Lecture 15: Reshaping data

Last time: pivot_longer

id	bp1	bp2
Α	100	120
В	140	115
С	120	125



id	measurement	value
Α	bp1	100
Α	bp2	120
В	bp1	140
В	bp2	115
С	bp1	120
С	bp2	125

```
1 df |>
2  pivot_longer(
3   cols = bp1:bp2,
4   names_to = "measurement",
5   values_to = "value"
6  )
```

Warm up

Write down the data frame that will be returned by the code.

Warmup

11

3 y

```
1 ex_df |>
   pivot longer(cols = -id,
               names_to = c("group", "obs"),
               values_to = "value",
               names_sep = "_")
# A tibble: 12 \times 4
    id group obs value
  <dbl> <chr> <chr> <dbl>
   1 x 1
2
  1 x 2
                    5
3
   1 y 1
  1 y 2
    2 x 1
 5
   2 x 2
6
     2 y 1
     2 y 2
8
 9
   3 x 1
10
  3 x
```

pivot_longer in R

Consider the following example data:

```
id bp_1 bp_2 hr_1 hr_2
1 1 100 120 60 77
2 2 120 115 75 81
3 3 125 130 80 93
```

What if we want the data to look like this:

```
# A tibble: 12 × 4
       id measurement stage value
   <dbl> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <dbl>
        1 bp
                                  100
 2
        1 bp
                                  120
 3
        1 hr
                                 60
 4
        1 hr
                                 77
 5
        2 bp
                                  120
 6
        2 bp
                                  115
        2 hr
                                  75
 8
        2 hr
                                 81
 9
        3 bp
                         1
                                  125
10
        3 bp
                                  130
```

pivot_longer in R

```
1 df2
  id bp_1 bp_2 hr_1 hr_2
 1 100 120
               60 77
2 2 120 115 75 81
3 3 125 130
               80 93
 1 df2 |>
     pivot longer(cols = -id,
                   names to = c("measurement", "stage"),
                   names_sep = "_",
                   values_to = "value")
# A tibble: 12 \times 4
      id measurement stage value
   <dbl> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <dbl>
       1 bp
                            100
 2
   1 bp
                          120
   1 hr
                          60
 4
   1 hr
                           77
 5
                             120
       2 bp
 6
       2 bp
                             115
       2 hr
                            75
 8
       2 hr
                            81
 9
       3 bp
                             125
10
       3 bp
                             130
```

pivot_longer in R

Step 1: Pivot

Step 2: Separate columns

# A tibble: 6 × 4					
	id	measurement	stage	value	
	<dbl></dbl>	<chr></chr>	<chr></chr>	<dbl></dbl>	
1	1	bp	1	100	
2	1	bp	2	120	
3	1	hr	1	60	
4	1	hr	2	77	
5	2	bp	1	120	
6	2	bp	2	115	

In Python

Step 1: Melt

```
id measurement value
              bp 1 100.0
0
   1.0
              bp 1 120.0
   2.0
2
   3.0
              bp 1 125.0
3
              bp 2 120.0
   1.0
              bp_2 115.0
4
   2.0
5
   3.0
              bp 2 130.0
   1.0
              hr 1
                   60.0
   2.0
              hr 1 75.0
7
8
   3.0
              hr 1 80.0
9
   1.0
              hr 2
                   77.0
10
   2.0
              hr 2
                    81.0
11
              hr 2
                     93.0
   3.0
```

In Python

Step 2: Separate columns

```
1 df2 = r.df2
 3 df2_new = df2.melt(id_vars = 'id',
                    var name = 'measurement',
                     value_name = 'value')
 6 df2_new['measurement'].str.split('_', expand=True)
    0 1
   bp 1
   bp 1
  bp 1
  bp 2
  bp 2
  bp 2
   hr 1
   hr 1
   hr 1
   hr 2
10
   hr 2
11
   hr 2
```

In Python

Step 2: Separate columns

```
id measurement value stage
                bp 100.0
0
   1.0
                bp 120.0
   2.0
2
   3.0
                bp 125.0
                bp 120.0
   1.0
                bp 115.0
   2.0
                               2
   3.0
                bp 130.0
   1.0
                   60.0
                hr
                   75.0
   2.0
                hr
   3.0
                hr
                     80.0
9
   1.0
                     77.0
                hr
10
   2.0
                     81.0
                hr
11
                     93.0
   3.0
                hr
```

Going the other way

```
date.utc location value

1825 2019-06-21 00:00:00+00:00 FR04014 20.0

1826 2019-06-20 23:00:00+00:00 FR04014 21.8

1827 2019-06-20 22:00:00+00:00 FR04014 26.5

1828 2019-06-20 21:00:00+00:00 FR04014 24.9

1829 2019-06-20 20:00:00+00:00 FR04014 21.4
```

What if I want a separate column for each location?

Going the other way

location		BETR801	FR04014	London Westminster
date.utc				
2019-04-09	01:00:00+00:00	22.5	24.4	NaN
2019-04-09	02:00:00+00:00	53.5	27.4	67.0
2019-04-09	03:00:00+00:00	54.5	34.2	67.0
2019-04-09	04:00:00+00:00	34.5	48.5	41.0
2019-04-09	05:00:00+00:00	46.5	59.5	41.0
• • •		• • •	• • •	• • •
2019-06-20	20:00:00+00:00	NaN	21.4	NaN
2019-06-20	21:00:00+00:00	NaN	24.9	NaN
2019-06-20	22:00:00+00:00	NaN	26.5	NaN
2019-06-20	23:00:00+00:00	NaN	21.8	NaN
2019-06-21	00:00:00+00:00	NaN	20.0	NaN

In R

1827 2019-06-20 22:00:00+00:00

1828 2019-06-20 21:00:00+00:00

1829 2019-06-20 20:00:00+00:00

1830 2019-06-20 19:00:00+00:00

FR04014

FR04014

FR04014

FR04014 25.3

26.5

24.9

21.4

In R: pivot_wider

```
air quality |>
      pivot wider(id_cols = "date.utc",
                  names from = "location",
                  values from = "value")
 4
# A tibble: 1,705 \times 4
                             FR04014 BETR801 \London Westminster
   date.utc
   <chr>
                               <dbl>
                                      <dbl>
                                                           <dbl>
 1 2019-06-21 00:00:00+00:00
                               20
                                         NA
                                                              NA
 2 2019-06-20 23:00:00+00:00
                             21.8
                                         NA
                                                              NA
 3 2019-06-20 22:00:00+00:00
                             26.5
                                         NA
                                                              NA
 4 2019-06-20 21:00:00+00:00
                               24.9
                                         NA
                                                              NA
 5 2019-06-20 20:00:00+00:00
                             21.4
                                         NA
                                                              NA
 6 2019-06-20 19:00:00+00:00
                             25.3
                                         NA
                                                              NA
 7 2019-06-20 18:00:00+00:00
                             23.9
                                         NA
                                                              NA
 8 2019-06-20 17:00:00+00:00
                               23.2
                                         NA
                                                              NA
 9 2019-06-20 16:00:00+00:00
                             19
                                         NA
                                                              NA
10 2019-06-20 15:00:00+00:00
                             19.3
                                         NA
                                                              NA
# i 1,695 more rows
```

Class activity

https://sta279s24.github.io/class_activities/ca_lecture_15.html