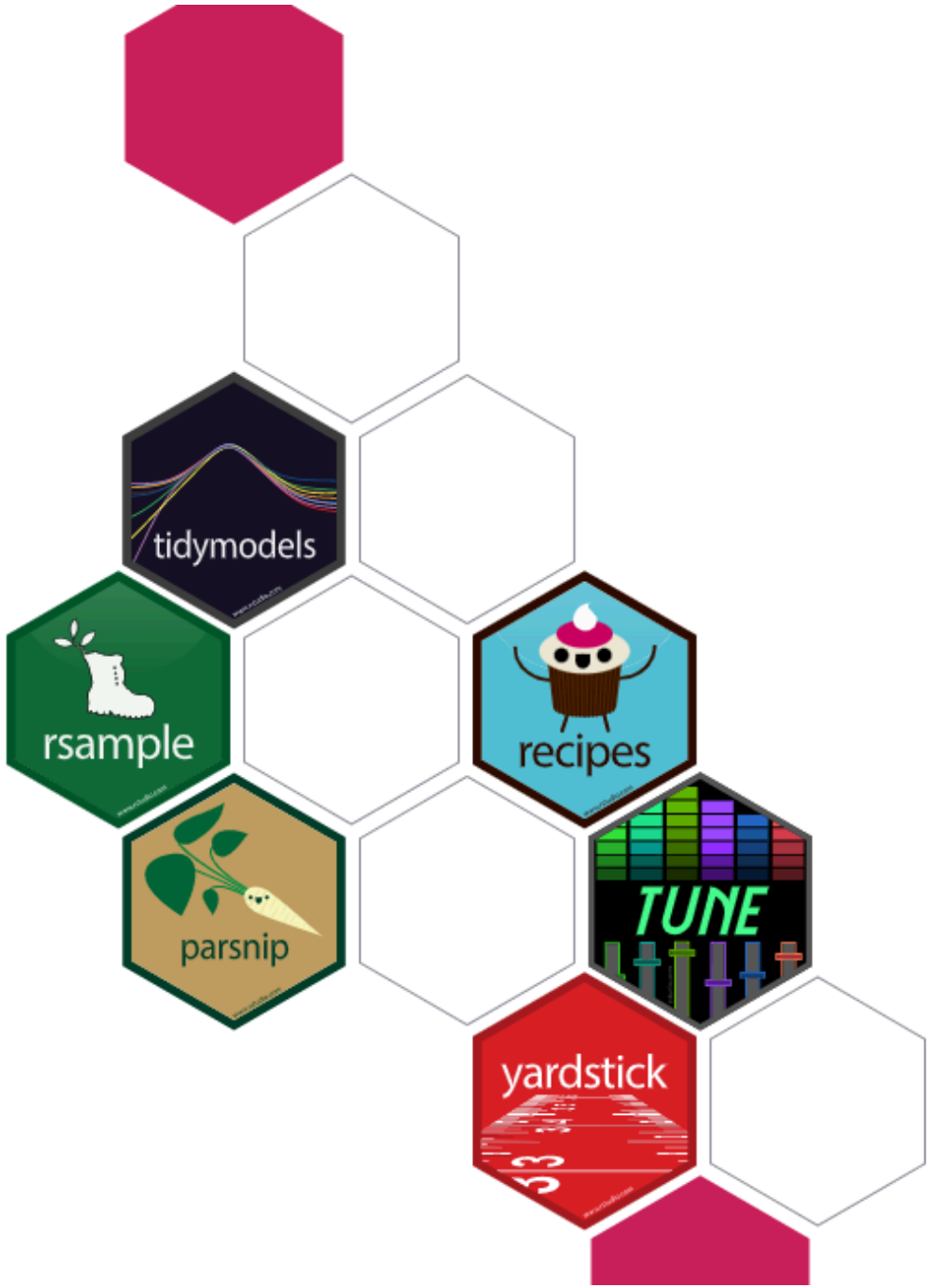
Tidymodels

Lecture 23

Dr. Colin Rundel


tidymodels
rsample
recipes
parsnip
TUNE
yardstick

Tidymodels

```
1 library(tidymodels)
```

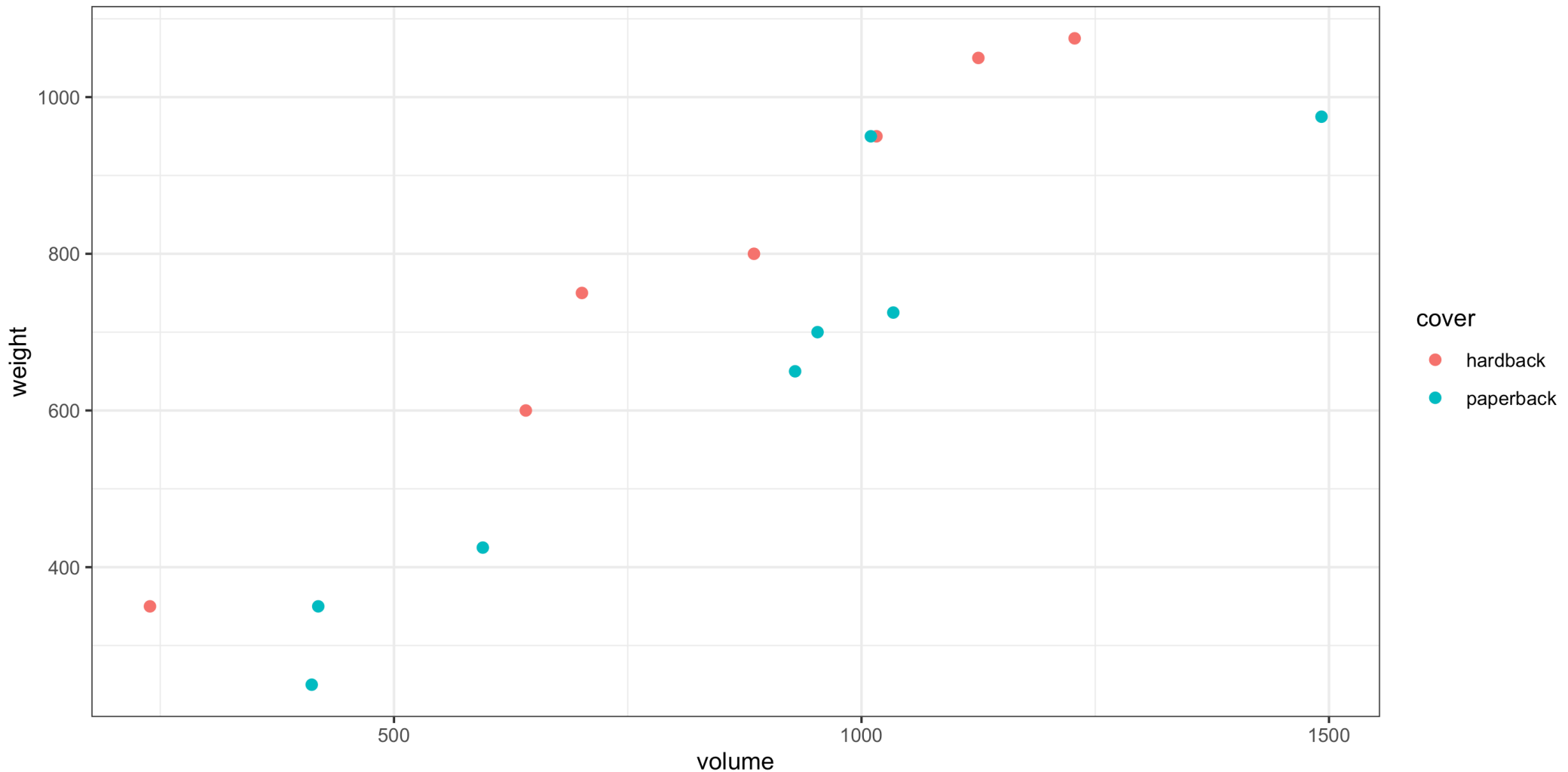
```
── Attaching packages ──────────────────────────────────────── tidymodels 1.3.
✔ broom        1.0.8     ✔ rsample      1.3.0
✔ dials        1.4.0     ✔ tune         1.3.0
✔ infer        1.0.7     ✔ workflows    1.2.0
✔ modeldata    1.4.0     ✔ workflowsets 1.1.0
✔ parsnip      1.3.1     ✔ yardstick    1.3.2
✔ recipes      1.2.1
── Conflicts ──────────────────────────────────────── tidymodels_conflicts(
✖ scales::discard()   masks purrr::discard()
✖ dplyr::filter()     masks stats::filter()
✖ recipes::fixed()    masks stringr::fixed()
✖ dplyr::lag()        masks stats::lag()
✖ rsample::populate() masks Rcpp::populate()
✖ yardstick::spec()   masks readr::spec()
✖ recipes::step()     masks stats::step()
```

Book data

```
(books = DAAG::allbacks |>
  as_tibble() |>
  select(-area) |>
  mutate(
    cover = forcats::fct_recode(
      cover,
      "hardback" = "hb",
      "paperback" = "pb"
    )
  )
)
```

```
# A tibble: 15 × 3
   volume weight cover
    <dbl>  <dbl> <fct>
 1    885    800 hardback
 2   1016    950 hardback
 3   1125   1050 hardback
 4    239    350 hardback
 5    701    750 hardback
 6    641    600 hardback
 7   1228   1075 hardback
 8    412    250 paperback
 9    953    700 paperback
10    929    650 paperback
11   1492    975 paperback
12    419    350 paperback
13   1010    950 paperback
14    595    425 paperback
15   1034    725 paperback
```

```r
ggplot(books, aes(x=volume, y=weight, color = cover)) +
  geom_point(size=2)
```



Building a tidymodel

```
1 linear_reg()
```

```
Linear Regression Model Specification (regression)

Computational engine: lm
```

```
1 linear_reg() |>
2   set_engine("lm")
```

```
Linear Regression Model Specification (regression)

Computational engine: lm
```

Building a tidymodel

```
linear_reg() |>
  set_engine("lm") |>
  fit(weight ~ volume * cover,
      data = books)
```

```
parsnip model object


Call:
stats::lm(formula = weight ~ volume * cover, dat

Coefficients:
          (Intercept)                 volume
            161.58654                0.76159
      coverpaperback  volume:coverpaperback
           -120.21407               -0.07573
```

```
lm(weight ~ volume * cover, data = books)
```

```
Call:
lm(formula = weight ~ volume * cover, data = boo

Coefficients:
          (Intercept)                 volume
            161.58654                0.76159
      coverpaperback  volume:coverpaperback
           -120.21407               -0.07573
```

Tidy model objects

```r
lm_tm = linear_reg() |>
  set_engine("lm") |>
  fit(weight ~ volume * cover,
      data = books)
```

```r
summary(lm_tm)
```

```
             Length Class      Mode
lvl           0     -none-     NULL
ordered       1     -none-     logical
spec          7     linear_reg list
fit          13     lm         list
preproc       1     -none-     list
elapsed       2     -none-     list
censor_probs  0     -none-     list
```

```r
lm_b = lm(weight ~ volume * cover, data = bo
```

```r
summary(lm_b)
```

```
Call:
lm(formula = weight ~ volume * cover, data = boo

Residuals:
   Min     1Q Median     3Q    Max
-89.67 -32.07 -21.82  17.94 215.91

Coefficients:
                          Estimate Std. Error t va
(Intercept)             161.58654   86.51918   1.
volume                    0.76159    0.09718   7.
coverpaperback         -120.21407  115.65899  -1.
volume:coverpaperback    -0.07573    0.12802  -0.
                        Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)               0.0887 .
volume                  7.94e-06 ***
coverpaperback            0.3209
volume:coverpaperback     0.5661
---
Signif. codes:
0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```r
summary(lm_tm$fit)
```

```
Call:
stats::lm(formula = weight ~ volume * cover, data = data)

Residuals:
   Min     1Q Median     3Q    Max
-89.67 -32.07 -21.82  17.94 215.91

Coefficients:
                       Estimate Std. Error t value
(Intercept)           161.58654   86.51918   1.868
volume                  0.76159    0.09718   7.837
coverpaperback       -120.21407  115.65899  -1.039
volume:coverpaperback  -0.07573    0.12802  -0.592
                      Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)             0.0887 .
volume                7.94e-06 ***
coverpaperback          0.3209
volume:coverpaperback   0.5661
---
```


broom
www.tidyverse.org

Tidy coefficients

```
1 broom::tidy(lm_tm)
```

```
# A tibble: 4 × 5
  term         estimate std.error statistic
  <chr>           <dbl>     <dbl>     <dbl>
1 (Intercept)  1.62e+2   86.5         1.87
2 volume       7.62e-1    0.0972      7.84
3 coverpaper… -1.20e+2  116.         -1.04
4 volume:cov… -7.57e-2    0.128      -0.592
```

```
1 broom::tidy(lm_b)
```

```
# A tibble: 4 × 5
  term         estimate std.error statistic
  <chr>           <dbl>     <dbl>     <dbl>
1 (Intercept)  1.62e+2   86.5         1.87
2 volume       7.62e-1    0.0972      7.84
3 coverpaper… -1.20e+2  116.         -1.04
4 volume:cov… -7.57e-2    0.128      -0.592
```

Tidy statistics

```
1 broom::glance(lm_tm)
```

```
# A tibble: 1 × 12
  r.squared adj.r.squared sigma statistic   p.value    df logLik   AIC   BIC deviance
      <dbl>         <dbl> <dbl>     <dbl>     <dbl> <dbl>  <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>    <dbl>
1     0.930         0.911  80.4      48.5   1.24e-6     3  -84.8  180.  183.   71118.
# ℹ 2 more variables: df.residual <int>, nobs <int>
```

```
1 broom::glance(lm_b)
```

```
# A tibble: 1 × 12
  r.squared adj.r.squared sigma statistic   p.value    df logLik   AIC   BIC deviance
      <dbl>         <dbl> <dbl>     <dbl>     <dbl> <dbl>  <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>    <dbl>
1     0.930         0.911  80.4      48.5   1.24e-6     3  -84.8  180.  183.   71118.
# ℹ 2 more variables: df.residual <int>, nobs <int>
```

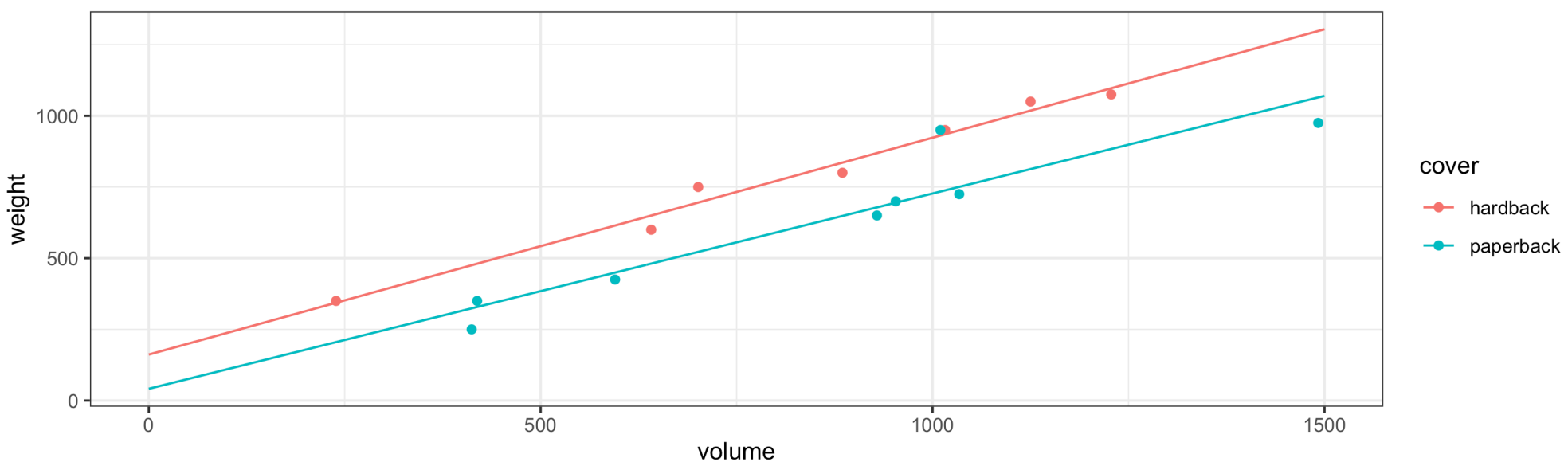
Tidy prediction

```
1 broom::augment(lm_tm, new_data = books)
```

```
# A tibble: 15 × 5
   .pred .resid volume weight cover
   <dbl>  <dbl>  <dbl>  <dbl> <fct>
 1  836. -35.6     885    800 hardback
 2  935.  14.6    1016    950 hardback
 3 1018.  31.6    1125   1050 hardback
 4  344.   6.39    239    350 hardback
 5  695.  54.5     701    750 hardback
 6  650. -49.8     641    600 hardback
 7 1097. -21.8    1228   1075 hardback
 8  324. -73.9     412    250 paperback
 9  695.   5.00    953    700 paperback
10  679. -28.5     929    650 paperback
11 1065. -89.7    1492    975 paperback
12  329.  21.3     419    350 paperback
13  734. 216.     1010    950 paperback
14  449. -24.5     595    425 paperback
15  751. -25.6    1034    725 paperback
```

Putting it together

```
lm_tm |>
  augment(
    new_data = tidyr::expand_grid(
      volume = seq(0, 1500, by=5),
      cover = c("hardback", "paperback") |> as.factor()
    )
  ) |>
  rename(weight = .pred) |>
  ggplot(aes(x = volume, y = weight, color = cover, group = cover)) +
    geom_line() +
    geom_point(data = books)
```




parsnip
www.rstudio.com

Why do we care?

```
1 show_engines("linear_reg")
```

```
# A tibble: 8 × 2
  engine   mode
  <chr>    <chr>
1 lm       regression
2 glm      regression
3 glmnet   regression
4 stan     regression
5 spark    regression
6 keras    regression
7 brulee   regression
8 quantreg quantile regression
```

```
1 (bayes_tm = linear_reg() |>
2   set_engine(
3     "stan",
4     prior_intercept = rstanarm::student_t(d
5     prior = rstanarm::student_t(df = 1),
6     seed = 1234
7   )
8 )
```

```
Linear Regression Model Specification (regressio

Engine-Specific Arguments:
  prior_intercept = rstanarm::student_t(df = 1)
  prior = rstanarm::student_t(df = 1)
  seed = 1234

Computational engine: stan
```

Fitting with `rstanarm`

```
1 (bayes_tm = bayes_tm |>
2   fit(weight ~ volume * cover, data = books)
3 )
```

```
Warning: There were 58 divergent transitions after warmup. See
https://mc-stan.org/misc/warnings.html#divergent-transitions-after-warmup
to find out why this is a problem and how to eliminate them.

Warning: Examine the pairs() plot to diagnose sampling problems

parsnip model object

stan_glm
 family:       gaussian [identity]
 formula:      weight ~ volume * cover
 observations: 15
 predictors:   4
------
                     Median MAD_SD
(Intercept)          95.4   63.9
volume                0.8    0.1
coverpaperback       -0.3    3.6
volume:coverpaperback -0.2    0.1

Auxiliary parameter(s):
      Median MAD_SD
sigma 85.5   18.1

------
```

What was actually run?

```r
linear_reg() |>
  set_engine(
    "stan",
    prior_intercept = rstanarm::student_t(df = 1),
    prior = rstanarm::student_t(df = 1),
    seed = 1234
  ) |>
  translate()
```

```
Linear Regression Model Specification (regression)

Engine-Specific Arguments:
  prior_intercept = rstanarm::student_t(df = 1)
  prior = rstanarm::student_t(df = 1)
  seed = 1234

Computational engine: stan

Model fit template:
rstanarm::stan_glm(formula = missing_arg(), data = missing_arg(),
    weights = missing_arg(), prior_intercept = rstanarm::student_t(df = 1),
    prior = rstanarm::student_t(df = 1), seed = 1234, family = stats::gaussian,
    refresh = 0)
```

Back to broom

```
broom::tidy(bayes_tm)
```

```
Error in `generics::tidy()`:
! `x` seems to be outputted from the rstanarm package.
ℹ Tidiers for mixed model output now live in broom.mixed.
```

```
broom.mixed::tidy(bayes_tm)
```

```
# A tibble: 4 × 3
  term                 estimate std.error
  <chr>                   <dbl>     <dbl>
1 (Intercept)             95.4     63.9
2 volume                   0.828    0.0759
3 coverpaperback          -0.263    3.63
4 volume:coverpaperback   -0.197    0.0518
```

```
broom.mixed::glance(bayes_tm)
```

```
# A tibble: 1 × 4
  algorithm   pss  nobs sigma
  <chr>     <dbl> <int> <dbl>
1 sampling   4000    15  85.5
```

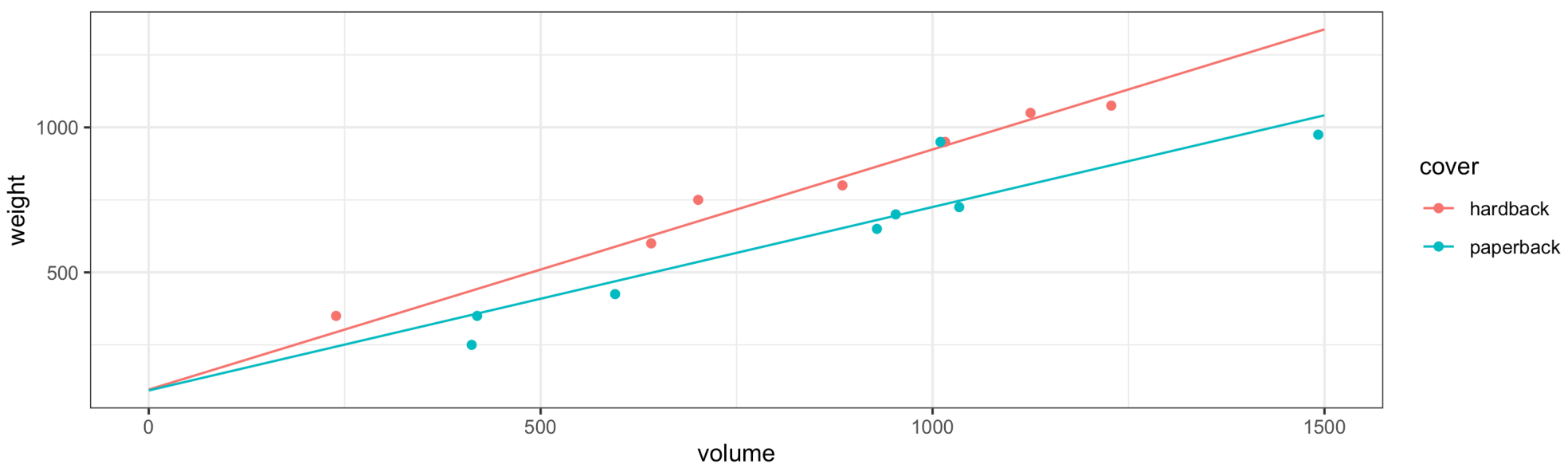
Augment

```
1 augment(bayes_tm, new_data=books)
```

```
# A tibble: 15 × 5
   .pred  .resid volume weight cover
   <dbl>   <dbl>  <dbl>  <dbl> <fct>
 1  829.  -28.6     885    800 hardback
 2  937.   12.9    1016    950 hardback
 3 1027.   22.6    1125   1050 hardback
 4  294.   56.3     239    350 hardback
 5  676.   73.7     701    750 hardback
 6  627.  -26.6     641    600 hardback
 7 1113.  -37.7    1228   1075 hardback
 8  353. -103.      412    250 paperback
 9  696.    4.34    953    700 paperback
10  680.  -30.5     929    650 paperback
11 1037.  -61.6    1492    975 paperback
12  358.   -7.88    419    350 paperback
13  732.  218.     1010    950 paperback
14  469.  -44.2     595    425 paperback
15  747.  -21.9    1034    725 paperback
```

Predictions

```
bayes_tm |>
  augment(
    new_data = tidyr::expand_grid(
      volume = seq(0, 1500, by=5),
      cover = c("hardback", "paperback") |> as.factor()
    )
  ) |>
  rename(weight = .pred) |>
  ggplot(aes(x = volume, y = weight, color = cover, group = cover)) +
    geom_line() +
    geom_point(data = books)
```




yardstick
35
34
33
www.rstudio.com

Performance

```
lm_tm |>
  augment(new_data = books) |>
  yardstick::rmse(weight, .pred)
```

```
# A tibble: 1 × 3
  .metric .estimator .estimate
  <chr>   <chr>          <dbl>
1 rmse    standard        68.9
```

```
bayes_tm |>
  augment(new_data = books) |>
  yardstick::rmse(weight, .pred)
```

```
# A tibble: 1 × 3
  .metric .estimator .estimate
  <chr>   <chr>          <dbl>
1 rmse    standard        72.0
```

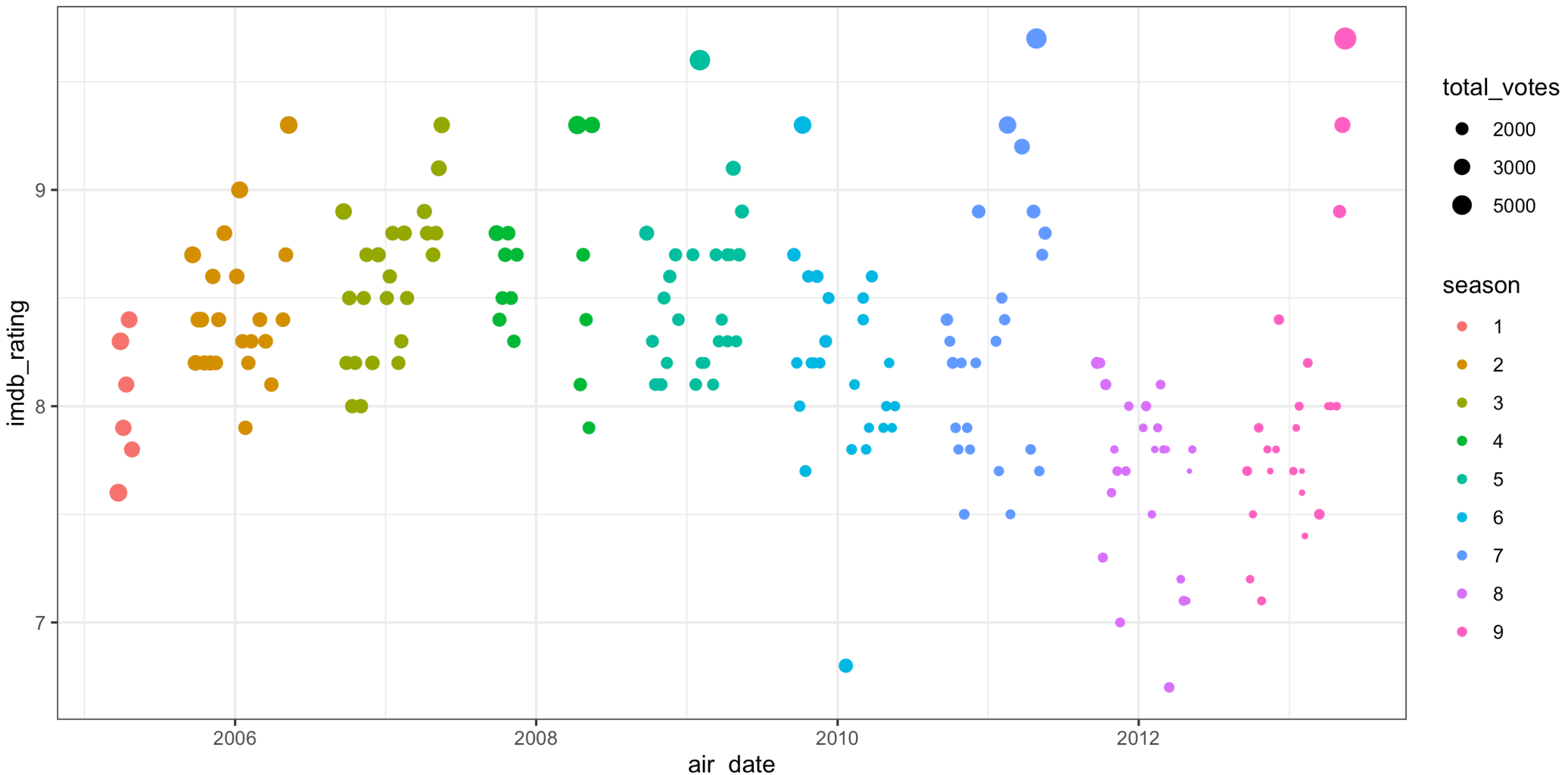
Cross validation and Feature engineering

The Office & IMDB

```
1 (office_ratings = read_csv("data/office_ratings.csv"))
```

```
# A tibble: 188 × 6
   season episode title            imdb_rating total_votes air_date
    <dbl>   <dbl> <chr>                  <dbl>       <dbl> <date>
 1      1       1 Pilot                    7.6        3706 2005-03-24
 2      1       2 Diversity Day            8.3        3566 2005-03-29
 3      1       3 Health Care              7.9        2983 2005-04-05
 4      1       4 The Alliance             8.1        2886 2005-04-12
 5      1       5 Basketball               8.4        3179 2005-04-19
 6      1       6 Hot Girl                 7.8        2852 2005-04-26
 7      2       1 The Dundies              8.7        3213 2005-09-20
 8      2       2 Sexual Harassment        8.2        2736 2005-09-27
 9      2       3 Office Olympics          8.4        2742 2005-10-04
10      2       4 The Fire                 8.4        2713 2005-10-11
# ℹ 178 more rows
```

Rating vs Air Date




rsample
www.rstudio.com

Test-train split

```
1 set.seed(123)
2 (office_split = initial_split(office_ratings, prop = 0.8))
```

```
<Training/Testing/Total>
<150/38/188>
```

```
1 (office_train = training(office_split))
```

```
# A tibble: 150 × 6
   season episode title    imdb_rating total_vot
    <dbl>   <dbl> <chr>          <dbl>       <db
 1      8      18 Last Da…         7.8         14
 2      9      14 Vandali…         7.6         14
 3      2       8 Perform…         8.2         24
 4      9       5 Here Co…         7.1         15
 5      3      22 Beach G…         9.1         27
 6      7       1 Nepotism         8.4         18
 7      3      15 Phyllis…         8.3         22
 8      9      21 Livin' …         8.9         20
 9      9      18 Promos           8           14
10      8      12 Pool Pa…         8           16
# ℹ 140 more rows
# ℹ 1 more variable: air_date <date>
```

```
1 (office_test = testing(office_split))
```

```
# A tibble: 38 × 6
   season episode title    imdb_rating total_vot
    <dbl>   <dbl> <chr>          <dbl>       <db
 1      1       2 Diversi…         8.3         35
 2      2       4 The Fire         8.4         27
 3      2       9 E-Mail …         8.4         25
 4      2      12 The Inj…         9           32
 5      2      22 Casino …         9.3         36
 6      3       5 Initiat…         8.2         22
 7      3      16 Busines…         8.8         26
 8      3      17 Cocktai…         8.5         22
 9      4       6 Branch …         8.5         21
10      4       7 Survivo…         8.3         21
# ℹ 28 more rows
# ℹ 1 more variable: air_date <date>
```

Feature engineering with dplyr

```r
office_train |>
  mutate(
    season = as_factor(season),
    month = lubridate::month(air_date),
    wday = lubridate::wday(air_date),
    top10_votes = as.integer(total_votes > quantile(total_votes, 0.9))
  )
```

```
# A tibble: 150 × 9
   season episode title              imdb_rating total_votes air_date   month  wday top10_votes
   <fct>    <dbl> <chr>                    <dbl>       <dbl> <date>     <dbl> <dbl>       <int>
 1 8           18 Last Day in Florida        7.8        1429 2012-03-08     3     5           0
 2 9           14 Vandalism                  7.6        1402 2013-01-31     1     5           0
 3 2            8 Performance Review         8.2        2416 2005-11-15    11     3           0
 4 9            5 Here Comes Treble          7.1        1515 2012-10-25    10     5           0
 5 3           22 Beach Games                9.1        2783 2007-05-10     5     5           0
 6 7            1 Nepotism                   8.4        1897 2010-09-23     9     5           0
 7 3           15 Phyllis' Wedding           8.3        2283 2007-02-08     2     5           0
 8 9           21 Livin' the Dream           8.9        2041 2013-05-02     5     5           0
 9 9           18 Promos                     8          1445 2013-04-04     4     5           0
10 8           12 Pool Party                 8          1612 2012-01-19     1     5           0
# ℹ 140 more rows
```

Anyone see a potential problem with the code above?


recipes
www.rstudio.com

Better living through recipes

```
1 r = recipe(imdb_rating ~ ., data = office_train)
```

```
1 summary(r)
```

```
# A tibble: 6 × 4
  variable    type      role      source
  <chr>       <list>    <chr>     <chr>
1 season      <chr [2]> predictor original
2 episode     <chr [2]> predictor original
3 title       <chr [3]> predictor original
4 total_votes <chr [2]> predictor original
5 air_date    <chr [1]> predictor original
6 imdb_rating <chr [2]> outcome   original
```

Recipe roles

```
r = recipe(
  imdb_rating ~ ., data = office_train
) |>
  update_role(title, new_role = "ID")
```

```
summary(r)
```

```
# A tibble: 6 × 4
  variable    type      role      source
  <chr>       <list>    <chr>     <chr>
1 season      <chr [2]> predictor original
2 episode     <chr [2]> predictor original
3 title       <chr [3]> ID        original
4 total_votes <chr [2]> predictor original
5 air_date    <chr [1]> predictor original
6 imdb_rating <chr [2]> outcome   original
```

Adding features (month & day of week)

```
r = recipe(
  imdb_rating ~ ., data = office_train
) |>
  update_role(title, new_role = "ID") |>
  step_date(air_date, features = c("dow", "month"))
```

Adding Holidays

```
r = recipe(
  imdb_rating ~ ., data = office_train
) |>
  update_role(title, new_role = "ID") |>
  step_date(air_date, features = c("dow", "month")) |>
  step_holiday(
    air_date,
    holidays = c("USThanksgivingDay", "USChristmasDay", "USNewYearsDay", "USIndepe
    keep_original_cols = FALSE
  )
```

Seasons as factors

```
r = recipe(
  imdb_rating ~ ., data = office_train
) |>
  update_role(title, new_role = "ID") |>
  step_date(air_date, features = c("dow", "month")) |>
  step_holiday(
    air_date,
    holidays = c("USThanksgivingDay", "USChristmasDay", "USNewYearsDay", "USIndepe
    keep_original_cols = FALSE
  ) |>
  step_num2factor(season, levels = as.character(1:9))
```

Dummy coding

```
r = recipe(
  imdb_rating ~ ., data = office_train
) |>
  update_role(title, new_role = "ID") |>
  step_date(air_date, features = c("dow", "month")) |>
  step_holiday(
    air_date,
    holidays = c("USThanksgivingDay", "USChristmasDay", "USNewYearsDay", "USIndepe
    keep_original_cols = FALSE
  ) |>
  step_num2factor(season, levels = as.character(1:9)) |>
  step_dummy(all_nominal_predictors())
```

top10_votes

```
r = recipe(
  imdb_rating ~ ., data = office_train
) |>
  update_role(title, new_role = "ID") |>
  step_date(air_date, features = c("dow", "month")) |>
  step_holiday(
    air_date,
    holidays = c("USThanksgivingDay", "USChristmasDay", "USNewYearsDay", "USIndepe
    keep_original_cols = FALSE
  ) |>
  step_num2factor(season, levels = as.character(1:9)) |>
  step_dummy(all_nominal_predictors()) |>
  step_percentile(total_votes) |>
  step_mutate(top10 = as.integer(total_votes >= 0.9)) |>
  step_rm(total_votes)
```

Preparing a recipe

```
1 prep(r)
```

```
── Recipe ──────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────

── Inputs

Number of variables by role

outcome:   1
predictor: 4
ID:        1

── Training information

Training data contained 150 data points and no incomplete rows.

── Operations

• Date features from: air_date | Trained
• Holiday features from: air_date | Trained
• Factor variables from: season | Trained
• Dummy variables from: season, air_date_dow, air_date_month | Trained
• Percentile transformation on: total_votes | Trained
• Variable mutation for: ~as.integer(total_votes >= 0.9) | Trained
• Variables removed: total_votes | Trained
```

Baking a recipe

```
prep(r) |>
  bake(new_data = office_train)
```

```
# A tibble: 150 × 33
   episode title    imdb_rating air_date_USThanksgiv…¹ air_date_USChristmas…² air_date_USNewYearsD
     <dbl> <chr>          <dbl>                  <int>                  <int>                  <in
 1      18 Last Da…         7.8                      0                      0
 2      14 Vandali…         7.6                      0                      0
 3       8 Perform…         8.2                      0                      0
 4       5 Here Co…         7.1                      0                      0
 5      22 Beach G…         9.1                      0                      0
 6       1 Nepotism         8.4                      0                      0
 7      15 Phyllis…         8.3                      0                      0
 8      21 Livin' …         8.9                      0                      0
 9      18 Promos           8                        0                      0
10      12 Pool Pa…         8                        0                      0
# ℹ 140 more rows
# ℹ abbreviated names: ¹air_date_USThanksgivingDay, ²air_date_USChristmasDay
# ℹ 27 more variables: air_date_USIndependenceDay <int>, season_X2 <dbl>, season_X3 <dbl>,
#   season_X4 <dbl>, season_X5 <dbl>, season_X6 <dbl>, season_X7 <dbl>, season_X8 <dbl>,
#   season_X9 <dbl>, air_date_dow_Mon <dbl>, air_date_dow_Tue <dbl>, air_date_dow_Wed <dbl>,
#   air_date_dow_Thu <dbl>, air_date_dow_Fri <dbl>, air_date_dow_Sat <dbl>,
#   air_date_month_Feb <dbl>, air_date_month_Mar <dbl>, air_date_month_Apr <dbl>, …
```

Informative features?

```
prep(r) |>
  bake(new_data = office_train) |>
  map_int(~ length(unique(.x)))
```

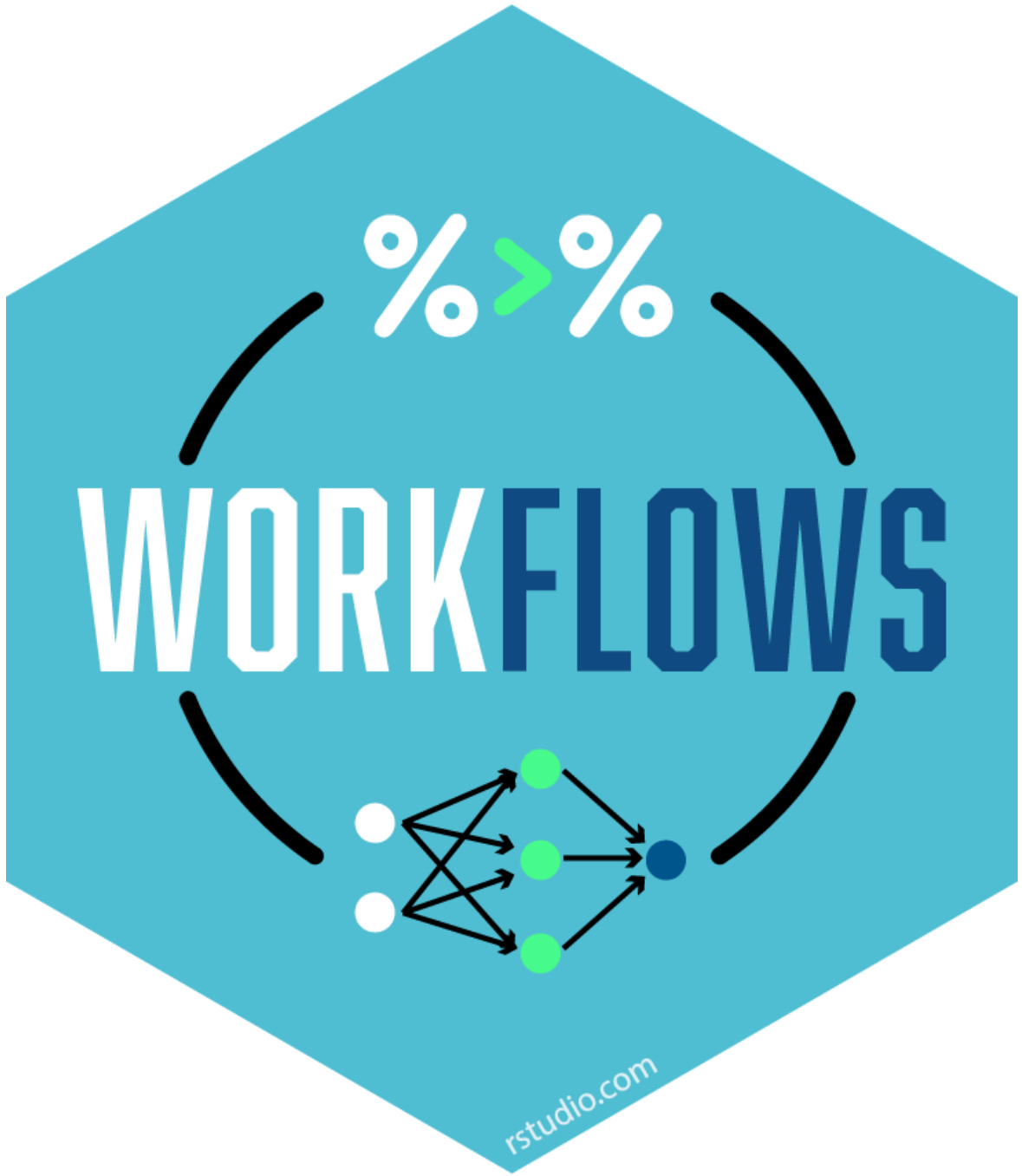
```
                   episode                      title                imdb_rating
                        26                        150                         26
air_date_USThanksgivingDay    air_date_USChristmasDay     air_date_USNewYearsDay
                         1                          1                          1
air_date_USIndependenceDay                  season_X2                  season_X3
                         1                          2                          2
                 season_X4                  season_X5                  season_X6
                         2                          2                          2
                 season_X7                  season_X8                  season_X9
                         2                          2                          2
          air_date_dow_Mon           air_date_dow_Tue           air_date_dow_Wed
                         1                          2                          1
          air_date_dow_Thu           air_date_dow_Fri           air_date_dow_Sat
                         2                          1                          1
        air_date_month_Feb         air_date_month_Mar         air_date_month_Apr
                         2                          2                          2
        air_date_month_May         air_date_month_Jun         air_date_month_Jul
                         2                          1                          1
        air_date_month_Aug         air_date_month_Sep         air_date_month_Oct
                         1                          2                          2
        air_date_month_Nov         air_date_month_Dec                      top10
                         2                          2                          2
```

Removing zero variance predictors

```
r = recipe(
    imdb_rating ~ ., data = office_train
  ) |>
  update_role(title, new_role = "ID") |>
  step_date(air_date, features = c("dow", "month")) |>
  step_holiday(
    air_date,
    holidays = c("USThanksgivingDay", "USChristmasDay", "USNewYearsDay", "USIndepe
    keep_original_cols = FALSE
  ) |>
  step_num2factor(season, levels = as.character(1:9)) |>
  step_dummy(all_nominal_predictors()) |>
  step_percentile(total_votes) |>
  step_mutate(top10 = as.integer(total_votes >= 0.9)) |>
  step_rm(total_votes) |>
  step_zv(all_predictors())
```

```r
prep(r) |>
  bake(new_data = office_train)
```

```
# A tibble: 150 × 22
   episode title   imdb_rating season_X2 season_X3 season_X4 season_X5 season_X6 season_X7 season_
     <dbl> <chr>         <dbl>     <dbl>     <dbl>     <dbl>     <dbl>     <dbl>     <dbl>     <db
 1      18 Last D…         7.8         0         0         0         0         0         0
 2      14 Vandal…         7.6         0         0         0         0         0         0
 3       8 Perfor…         8.2         1         0         0         0         0         0
 4       5 Here C…         7.1         0         0         0         0         0         0
 5      22 Beach …         9.1         0         1         0         0         0         0
 6       1 Nepoti…         8.4         0         0         0         0         0         1
 7      15 Phylli…         8.3         0         1         0         0         0         0
 8      21 Livin'…         8.9         0         0         0         0         0         0
 9      18 Promos          8           0         0         0         0         0         0
10      12 Pool P…         8           0         0         0         0         0         0
# ℹ 140 more rows
# ℹ 12 more variables: season_X9 <dbl>, air_date_dow_Tue <dbl>, air_date_dow_Thu <dbl>,
#   air_date_month_Feb <dbl>, air_date_month_Mar <dbl>, air_date_month_Apr <dbl>,
#   air_date_month_May <dbl>, air_date_month_Sep <dbl>, air_date_month_Oct <dbl>,
#   air_date_month_Nov <dbl>, air_date_month_Dec <dbl>, top10 <int>
```


%>%
WORKFLOWS
rstudio.com

Really putting it all together

```
(office_work = workflow() |>
  add_recipe(r) |>
  add_model(
    linear_reg() |>
    set_engine("lm")
  )
)
```

```
══ Workflow ════════════════════════════════════════════════════════════════════
Preprocessor: Recipe
Model: linear_reg()

── Preprocessor ────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────
8 Recipe Steps

• step_date()
• step_holiday()
• step_num2factor()
• step_dummy()
• step_percentile()
• step_mutate()
• step_rm()
• step_zv()

── Model ───────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────
Linear Regression Model Specification (regression)

Computational engine: lm
```

Workflow fit

```
1 (office_fit = office_work |>
2   fit(data = office_train))
```

```
══ Workflow [trained] ══════════════════════════════════════════════════════════
Preprocessor: Recipe
Model: linear_reg()

── Preprocessor ────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────
8 Recipe Steps

• step_date()
• step_holiday()
• step_num2factor()
• step_dummy()
• step_percentile()
• step_mutate()
• step_rm()
• step_zv()

── Model ───────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────

Call:
stats::lm(formula = ..y ~ ., data = data)

Coefficients:
      (Intercept)           episode         season_X2         season_X3         season_X4
```

Performance

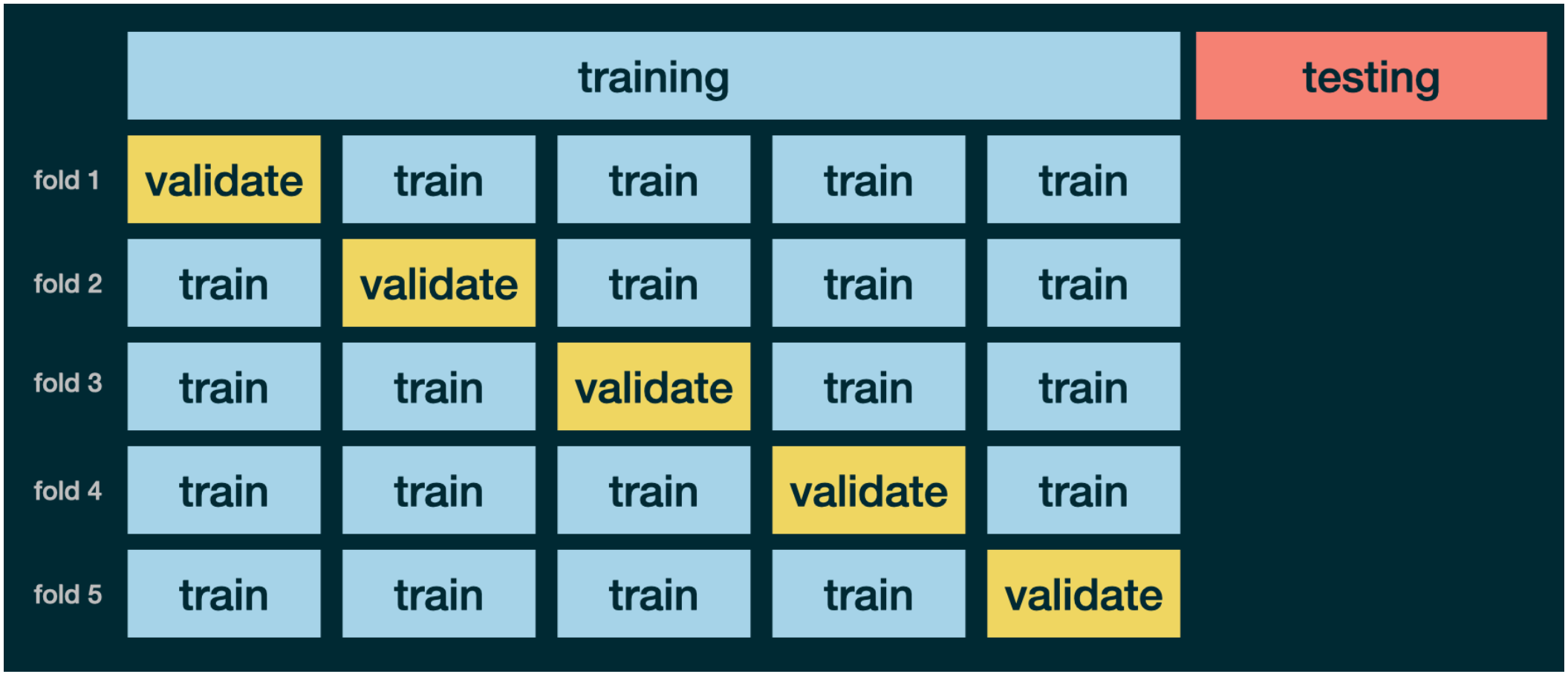
```
1 office_fit |>
2   augment(office_train) |>
3   rmse(imdb_rating, .pred)
```

```
# A tibble: 1 × 3
  .metric .estimator .estimate
  <chr>   <chr>          <dbl>
1 rmse    standard       0.342
```

```
1 office_fit |>
2   augment(office_test) |>
3   rmse(imdb_rating, .pred)
```

```
# A tibble: 1 × 3
  .metric .estimator .estimate
  <chr>   <chr>          <dbl>
1 rmse    standard       0.399
```

k-fold cross validation



Creating folds

```r
set.seed(123)
(folds = vfold_cv(office_train, v=5))
```

```
#  5-fold cross-validation
# A tibble: 5 × 2
  splits           id
  <list>           <chr>
1 <split [120/30]> Fold1
2 <split [120/30]> Fold2
3 <split [120/30]> Fold3
4 <split [120/30]> Fold4
5 <split [120/30]> Fold5
```

```r
(office_fit_folds = office_work |>
  fit_resamples(folds)
)
```

```
→ A | warning: prediction from rank-defici

There were issues with some computations
There were issues with some computations

# Resampling results
# 5-fold cross-validation
# A tibble: 5 × 4
  splits           id    .metrics
  <list>           <chr> <list>
1 <split [120/30]> Fold1 <tibble [2 × 4]>
2 <split [120/30]> Fold2 <tibble [2 × 4]>
3 <split [120/30]> Fold3 <tibble [2 × 4]>
4 <split [120/30]> Fold4 <tibble [2 × 4]>
5 <split [120/30]> Fold5 <tibble [2 × 4]>
  .notes
  <list>
1 <tibble [0 × 3]>
2 <tibble [1 × 3]>
3 <tibble [0 × 3]>
4 <tibble [0 × 3]>
5 <tibble [0 × 3]>

There were issues with some computations:
```

Fold performance

```
tune::collect_metrics(office_fit_folds)
```

```
# A tibble: 2 × 6
  .metric .estimator  mean     n std_err .config
  <chr>   <chr>      <dbl> <int>   <dbl> <chr>
1 rmse    standard   0.420     5  0.0182 Preprocessor1_Model1
2 rsq     standard   0.429     5  0.0597 Preprocessor1_Model1
```

```
tune::collect_metrics(office_fit_folds, summarize = FALSE) |>
  filter(.metric == "rmse")
```

```
# A tibble: 5 × 5
  id    .metric .estimator .estimate .config
  <chr> <chr>   <chr>          <dbl> <chr>
1 Fold1 rmse    standard       0.467 Preprocessor1_Model1
2 Fold2 rmse    standard       0.403 Preprocessor1_Model1
3 Fold3 rmse    standard       0.405 Preprocessor1_Model1
4 Fold4 rmse    standard       0.454 Preprocessor1_Model1
5 Fold5 rmse    standard       0.368 Preprocessor1_Model1
```

More on the `tune` package next time