# Wald tests

# Recap

## **General Wald test**

# Class activity, Part I

https://sta711-s23.github.io/class\_activities/ca\_lecture\_18.html

## [1,] 85.60437

```
betahat <- m1$coefficients[4:5]
V <- vcov(m1)[4:5, 4:5]
test_stat <- t(betahat) %*% solve(V) %*% betahat
test_stat</pre>
## [,1]
```

```
betahat <- m1$coefficients[4:5]</pre>
V \leftarrow vcov(m1)[4:5, 4:5]
test_stat <- t(betahat) %*% solve(V) %*% betahat</pre>
test_stat
            [,1]
##
## [1,] 85.60437
 # rejection region for alpha = 0.05
qchisq(0.05, df=2, lower.tail=F)
## [1] 5.991465
# p-value
pchisq(test_stat, df=2, lower.tail=F)
##
                 \lceil,1\rceil
## [1,] 2.577787e-19
```

## A different question

We have the model

$$Y_i \sim Bernoulli(p_i)$$

$$\logigg(rac{p_i}{1-p_i}igg) = eta_0 + eta_1 Sex_i + eta_2 Age_i + eta_3 SecondClass_i + eta_4 ThirdClass_i$$

We want to test whether there is a difference in the chance of survival for second and third class passengers, holding age and sex fixed.

What hypotheses should we test?

#### **Contrasts**

# Class activity, Part II

https://sta711-s23.github.io/class\_activities/ca\_lecture\_18.html

```
a <- c(0, 0, 0, -1, 1)
test_stat <- (t(a) %*% coef(m1))/sqrt(t(a) %*% vcov(m1) %*% a)
test_stat

## [,1]
## [1,] -5.207289</pre>
```

```
a \leftarrow c(0, 0, 0, -1, 1)
test_stat <- (t(a) %*% coef(m1))/sqrt(t(a) %*% vcov(m1) %*% a)
test stat
## [,1]
## [1,] -5.207289
# rejection region for alpha = 0.05
qnorm(0.025, lower.tail=F)
## [1] 1.959964
# p-value
2*pnorm(abs(test_stat), lower.tail=F)
##
                [,1]
## [1,] 1.916191e-07
```

# A two-sample test for a difference in means