Airbnbs in New York City

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Introduction

The rise of short-term rental platforms, particularly Airbnb, has significantly disrupted the traditional hospitality industry and transformed urban housing markets worldwide. In New York City, one of the world's most popular tourist destinations, the impact of Airbnb has been particularly pronounced, raising questions about its effects on local communities, housing affordability, and the broader urban economy.

Previous research has identified several factors that impact Airbnb pricing. One study found that host attributes, site and property attributes, amenities and services, rental rules, and online review ratings all play significant roles in determining listing prices [@wang2017]. Furthermore, recent studies have provided evidence of Airbnb's influence on housing markets. Another study found that a 1% increase in Airbnb listings leads to a 0.018% increase in rents and a 0.026% increase in house prices [@barron2018]. This effect is more pronounced in areas with a lower share of owner-occupiers, suggesting that non-owner-occupiers are more likely to reallocate their properties from long-term to short-term rentals.

Our research question is: "How do various factors, such as bedroom number, room type, review scores, and distance from city center, influence the price of Airbnb listings in New York City?"

Understanding the determinants of Airbnb pricing in New York City is crucial for several reasons. Firstly, it can provide valuable insights for policymakers grappling with the challenges posed by the growth of short-term rentals, including potential impacts on housing affordability and neighborhood character [@toader2021]. Secondly, it can help hosts make more informed pricing decisions, potentially leading to more efficient market outcomes.

Based on existing literature and our understanding of the New York City housing market, we hypothesize that:

• Listings with more bedrooms and bathrooms will command higher prices, reflecting the premium placed on space in urban environments.

- The number of guests a property can accommodate will positively correlate with price, as larger groups often have higher budgets.
- The type of room (entire home/apartment vs. private room) will significantly impact pricing, with entire homes/apartments having a higher price.
- Higher review scores will be associated with higher prices, as positive feedback may justify premium pricing.
- Properties closer to the city center will be priced higher due to their convenient location and proximity to attractions.
- The impact of these factors on price may vary across different boroughs or neighborhoods.

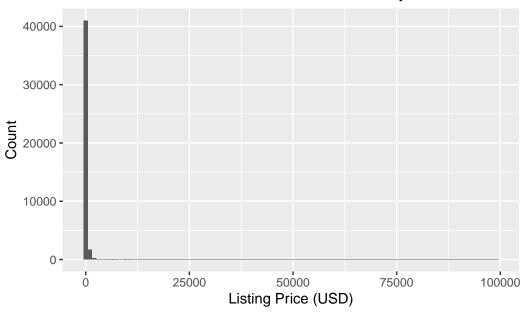
Exploratory Data Analysis

The Airbnb dataset that we are utilizing can be found on Kaggle, but the author of the dataset obtained the data from Inside Airbnb (https://insideairbnb.com/). Inside Airbnb has collected data on dozens of countries and cities, but we decided to focus on New York City. The data was sourced from publicly available data on the Airbnb website in 2023.

Each row in the dataset represents a unique Airbnb listing in New York City. Each of these correspond to individual properties available for rental on the platform and have many (18) variables such as name of the listing, latitude and longitude, room type, price, minimum number of nights required for booking, total number of reviews the listing has reviewed, and more. We are particularly interested in the following explanatory variables that we believe could impact the price of an Airbnb listing:

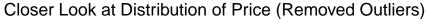
- Number of bedrooms
 - These could give insights into the size and comfort level of the Airbnb, likely affecting the price.
- Room type
 - Type of room (whether the listing is an entire home/apartment or a private room) can impact pricing
- Review scores (overall rating)
 - Listings with better or higher number of reviews could be priced higher because of higher perceived value and trustworthiness
- Distance from city center
 - Proximity to central locations can impact pricing (since it is more convenient and desirable)

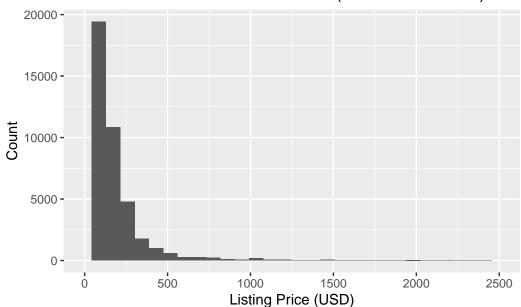
Distribution of Airbnb Prices in New York City



A tibble: 6 x 2 Statistic Value <chr> 1 Min. 0.0000 75.0000 2 1st Qu. 3 Median 125.0000 200.3072 4 Mean 200.0000 5 3rd Qu. 6 Max. 99000.0000

The distribution is pretty heavily right skewed, as can be seen from both of the histograms. It is difficult to analyze the distribution in the first histogram because there is an outlier at \$99,000 and makes the bins and binwidth very narrow and zoomed out (since the range of the data is too large). It is also clear that this outlier impacts the mean, since the median of \$125 is quite a bit less than the mean of \$200.37, and the mean is roughly equal to the 3rd quartile which is also around \$200. We plan to to remove this outlier as a result when doing our analysis, and we will go into more depth later and check for additional outliers.





From the initial histogram, since the majority of the listings seem to fall between 0 and 2500 dollars, we visualized the distribution of the listings between this price range to get a better view of it. We can see that the distribution is still right skewed, and the vast majority of the listings seem to cost between 50-200. There are a few more points visible that were not in the initial histogram that appear to be quite far from where the majority of the listings are clustered, so we will go back and check to see if they are greater than $1.5 \times IQR$ and can be classified as outliers. We also plan to apply log transformation to this variable to address the skew of the response variable.