### Lecture 26: Wald vs. LRT

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# Comparing Wald and LRT statistics

Suppose we observe data  $X_1,...,X_n$  from some distribution with parameter  $\theta \in \mathbb{R}^q$ , and we wish to test

$$H_0: \theta = \theta_0$$
  $H_A: \theta \neq \theta_0$ 

Consider three possible scenarios:

- $\blacktriangleright$   $H_0$  is true:  $\theta =$
- $\blacktriangleright$   $H_A$  is true, **fixed** alternative:  $\theta =$
- $\blacktriangleright$   $H_A$  is true, **local** alternative:  $\theta =$

# Comparing Wald and LRT statistics

Under  $H_0$ , or for a local alternative  $\theta = \theta_0 + \frac{d}{\sqrt{n}}$ , Wald and LRT are asymptotically equivalent as  $n \to \infty$  (under certain regularity conditions).

#### Power under a local alternative

Recall asymptotic normality of the MLE:  $\widehat{ heta} pprox extsf{N}( heta, \mathcal{I}^{-1}( heta))$ 

Suppose we test  $H_0$  :  $\theta = \theta_0$  vs.  $H_A$  :  $\theta \neq \theta_0$ .

$$W =$$

Under  $H_0$ ,  $W \approx \chi_q^2$ 

#### Class activity

- Simulate data under a local alternative
- lackbox Verify that the Wald statistic follows a non-central  $\chi^2$  distribution