

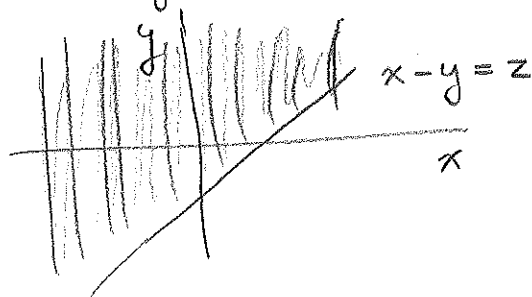
3.46 X, Y continuous. $Z = X - Y$

$$F_Z(z) = P(Z \leq z)$$

dy dx version

$= P(X - Y \leq z)$ which is the integral of $f(x, y)$ over $x - y \leq z$:

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{x-z}^{\infty} f(x, y) dy dx$$



Change of variables:

$$\begin{aligned} y &= x - u \\ dy &= -du \end{aligned}$$

$$u = x - y$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_z^{-\infty} f(x, x-u) (-1) du dx$$

(as y goes from $x-z$ to ∞ , $u = x-y$ goes from " z " to $-\infty$ ")

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^z f(x, x-u) du dx$$

(flip limits)

$$= \int_{-\infty}^z \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x, x-u) du dx$$

$$\text{So } f_Z(z) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x, x-z) dx$$