## GenAlgNB

## November 20, 2018

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In [2]: import numpy as np
        from string import ascii_letters, punctuation
        class GenAlgorithmString(object):
            def __init__(self,symbols = (ascii_letters + punctuation + ' '),n_population=10,
                         n_generation = 100,method = 'roulette', K=4, desired_fitness=0.4):
                11 11 11
                This is implementation of genetic algorithm, prepared for MD seminary
                presentation, it tries to generate given input by simulating evolutio
                n mechanisms.
                I used sklearn convention in naming fundamental part of it, so by cal
                ling fit method one can fits the word/sentence and by calling transfo
                rm one can activates algorithm so it tries to find the best (most sim
                ilar) string.
                Attributes
                symbols
                a set of characters from which algorithm should have created string,
                by default it is a set of asii letters and punctuation signs
                n population
                the quantity of individuals for each population
                n_qeneration
                in how many generations algorithm should have found the best individu
                al
                method
                which selection method should be used for selecting individuals, by
                default it is roulette, but also ranking could be used.
                how many best individuals should be used for pairing
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desired_fitness
    threshold that must be achieved to stop algorithm (ver 2.1)
    11 11 11
    self = self
    self.symbols = symbols
    self.n_population = n_population
    self.n_generation = n_generation
    self.method = method
    self.K = K
    self.desired_fitness = desired_fitness
def get_symbol(self):
    """ Generates random symbol """
    return self.symbols[np.random.randint(len(self.symbols))]
def _generate_population(self):
    """ Generates array for population """
    self.population = np.chararray((self.n_population,
                                     self.n_genotype),unicode=True)
def fit(self,aim):
    """ Fits the given sentence to the model """
    target = np.chararray((len(aim)),unicode=True)
    for chunk in range(len(target)):
        target[chunk] = aim[chunk]
    self.target = target
    self.n_genotype = len(target)
    self._generate_population()
# def transform(self):
      """ Performs the whole algorithm """
#
     self._mutate_population()
     for qeneration in range(self.n_generation):
#
          self.descendants_generation()
#
def transform(self):
    """ Performs the whole algorithm until desired fitness is reached. """
    self._mutate_population()
    pop = np.max(self._population_fitness())
    self.n_generation = 0
    while (pop < self.desired_fitness):</pre>
        self.descendants_generation()
        self.n_generation += 1
        pop = np.max(self._population_fitness())
def _pooling(self):
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""" Mutates the whole chromosome, i.e. generates random set of
    characters"""
   chromosome = np.chararray((self.n_genotype),unicode=True)
   for locus in range(self.n_genotype):
        chromosome[locus] = self.get symbol()
   return chromosome
def _mutate_population(self):
    """ Mutates the whole population, for each individual performs
   pooling """
   for individual in range(self.n_population):
        self.population[individual] = self._pooling()
@staticmethod
def _check_fitness(chromosome, target):
    """ Checks the fitness of individual """
   return np.count_nonzero(chromosome[chromosome == target])/len(chromosome)
@staticmethod
def _pairing(parents):
    """ Method for pairing chromosomes and generating descendants, array of
    characters with shape [2,n_genotype] """
   children = np.chararray((2,parents.shape[1]),unicode=True)
   n_heritage = np.random.randint(0,parents[0].shape[0])
   children[0] = np.concatenate([parents[0][:n_heritage],
                                  parents[1][n_heritage:]])
   children[1] = np.concatenate([parents[1][:n_heritage],
                                  parents[0][n_heritage:]])
   return children
def _population_fitness(self):
    """ Checks the fitness of each individual in population """
   fitness = np.zeros(self.population.shape[0])
   for individual in range(self.population.shape[0]):
       fitness[individual] = self._check_fitness(self.population[individual],
                                                  self.target)
   return fitness
def _ranking(self):
    """ Ranking method for individuals selection """
   fitness = self._population_fitness()
   population = self.population.copy()
   population_of_best = np.chararray((self.K,self.population.shape[1]),
                                       unicode=True)
   if np.any(fitness != 0):
       for k in range(self.K):
           population_of_best[k] = population[np.where(np.max(fitness))]
           population = np.delete(population,np.where(np.max(fitness)),0)
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return population_of_best
    else:
        return mutate_population(population)
def random mutation(self):
    """ Randomly mutate population """
    N,C = self.population.shape
    new_population = self.population.copy()
    n_mutations = round(self.population.size * 0.02)
    for n in range(n_mutations):
        new_population[np.random.randint(N),
                       np.random.randint(C)] = self.get_symbol()
    self.population = new_population
def descendants_generation(self):
    """ Generaters new population from pairing old one """
    fitness = self._population_fitness()
    if np.any(fitness != 0):
        if self.method == 'ranking':
            bests = self. ranking()
        elif self.method == 'roulette':
            bests = self.roulette()
        self._mutate_population()
        for n in range(round(self.K/2)):
            parent1 = bests[np.random.randint(self.K)]
            parent2 = bests[np.random.randint(self.K)]
            descendants = self._pairing(np.array([parent1,parent2]))
            self.population[(n*2)] = descendants[0].squeeze()
            self.population[(n*2)+1] = descendants[1].squeeze()
            # self.random_mutation()
    else:
        self._mutate_population()
def roulette wheel(self):
    """ Generates roulette wheel based on fitness of each individual.
        Needed for roulette selection of individuals"""
    generation = self._population_fitness()
    probability = 0
    wheel = np.zeros(3)
    if np.any(generation != 0):
        for individual in range(self.n_population):
            if generation[individual] > 0:
                ind_probability = probability + (
                generation[individual] / np.sum(generation))
                wheel = np.vstack([wheel,[individual,
                                   probability,ind_probability]])
                probability = probability + (
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generation[individual] / np.sum(generation))
                    return wheel[1:,:]
            @staticmethod
            def roulette swing(wheel):
                """ Swings the roulette wheel.
                    Needed for roulette selection of individuals """
                which = np.random.random()
                for n in range(len(wheel)):
                    if which > wheel[n][1] and which < wheel[n][2]:</pre>
                        return int(wheel[n][0])
            def roulette(self):
                """ Performs roulette selection on population """
                wheel = self.roulette_wheel()
                winners = np.chararray((self.K,self.population.shape[1]),unicode=True)
                for n in range(self.K):
                    which = self.roulette_swing(wheel)
                    winners[n] = self.population[which]
                return winners
        if __name__ == '__main__':
            genalg = GenAlgorithmString(symbols = (ascii_letters),n_generation = 0,
                                        K=5,n_population=10,method = 'roulette',
                                        desired_fitness = 0.4)
            genalg.fit('Programming is awesome')
            genalg.transform()
            max_fitness = np.max(genalg._population_fitness())
            best_individual = genalg.population[np.where(max_fitness)]
            print('Number of generations: %i \nBest fitness: %f' %(genalg.n_generation,
            max_fitness))
Number of generations: 293427
Best fitness: 0.409091
In []:
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