

Kavli JWST data reduction workshop: NIRCam

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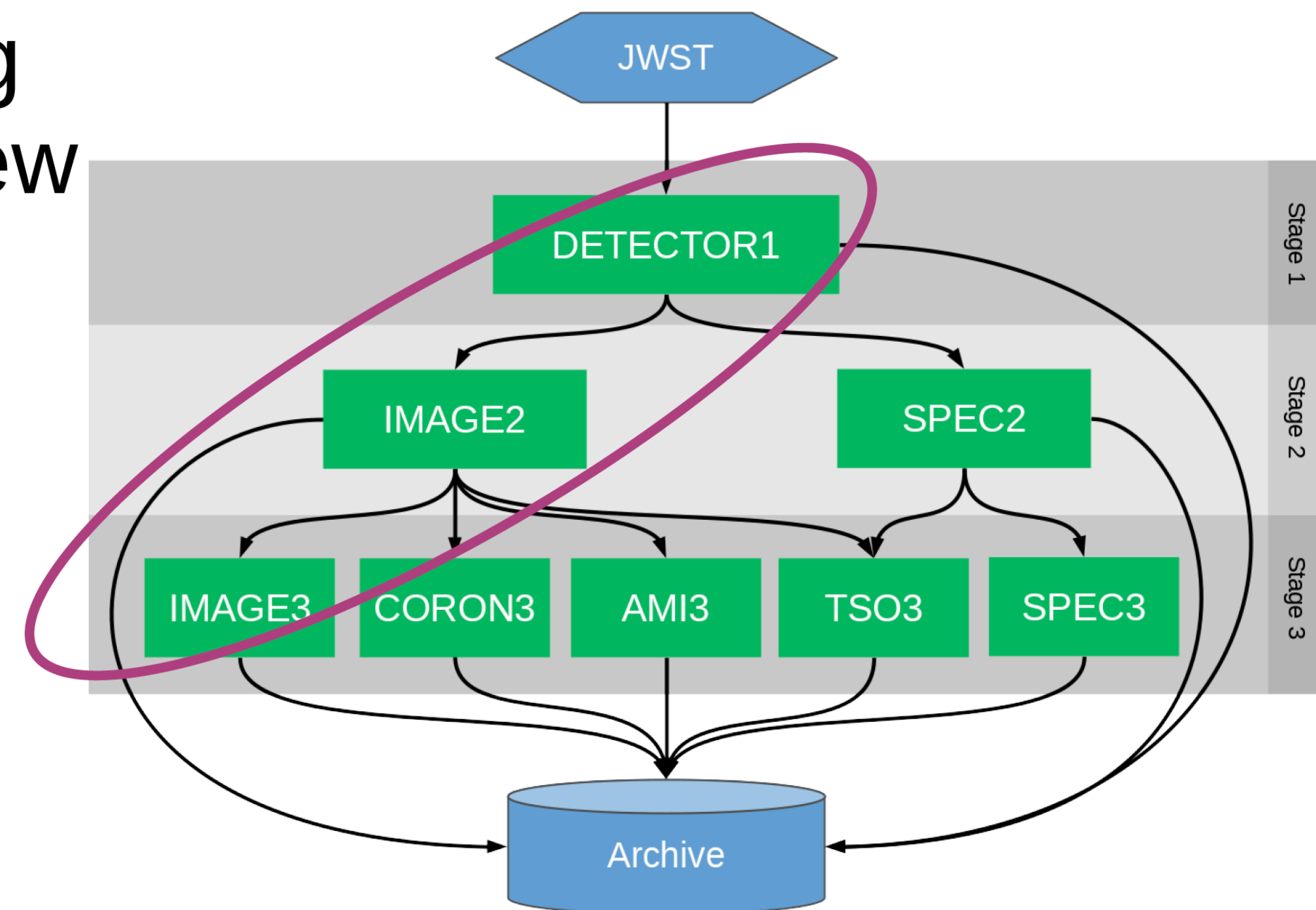
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Objectives

1. Everyone has the JWST STScI pipeline installed.
 - ➔ Who hasn't?
 - ➔ Who has reduced JWST previously?
2. Everyone has reduced (parts of) the NIRCams SMACS ERO programme.
 - (a) demonstrate how to run the JWST Calibration Pipeline on two of the raw images
 - (b) scale this up to run it on all images
3. Others?

Imaging Overview



Resources

JWST Help Desk:

<https://stsci.service-now.com/jwst>

MAST website:

<https://archive.stsci.edu>

JDox for data products:

<https://jwst-docs.stsci.edu/understanding-data-files>

JWST data products in Read-the-Docs:

https://jwst-pipeline.readthedocs.io/en/latest/jwst/data_products/index.html

JWST Pipeline Products JWebbinar:

<https://www.stsci.edu/jwst/science-execution/jwebbinars>

Data in MAST

Standard science data files include:

- uncalibrated raw data, identified by the suffix `uncal`
- countrate data produced by applying the Stage 1 (detector-level) corrections in order to compute count rates from the original accumulating signal ramps, identified by the suffix `rate` or `rateints`
- calibrated single exposures, identified by the suffix `cal` or `calints`
- resampled and/or combined exposures, identified by the suffixes `i2d` or `s2d`
- extracted spectroscopic 1D data, identified by the suffixes `x1d` or `c1d`

Observational Data: ERO SMACS data

Based on JWST Early Release Observations (Pontoppidan et al. 2022)

Target:

SMACS J0723.3-7327 — massive galaxy cluster ($z=0.388$)

Filters:

SWC: F090W, F150W, F200W

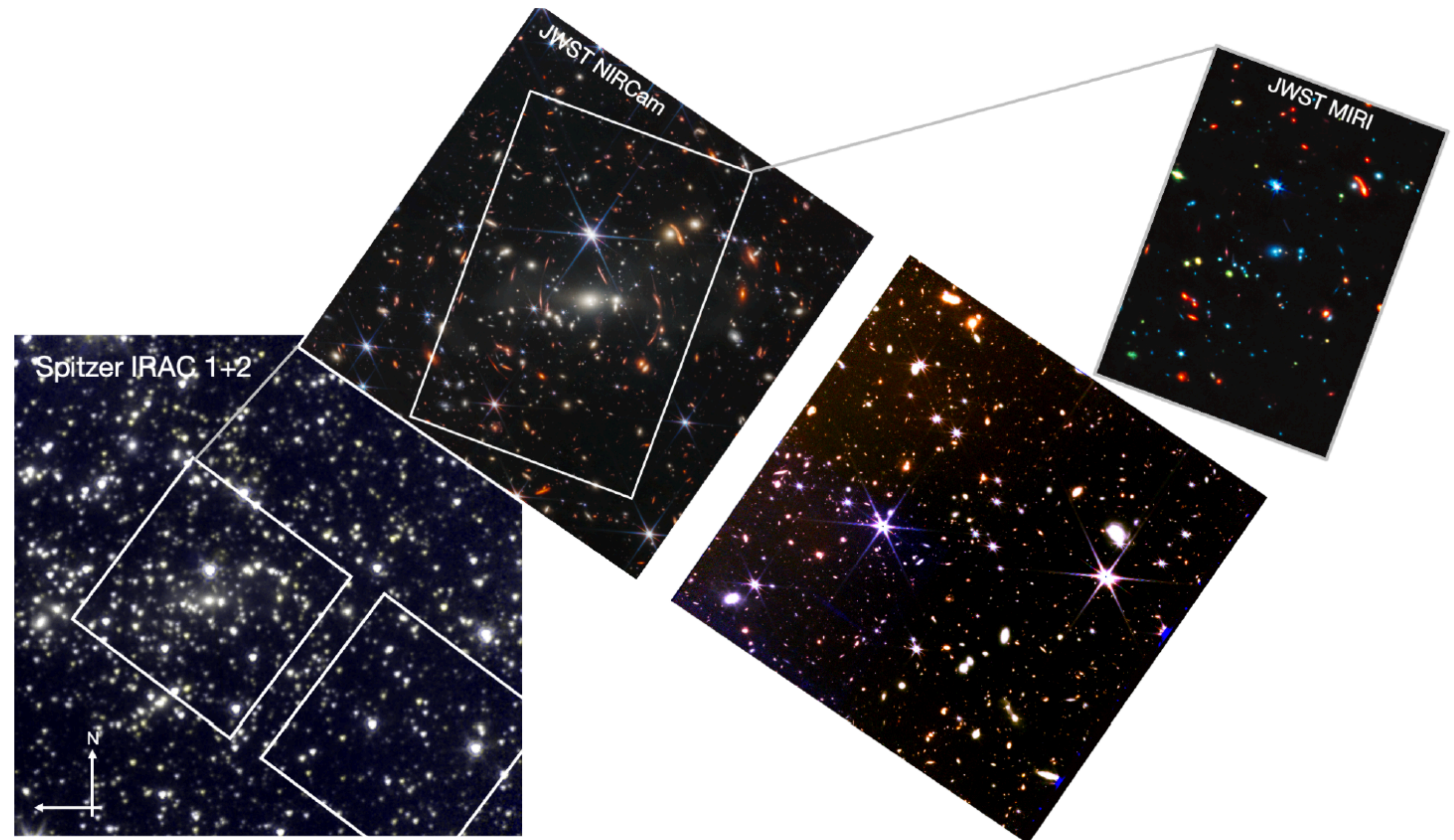
LWC: F277W, F356W, F444W

Readout:

MEDIUM8

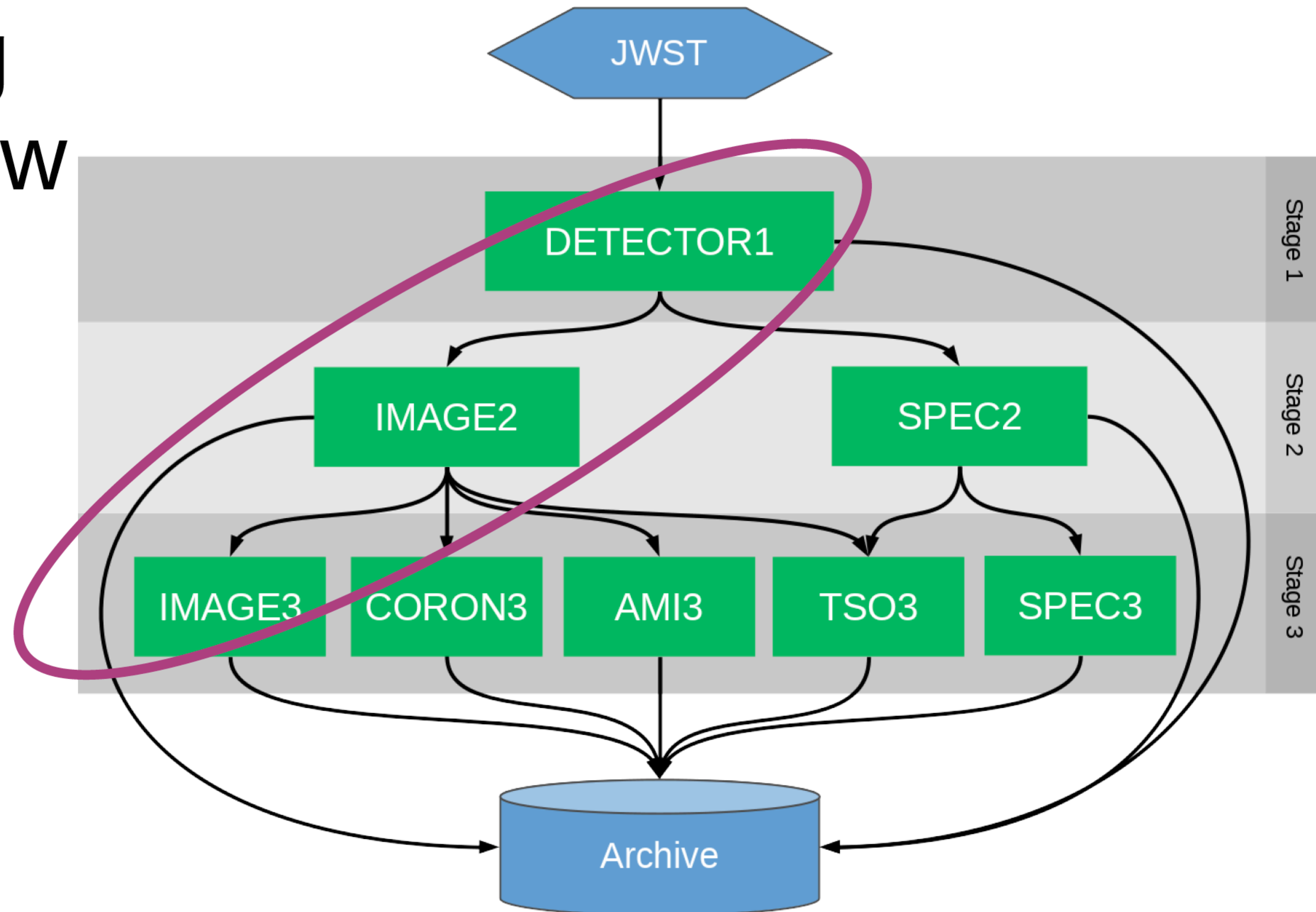
Dithers:

9 point dither in each filter



JWST Calibration Pipeline

Imaging Overview



Resources

Algorithm details

- DETECTOR1:

https://jwst-docs.stsci.edu/stages-of-processing/calwebb_detector1

- IMAGE2:

https://jwst-docs.stsci.edu/stages-of-processing/calwebb_image2

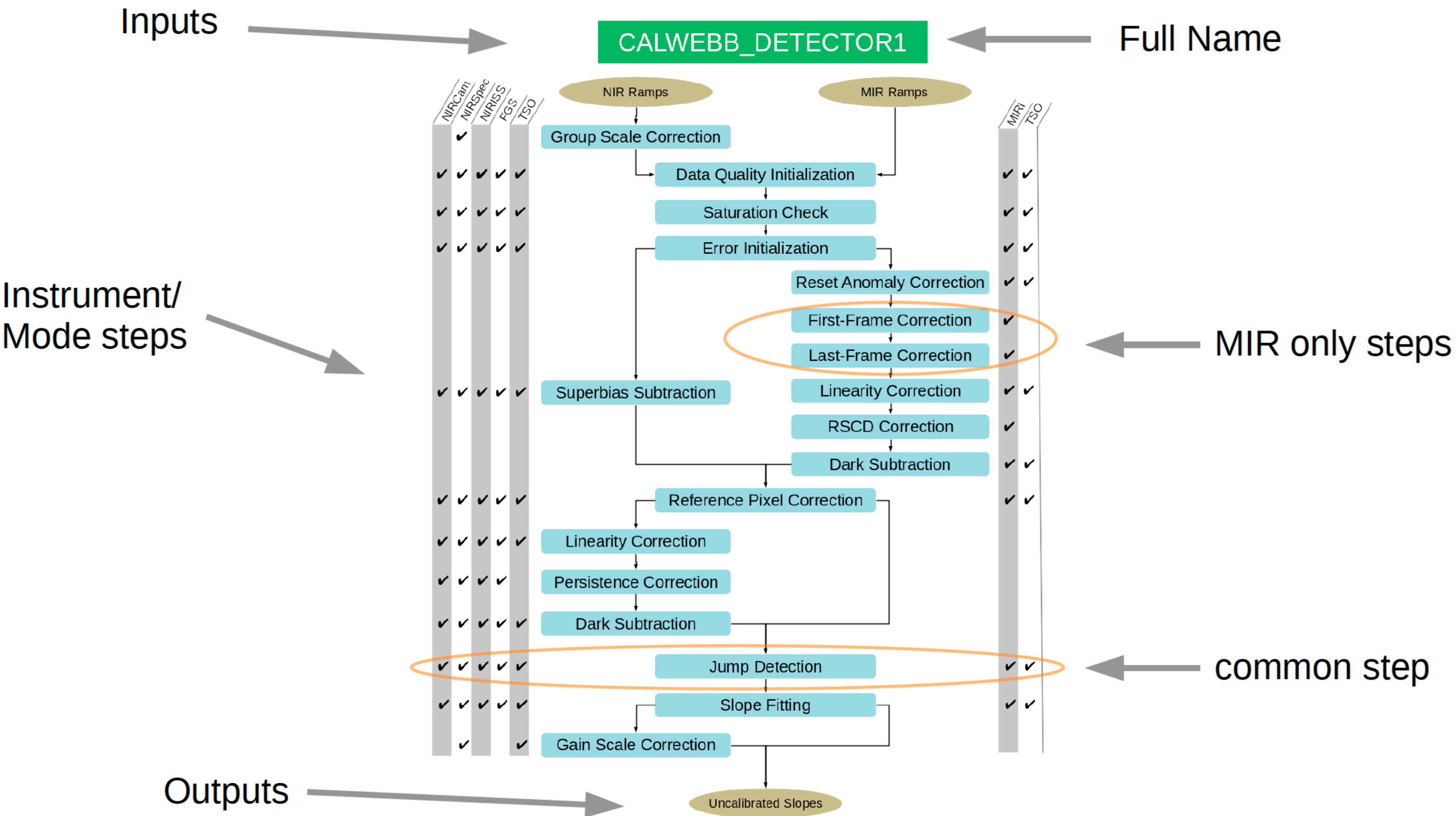
- IMAGE3:

https://jwst-docs.stsci.edu/stages-of-processing/calwebb_image3

Code focused documentation

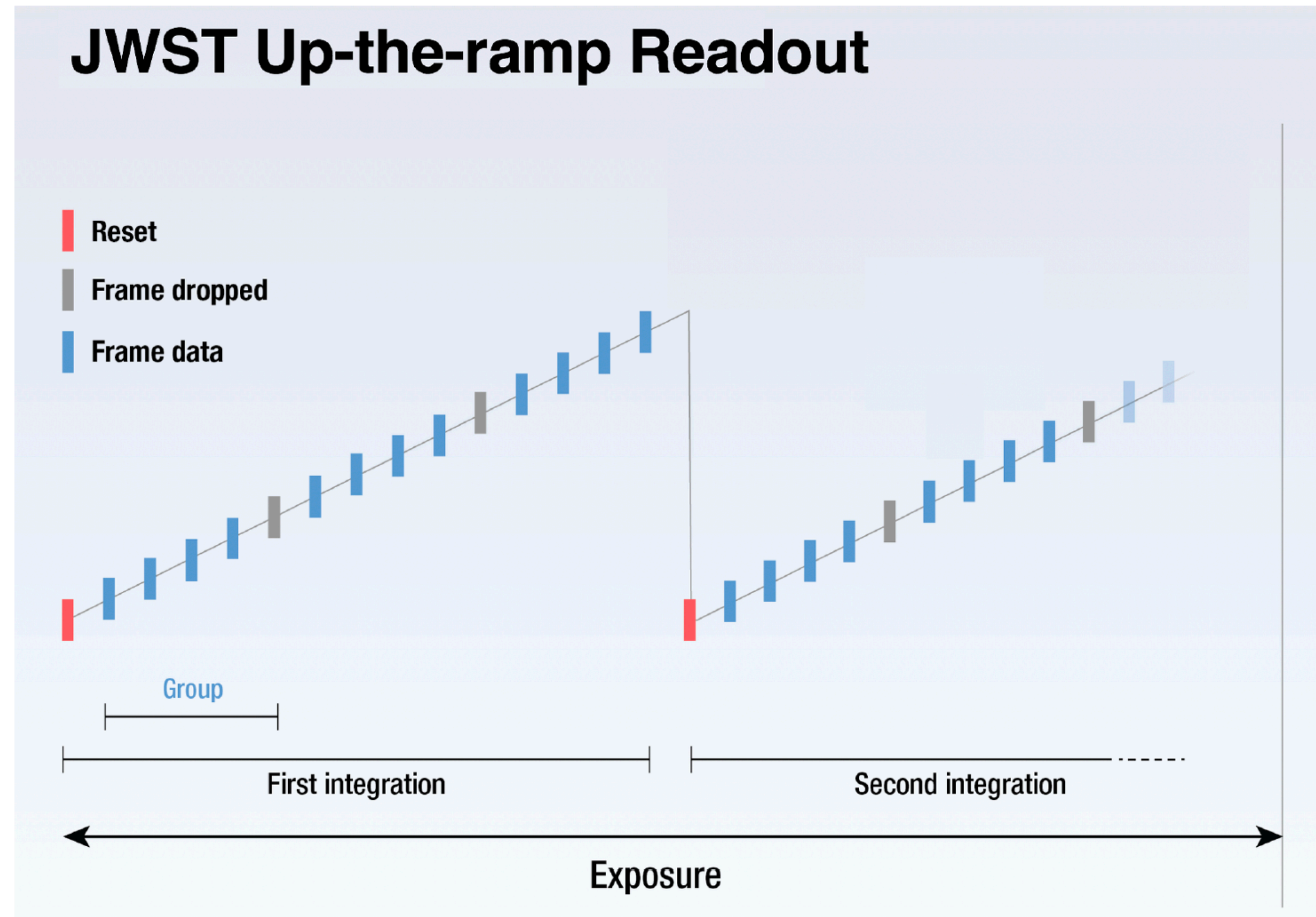
- <https://jwst-pipeline.readthedocs.io/en/latest/index.html>

JWST Calibration Pipeline



JWST Calibration Pipeline

JWST Measurement = Ramp \rightarrow Slope

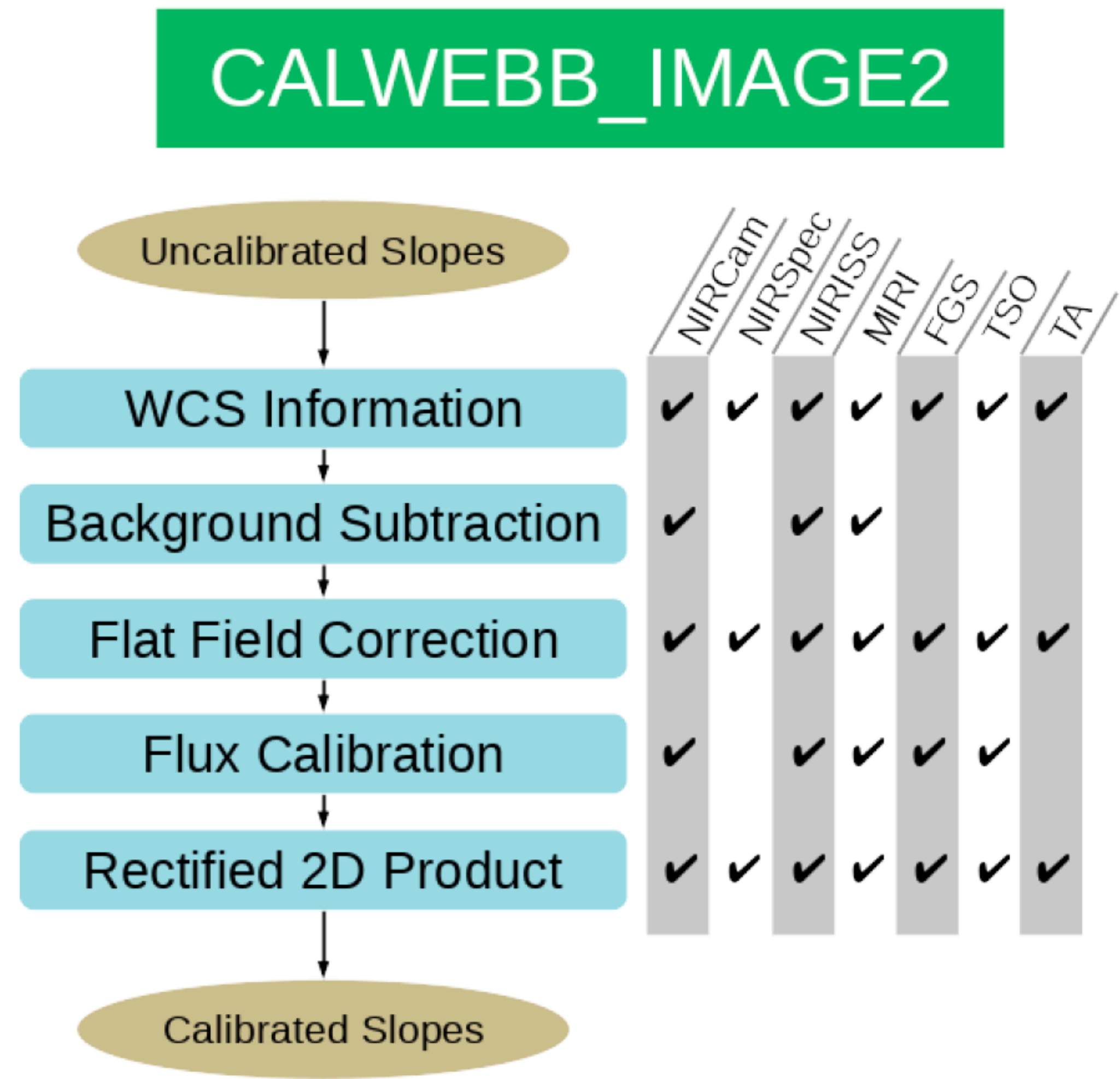


JWST Calibration Pipeline: Detector 1

Many instrumental level effects corrected or accounted for:

1. Saturation: Saturation above some Signal (DN) Value: Groups flagged and not used in slope fit
2. Reference Pixel Correction: Subtract an average of “reference” pixels (Reference pixels are non-photon seeing pixels that track variations in the electronic baselines)
3. Linearity Correction: Linearize the ramps based on appropriate reference file
4. Detect Jumps: Cosmic rays inject step functions to ramps; Jumps flagged and not used in slope fit
5. Calculate Slope: Weighted linear fit; Uncertainty on slope from read and photon noise

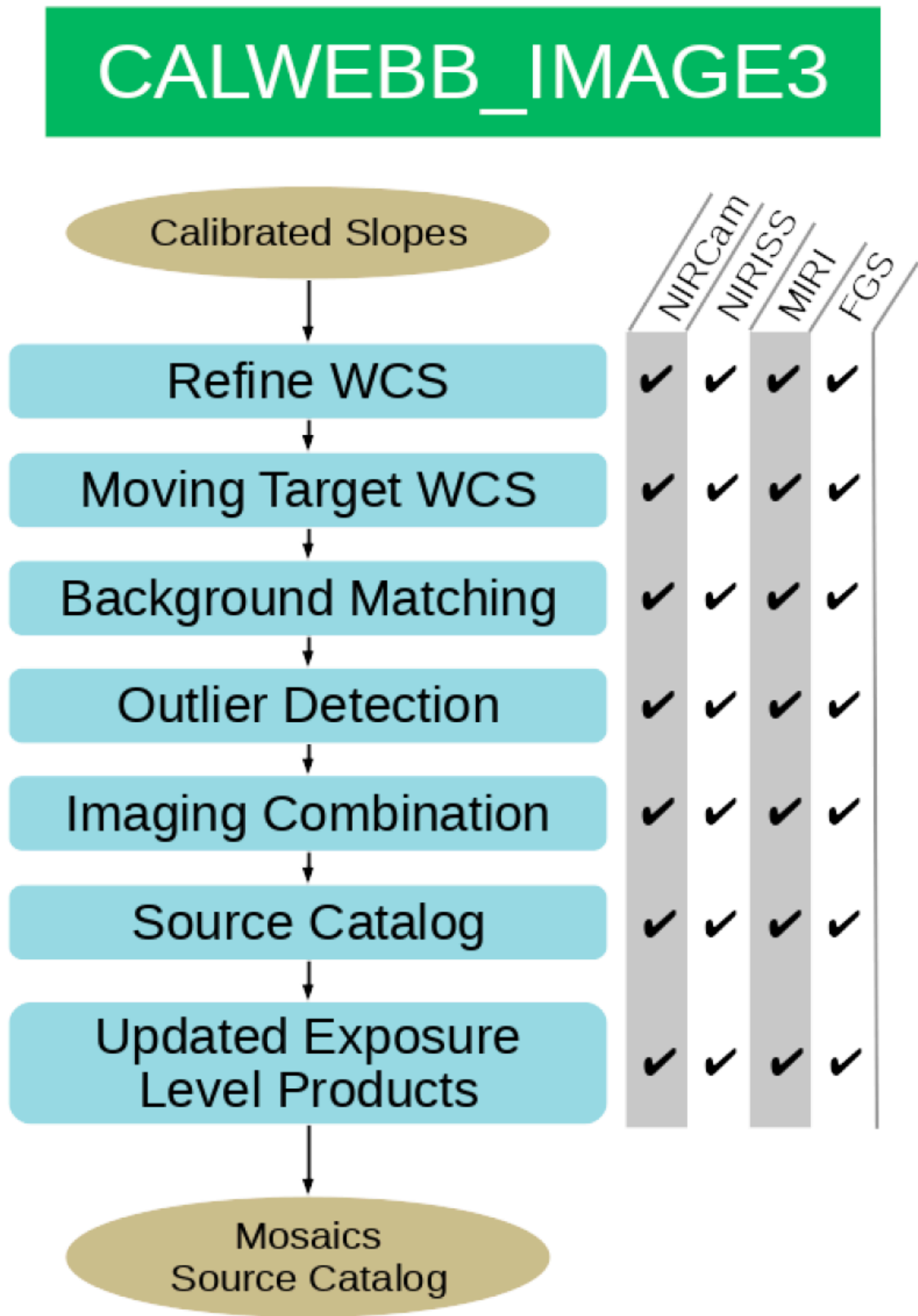
JWST Calibration Pipeline: CALWEBB_IMAGE2



JWST Calibration Pipeline: CALWEBB_IMAGE2

1. GWCS Information: Add Generalized Word Coordinate System (GWGS) information to the data
2. Background Subtraction: Subtract any dedicated background images taken in the same filter
3. Flat Field Correction: Correct for variations in responsivity, illumination, and varying pixel sizes; Divide by the appropriate flat field given as a reference file
4. Flux Calibration: Multiply image by the appropriate calibration factor; Calibrated units are MJy/sr

JWST Calibration Pipeline: CALWEBB_IMAGE3



JWST Calibration Pipeline: CALWEBB_IMAGE3

1. Refine GWCS: Use the location of point sources (e.g., Gaia and other astrometric catalogs)
2. Background Matching: Equalize the background using overlapping regions between images
3. Outlier Detect: Detect outliers using overlapping regions; Outliers found when n -sigma from the average; Outliers flagged and not used
4. Imaging Combination: Combine images into a single coadded mosaic (“drizzle”); Uncertainty mosaics created
5. Source Catalog: Using standard aperture photometry algorithms

JWST Calibration Pipeline

1. Stage 1 — Detector-level corrections and ramp fitting, outputs an uncalibrated slope image in units of DN/sec
2. Imaging striping (1/f noise)
3. Stage 2 — instrumental corrections and calibrations to the slope images, outputs a calibrated, unrectified image in units of MJy/sr
4. Sky Subtraction
5. Stage 3 — combining one or more calibrated images into a final mosaic, outputs a mosaic in units of MJy/sr and photometry catalog