Lecture 11: Nelder-Mead method

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Recap: optimization

Definition: *Optimization* is the problem of finding values that minimize or maximize some function.

Example:

$$RSS(\beta_0, \beta_1) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (Weight_i - \beta_0 - \beta_1 WingLength_i)^2$$

- ▶ $RSS(\beta_0, \beta_1)$ is a function of β_0 and β_1
- ▶ We want to find the values of β_0 and β_1 that *minimize* this function

Last time: Compass search overview (in 2 dimensions)

To minimize some function $f(\beta_0, \beta_1)$:

- 1. Choose an initial guess $(\beta_0^{(0)}, \beta_1^{(0)})$ and initial step size Δ_0
- 2. Evaluate f at the points
 - $\triangleright (\beta_0^{(0)}, \beta_1^{(0)})$
 - $\triangleright (\beta_0^{(0)}, \beta_1^{(0)} \pm \Delta_0)$
 - $(\beta_0^{(0)} \pm \Delta_0, \beta_1^{(0)})$
- 3. If f is smaller at one of the new points: move to the smallest value, update to $(\beta_0^{(1)}, \beta_1^{(1)})$
- 4. Otherwise: $\Delta_{k+1} = 0.5\Delta_k$ (shrink step size and try again)
- 5. Repeat

Downsides of compass search

Downsides of the compass search algorithm given on the previous slide:

- Can require many steps
- Only considers specific search directions
- Step size only shrinks; if we find a promising direction, can't take bigger steps
- Choosing a direction requires many evaluations of f
 - ▶ In 2 dimensions (e.g. β_0 and β_1), requires 4 evaluations of f
 - ▶ In *d* dimensions $(\beta_0, \beta_1, ..., \beta_{d-1})$, requires 2*d* evaluations of *f*

Question: How could you modify the algorithm to address some of the issues here?

A modified compass search algorithm

Alternative: Nelder-Mead method

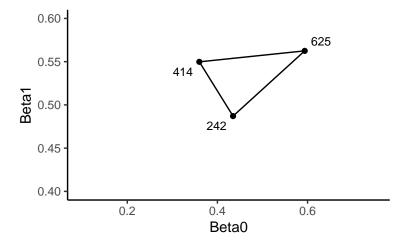
In R, standard function for performing optimization is optim:

?optim

- Another derivative-free optimization method
- Very widely used
 - Original 1965 paper has 40,000+ citations
 - Can find many examples of use in biology, medicine, physics, engingeering, etc.

Nelder-Mead method (in 2 dimensions)

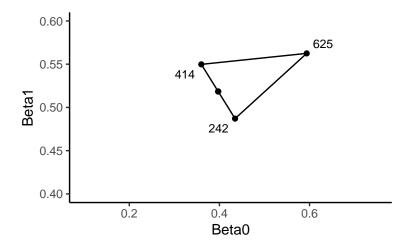
Start with 3 initial points, evaluate function f at each point:



Question: Where should I search next?

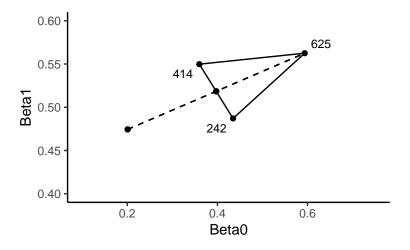
Nelder-Mead method (in 2 dimensions)

First, calculate centroid of the vertices (except the worst one)



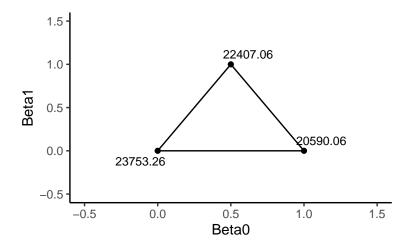
Reflection

Now reflect the worst vertex over the centroid:

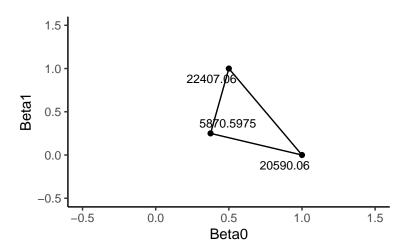


 $\widehat{\text{Weight}}_i = 1.3655 + 0.4674 \text{WingLength}_i$

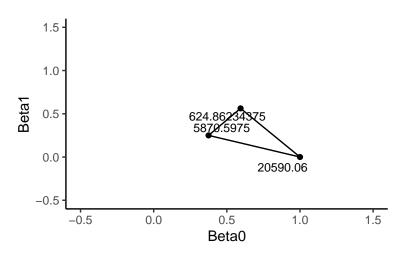
Initial points:



$$\widehat{\mathsf{Weight}}_i = 1.3655 + 0.4674 \mathsf{WingLength}_i$$

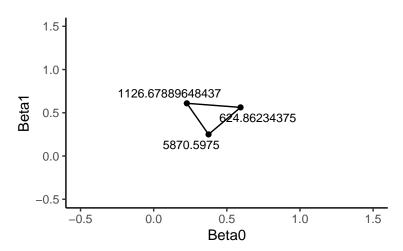


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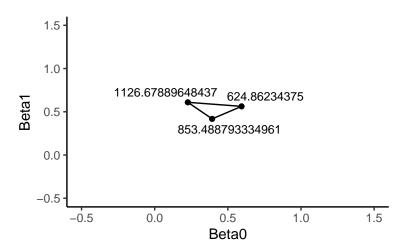


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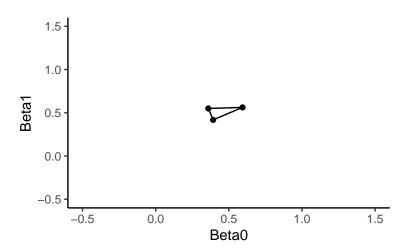
[1] "contract outside"



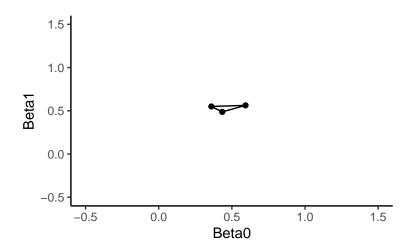
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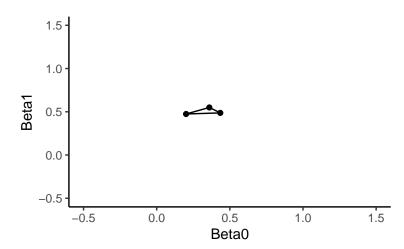
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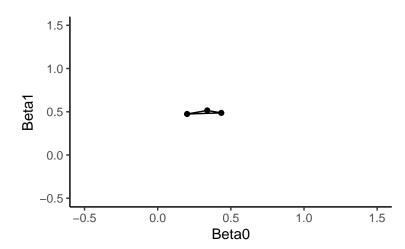
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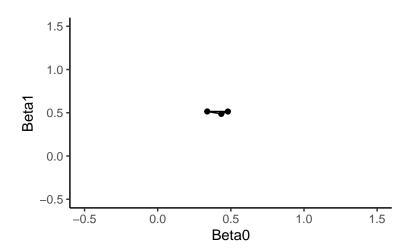


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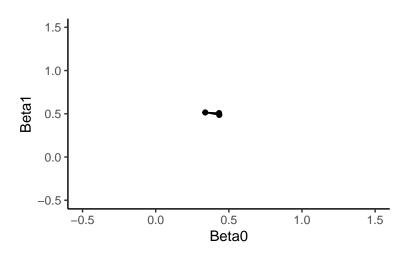


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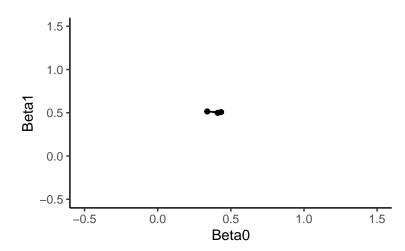
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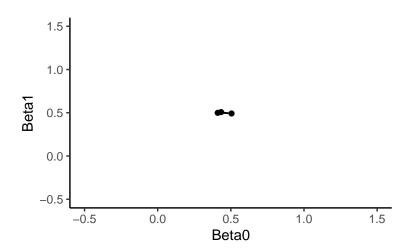
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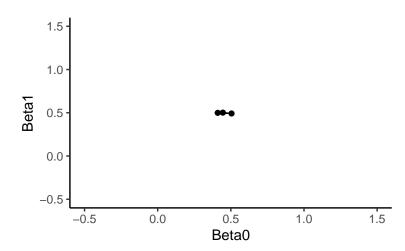
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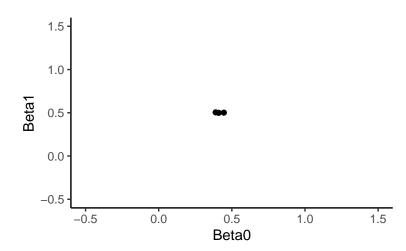


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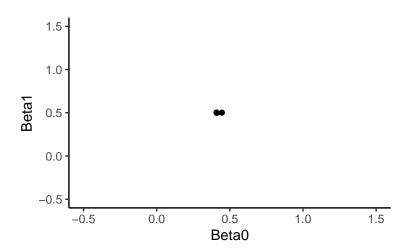


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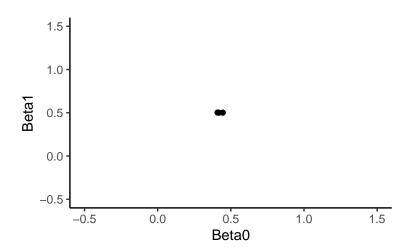
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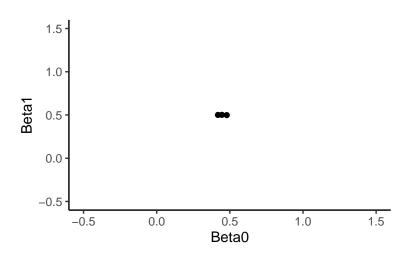


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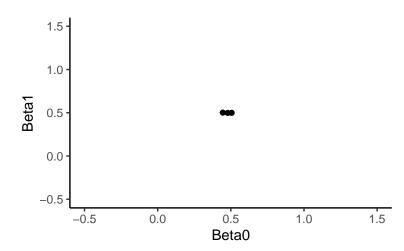


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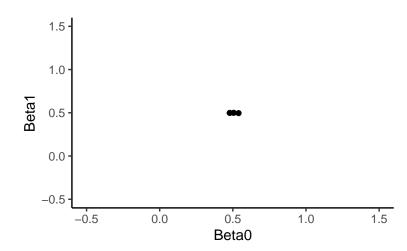
[1] "expansion"



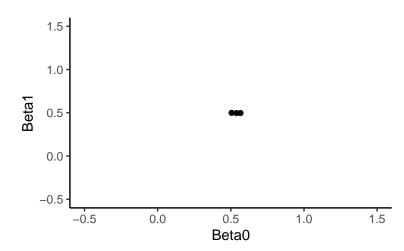
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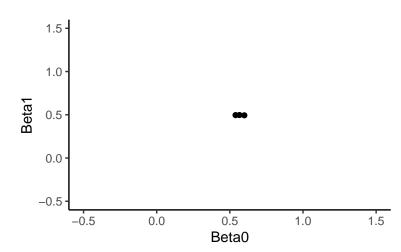
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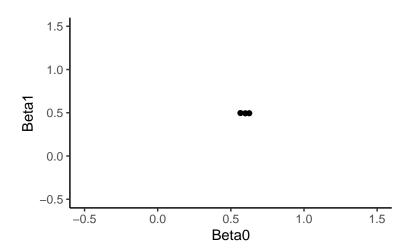
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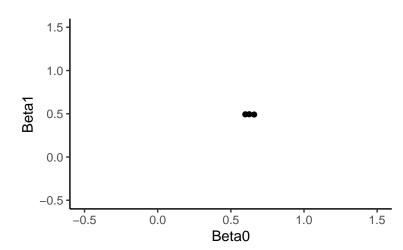
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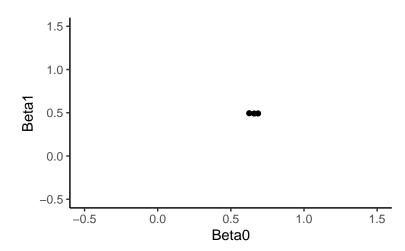
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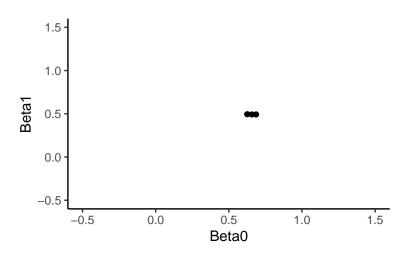
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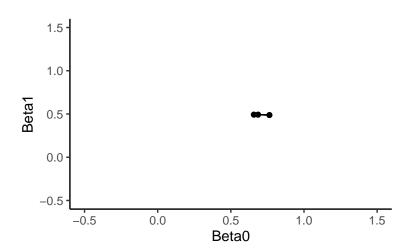


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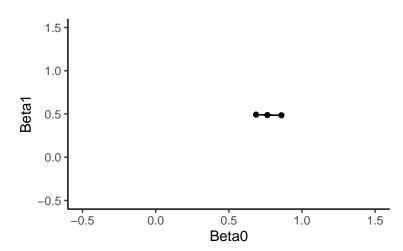
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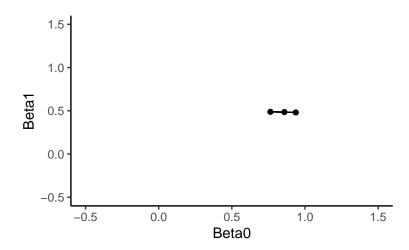


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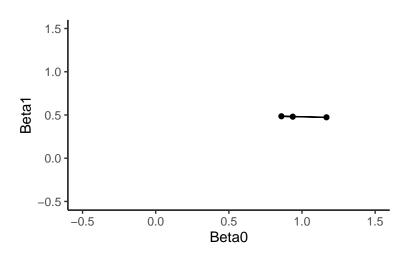


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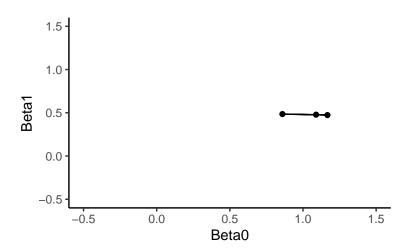


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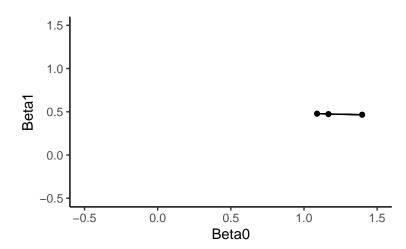
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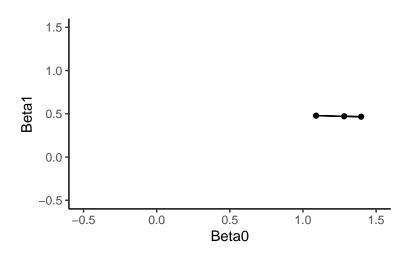


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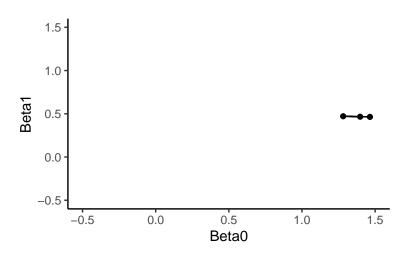
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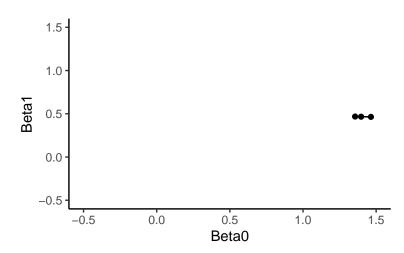


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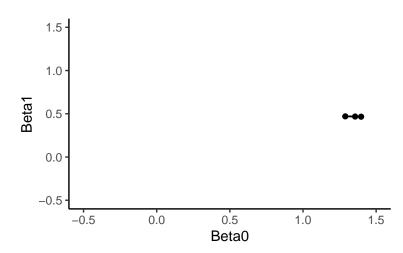
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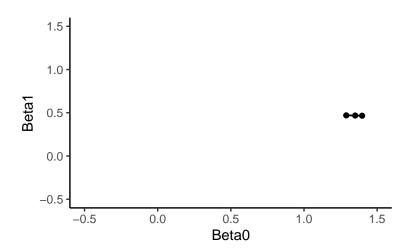
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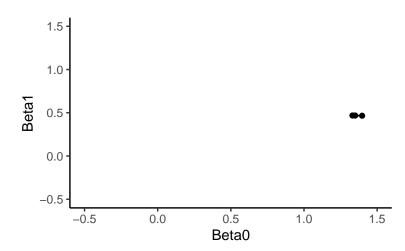
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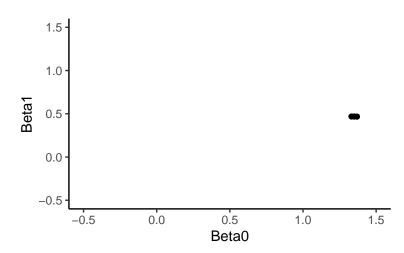
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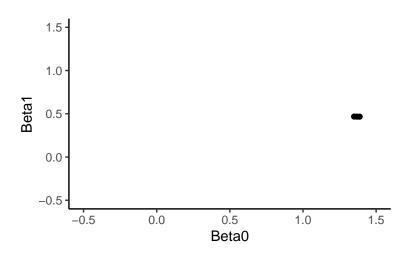
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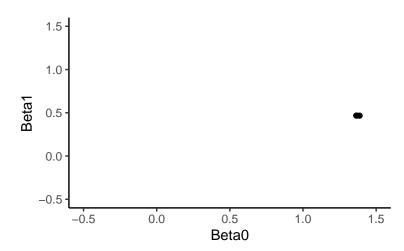
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Nelder-Mead summary

- Explores away from the current worst point
 - Reflection tries a point in the new direction
- Expansion allows us to increase the "step size" if the new direction is particularly promising
- Contraction and shrinking allows us to decrease the "step size" if we are moving too far