

Linear Regression (Revisited): Multiple Regression

STAT 245

Jan. 23-25, 2024

Multiple regression

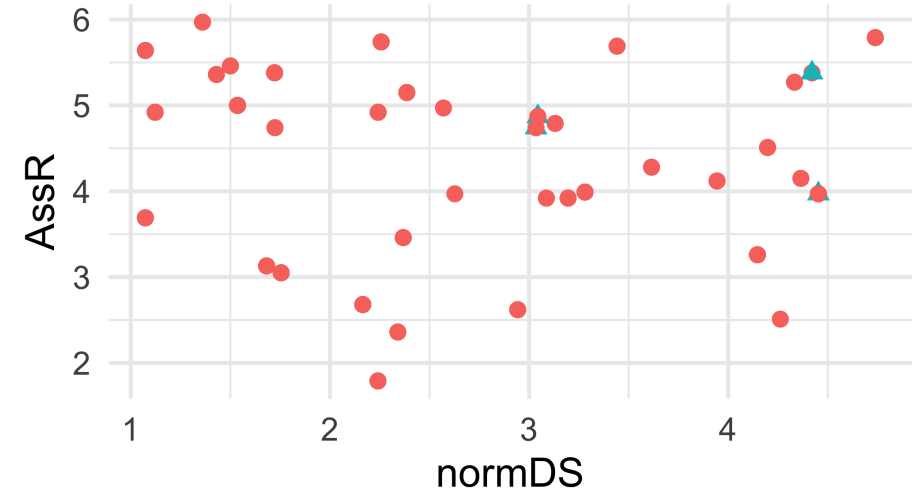
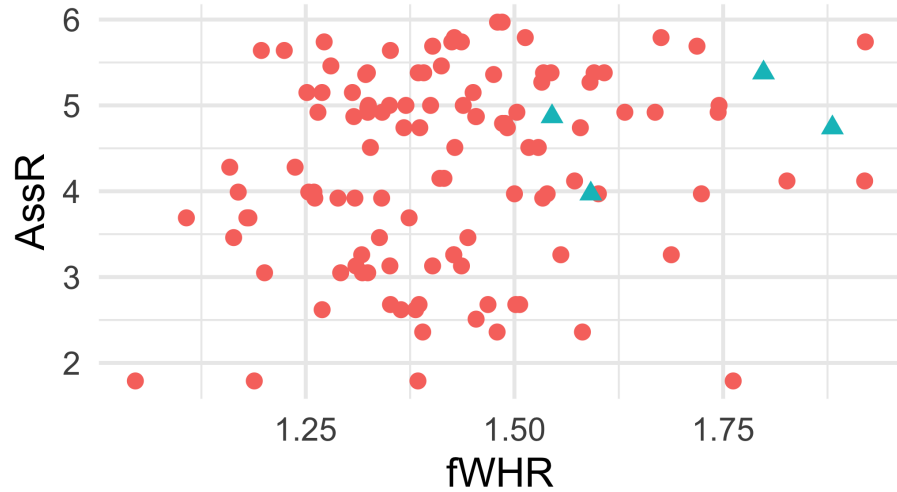
- Rarely does our response variable **really** depend on only one predictor.
- Can we expand our formulation to include more predictors? (Example: `normDS` also predicts `AssR`?)
- In R, it's super easy:

```
m2_2q <- lm(AssR ~ fWHR + normDS,  
             data = bonobos)
```

Summary + Equation

```
##  
## Call:  
## lm(formula = AssR ~ fWHR + normDS, data = bonobos)  
##  
## Residuals:  
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max   
## -2.9993 -0.7592  0.1832  0.8279  1.7172   
##  
## Coefficients:  
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)      
## (Intercept)  2.53889    0.85610   2.966  0.00369 **    
## fWHR         1.40331    0.62298   2.253  0.02622 *     
## normDS      -0.09918    0.09687  -1.024  0.30810      
## ---  
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1  
##  
## Residual standard error: 1.094 on 113 degrees of freedom  
## (1 observation deleted due to missingness)  
## Multiple R-squared:  0.04403,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.02711   
## F-statistic: 2.602 on 2 and 113 DF,  p-value: 0.07855
```

Prediction Practice



Prediction Practice

Show

10

 entries

Search:

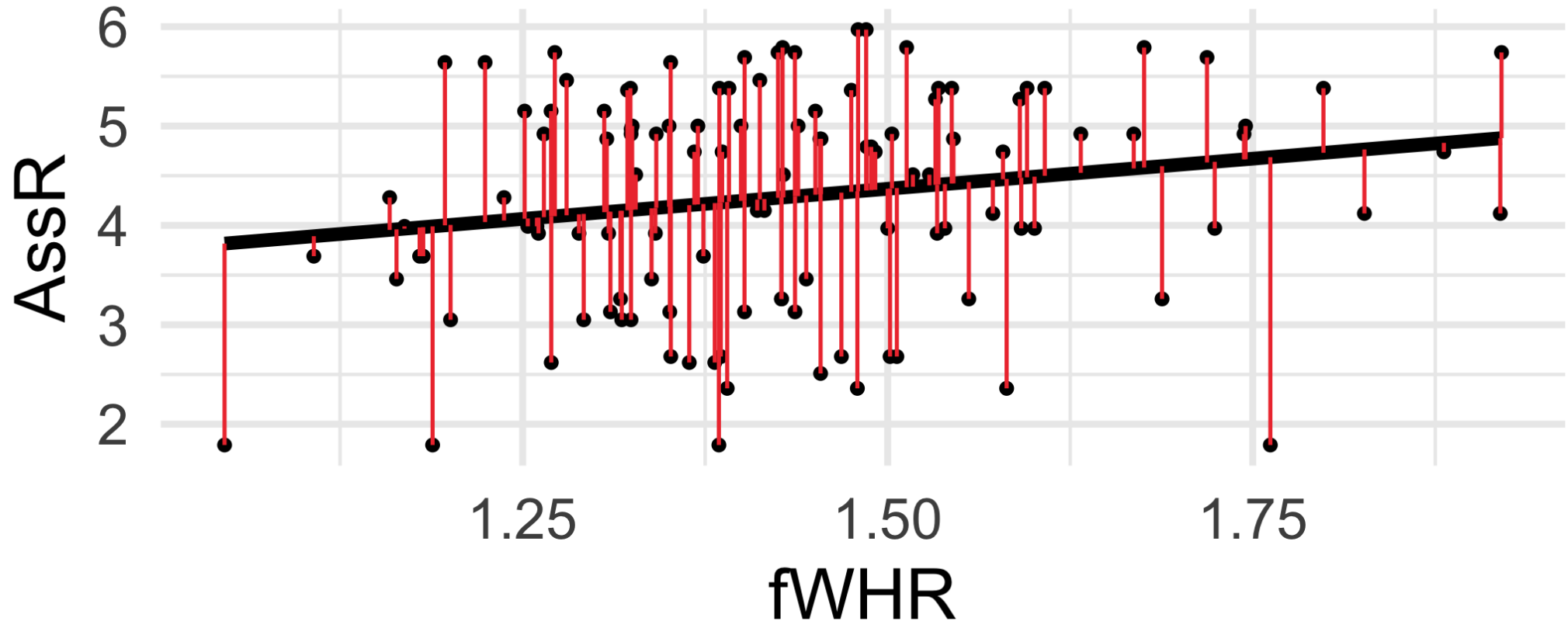
	fWHR	AssR	normDS
1	1.880866426	4.74	3.035
2	1.798387097	5.38	4.421
3	1.591439689	3.97	4.453
4	1.545018647	4.87	3.044

Choosing Predictors, Again

- Here: build simple \rightarrow complex *to show math machinery*
- In practice: **Think before you model**
 - Rule of thumb (from Harrell): $p < \frac{n}{15}$
 - p is number of parameters want to estimate; n is sample size (rows in data)

How Fitting Happened

Simple Linear Regression Residuals



Least Squares Estimation

Minimize:

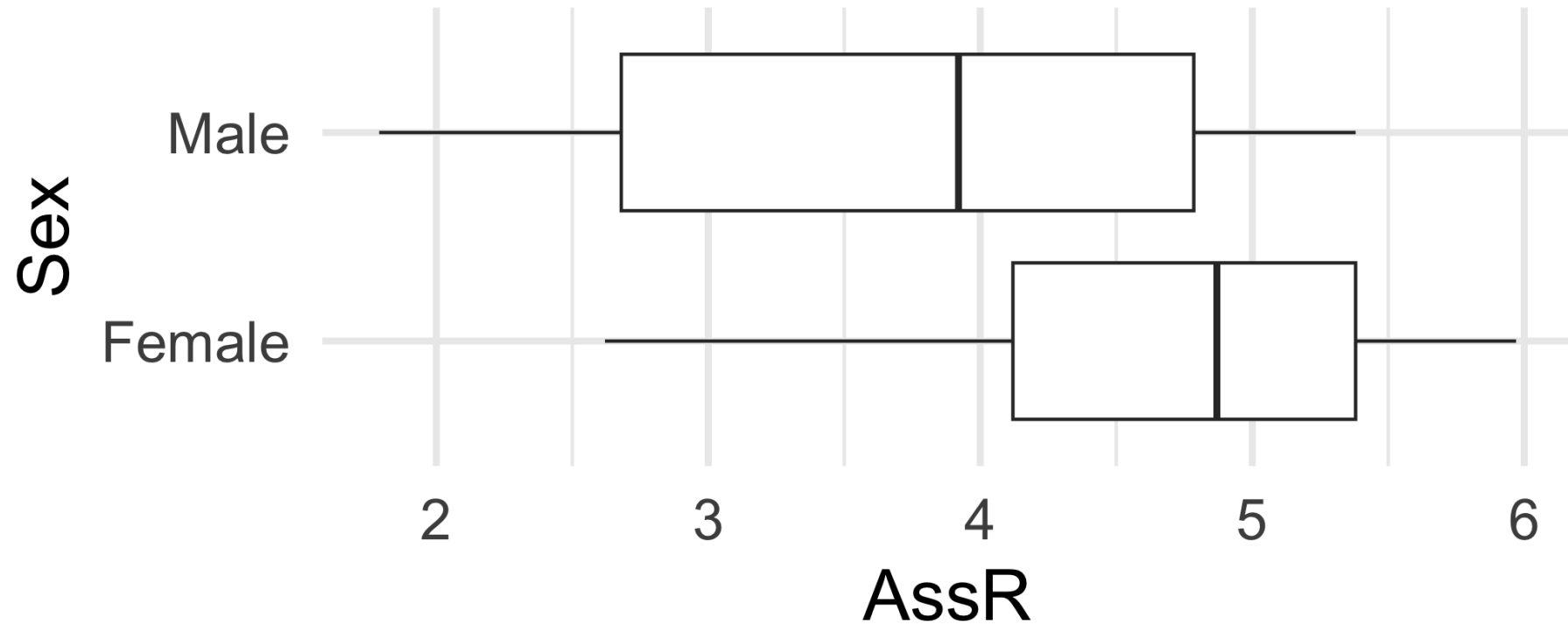
$$SSE = \sum_{i=1}^n e_i = \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$$

Multiple Predictors?

- Harder to draw
- Just as easy to compute \hat{y} ...
- and thus compute the observed residuals e_i
- and the sum of squared residuals

See: <https://setosa.io/ev/ordinary-least-squares-regression/>

Predictors with 2 categories



Predictors with 2 categories

```
m3_2q1b <- lm(AssR ~ fWHR + normDS + Sex,  
              data = bonobos)  
coef(m3_2q1b)
```

## (Intercept)	fWHR	normDS	SexMale
## 2.07913144	1.89581129	-0.01849396	-1.11030054

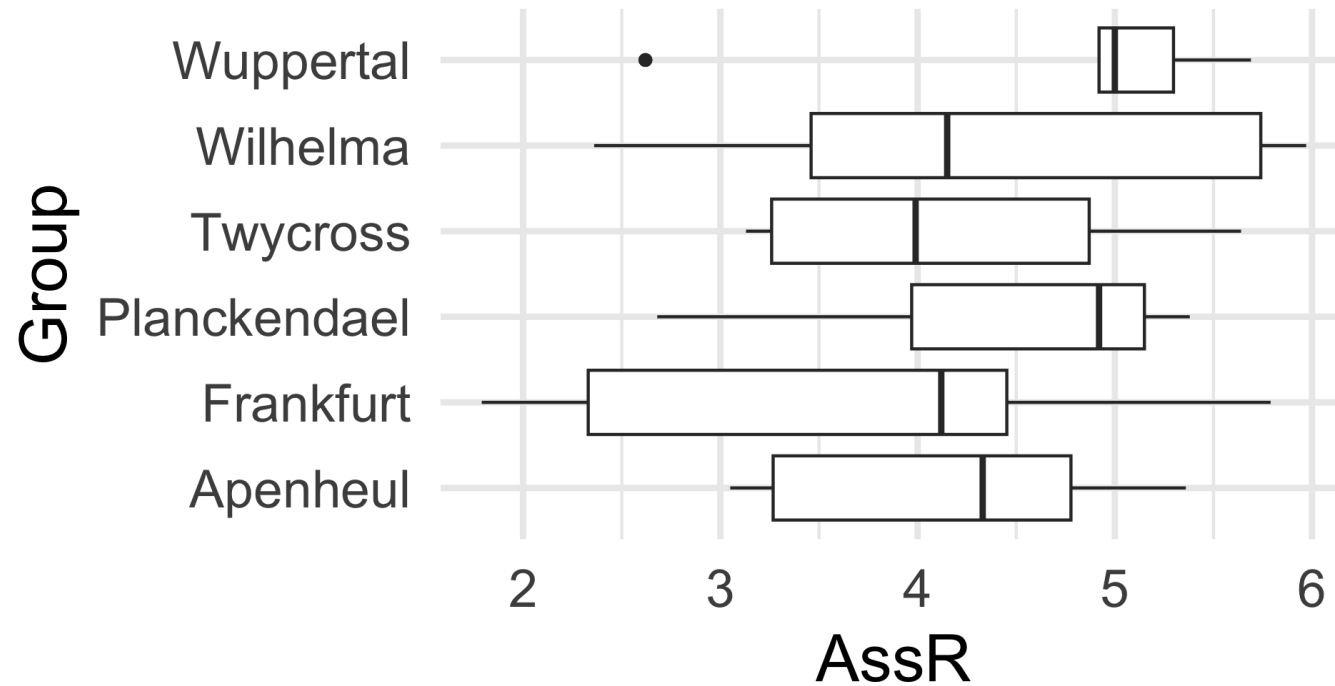
Predictors with 2 categories

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = AssR ~ fWHR + normDS + Sex, data = bonobos)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.47788 -0.61852  0.09069  0.73386  1.59519
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   2.07913    0.75375   2.758 0.006786 **
## fWHR           1.89581    0.55186   3.435 0.000831 ***
## normDS        -0.01849    0.08592  -0.215 0.829962
## SexMale       -1.11030    0.18681  -5.943 3.22e-08 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.9581 on 112 degrees of freedom
## (1 observation deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.2732,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.2538
## F-statistic: 14.24 on 3 Df, 112 Df, p-value: 5.26e-08
```

Predictors with 2 categories, Mathematically?

More categories

```
gf_boxplot(Group ~ AssR,  
            data = bonobos)
```



More Categories

```
m3_2q2c <- lm(AssR ~ fWHR + normDS + Sex + Group,  
              data = bonobos)
```

More Categories

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = AssR ~ fWHR + normDS + Sex + Group, data = bonobos)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.5148 -0.5901 -0.0118  0.6610  1.5405
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    2.16779    0.79783   2.717  0.00768 **
## fWHR           1.65461    0.56485   2.929  0.00415 **
## normDS         0.07067    0.08782   0.805  0.42277
## SexMale       -1.23398    0.18576  -6.643 1.32e-09 ***
## GroupFrankfurt -0.61604    0.34951  -1.763  0.08083 .
## GroupPlanckendael 0.35141    0.31958   1.100  0.27398
## GroupTwycross   0.09313    0.30547   0.305  0.76105
## GroupWilhelma  -0.08112    0.33549  -0.242  0.80940
## GroupWuppertal  0.47304    0.32545   1.453  0.14901
## ---
## > Summary of residuals:
##      Min      1Q  Median      3Q      Max
## -2.5148 -0.5901 -0.0118  0.6610  1.5405
##
## > Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    2.16779    0.79783   2.717  0.00768 **
## fWHR           1.65461    0.56485   2.929  0.00415 **
## normDS         0.07067    0.08782   0.805  0.42277
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## GroupWilhelma  -0.08112    0.33549  -0.242  0.80940
## GroupWuppertal  0.47304    0.32545   1.453  0.14901
## ---
## > Standardized residuals:
##      Min      1Q  Median      3Q      Max
## -1.4116 -0.8061 -0.0000  0.8061  1.4116
##
## > Cook's distance:
##      Min      1Q  Median      3Q      Max
##  0.0000  0.0000  0.0000  0.0000  0.0000
##
## > Df residual: 14
## > Df total: 15
## > Adjusted R-squared: 0.661
## > F-statistic: 14.111, Df residual: 14, Df total: 15, Pr(>F): 0.000115
```


Predictors with more categories, Mathematically?

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = AssR ~ fWHR + normDS + Sex + Group, data = bonobos)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.5148 -0.5901 -0.0118  0.6610  1.5405
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    2.16779    0.79783   2.717  0.00768 **
## fWHR           1.65461    0.56485   2.929  0.00415 **
## normDS         0.07067    0.08782   0.805  0.42277
## SexMale       -1.23398    0.18576  -6.643 1.32e-09 ***
## GroupFrankfurt -0.61604    0.34951  -1.763  0.08083 .
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## GroupWilhelma  -0.08112    0.33549  -0.242  0.80940
## GroupWuppertal  0.47304    0.32545   1.453  0.14901
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.8222 on 107 degrees of freedom
```

Model Equation, Again

Predictions by Hand

What is the expected $AssR$ (according to this model) for 30 kg female bonobos at the Wilhelma zoo with $fWHR$ of 1.5 and $normDS$ of 2.5?

Predictions in R

Caution: missing data

```
bonobos <- bonobos |>  
  mutate(preds = predict(m3_2q2c))
```

```
## Error in `mutate()` :  
## i In argument: `preds = predict(m3_2q2c)`.  
## Caused by error:  
## ! `preds` must be size 117 or 1, not 116.
```

Predictions in R

For ALL data points *in model*

```
b2 <- bonobos |>  
  select(fWHR, normDS, AssR, Sex, Group) |>  
  na.omit() |>  
  mutate(preds = predict(m3_2q2c))
```

Plotting Predictions

Uh-oh, useless. Why?

```
gf_point(AssR ~ fWHR,  
         data = b2) |>  
gf_line(preds ~ fWHR)
```

