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`<p> Some text </p>`

`<span>`

`<a href="fakeurl.html"> hyperlink </a>`

`</span>`

Selecting based on type:

`read_html(...)` ↳  
`html_element('a')`

Selecting based on attribute (e.g. find a hyperlink that starts with "fake")

`read_html(...)` ↳  
`html_element('a[href ^="fake"]')`

Selecting based on position

- ... ↳  
`html_element('~ span > a')`

<p> Some text </p>

<span>

<a href="fake-url.html">hyperlink 23 </a>

</span>

{ rec\_html(..) |>  
  html\_element("a") |>  
  html\_text2() |>  
  str\_extract("<!--&gt;")<br/><-->  
  "23"

→ "hyperlink 23"

<table class='type1'>

:

</table>

read\\_html (...) >

html\\_element ("table[class='type1']")

<table class='type2'>

:

</table>

read\\_html (...) >

html\\_element ("table.type2")

CSS Selectors:

. shorthand for class

# shorthand for id

# SQL: WHERE vs. HAVING

WHERE is performed on original table

HAVING is performed after we compute things

```
df =>  
group_by(var1) =>  
summarize(mean = mean(var2)) =>  
filter(mean > 30)
```

```
df =>  
filter(var2 > 30) =>  
group_by... =>  
summarize...
```

```
SELECT var1,  
AVG(var2) as mean  
FROM df  
GROUP BY var1  
HAVING mean > 30,
```

```
SELECT var1, var2  
FROM df  
WHERE var2 > 30
```