Example: Log transformations in regression

10/13/2025

Data source: Albyn Jones http://people.reed.edu/~jones/141/Guns.html.

Variables: Socioeconomic data from 1990/1991 -

- pop = population of state (in 1000s of people)
- area = area of state (in 1000 square miles)
- urban = percent urban population
- poverty = percent below poverty line
- gunreg = whether there are gun registration laws or not
- homicides = number of homicides in the past year

Research question: Are gun registration laws associated with the rate of homicides in a state?

Data import

```
"GunReg" <-
structure(.Data = list(
"pop" = c(4089, 2372, 30380, 3291, 598, 13277, 1135, 2795, 11543, 5996,
  4860, 9368, 4432, 5158, 6737, 635, 7760, 18058, 10939, 11961, 1004,
  3560, 4953, 17349, 1770, 5018, 570, 3750, 3377, 680, 6623,
  1039, 5610, 2495, 3713, 4252, 1235, 2592, 808, 1593, 1105,
  1548, 1284, 3175, 2922, 703, 6286, 567, 4955, 1801, 460.),
"area" = c(52.4, 53.2, 163.7, 5.5, 0.1, 65.8, 10.9, 56.3, 57.9, 10.6,
  12.4, 96.8, 86.9, 69.7, 53.8, 70.7, 8.7, 54.5, 44.8, 46.1, 1.5, 32,
  42.1, 268.6, 84.9, 71.3, 656.4, 114, 104.1, 2.5, 59.4, 83.6, 36.4,
  82.3, 40.4, 51.8, 35.4, 48.4, 147, 77.4, 9.4, 121.6, 110.6, 69.9,
  98.4, 77.1, 42.8, 9.6, 65.5, 24.2, 97.8),
"urban" = c(60, 54, 93, 79, 100, 85, 89, 61, 85, 84, 81, 70, 71, 53,
  50, 53, 89, 84, 74, 69, 86, 55, 61, 80, 87, 76, 68, 88, 82,
  73, 63, 57, 65, 69, 52, 68, 45, 47, 53, 66, 51, 73, 88,
  68, 71, 50, 69, 32, 66, 36, 65.),
"poverty" = c(19, 18.4, 14.2, 5.8, 19.2, 14.1, 10, 10.1, 13.3, 10.2,
  9.3, 13.9, 12, 13.6, 13.2, 13.5, 9, 14.1, 11.8, 10.8, 8.2, 16.5,
  16.9, 16.8, 9.8, 26.2, 11.2, 14.2, 12.1, 8.1, 16, 13.7, 14.1, 11.1,
  17.4, 22, 12.5, 23.8, 15.8, 10.9, 7.1, 20.9, 10.7, 15.8, 11.3, 13.5,
  10.6, 7.1, 9.2, 17.2, 10.6),
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
  "homicides" = c(410, 240, 3710, 170, 489, 1300, 44, 62, 1270, 200, 540,
  1020, 100, 550, 730, 11, 350, 2550, 760, 740, 38, 350, 470, 2660,
  43, 220, 56, 290, 155, 32, 720, 21, 380, 150, 260, 760,
  23, 370, 29, 43, 32, 160, 135, 220, 120, 9, 550, 24, 240,
  135, 20.)),
names = c("pop", "area", "urban", "poverty", "gunreg", "homicides"),
row.names = c("AL", "AR", "CA", "CT", "DC", "FL", "HI", "IA", "IL", "MA",
```

```
"MD", "MI", "MN", "MO", "NC", "ND", "NJ", "NY", "OH", "PA", "RI", "SC",
"TN", "TX", "UT", "WA", "AK", "AZ", "CO", "DE", "GA", "ID", "IN", "KS",
"KY", "LA", "ME", "MS", "MT", "NE", "NH", "NM", "NV", "OK", "OR", "SD",
"VA", "VT", "WI", "WV", "WY"), class = "data.frame")
```

Exploratory data analysis

Examine data set

```
names (GunReg)
## [1] "pop"
                  "area"
                             "urban"
                                         "poverty"
                                                    "gunreg"
                                                               "homicides"
dim(GunReg)
## [1] 51 6
summary(GunReg)
##
                       area
                                      urban
                                                     poverty
        pop
##
  Min. : 460
                  Min. : 0.10
                                  Min.
                                         : 32.00
                                                   Min.
                                                        : 5.80
   1st Qu.: 1260
                  1st Qu.: 35.90
                                   1st Qu.: 56.00
                                                   1st Qu.:10.60
##
## Median : 3377
                  Median : 56.30
                                  Median : 69.00
                                                   Median :13.30
## Mean : 4945
                  Mean : 74.26
                                   Mean : 68.51
                                                   Mean :13.47
##
   3rd Qu.: 5803
                  3rd Qu.: 84.25
                                   3rd Qu.: 81.50
                                                   3rd Qu.:15.90
##
   Max.
         :30380
                  Max.
                         :656.40
                                   Max. :100.00
                                                   Max.
                                                         :26.20
##
                     homicides
       gunreg
##
  Min.
          :0.0000
                   Min. : 9.0
## 1st Qu.:0.0000
                   1st Qu.: 50.0
## Median :1.0000
                   Median : 220.0
## Mean
         :0.5098
                         : 469.8
                   Mean
## 3rd Qu.:1.0000
                   3rd Qu.: 545.0
## Max.
          :1.0000
                   Max.
                         :3710.0
str(GunReg)
## 'data.frame':
                  51 obs. of 6 variables:
            : num 4089 2372 30380 3291 598 ...
                    52.4 53.2 163.7 5.5 0.1 ...
## $ area
              : num
## $ urban
              : num
                    60 54 93 79 100 85 89 61 85 84 ...
## $ poverty : num 19 18.4 14.2 5.8 19.2 14.1 10 10.1 13.3 10.2 ...
             : num 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ homicides: num 410 240 3710 170 489 1300 44 62 1270 200 ...
glimpse(GunReg)
## Rows: 51
## Columns: 6
              <dbl> 4089, 2372, 30380, 3291, 598, 13277, 1135, 2795, 11543, 5996~
## $ pop
## $ area
              <dbl> 52.4, 53.2, 163.7, 5.5, 0.1, 65.8, 10.9, 56.3, 57.9, 10.6, 1~
## $ urban
              <dbl> 60, 54, 93, 79, 100, 85, 89, 61, 85, 84, 81, 70, 71, 53, 50,~
## $ poverty
              <dbl> 19.0, 18.4, 14.2, 5.8, 19.2, 14.1, 10.0, 10.1, 13.3, 10.2, 9~
## $ gunreg
              ## $ homicides <dbl> 410, 240, 3710, 170, 489, 1300, 44, 62, 1270, 200, 540, 1020~
# Top 10 population
GunReg %>% arrange(desc(pop)) %>% slice_head(n = 10)
```

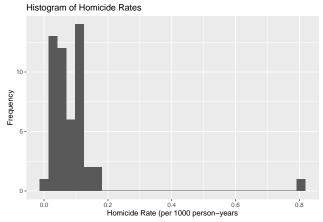
```
pop area urban poverty gunreg homicides
## CA 30380 163.7
                     93
                           14.2
                                             3710
                                      1
                           14.1
                                             2550
## NY 18058 54.5
                     84
                                      1
## TX 17349 268.6
                           16.8
                                             2660
                     80
                                      1
## FL 13277 65.8
                     85
                           14.1
                                      1
                                             1300
## PA 11961 46.1
                     69
                           10.8
                                             740
                                      1
## IL 11543 57.9
                     85
                           13.3
                                     1
                                             1270
## OH 10939 44.8
                           11.8
                     74
                                      1
                                             760
## MI
     9368 96.8
                     70
                           13.9
                                      1
                                             1020
             8.7
## NJ
     7760
                                              350
                     89
                            9.0
                                      1
## NC 6737 53.8
                     50
                           13.2
                                      1
                                              730
# Top 10 number of homicides
GunReg %>% arrange(desc(homicides)) %>% slice_head(n = 10)
        pop area urban poverty gunreg homicides
##
## CA 30380 163.7
                     93
                           14.2
                                             3710
                                      1
## TX 17349 268.6
                           16.8
                                             2660
                     80
                                      1
## NY 18058 54.5
                     84
                           14.1
                                      1
                                             2550
## FL 13277 65.8
                     85
                           14.1
                                      1
                                             1300
## IL 11543 57.9
                     85
                           13.3
                                      1
                                             1270
## MI 9368 96.8
                     70
                           13.9
                                      1
                                             1020
## OH 10939 44.8
                     74
                           11.8
                                      1
                                              760
## LA 4252 51.8
                     68
                           22.0
                                      0
                                              760
## PA 11961 46.1
                     69
                           10.8
                                      1
                                              740
## NC 6737 53.8
                                              730
                           13.2
                                      1
                     50
# Bottom 10 number of homicides
GunReg %>% arrange(desc(homicides)) %>% slice_tail(n = 10)
##
            area urban poverty gunreg homicides
       pop
## RI 1004
             1.5
                    86
                           8.2
                                     1
## DE
     680
             2.5
                    73
                           8.1
                                     0
                                              32
## NH 1105
             9.4
                    51
                           7.1
                                     0
                                              32
      808 147.0
                          15.8
                                     0
                                              29
## MT
                    53
## VT
       567
             9.6
                    32
                           7.1
                                     0
                                              24
## ME 1235
           35.4
                    45
                          12.5
                                     0
                                              23
## ID 1039
            83.6
                    57
                          13.7
                                     0
                                              21
       460 97.8
                          10.6
                                     0
                                              20
## WY
                    65
       635
           70.7
                    53
                          13.5
                                              11
## ND
                                     1
## SD
      703 77.1
                    50
                          13.5
                                     0
                                               9
```

Create new variables

```
# Gun registration character vector
# Homicide rates (per 1,000 person-years):
GunReg <- GunReg %>% mutate(
 gunreg_ind = gunreg,
  gunreg = case_when(
   gunreg_ind == 0 ~ "No",
   gunreg_ind == 1 ~ "Yes"
  ),
  rate = homicides/pop
  )
```

```
# Top 10 homicide rates
GunReg %>% arrange(desc(rate)) %>% slice_head(n = 10)
##
        pop area urban poverty gunreg homicides gunreg_ind
                                                                  rate
## DC
                                                           1 0.8177258
        598
              0.1
                    100
                           19.2
                                   Yes
                                              489
## LA 4252 51.8
                     68
                           22.0
                                    No
                                              760
                                                           0 0.1787394
## TX 17349 268.6
                     80
                           16.8
                                   Yes
                                             2660
                                                           1 0.1533230
## MS 2592 48.4
                     47
                           23.8
                                   No
                                             370
                                                           0 0.1427469
## NY 18058 54.5
                     84
                           14.1
                                   Yes
                                             2550
                                                           1 0.1412117
## CA 30380 163.7
                           14.2
                                             3710
                                                           1 0.1221198
                     93
                                   Yes
      4860 12.4
                     81
                            9.3
                                   Yes
                                             540
                                                           1 0.1111111
## IL 11543 57.9
                     85
                           13.3
                                   Yes
                                             1270
                                                           1 0.1100234
## MI 9368 96.8
                     70
                           13.9
                                   Yes
                                             1020
                                                           1 0.1088813
## GA 6623 59.4
                     63
                           16.0
                                             720
                                                           0 0.1087121
                                    No
# Homicide rate by gun registration law status
GunReg %>% group_by(gunreg) %>%
  summarize(
   tot pop = sum(pop),
   tot_hom = sum(homicides),
    overall_rate = sum(homicides)/sum(pop)
   )
## # A tibble: 2 x 4
     gunreg tot_pop tot_hom overall_rate
##
     <chr>
              <dbl>
                      <dbl>
                                   <dbl>
                                  0.0781
## 1 No
              63143
                       4934
## 2 Yes
             189038
                      19027
                                  0.101
```

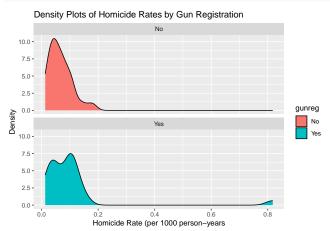
Data visualization



```
# Homicide rates by gun registration status
GunReg %>% ggplot(aes(x = gunreg, y = rate)) +
geom_boxplot() +
```

```
labs(x = "Gun Registration Laws",
    y = "Homicide Rate (per 1000 person-years",
    title = "Boxplots of Homicide Rates by Gun Registration")
```

Boxplots of Homicide Rates by Gun Registration



Regression Modeling

Model without the DC outlier:

```
mod1 <- lm(rate ~ gunreg, data = GunReg, subset = GunReg$rate < 0.2)
summary(mod1)</pre>
```

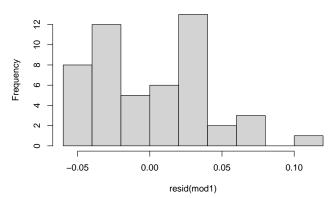
```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = rate ~ gunreg, data = GunReg, subset = GunReg$rate <
## 0.2)
##
## Residuals:
## Min 1Q Median 3Q Max
## -0.059577 -0.032743 -0.002298 0.031025 0.112513
##</pre>
```

```
## Coefficients:
                 Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept) 0.066226
                              0.008091
                                           8.185 1.16e-10 ***
## gunregYes
                 0.010674
                              0.011443
                                           0.933
                                                     0.356
## Signif. codes:
                    0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.04046 on 48 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.01781,
                                         Adjusted R-squared: -0.002657
## F-statistic: 0.8702 on 1 and 48 DF, p-value: 0.3556
plot(mod1, c(1,2))
                       Residuals vs Fitted
                                                                             Q-Q Residuals
       OLA
                                                         က
                                                                                                     LAO
   0.10
                                                     Standardized residuals
        oMS
                                                        2
                                                                                               TXMSo
                                                                0.05
                                                  0
       000000000
   0.00
                                                  0
   -0.05
     0.066
             0.068
                     0.070
                             0.072
                                     0.074
                                             0.076
                                                               -2
                                                                                  0
                                                                                                    2
                         Fitted values
                                                                            Theoretical Quantiles
                        Im(rate ~ gunreg)
                                                                             Im(rate ~ gunreg)
```

hist(resid(mod1))

Min

Histogram of resid(mod1)



1Q Median

3Q

```
# Create log-transformed rate variable
GunReg <- GunReg %>% mutate(log_rate = log(rate))

mod2 <- lm(log_rate ~ gunreg, data = GunReg, subset = GunReg$rate < 0.2)
summary(mod2)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = log_rate ~ gunreg, data = GunReg, subset = GunReg$rate <
## 0.2)
##
## Residuals:</pre>
```

Max

```
## -1.4570 -0.4160 0.1494 0.5154 1.1793
##
## Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -2.9011
                              0.1306 -22.211
                                                <2e-16 ***
## gunregYes
                  0.1594
                              0.1847
                                        0.863
                                                 0.393
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.6531 on 48 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.01527,
                                      Adjusted R-squared:
## F-statistic: 0.7445 on 1 and 48 DF, p-value: 0.3925
plot(mod2, c(1,2))
                     Residuals vs Fitted
                                                                       Q-Q Residuals
                                                                 OLA
   1.0
                                                                                             LAO
       0
                                              800
                                                 Standardized residuals
   0.5
Residuals
                                              000000
                                                    0
       8
                                              8
       8
                                                              00000
                                            NDO
                                                    7
                                                            OND
      -2.90
                  -2.85
                               -2.80
                                           -2.75
                                                           -2
                                                                           0
                                                                                            2
```

Theoretical Quantiles

Im(log_rate ~ gunreg)

hist(resid(mod2))

Histogram of resid(mod2)

Fitted values

Im(log_rate ~ gunreg)

