Background & Problem

- NBA is the most popular basketball league
 - Thousands of data & many models that evaluate team strength
- Squad depth is the number of quality players on the team contributing to the team success... BUT
 - No established metric to measure it in the NBA
 - State-of-the-art NBA prediction model (Cheng et al) did not consider squad depth

Question: Do championship winning teams have a significantly greater squad depth than other playoff teams? Can we use squad depth to predict team strength?

Hypothesis: Championship teams will have a higher true mean squad depth.

$$H_0 : \mu_{champ} - \mu_{nochamp} = 0$$

$$H_A : \mu_{champ} - \mu_{nochamp} > 0$$

Data



Squad depth = $\frac{\text{\#Quality Players}}{\text{\#Rotation Players}}$

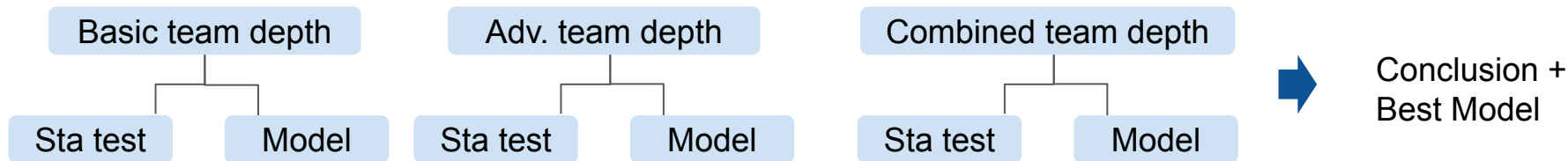
- Rotation player - ≥ 10 mpg
- 0-1 scale

Strategies

- Simple: Points, Rebounds, OR Assists threshold met
- Advanced: PER OR WS/48 thresholds met
- Combo: Simple AND Advanced thresholds met

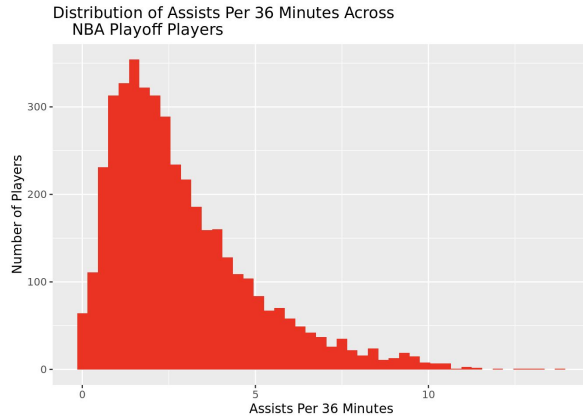


Compare Championship and Non-Champ teams by each strategy

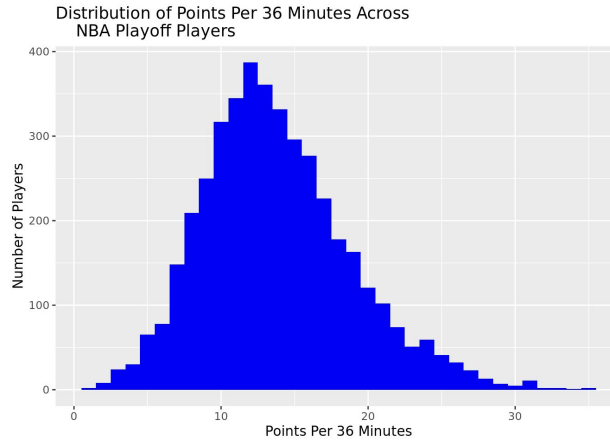


EDA: Stats Accounted For In Basic Squad Depth

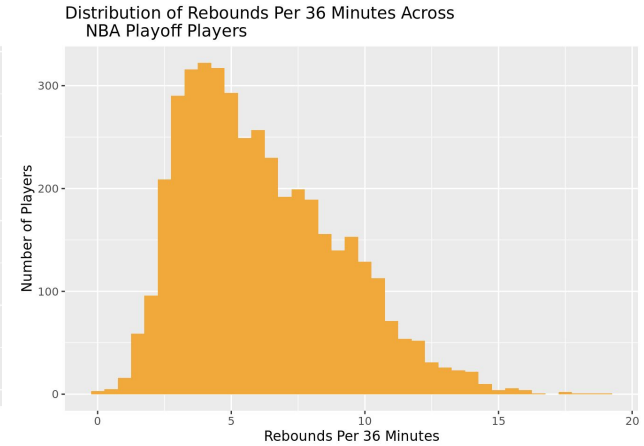
Assists



Points

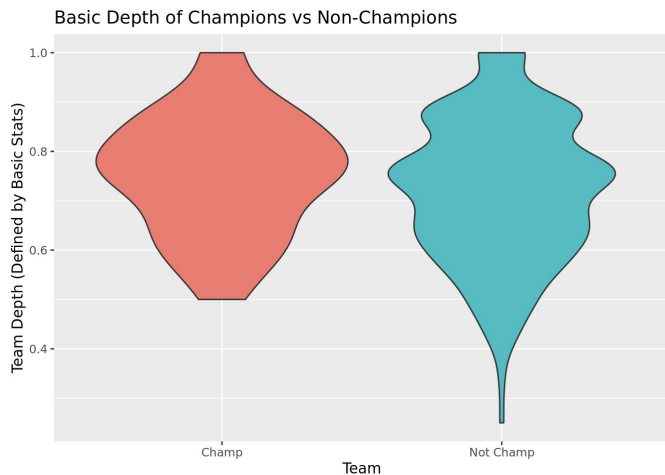


Rebounds

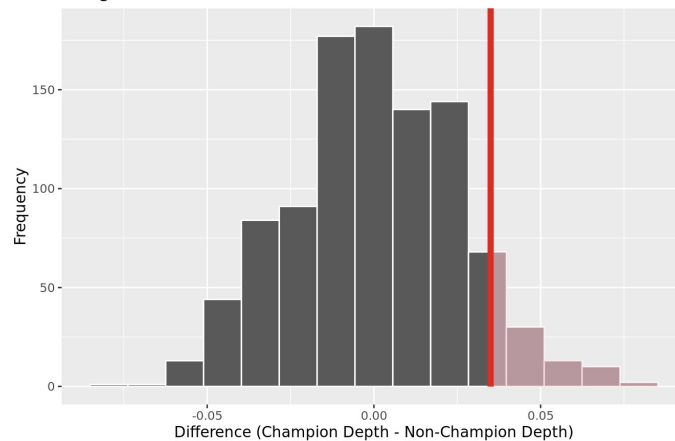


Basic Squad Depth Approach

Basic Depth= (number of players who met the pp36 threshold, the rp36 threshold, and the ap36 threshold) / (number of players in rotation (played >or= 10 pg))



Null Distribution of (Champion Depth - Non-Champion Depth) using Basic Statistics



```
# A tibble: 2 × 2
  Championship `mean(Basic_depth)`
  <chr>         <dbl>
1 Champ         0.755
2 Not Champ     0.720
```

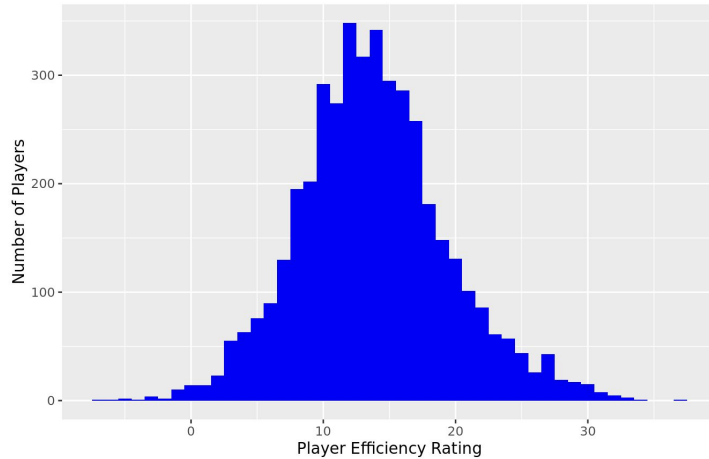
	p_value
1	0.078

Point Estimate: $\bar{x}_c - \bar{x}_n = 0.035$

EDA: Stats Accounted For In Advanced Squad Depth

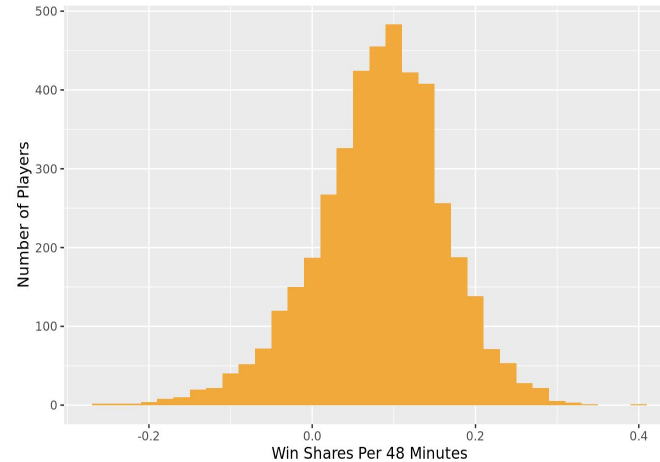
Player Efficiency Rating

Distribution of Player Efficiency Rating Across NBA Playoff Players



Win Shares

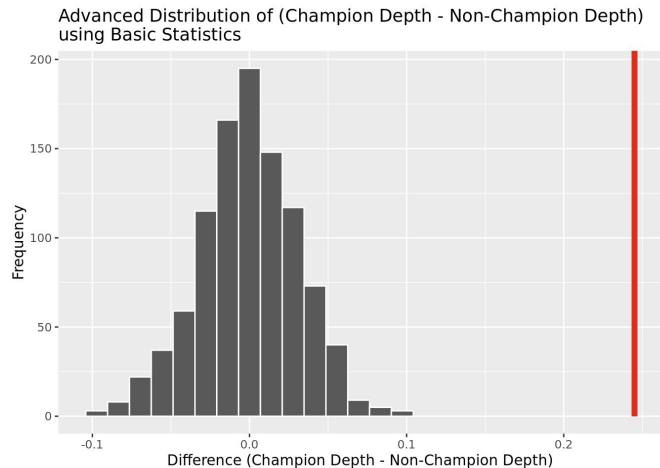
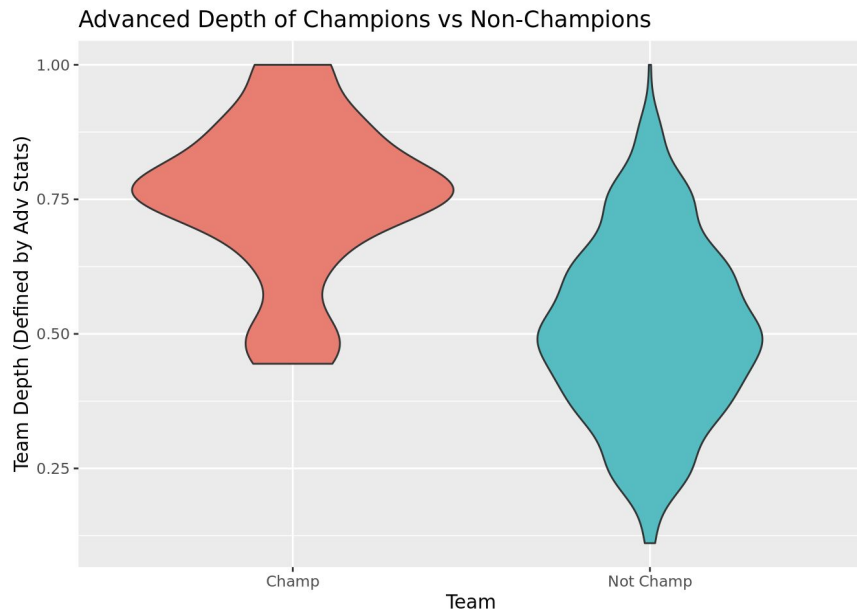
Distribution of Win Shares Per 48 Minutes Across NBA Playoff Players



Advanced Squad Depth Approach

(number of players above PER threshold | above win share threshold)

number of rotation players



```
# A tibble: 2 × 2
  Championship `mean(Adv_depth)`
  <chr>         <dbl>
1 Champ         0.751
2 Not Champ     0.506
```

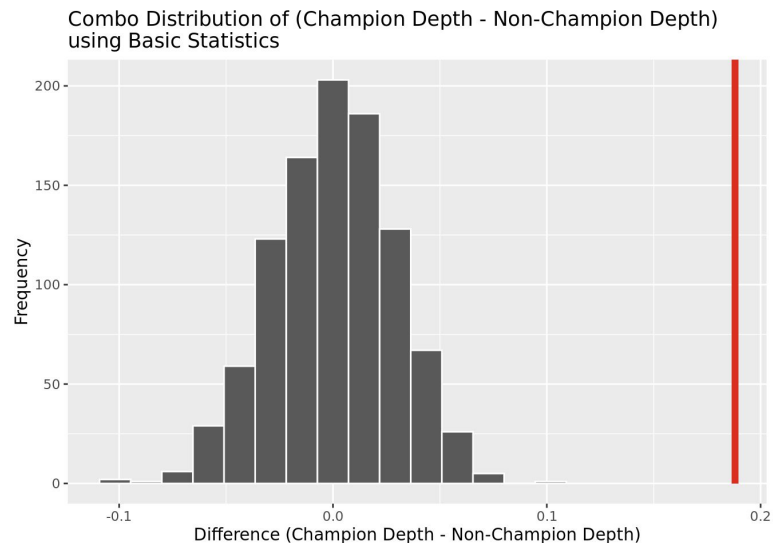
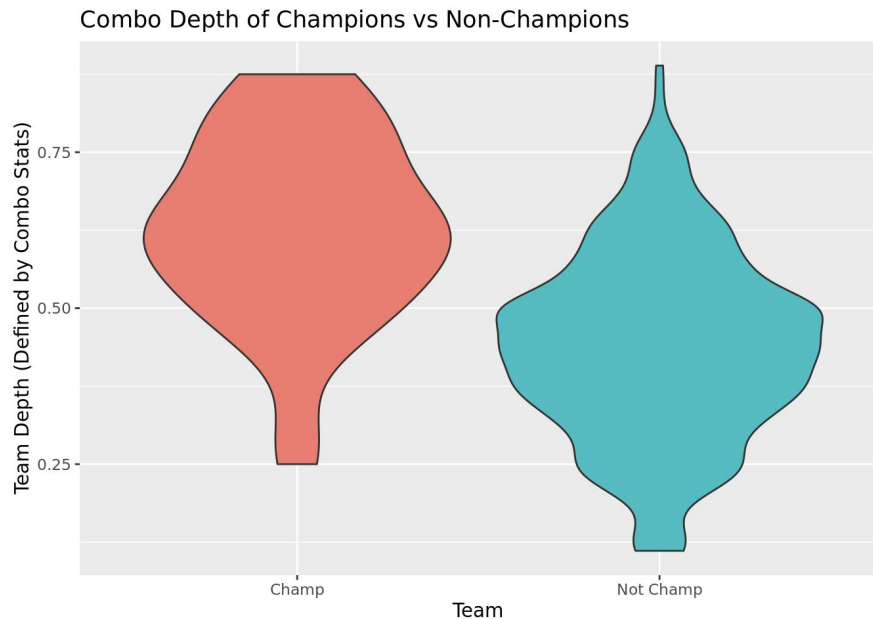
Point Estimate: $\bar{x}_c - \bar{x}_n = 0.245$

Combined Squad Depth Approach

Combined Squad Depth: $\frac{(\text{\# Quality Basic \& Advanced Stats Players})}{\text{\# Rotational Players}}$

```
# A tibble: 2 × 2
  Championship `mean(Combo_depth)`
  <chr>         <dbl>
1 Champ         0.627
2 Not Champ     0.439
```

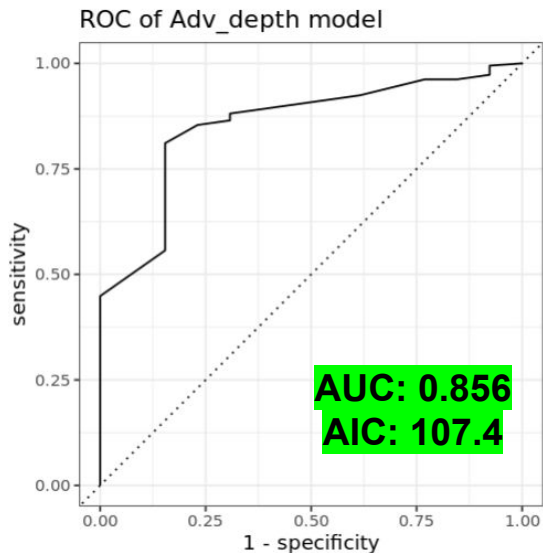
Point Estimate: $\bar{x}_c - \bar{x}_n = 0.188$



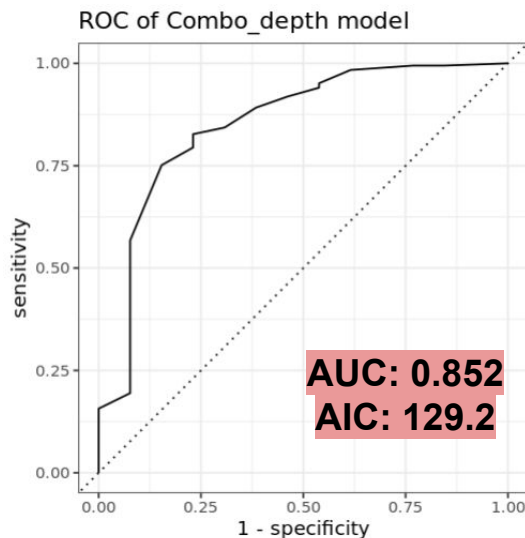
Model

Both advanced and combined squad depth are significantly higher in championship teams → evaluate both models

Advanced Squad Depth Model



Combined Squad Depth Model



- Advanced squad depth model is the best model both in terms of AIC and AUC
- High AUC → strong predictive power of advanced team depth
- Formula of the best model:

$$\text{Specific: } \log\left(\frac{p}{1-p}\right) = 8.69 - 9.55 \times \text{Adv_depth}$$

Conclusion + Future work + Limitations

Findings & Significance:

- Combo and Adv squad depth significantly higher → good predictive value of squad depth
- High AUC of logistic model → good prediction models

Higher squad depths is associated with championship winning teams.

Future Work/Implication: Variables that are filtered into the meaning of squad depth can be monitored and manipulated by NBA data scientists to make better predictions regarding what teams will win championships.

Limitations: Limited predictive power because many factors beyond team strength determine championship wins. (both measurable and unmeasurable)