Lecture 26

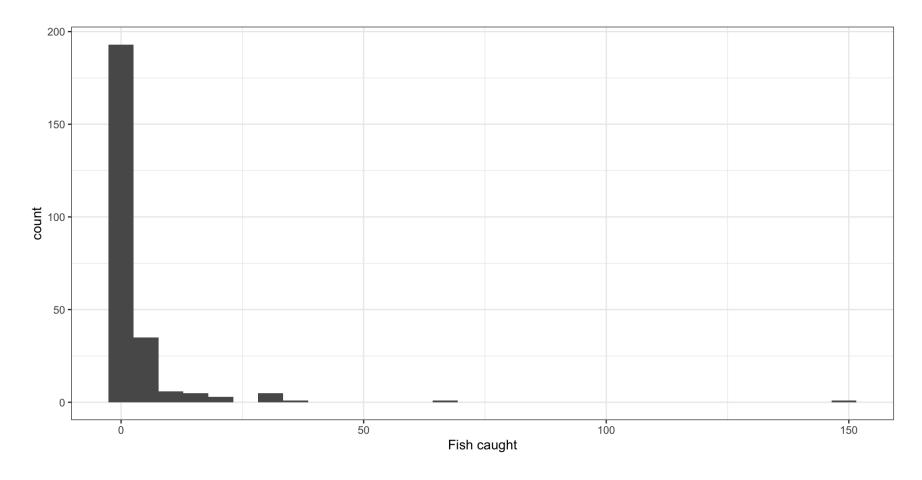
Data

Data on the number of fish caught by campers in a state park. We have a sample of 250 groups of park guests who visited the state park. For each group, we record:

- count: the number of fish caught by the group
- camper: whether the group brought a camper van
- child: the number of children in the group
- persons: the total number of people in the group
- LOS: length of stay (in days)

What model is appropriate if the number of fish is our response?

Some EDA



```
1 mean(fish$count == 0)
```

[1] 0.568

Research question

Park rangers at the state park wonder whether groups with many children tend to catch fewer fish. They ask you to fit a model to investigate their hypothesis, and they want you to account for the total number of visitors in the group and whether the group brought a camper van (they suspect that camper vans make noise that scares away the fish).

Model

$$P(Y_i = y) = \begin{cases} e^{-\lambda_i} (1 - p_i) + p_i & y = 0 \\ \frac{e^{-\lambda_i} \lambda_i^y}{y!} (1 - p_i) & y > 0 \end{cases}$$

where

$$\log\left(\frac{p_i}{1 - p_i}\right) = \gamma_0 + \gamma_1 \text{Camper}_i + \gamma_2 \text{Child}_i + \gamma_3 \text{Persons}_i$$

 $log(\lambda_i) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 Camper_i + \beta_2 Child_i + \beta_3 Persons_i$

Question: Is there anything else we should add?

Offsets

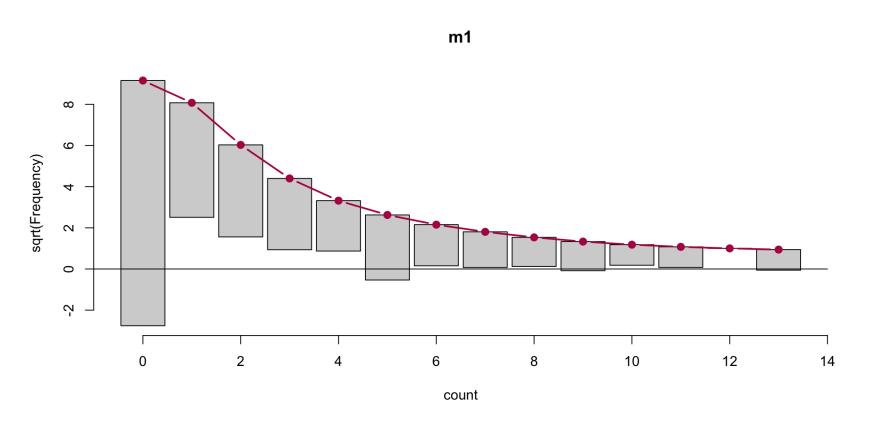
 $log(\lambda_i) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 Camper_i + \beta_2 Child_i + \beta_3 Persons_i + log(LC)$

Fitting a model with an offset

camper 0.2782194 0.09159030 3.037651 2.384296e-03 child -1.1001418 0.07838568 -14.034985 9.521603e-45 persons 0.6307856 0.03791446 16.637073 3.755316e-62

Assessing the Poisson model

```
1 library(countreg)
2
3 rootogram(m1)
```



ZIP model (with offset)

$$P(Y_i = y) = \begin{cases} e^{-\lambda_i} (1 - p_i) + p_i & y = 0 \\ \frac{e^{-\lambda_i} \lambda_i^y}{y!} (1 - p_i) & y > 0 \end{cases}$$

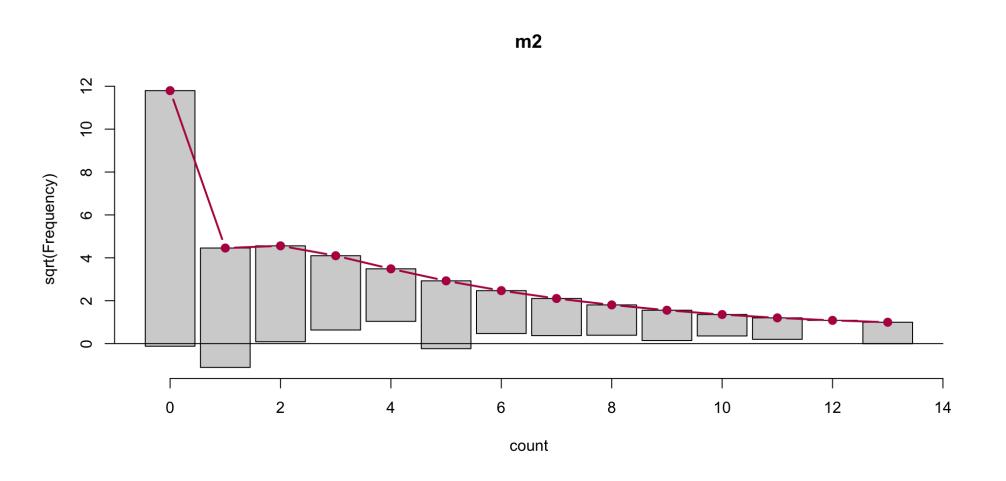
where

$$\log\left(\frac{p_i}{1 - p_i}\right) = \gamma_0 + \gamma_1 \text{Camper}_i + \gamma_2 \text{Child}_i + \gamma_3 \text{Persons}_i$$

 $log(\lambda_i) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 Camper_i + \beta_2 Child_i + \beta_3 Persons_i + log(LC)$

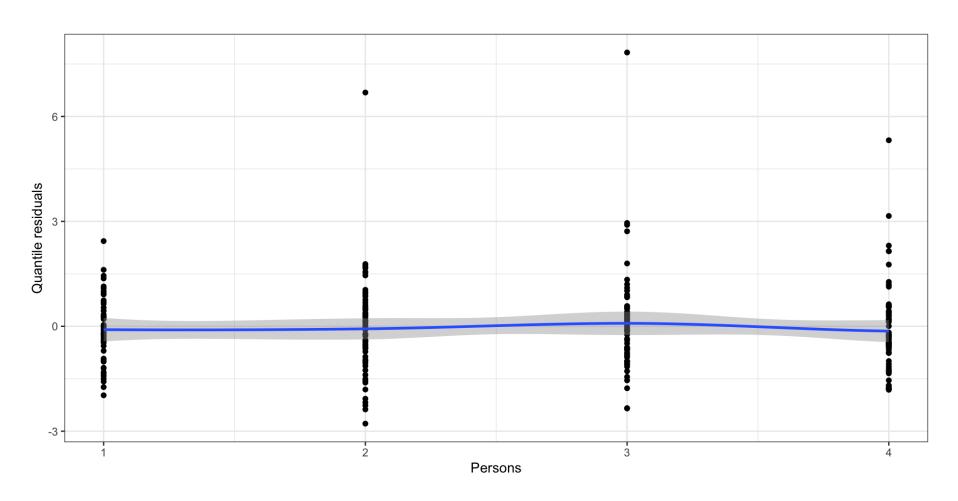
Diagnostics

1 rootogram(m2)



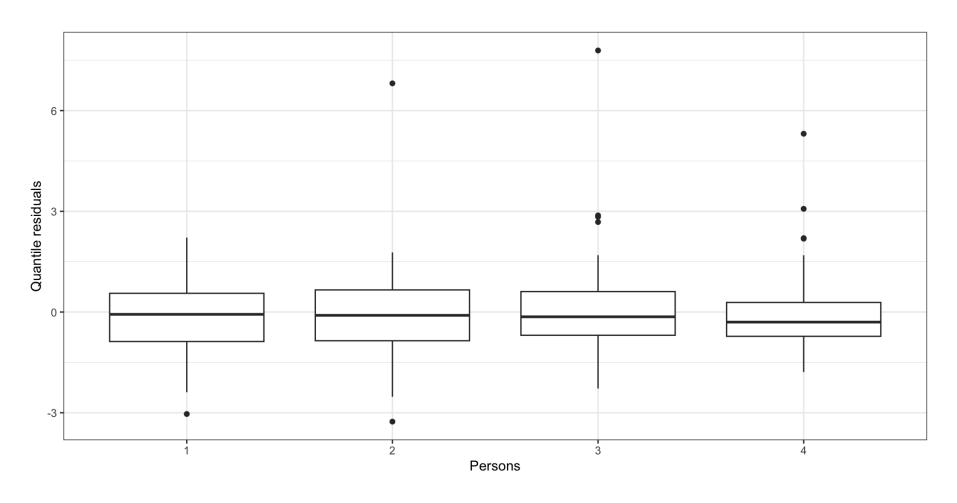
Diagnostics

Quantile residual plot:



Diagnostics

Quantile residual plot:



Class activity

https://sta712-

f23.github.io/class_activities/ca_lecture_26.html