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//ICSI 333. System Fundamentals
//Spring 2022
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Purpose:
    This program takes commands from the user to perform various operations
    on a string linkedlist that is printed to a file at the end of the run.
    Function Summaries and Parameter Descriptions:
    void ina(struct node **h, struct node **t, int num, char str[255]) - Adds a member into the list after a specified index.
        -struct node **h -> Address of the head of the list.
        -struct node **t -> Address of the tail of the list.
        -int num -> Index to insert after in the list
        -char str[255] -> The string to be inserted after the specified point in the list.
    void inb(struct node **h, struct node **t, int num, char str[255]) - Adds a member into the list before a specified index.
        -struct node **h -> Address of the head of the list.
        -struct node **t -> Address of the tail of the list.
        -int num -> Index to insert before in the list
        -char str[255] -> The string to be inserted before the specified point in the list.
    void rep(struct node* h, int pos, char new[255]) - Replaces the text at a specified index.
        -struct node *h -> Pointer to the head of the list.
        -int pos -> Index in the list to replace.
        -char new[255] -> The new string to replace the string at the specified index.
    void prn(struct node *head) - Prints the list to the screen.
        -struct node *head -> Pointer to the head of the list.
    void del(struct node **ph, int pos, char x[255]) - Deletes a node from the list and reorders indexes.
        -struct node **ph -> Address to the head of the list.
        -int pos -> Index that will be deleted in the list.
        -char x[255] -> String to be deleted from the list.
    void insert_node(struct node **h, struct node **t, char v[255]) - Inserts a node into the linked list.
   -struct_node **h -> Address of the head of the list.
   -struct_node **t -> Address of the tail of the list.
        -char str[255] -> The string to be inserted in the list.
    void delete_node(struct node **ph, char x[255]) - Deletes a node from the list without regard to index.
        -struct node **ph -> Address to the head of the list.
        -char x[255] -> String to be deleted from the list.
    void print_list(struct node *h) - Prints the list to the screen.
         -struct node *h -> Pointer to the head of the list
    void printToFile(struct node *h) - Prints the list to the output file.
        -struct node *h -> Pointer to the head of the list
    struct node* search_list(struct node *h, char str[255]) - Searches the list for a member and returns the node.
        -struct node *h -> Pointer to the head of the list.
        -char str[255] -> String to be searched for in the list.
    @return -> Returns either the node of the found member or NULL if the member is not in the list.
    struct node{}
        -char text[]
        -int index
        -struct node *next
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>
/* Struct for each node in the linked list. */
struct node {
    char text[255];
    int index;
    struct node *next;
};
/* Pointers to the first and last nodes of list are used */
/* to facilitate insertion at the end of list. */
struct node *head, *tail;
//Index Initializer for use in assignment.
int ind = -1;
//Prototypes
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void insert node (struct node **h, struct node **t, char v[255]);
void print_list(struct node *h);
void delete_node(struct node **ph, char x[255]);
void printToFile(struct node *h, FILE *out_file);
struct node *search_list(struct node *h, char x[255]);
void rep(struct node* h, int pos, char new[255]);
void prn(struct node *head);
void rearrange(struct node **h);
void ina(struct node **h, struct node **t, int num, char str[255]);
void inb(struct node **h, struct node **t, int num, char str[255]);
void del(struct node** h, struct node **t, int pos);
int main(void) {
    //Thought the list had to be written to output file but since it works cleanly I left it. Prints to file on end.
    FILE *out_file = fopen("out.txt", "w");
    //Number taken in for use in commands.
    int arg1;
    //Variable for use in while loop.
    int temp = -1;
    //Input string
    char input[100];
    //End string.
    char end[4] = "end";
    //Command string.
    char command[4];
    //Initialize Variables for LinkedList
    head = tail = NULL;
    //Command prompt until end is read
    while (temp != 0) {
        printf("Command?"); fflush(stdout);
        scanf("%s", command);
        if (strcmp(command, end) == 0)
        {
            printToFile(head, out_file);
            fclose(out_file);
        if (strcmp(command, "ina") == 0)
            scanf("%d", &arg1);
scanf("%s", input);
            ina(&head, &tail, arg1, input);
        else if (strcmp(command, "inb") == 0)
        {
            scanf("%d", &arg1);
            scanf("%s", input);
            inb(&head, &tail, arg1, input);
        else if (strcmp(command, "del") == 0)
        {
            scanf("%d", &arg1);
            del(&head, &tail, arg1);
        else if (strcmp(command, "rep") == 0)
        {
            scanf("%d", &arg1);
            scanf("%s", input);
            rep(head, arg1, input);
        else if (strcmp(command, "prn") == 0)
        {
            prn(head);
    }
    return ⊖;
} /* End of main. */
void rearrange(struct node **h)
{
    int i = 0;
    struct node *temp;
    temp = *h;
    while (temp != NULL)
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temp->index = ++i;
        temp = temp->next;
}
void ina(struct node **h, struct node **t, int num, char str[255])
    //New Empty Node
    struct node *newNode;
    if ((newNode = (struct node *) malloc(sizeof(struct node))) == NULL) {
        printf("Node allocation failed. \n"); fflush(stdout);
        exit(1);
    strcpy(newNode->text, str);
    newNode->next = NULL;
    int cond = -1;
    if (*h == NULL)
        insert_node(h, t, str);
        printf("0k.\n");fflush(stdout);
    }
    else
    {
        if (search list(*h, str) == NULL)
             //Index is not in the list.
            if ((*t)->index < num)
                insert_node(h, t, str);
                printf("Item inserted at end of list.\n"); fflush(stdout);
            //Insert after the last member of the list.
            else if ((*t)-\sin ex == num)
                insert_node(h, t, str);
printf("0k.\n"); fflush(stdout);
                 return;
            struct node* temp = *h;
            //Needs to go to specified point in list.
            while (num--)
                temp = temp->next;
            newNode->next = temp->next;
            newNode->index = temp->index;
            newNode->index++;
            temp->next = newNode;
            printf("0k.\n");fflush(stdout);
             rearrange(h);
        }
        else
        {
            printf("Such text exists already. \n"); fflush(stdout);
    }
}
void inb(struct node **h, struct node **t, int num, char str[255])
    struct node *newNode;
    if ((newNode = (struct node *) malloc(sizeof(struct node))) == NULL) {
        printf("Node allocation failed. \n"); fflush(stdout);
        exit(1);
    strcpy(newNode->text, str);
    newNode->next = NULL;
    if (*h == NULL)
        insert_node(h, t, str);
        printf("0k. \n"); fflush(stdout);
    }
    else
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if (search_list(*h, str) == NULL)
            if (num == 1 \mid \mid num == 0)
            {
                struct node* temp;
                temp = *h;
                newNode->next = temp;
                *h = newNode;
                printf("0k. \n"); fflush(stdout);
                rearrange(h);
                return;
            if ((*t)-\sin x < num)
                struct node* temp;
                temp = *h;
                newNode->next = temp;
                *h = newNode;
                printf("Text inserted at beginning. \n"); fflush(stdout);
                rearrange(h);
            }
            else
            {
                struct node *temp, *temp2, *prev;
                temp = *h;
                while (temp->index != num && temp != NULL)
                {
                    prev = temp;
                    temp = temp->next;
                if ((temp2 = (struct node *) malloc(sizeof(struct node))) == NULL) {
                    printf("Node allocation failed. \n"); fflush(stdout);
                    exit(1);
                temp2->index = temp->index;
                strcpy(temp2->text, str);
                temp2->next = prev->next;
                prev->next = temp2;
                rearrange(h);
                printf("0k. \n"); fflush(stdout);
            }
        }
        else
        {
            printf("Such text exists already.\n");
    }
}
void rep(struct node* h, int pos, char new[255])
    while (h != NULL) {
        if (h->index == pos) {
            if (strcmp(h->text, new) == 0) {
                printf("Such text exists already.");fflush(stdout);
                break;
            }
            else {
                strcpy(h->text, new);
                printf("Replaced.\n"); fflush(stdout);
            }
        }
        else {
            h = h->next;
        }
    printf("No such index.");
void del(struct node** h, struct node **t, int pos)
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struct node* temp;
    struct node* prev;
    temp = *h;
    if ((*t)-\sin ex < pos)
        printf("No such index.");fflush(stdout);
    }
    else
    {
        if (temp != NULL && temp->index == pos)
            *h = temp->next;
            free(temp);
            printf("Deleted.\n"); fflush(stdout);
        else
        {
            while (temp != NULL && temp->index != pos)
                prev = temp;
                temp = temp->next;
            prev->next = temp->next;
            free(temp);
            printf("Deleted.\n"); fflush(stdout);
        rearrange(h);
}
void prn(struct node *head)
{
    print_list(head);
}
void printToFile(struct node *h, FILE *out_file)
    /st Prints the values stored in the nodes of the list st/
    /* pointed to by h. */
    if (h == NULL) {
        fprintf(out_file, "The list is empty.\n");
    else {
        fprintf(out_file, "Values in the list are:\n");
        while (h != NULL) {
            fprintf(out_file, "Index: %d %s\n", h->index, h->text);
            h = h->next;
        }
    }
}
void insert_node (struct node **h, struct node **t, char v[255]) {
    /* Creates a new node with value given by parameter v */
    /st and inserts that node at the end of the list whose st/
    /st first and last nodes are pointed to by *h and *t */
    /* respectively. */
    struct node *temp;
    if ((temp = (struct node *) malloc(sizeof(struct node))) == NULL) {
        printf("Node allocation failed. \n"); fflush(stdout);
        exit(1); /* Stop program */
    /* Space for node obtained. Copy the value v into the node */
    /* and insert the node at the end of the list. */
    strcpy(temp->text, v);
    temp->next = NULL;
    if (*h == NULL) {
        /* List is currently empty. */
        *h = *t = temp;
        ind = 1;
        (*h)->index = ind;
    else { /* The list is not empty. Use *t to add the node */
        /* at the end. */
        (*t)->next = temp;
        *t = (*t)->next;
        ind++;
        (*t)->index = ind;
} /* End of insert_node. */
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```
void print_list(struct node *h) {
    /st Prints the values stored in the nodes of the list st/
    /* pointed to by h. */
    if (h == NULL) {
        printf("The list is empty.\n"); fflush(stdout);
        printf("Values in the list are:\n");fflush(stdout);
        while (h != NULL) {
    printf("Index: %d %s\n", h->index, h->text); fflush(stdout);
        }
} /* End of print_list */
struct node *search_list(struct node *h, char x[255]) {
    /st Returns a pointer to the first node which contains the value st/
    /st given by x. If there is no such node, the function returns st/
    /* NULL. */
    while (h != NULL) {
        if (strcmp(h->text, x) == 0)
            return h;
        h = h->next;
    ^{\prime *} Here, there is no node with value x. ^{*\prime}
    return NULL;
} /* End of search list */
void delete_node (struct node **ph, char x[255]) {
    struct node *temp = *ph;
    struct node *prev;
    if (temp != NULL \&\& strcmp(temp->text, x) == 0) {
         *ph = temp->next;
         free(temp);
        return;
    while (temp != NULL \&\& strcmp(temp->text, x) != 0) {
        temp = temp->next;
    if (temp == NULL) {
        return;
    prev->next = temp->next;
    free(temp);
}/* End of delete node */
```