$$E(\epsilon_i \epsilon_j) = E(\epsilon_i^2)$$

$$= V_{ar}(\epsilon_i) + E(\epsilon_i)^2 = |+0=|$$

if
$$i \neq j$$

$$E(\epsilon_i \epsilon_j) = E(\epsilon_i) E(\epsilon_j)$$

$$= 0.0 = 0$$

$$P(it) | Y_{\ell} = S + Y_{\ell-1} + W_{\ell} Y_{0} = 0$$

$$Y_{0} = 0$$

$$Y_{1} = S + V_{1}$$

$$Y_{2} = 2S + V_{2} + V_{1}$$

$$Y_{3} = 3S + V_{3} + V_{2} + V_{1}$$

$$\vdots$$

$$F(Y_k) = St$$

$$(o - (Y_t, Y_{t+k}) = t$$

$$y_t = v_{t-1} + v_t \qquad v_t \sim N(o, 1)$$

$$v_t \sim N(c, i)$$

$$E(Y_{\varepsilon}) = E(Y_{\varepsilon}) + E(Y_{\varepsilon})$$

$$= 0 + 0 = 0$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{cases} 2 & k=0 \\ 1 & k=\pm 1 \\ 0 & |k| > 2 \end{cases}$$