

INTRODUCTION

EVER SINCE WE WERE YOUNG, WE HAVE BEEN fascinated with collecting and organizing information from the world around us.

Stefanie remembers going to baseball games with her father, helping him fill out baseball scorecards, slowly compressing inning after inning of the game into pencilled notations on two sides of paper, and feeling excited at being able to capture a moment in time into something that could be neatly tucked away and re-lived at another date.

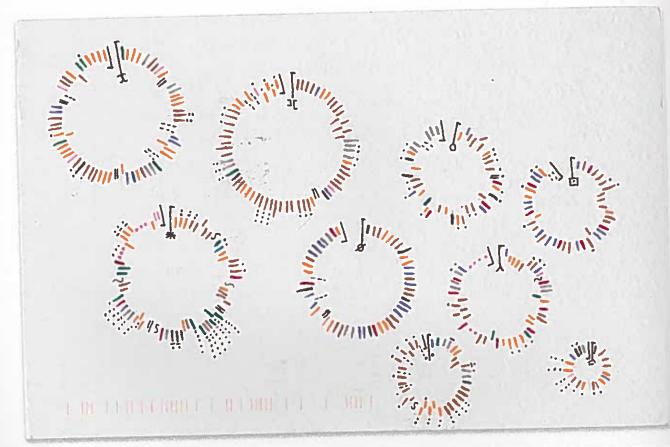
Giorgia remembers how, as a child, she loved to collect and organize all kind of items into transparent folders that she would then tag with maniacal care. Coloured pieces of papers, little stones, pieces of textiles from her grandmother's tailor-shop, buttons, sales receipts and many more formed her collections, and she remembers the pleasure of categorizing her treasures according to their colours, sizes and dimensions and drawing tiny labels to specify how to read them.

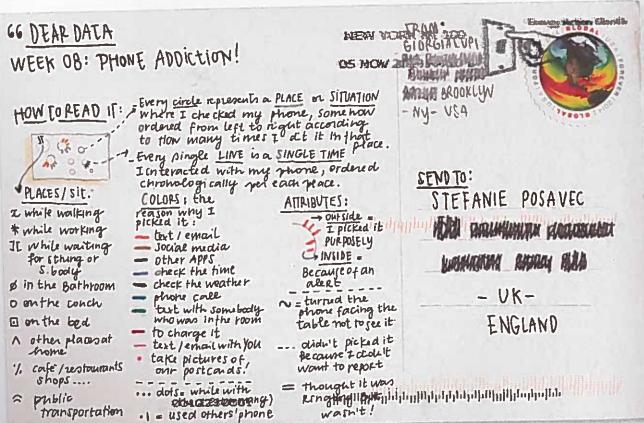
It was only later when we became adults that we realized we were collecting data, and that data was something that we could communicate with while working as information designers.

Unknowingly living almost parallel lives, when we bumped into each other at an arts festival we realized how similar they were. We were each living in a foreign country (Giorgia moved from Italy to New York, and Stefanie, who grew up in Denver, Colorado, now lives in London), we were the same age and were both only children. But, most importantly, we were visual designers who both loved drawing, and specifically drawing with data.

This book is the story of how we, Giorgia and Stefanie, became friends through revealing to each other the details of our daily lives. But we didn't do this by chatting in cafés and bars or on social media. Instead we started an old-fashioned correspondence with an unusual twist. Each week, for a year, we sent each other a postcard describing what had happened to the other during that week. But we didn't write what had happened — we drew it. And we didn't try to draw about everything that had happened to us: we selected a weekly theme.

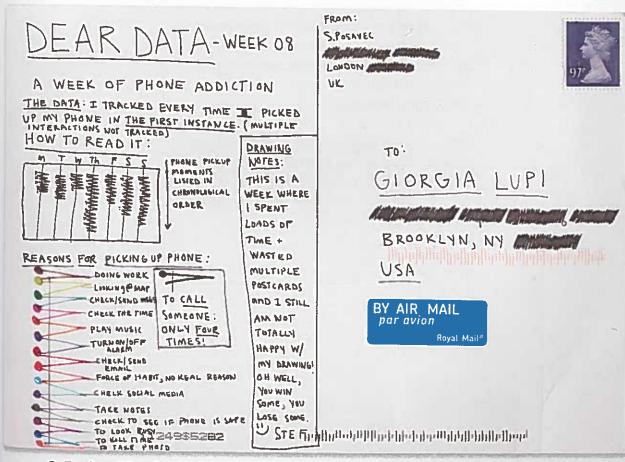
Every Monday we chose a particular subject on which to collect data about ourselves for the whole week: how often we complained, or the times when we felt envious; when we came into physical contact and with whom; the sounds we heard around us. We then created a drawing representing this data





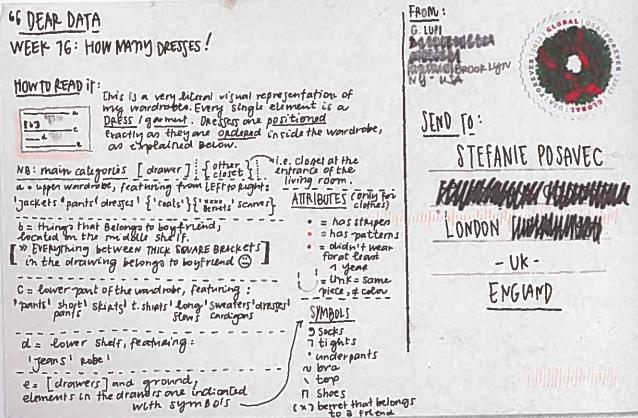
Yes, Giorgia realizes she does need to cut the cord with her phone (as do most of us). She was interested in the correlations between where she checks her phone and what she does with it, so the structure of her drawing reflects that.





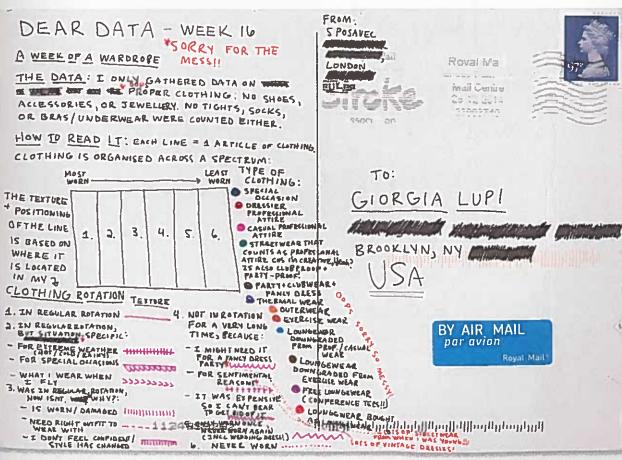
On Tuesday and Saturday Stefanie was mostly airborne and listening to music, as can be seen in her data drawing.

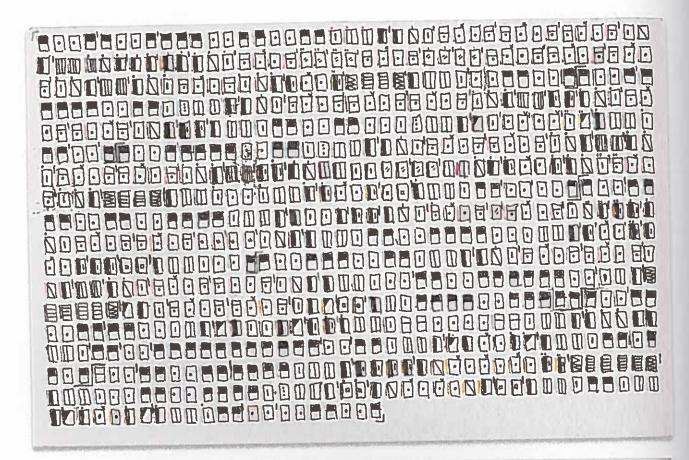


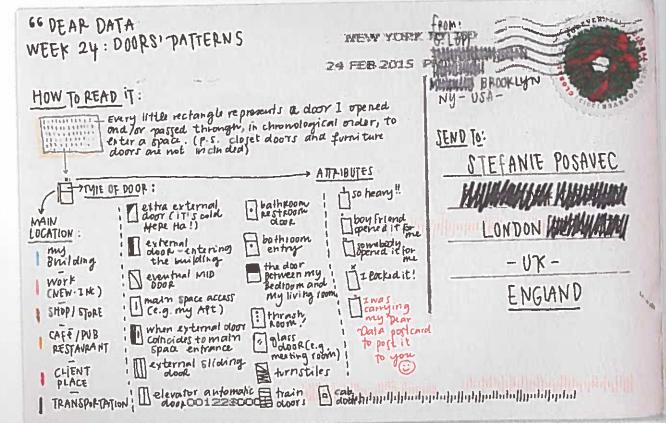


Since everything in her closet is well ordered, colour coded and folded according to her rules, Giorgia pushed this point and literally represented it visually, to show Stefanie how obsessive she is.

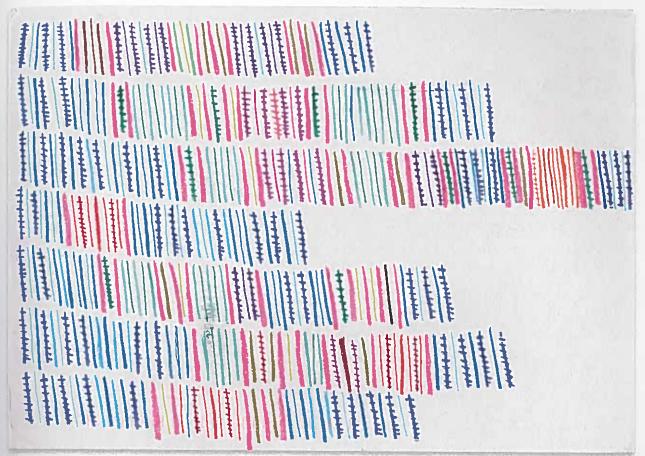


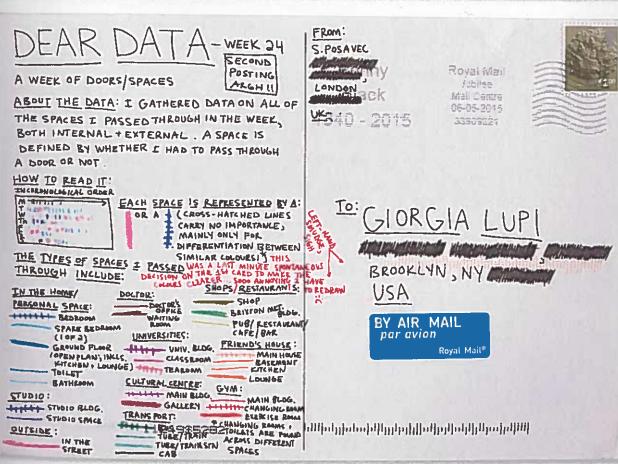




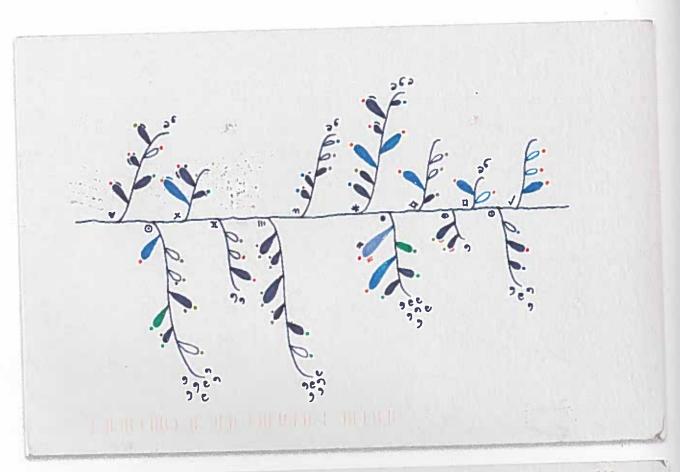


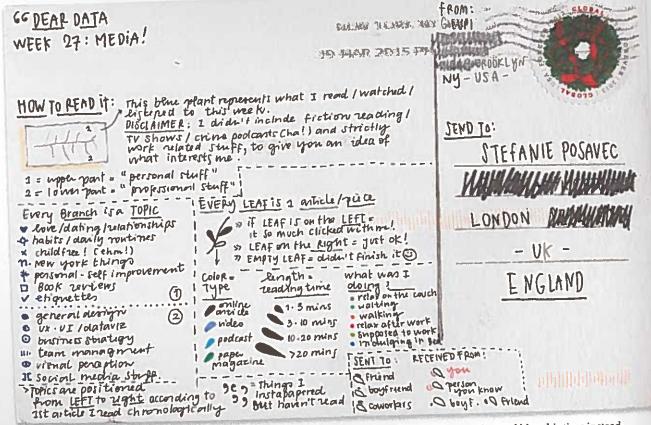
After spending more than six hours drawing this hyper-detailed card, Giorgia texted Stefanie as she posted it: "You need to know that if this one doesn't get to you I won't redraw it. You'll see what I mean."



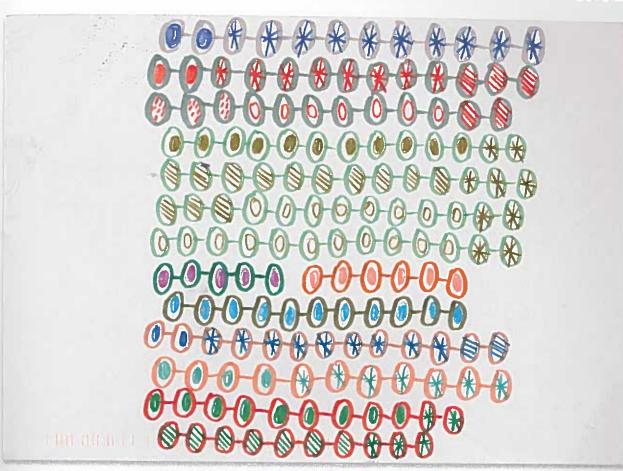


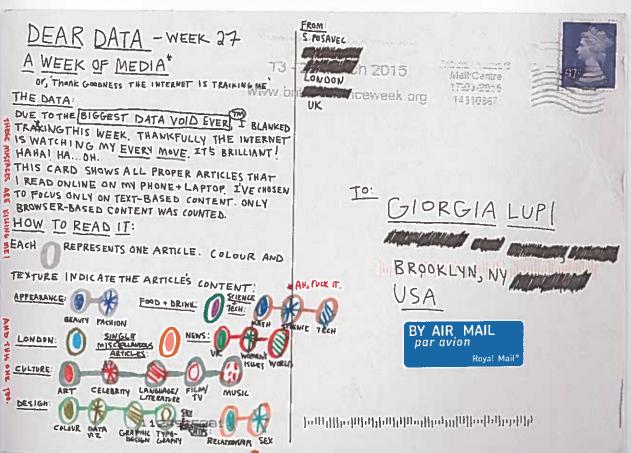
Unfortunately, while Giorgia's postcard arrived, Stefanie's postcard didn't, so she had to draw hers again (luckily it wasn't as detailed, but it was still supremely annoying).



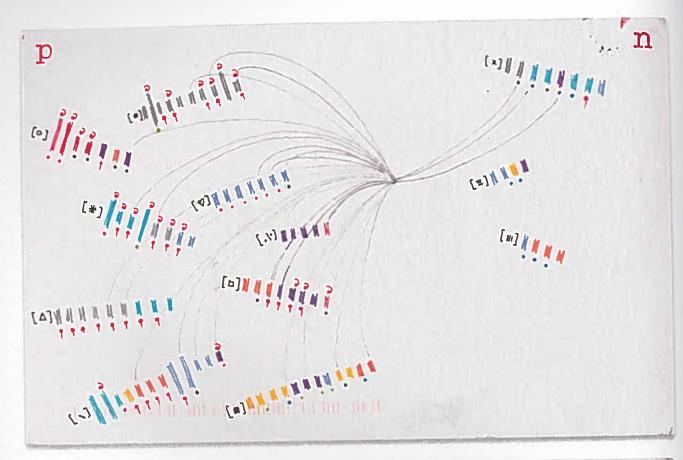


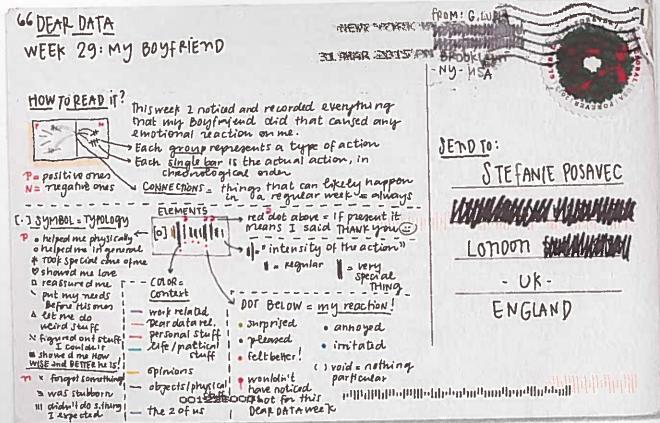
Why does Giorgia always draw with a black pen to begin with? As an incredibly bold move, she used blue this time instead.





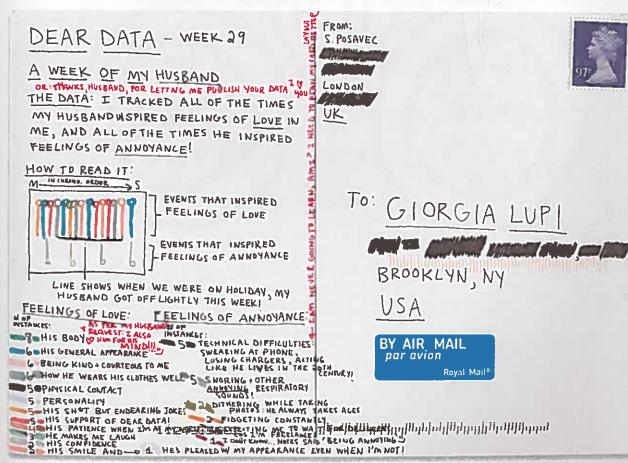
Besides Week Two, this is the only week where Stefanie unintentionally relied on technology for her data-gathering (and thank goodness, otherwise she would have had to send an empty postcard to Giorgia).



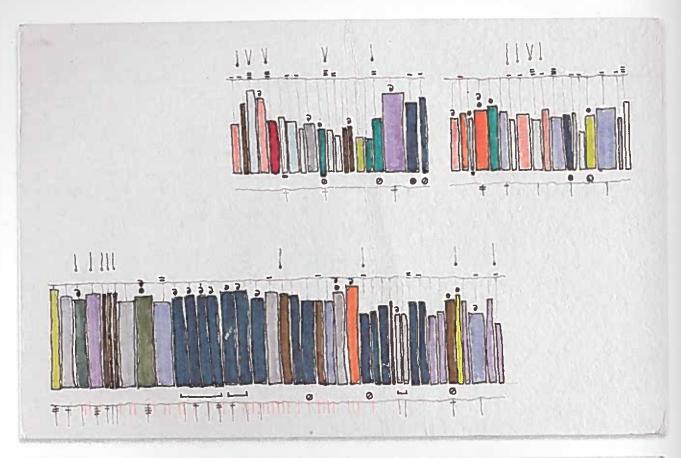


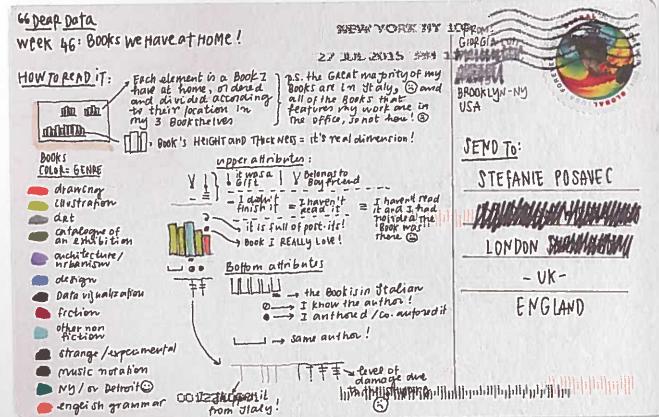
Giorgia found this an incredibly useful exercise for the week: it made her acknowledge the feelings her partner triggered, and counting and visualizing it made her see how she took his love and care for granted.





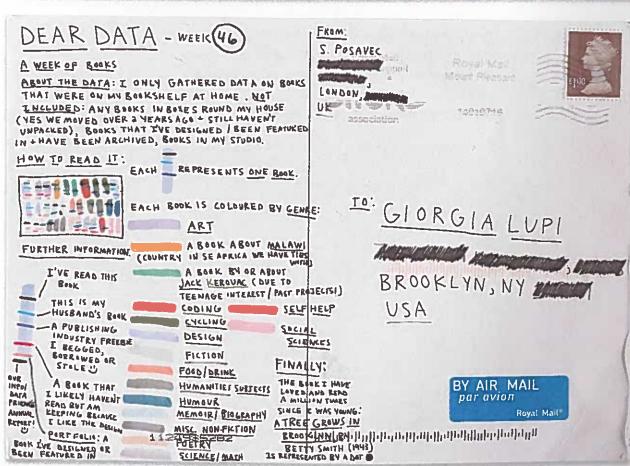
Since she was using his data, Stefanie asked her husband to approve the final postcard: due to "His Body" being the thing that most often inspired feelings of love, he asked her to add a caveat in red pen!





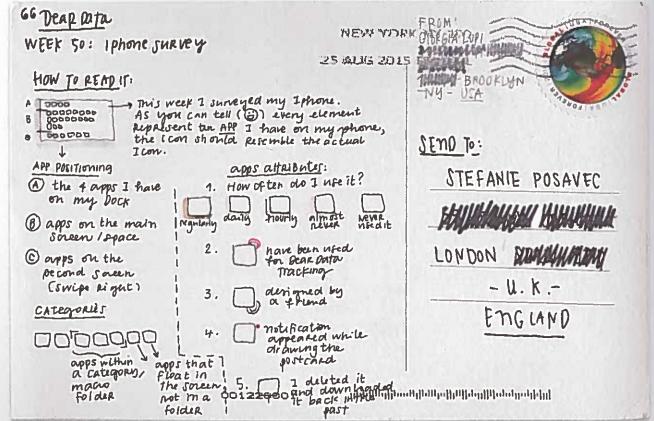
For Giorgia, this week recalled the funny (but painful) wait for her books to arrive in New York: the boxes shipped got here one after the other in a random way, each one more and more damaged as days passed.



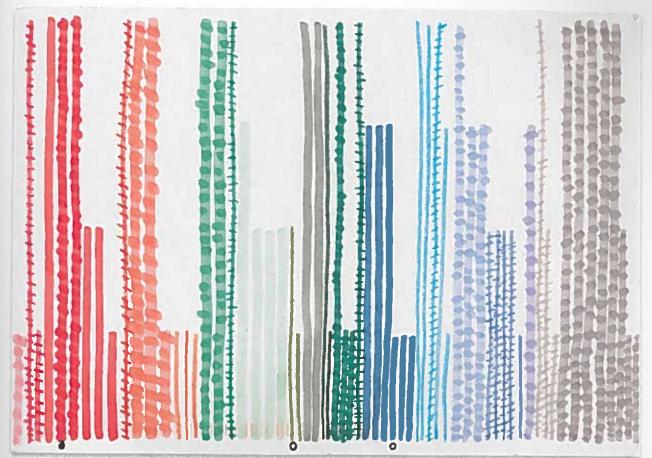


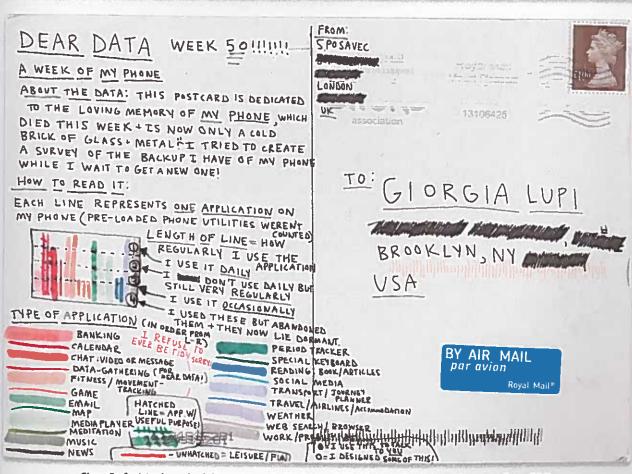
"Our info/data friend's annual report": a joke referencing our friend Nicholas Felton and his wonderful self-tracking project again.



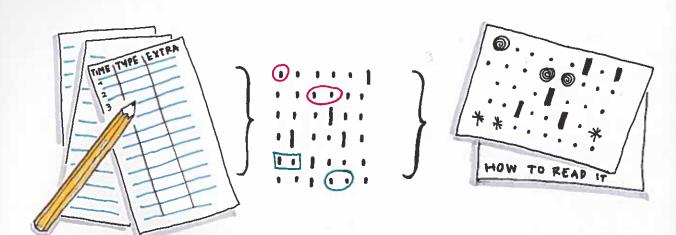


Before the end of the project, for once, Giorgia added illustrated details to her data-drawing to portray her phone to Stefanie in a more explicit way. (But she hates how the postcard looks) :(



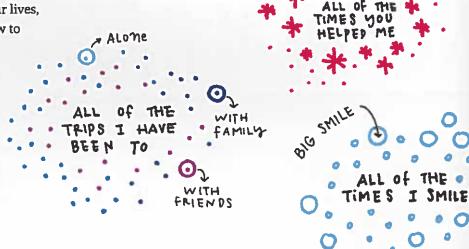


IT'S not THAT HAPD!



SEE THE WORLD AS A DATA COLLECTOR

Data permeates our days and our lives, it's just a matter of learning how to recognize it.



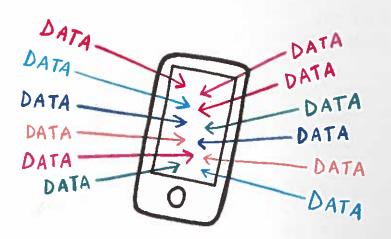
BEGIN WITH A QUESTION

Begin with a primary question: what do you want to know and explore? Then enrich the data (and give the drawings depth) by asking additional smaller, contextual questions.



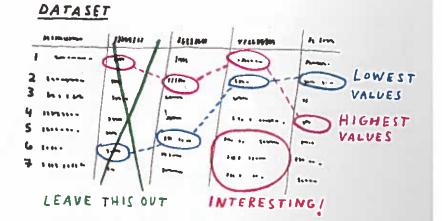
GATHER THE DATA

Thank goodness for modern technology: input manually-gathered data into note-taking or data-gathering apps on your phone, all the while being immediate, truthful, and consistent with your data-gathering.



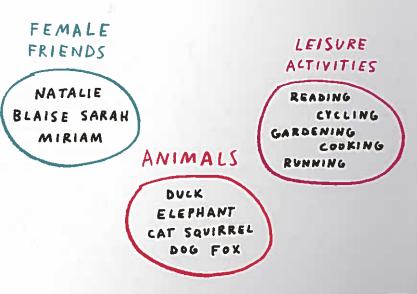
SPEND TIME WITH DATA

Before starting to visualize, always analyze and spend time with your data, searching for patterns and trying to understand it at a deeper level.



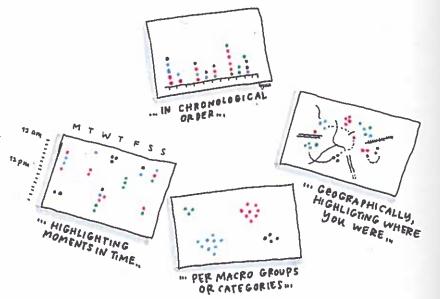
ORGANIZE AND CATEGORIZE

Often it's good to simplify the data by grouping it into larger categories based on what will best communicate the story.



FIND THE MAIN STORY

Starting with the patterns discovered in the data, decide what the main story is for the drawing. Finding the data's focus helps decide the layout of a data drawing.



VISUAL INSPIRATION TO BUILD YOUR PERSONAL VOCABULARY

Lose yourself in images, using the aesthetic qualities of the features you are attracted to as visual inspiration for the drawing.



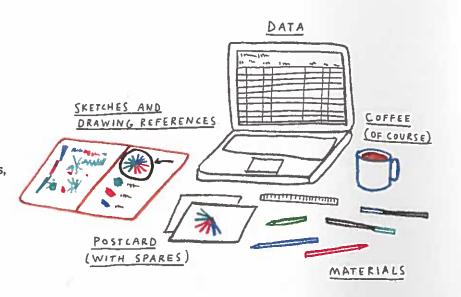
SKETCH AND EXPERIMENT WITH FIRST IDEAS

Explore ideas by sketching and playfully experimenting with form, colour, and materials in a freehand fashion as you decide the visual elements that will represent every part of the data.



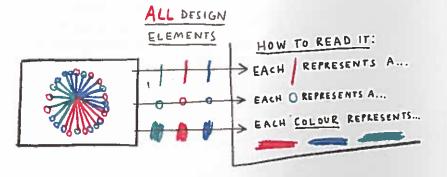
DRAW THE FINAL PICTURE

After sketching and testing ideas for a data-drawing, you'll find an approach that works. Then create your drawing, ensuring it includes all the tiny details, trying to make it as beautiful (and as understandable) as you can.



DRAW THE LEGEND

Creating a legend starts with a question:
"What does someone need to read my
data-drawing?" In the legend, every
design element that represents data
is listed so the recipient understands
what everything means.



AND FINALLY, SEND IT ON ITS WAY!

