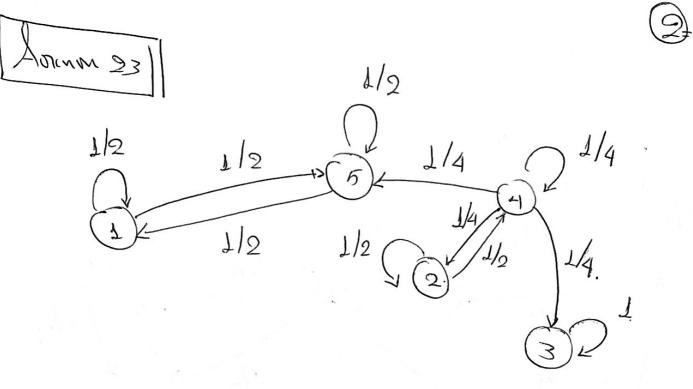
## 3º Jeipà Louiteur

· Ovoka: Alefanopinoulos Zrahaznis

Apollio Murpison: 03117060

Etálmo: 8º

Zxozi : HMMY



Example: 1-75, 5-21, 2-24, 4-22
on 3 Der Enixonavei préablikaionam.

 $Y = C_1 U C_2 U C_3 = [1,5] U [2,4] U [3]$ 

H [1,5] Eiva klain klam.

H ₹2,438100 avoixin relain apou ano 4 = \$ € C2

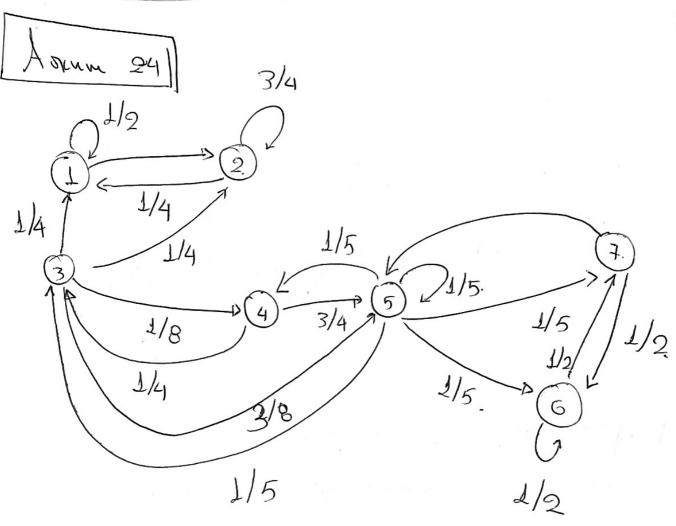
H [3] siva Kleami Chappenter

H ? 1,53 Eivai illeuri ral renepa ofièrn apa enavalluritimi

H { 2,4} ws avoixTri bodim ws avoixTri redgim Elvay

napodieri

H E33 Eura Whien kas versebantiern des Eudragnumini



H { 1,2} Eivou x Leuri rou enavadumenti H { 3,4,5,6,7} Eivou avoixtir rae app nenepartiers Apoi [1,2] releini av X=1 zore u a lun Ja eivou epuluhihieru stour 1,2 rout

$$P' = \begin{pmatrix} 1/2 & 1/2 \\ 1/4 & 3/4 \end{pmatrix} \implies ||P-II|| = \begin{pmatrix} 1/2-1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3/4-1 \\ -1/8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(=1 ||P-II|| = 1^2 - (1/2 + 3/4) + (1/2 \cdot 3/4 - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{4})$$

$$= 1^2 - \frac{5}{2} + \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\Delta = \frac{25}{16} - 1 = \frac{9}{16} = \frac{5}{10} = \frac{5}{4} \pm \frac{34}{4} - \frac{5}{10} = \frac{4}{10} = \frac{5}{10} = \frac$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1/2 & 1/2 \\ 1/4 & 3/4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$=D \int \frac{1/2}{x_1 + 1/2} x_2 = x_1 = D x_1 = x_2$$

$$= D \int \frac{1/2}{x_1 + 1/2} x_2 = x_1 = D x_1 = x_2$$

$$= D \int \frac{1/2}{x_1 + 1/2} x_2 = x_1 = D x_1 = x_2$$

Apa 
$$\begin{pmatrix} \chi \\ \chi \end{pmatrix} = C\begin{pmatrix} \tau \\ \tau \end{pmatrix}$$
 aba to  $\begin{pmatrix} \tau \\ \tau \end{pmatrix}$  Eivor one to  $\begin{pmatrix} \tau \\ \tau \end{pmatrix}$  Eivor one to  $\begin{pmatrix} \tau \\ \tau \end{pmatrix}$ 

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1/2 & 1/2 \\ 1/4 & 3/4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_1/4 \\ x_2/4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$3\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \times 1 + \frac{1}{2} \times 2 = \frac{x_1}{4} = \frac{x_2}{2} = -\frac{x_1}{4} + \frac{x_2}{2} = \frac{x_1}{4}$$

$$4/4 \times 1 + 3/4 \times 2 = \times 2/4 = 1 \times 2 = - \times 1$$

Apa 
$$\chi' = C\begin{pmatrix} -2\\1 \end{pmatrix}$$
. Apa 70  $\begin{pmatrix} -2\\1 \end{pmatrix}$  Eival Ella ano To  $\begin{pmatrix} -2\\1 \end{pmatrix}$  To  $15$ 10 To  $15$ 10

$$\int_{P_{1}}^{P_{2}} P[X_{n-1}] = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{3} \cdot 4^{n}$$

$$P[X_{n-2}] = \frac{2}{3} - \frac{2}{3} \cdot 4^{n}$$

Arkum 29 Mia advisão pre pioro avoixies relaceis On iran pra aneipa advisão pra invionoi a roxier 4 karánam KEN

P(k,k)=p kar P(k,k+l)=1-p  $Q \times eivoriopishar row <math>M$  Sight as evine all n a sinor iopishar row <math>M Sight as evine all na sinor iopishar row <math>M Sight as evine all n

· Av P(N,N) = Lu ZUZ lu irrav Klain · Av P(N,x) ~ he ocx 11

Sa ENLEVE WINDS OF POPO

O reparavu popos. Elva ephniela Tus:  $Q = 7 \left( \frac{1}{12} P(x,x) \wedge \frac{1}{12} \left( \frac{1}{12} P(x,z) V + \frac{1}{12} P(x,z) V + \frac{1}{12} \left( \frac{1}{12} P(x,z) V + \frac{1}{12}$ 

Agum 30]

Lu ferivaonte ano The rationam 4 unippour ta efins

- eva napre pre ordavotuta 2/4 our 21,53 rae va excludanoipe exel
- prood [E] uno 1/4 ouno 1843 3 fioroidadons
- ova fovaenioxegroupe Ton 243 he nigarouna 1/4

NO NOTHE PREDIDITION 2/4. DANN 2., VO ENIONEPTOU-HE PLETO TON 2 ON I Mi--- N POPET NOW HE DIJO-NOTOTO 2/2 NO POPIODUHE OTHE .

$$P[T_{n}^{+} < +00 \mid X_{0} = 4] =$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \left[ \frac{1}{2} p + \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^{2} + \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^{2} + \cdots + \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^{n} \right] - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} + \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^{n+4} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{$$

$$= 1 + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \cdots + \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n} + \cdots = 1 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot$$

I 19 TWV KOJAVAUM 2:

$$P\left[T_{2}^{+} \angle +\infty \mid X_{0} = 2\right] = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\left[\frac{1}{4}\right]^{0} + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{+} + \cdots + \frac{1}{4}\right)^{0}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{n+2} - \frac{1}{4}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{n+2} \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{n+2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{n+2}$$

Openior he opins
$$E[V(2) | \chi_{0}=2] = 1 + \lim_{N \to \infty} P[T_{2} < +\infty | \chi_{0}=2]$$

$$= 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{3}\right) + 1 = \frac{5}{3}$$

Locum 31  $E_{X}(V(y) = P_{X}[T_{Y} < \infty] - E_{Y}(V(y))$ anon abon à vabogirin Ex(A(X)) = T-Z(X) onso \$(y)=Py[T+<0] orpa 1- Py [Ty 200] = Py [Ty =00] =7- &( X) Spreadoughe the supposed of t

onou Shahad on other N out you to Siet 170 on other of shahad cope of poor y napoli king poor y napoli king

Typingu 35/1 ga Shaniouonaphre Eud Ingladio ogn vjugito · M vos  $P_{\times}\left[\overline{1}_{0} < \infty\right] = \left(P_{\perp}\left[\overline{1}_{0} < \infty\right]\right)^{\perp}$ ~ X=1 = [ 00 > 0,7] x 1 1,00 solvois Coun P\_ ( To 200) )X ~ X=N+1 Px[Tocoo]=Pnti[Tncoo]Pn([Tocoo])d. oino laribi Mabrofiani igistina co int { k > 0: X = x-1] anorelée povo Siakonnis. ono v a Junião par avarensesos Jed Did IM a Jouzed July Nu= XI +m dus 10xbr plabropin Apa o Tx-1=in+{ k700 x /k= x-1} · = To=inf{k7,0: 1/2=0} Apa n Pn-1 [Tn-200] = P. ([To-coo]) -> Jia Tim alvissa \* To Pn([to-coo]) ano Englusnini unosem:

$$= P_{1}(tT_{0} < \omega)^{X}$$

$$\xrightarrow{X=nt_{2}} P_{X}[T_{0} < \omega] = P_{1}[T_{0} < \omega]^{X}$$

kan n enajossi allue.

Ounamka Tutl=In tinf { k70° / knHk=x]
=Thtinf { k70° / k=x}

Sam 34

Anotestu Tou #: Exoups for new maxista, (2n) Elvaro
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The poly point  $\left(\frac{n}{n-k}\right)\left(\frac{n}{k}\right) = \left(\frac{n}{k}\right)^2$   $= \left(\frac{2n}{n}\right)^2 \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{2n} = \frac{1}{2^n} \cdot \frac{2n}{n}^2 \cdot \frac{2n}{n}^2 \cdot \frac{1}{n}^2$   $= \frac{1}{2^n} \cdot \frac{2n}{n}^2 \cdot \frac{2n}{n}^2 \cdot \frac{2n}{n}^2 \cdot \frac{1}{n}^2$   $= \frac{1}{n}$   $= \frac{1}{n}$