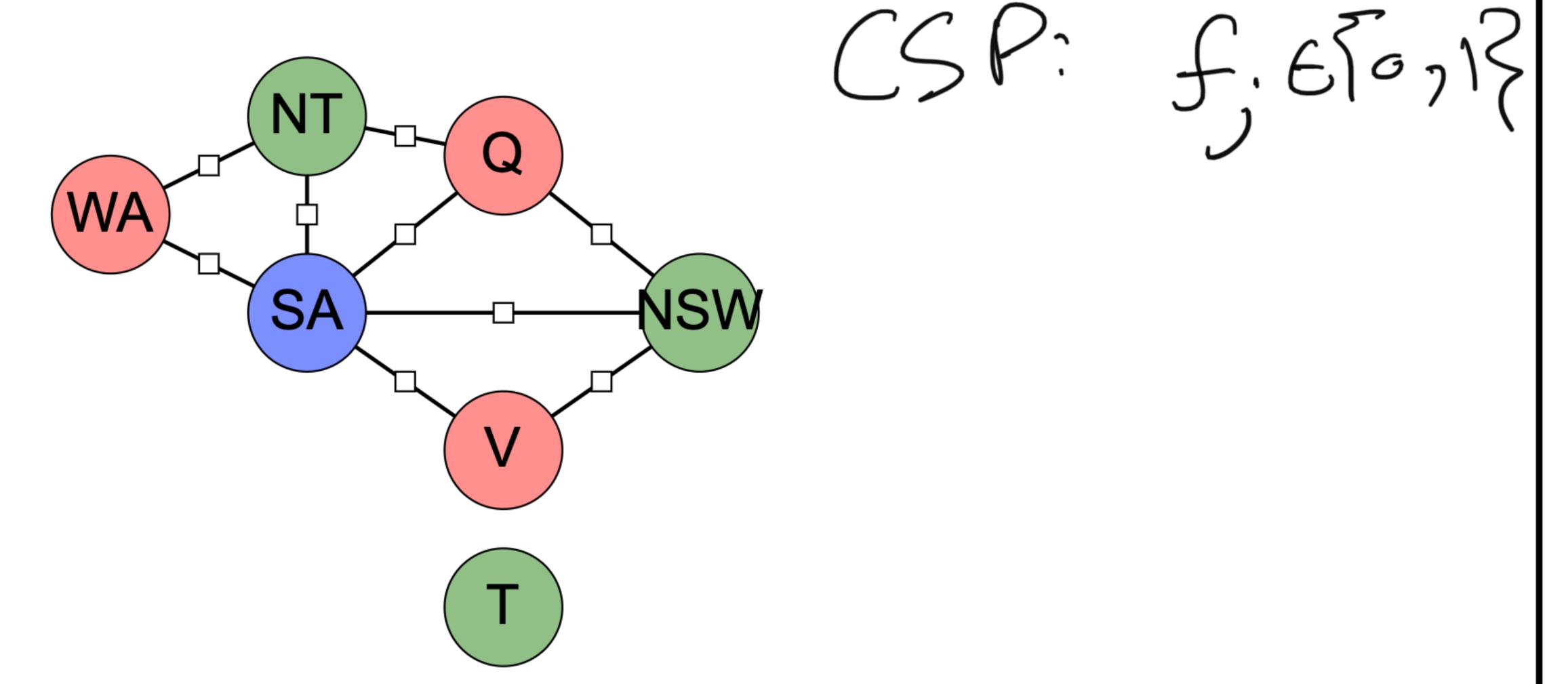


#### Example: map coloring-



#### Assignment:

 $x = \{WA : R, NT : G, SA : B, Q : R, NSW : G, V : R, T : G\}$ 

#### Weight:

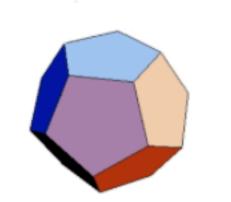
Weight(x) =  $1 \cdot 1 = 1$ 

#### Assignment:

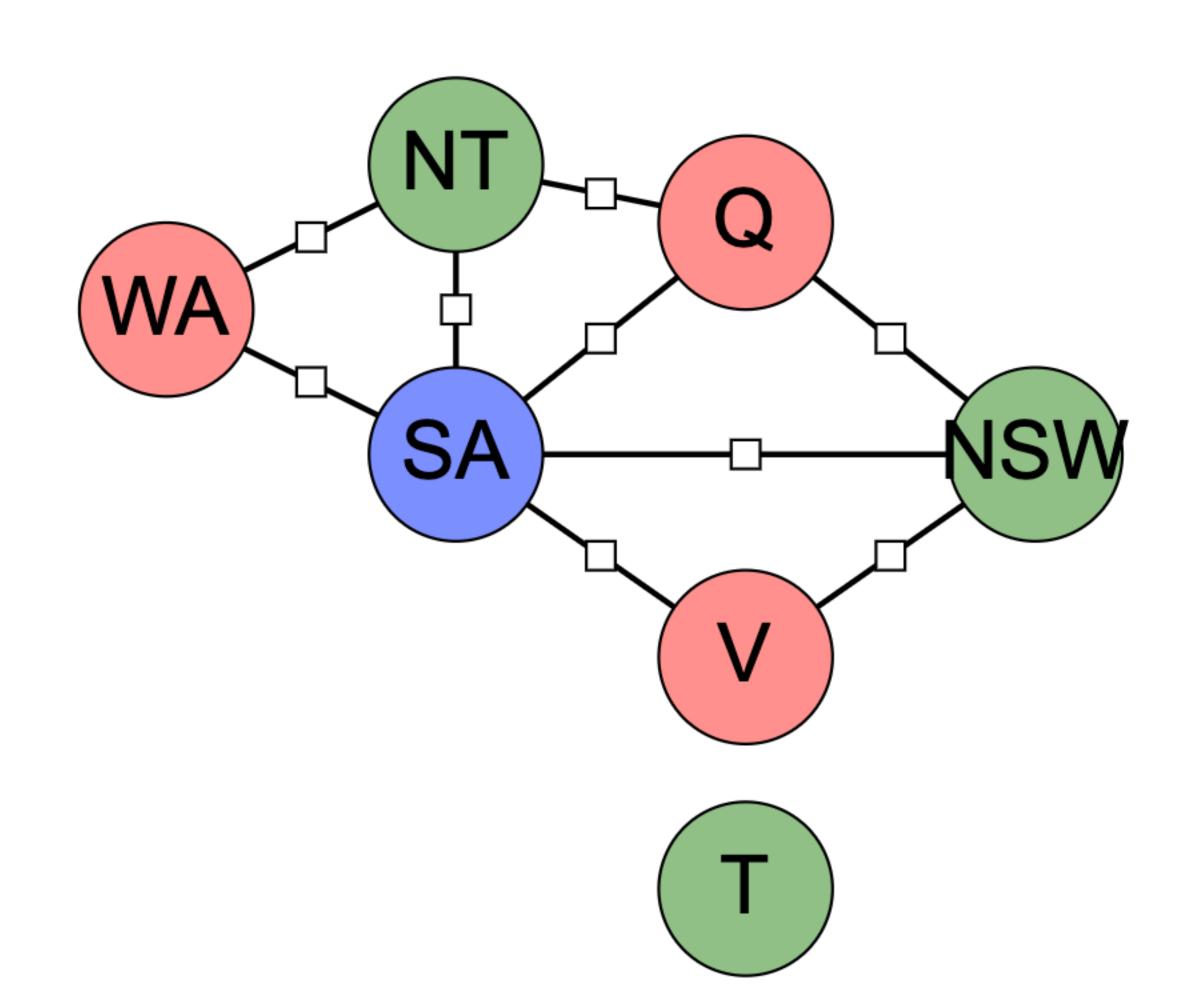
 $x' = \{WA : \mathbb{R}, NT : \mathbb{R}, SA : \mathbb{B}, Q : \mathbb{R}, NSW : \mathbb{G}, V : \mathbb{R}, T : \mathbb{G}\}$ 

#### Weight:

 $\operatorname{Weight}(x') = 0 \cdot 0 \cdot 1 = 0$ 



#### Example: map coloring-



#### Assignment:

 $x = \{ \text{WA} : \frac{\mathbf{R}}{\mathbf{R}}, \text{NT} : \mathbf{G}, \text{SA} : \frac{\mathbf{B}}{\mathbf{B}}, \text{Q} : \frac{\mathbf{R}}{\mathbf{R}}, \text{NSW} : \mathbf{G}, \text{V} : \frac{\mathbf{R}}{\mathbf{R}}, \text{T} : \mathbf{G} \}$ 

#### Weight:

Weight(x) =  $1 \cdot 1 = 1$ 

#### Assignment:

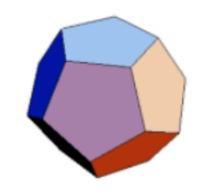
 $x' = \{ WA : \mathbb{R}, NT : \mathbb{R}, SA : \mathbb{B}, Q : \mathbb{R}, NSW : \mathbb{G}, V : \mathbb{R}, T : \mathbb{G} \}$ 

#### Weight:

 $\operatorname{Weight}(x') = 0 \cdot 0 \cdot 1 = 0$ 

## Arc consistency

Idea: eliminate values from domains ⇒ reduce branching



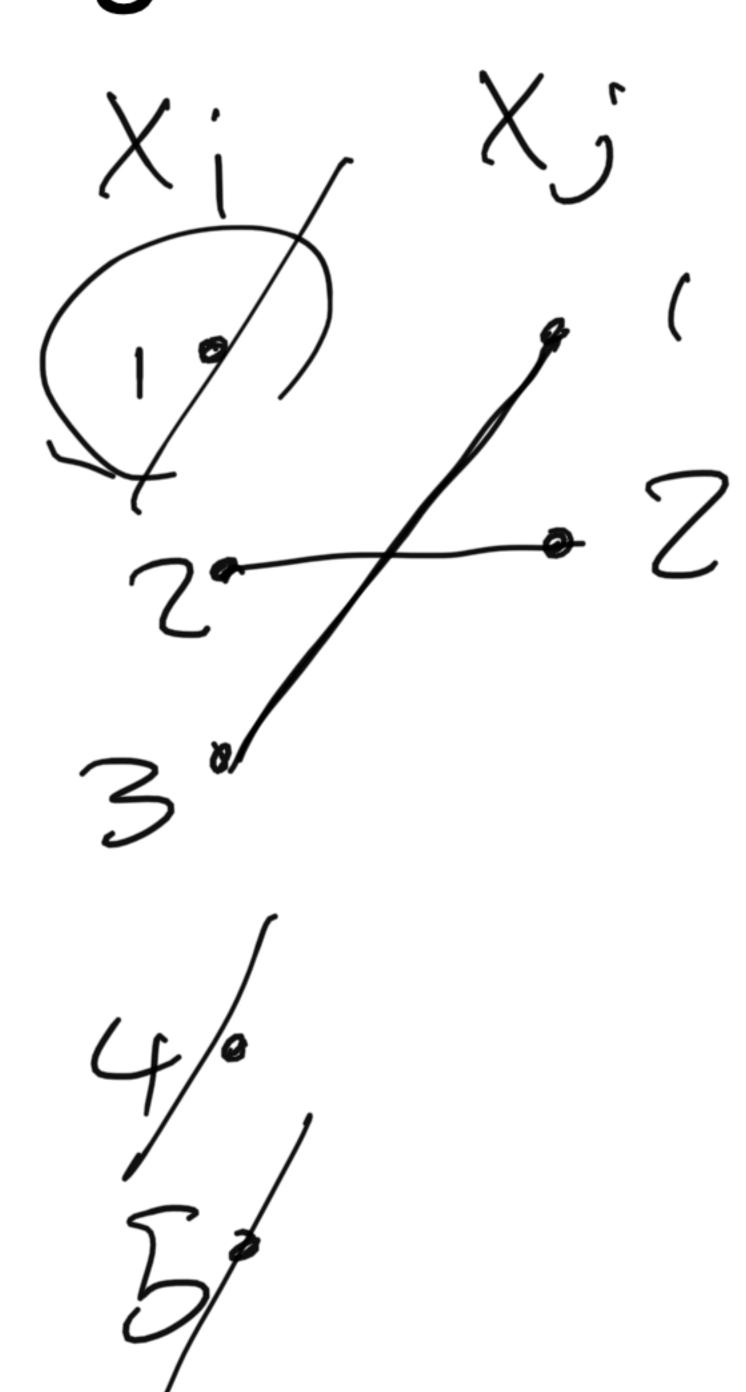
## Example: numbers—

Before enforcing arc consistency on  $X_i$ :

$$X_i \in {
m Domain}_i = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$$

$$X_j \in \mathrm{Domain}_j = \{1, 2\}$$

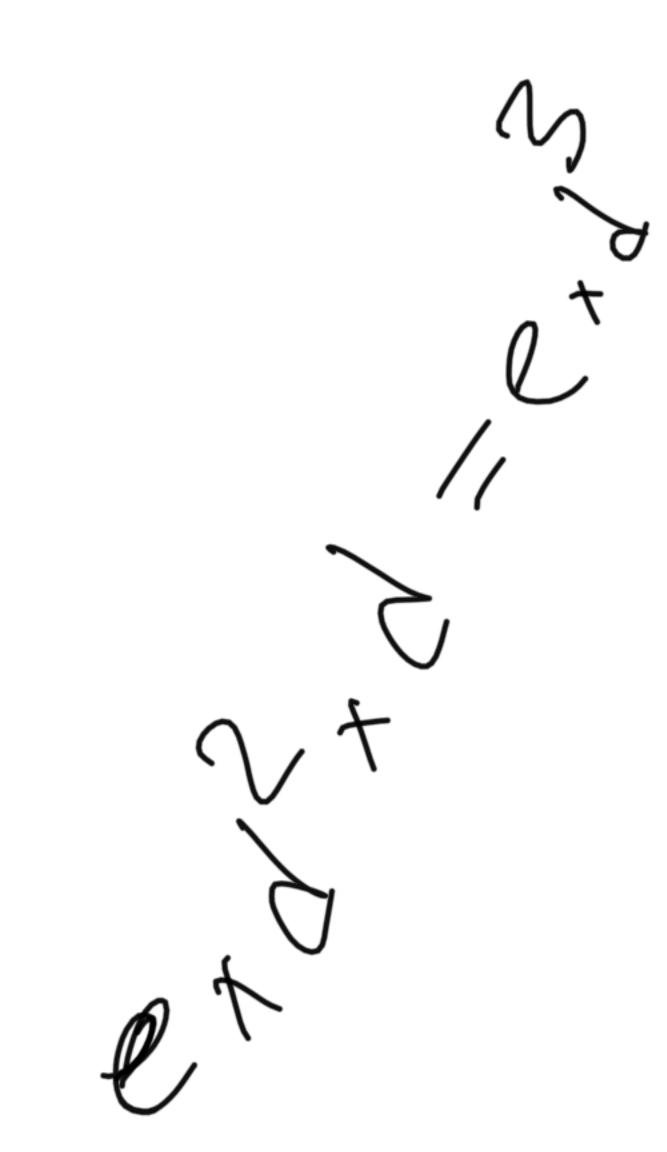
$$f_1(X) = [X_i + X_j = 4]$$



[whiteboard]

### AC-3

Forward checking: when assign  $X_j:x_j$ , set  $\mathrm{Domain}_j=\{x_j\}$  and enforce arc consistency on all neighbors  $X_i$  with respect to  $X_j$ 



AC-3: repeatedly enforce arc consistency on all variables

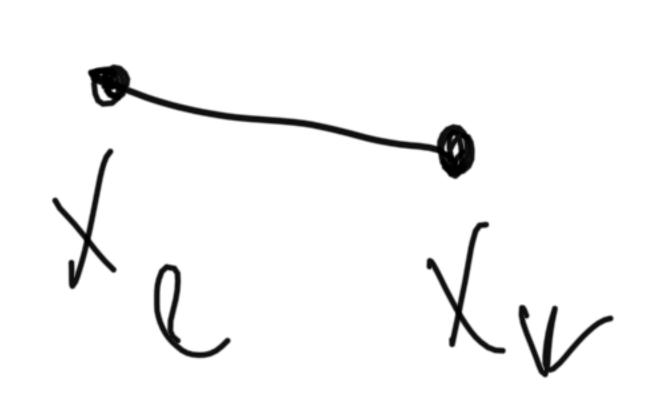


#### Algorithm: AC-3-

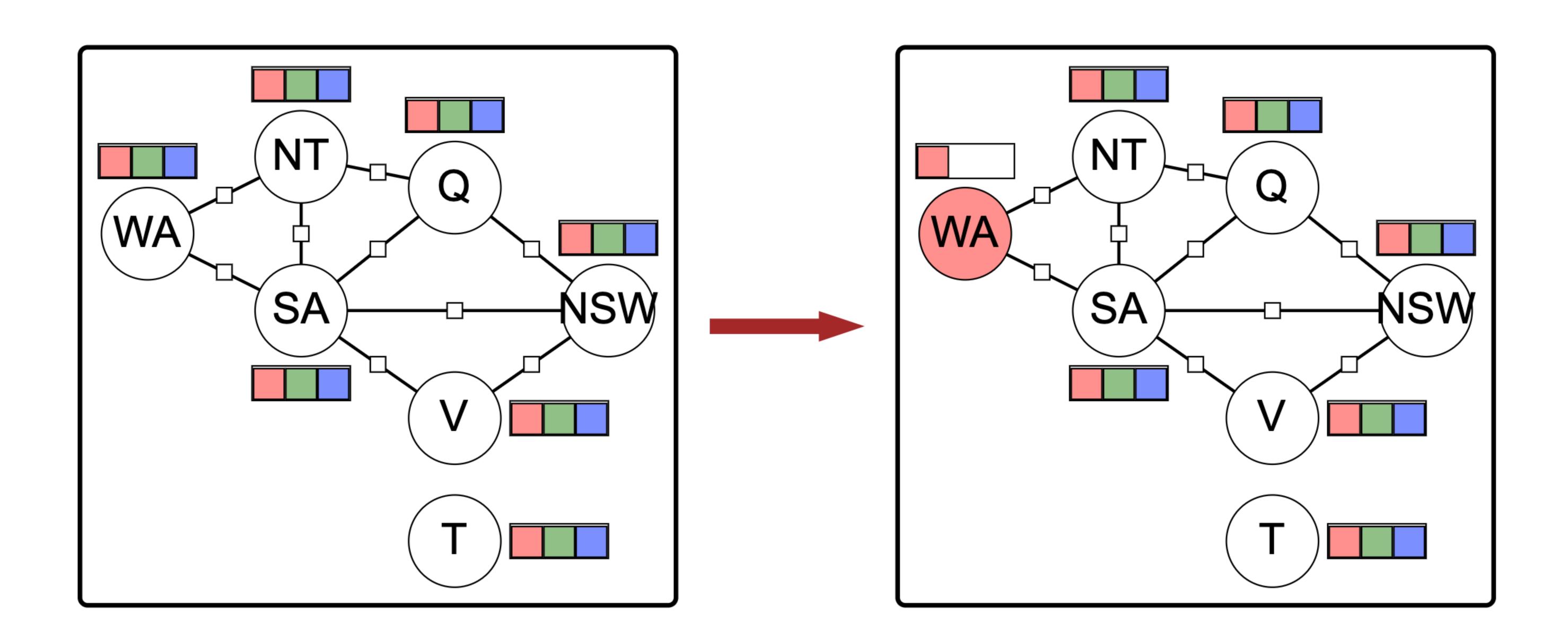
Add  $X_j$  to set.

While set is non-empty:

- Remove any  $X_k$  from set.
- ullet For all neighbors  $X_l$  of  $X_k$ :
  - ullet Enforce arc consistency on  $X_l$  w.r.t.  $X_k$ .
  - If  $\operatorname{Domain}_{l}$  changed, add  $X_{l}$  to set.



# AC-3 (example)



CS221 / Spring 2020 / Finn & Anari