



# GAMING

May 24th, 2022

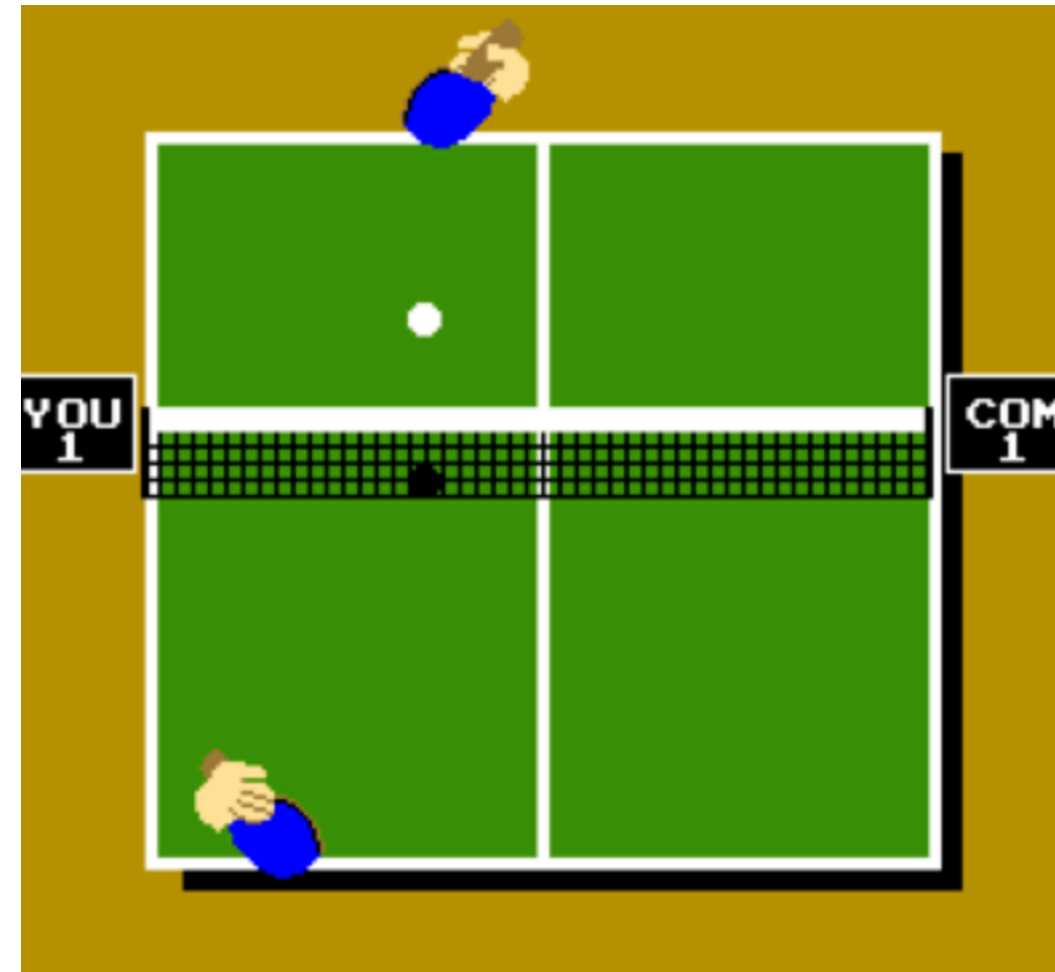
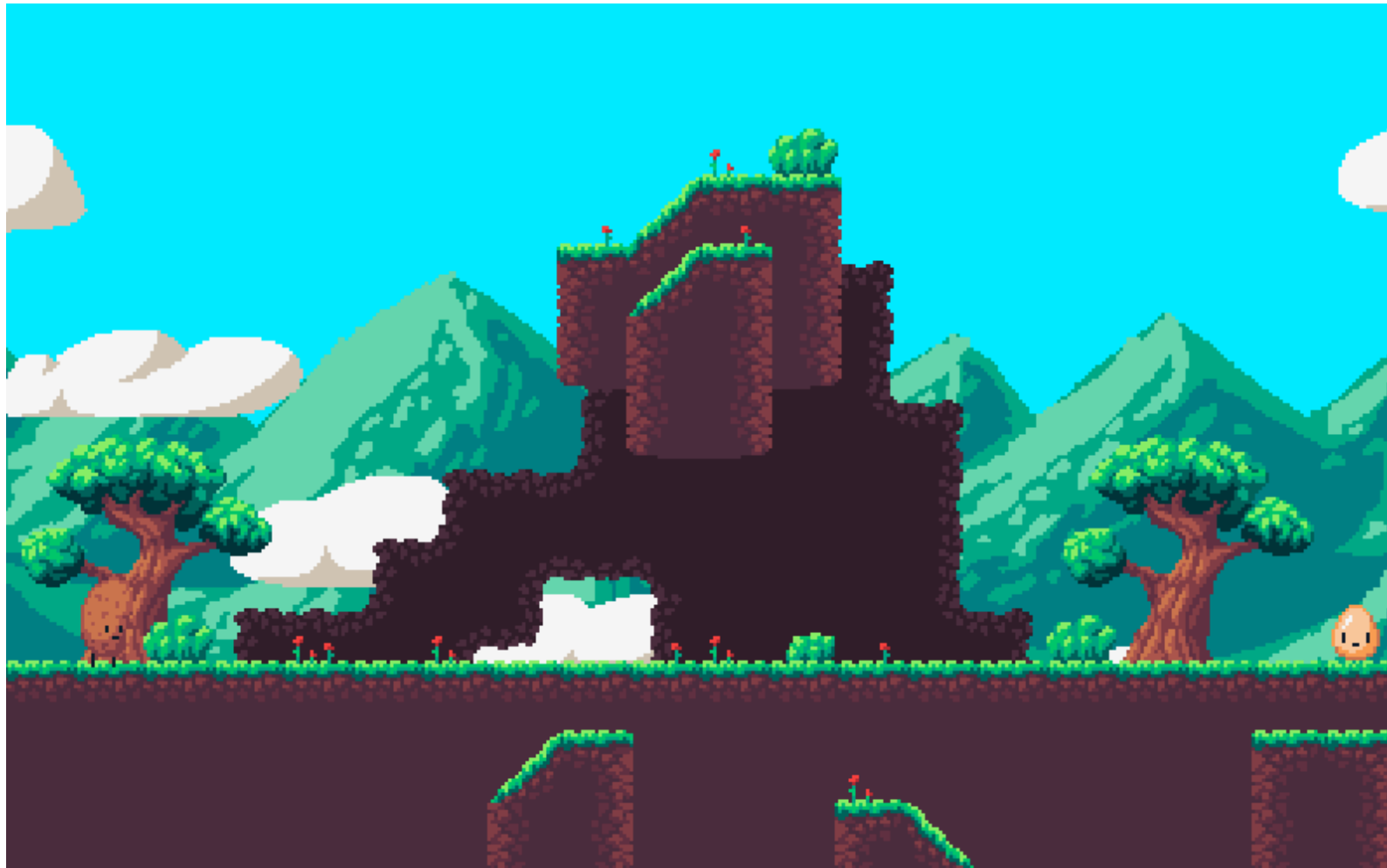
# Schedule

- Next Week Overview
- Unittesting
- Pygame

# Making Games in Python

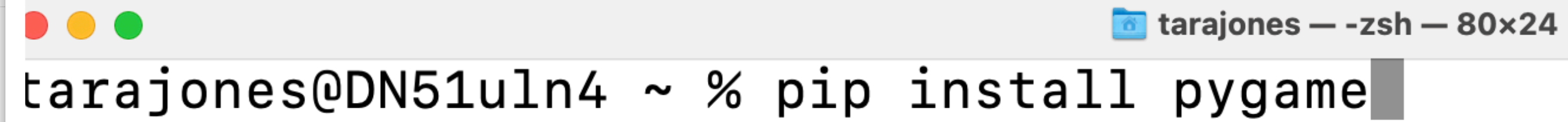


# Example Games



# Installation

- Non-SL package like we learned about last week

A terminal window with a title bar that reads "tarajones — -zsh — 80x24". The terminal content shows the prompt "tarajones@DN51u1n4 ~ %" followed by the command "pip install pygame" with a cursor at the end.

```
tarajones@DN51u1n4 ~ % pip install pygame
```

# GameLoop



# Game loop

- Center of game play control
- Updates state of the game
- Every cycle is a frame



# Events

- User actions that our game loops are centered on
- Access them with an event handler
- Every event has a type

QUIT  
ACTIVEEVENT  
KEYDOWN  
KEYUP  
MOUSEMOTION  
MOUSEBUTTONUP  
MOUSEBUTTONDOWN  
JOYAXISMOTION  
JOYBALLMOTION  
JOYHATMOTION  
JOYBUTTONUP  
JOYBUTTONDOWN  
VIDEORESIZE  
VIDEOEXPOSE  
USEREVENT



# Events

- These events are stored in a queue
- We can access them with the following:
  - `for event in pygame.event.get() :`
- `<Event(768-KeyDown {'unicode': '', 'key': 1073741906, 'mod': 0, 'scancode': 82, 'window': None})>`
- `<Event(769-KeyUp {'unicode': '', 'key': 1073741906, 'mod': 0, 'scancode': 82, 'window': None})>`

Lets build our first graphics  
window

```
import pygame
```

```
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```

```
pygame.init()
```

```
screen = pygame.display.set_mode((500, 500))
```

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How we will initialize the window

```
import pygame
```

```
pygame.init()
```

```
screen = pygame.display.set_mode((500, 500))
```

```
white = (255, 255, 255)
```

```
blue = (0, 0, 255)
```

```
import pygame
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pygame.init()
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screen = pygame.display.set_mode((500, 500))
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```
blue = (0, 0, 255)
```

← Tuples for RGB values



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import pygame
```

```
pygame.init()
```

```
screen = pygame.display.set_mode((500, 500))
```

```
white = (255, 255, 255)
```

```
blue = (0, 0, 255)
```

```
running = True
```

```
while running:
```

← How we will initialize the game loop

```
import pygame

pygame.init()
screen = pygame.display.set_mode((500, 500))
white = (255, 255, 255)
blue = (0, 0, 255)

running = True

while running:

    for event in pygame.event.get():
```

```
import pygame
```

```
pygame.init()
```

```
screen = pygame.display.set_mode((500, 500))
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```
white = (255, 255, 255)
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```
blue = (0, 0, 255)
```

```
running = True
```

```
while running:
```

```
    for event in pygame.event.get():
```

← This line gets all of the actions in the event queue

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import pygame

pygame.init()
screen = pygame.display.set_mode((500, 500))
white = (255, 255, 255)
blue = (0, 0, 255)

running = True

while running:

    for event in pygame.event.get():
        if event.type == pygame.QUIT:
            running = False
```

```
import pygame

pygame.init()
screen = pygame.display.set_mode((500, 500))
white = (255, 255, 255)
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We saw the event types from before, and we can check the event's type like so

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import pygame

pygame.init()
screen = pygame.display.set_mode((500, 500))
white = (255, 255, 255)
blue = (0, 0, 255)

running = True

while running:

    for event in pygame.event.get():
        if event.type == pygame.QUIT:
            running = False

    # Fill the background with white
    screen.fill(white)
```

```
import pygame

pygame.init()
screen = pygame.display.set_mode((500, 500))
white = (255, 255, 255)
blue = (0, 0, 255)

running = True

while running:

    for event in pygame.event.get():
        if event.type == pygame.QUIT:
            running = False

    # Fill the background with white
    screen.fill(white)

    # Draw a solid blue circle in the center
    pygame.draw.circle(screen, blue , (250, 250), 75)
```



```
import pygame

pygame.init()
screen = pygame.display.set_mode((500, 500))
white = (255, 255, 255)
blue = (0, 0, 255)

running = True

while running:

    for event in pygame.event.get():
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```



Third param is x,y param  
Fourth is radius

```
import pygame

pygame.init()
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while running:

    for event in pygame.event.get():
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    # Fill the background with white
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    # Draw a solid blue circle in the center
    pygame.draw.circle(screen, blue , (250, 250), 75)

    # Call to update the display with drawing
    pygame.display.flip()
```

```
import pygame

pygame.init()
screen = pygame.display.set_mode((500, 500))
white = (255, 255, 255)
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    pygame.draw.circle(screen, blue , (250, 250), 75)

    # Call to update the display with drawing
    pygame.display.flip()

#when game is over
pygame.quit()
```

Let's run this code



Let's create a real game....

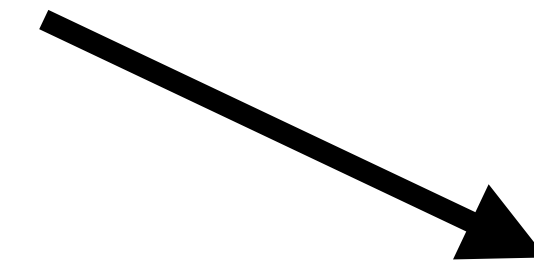




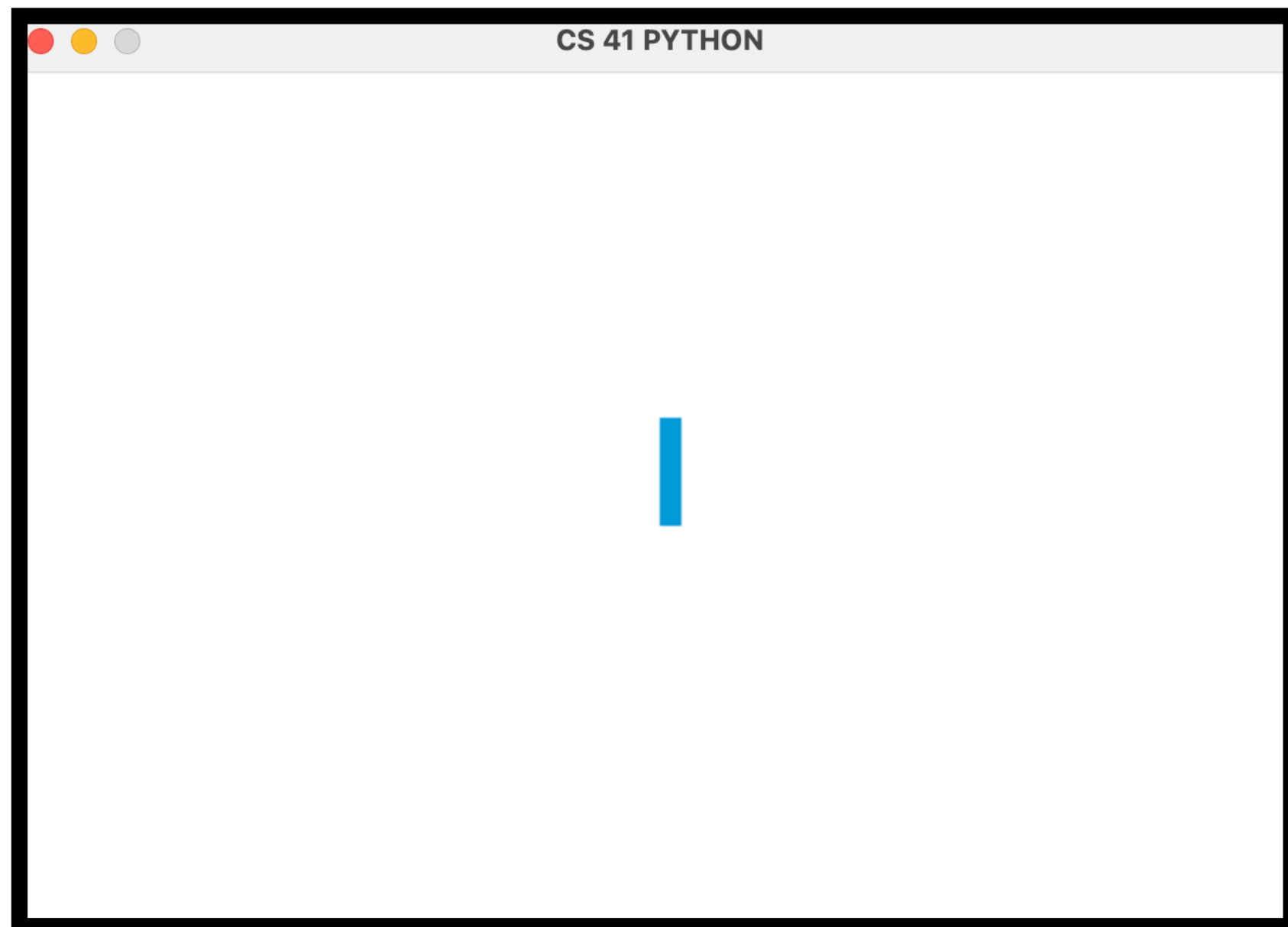
# Let's start with the basics

- We know how to initialize a screen, lets add a snake

```
pygame.draw.rect(surface, color, rect)
```



```
[left, top, width, height]
```





# Next, lets make it move with our keys!!



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```
if event.type == pygame.KEYDOWN:
```



# Next, lets make it move with our keys!!

```
if event.type == pygame.KEYDOWN:  
    if event.key == pygame.K_LEFT:
```



# Next, lets make it move with our keys!!



```
if event.type == pygame.KEYDOWN:  
    if event.key == pygame.K_LEFT:  
  
    if event.key == pygame.K_RIGHT:
```



# Next, lets make it move with our keys!!



```
if event.type == pygame.KEYDOWN:  
    if event.key == pygame.K_LEFT:  
  
    if event.key == pygame.K_RIGHT:  
  
    if event.key == pygame.K_UP:
```

# Next, lets make it move with our keys!!



```
if event.type == pygame.KEYDOWN:  
    if event.key == pygame.K_LEFT:  
  
    if event.key == pygame.K_RIGHT:  
  
    if event.key == pygame.K_UP:  
  
    if event.key == pygame.K_DOWN:
```

# How should we update our snake representation?



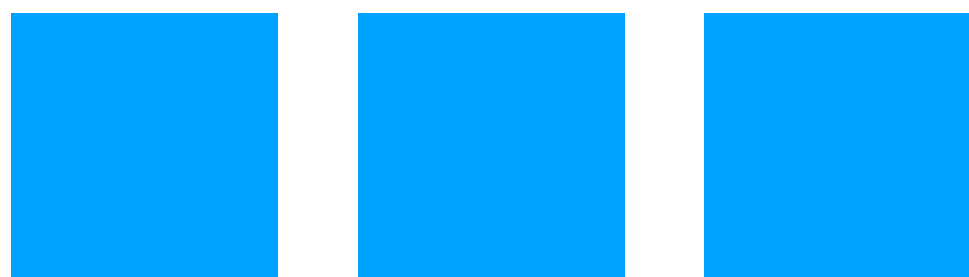
# How should we update our snake representation?

- We currently create a list of coord tuples for each rectangle of our snake

# How should we update our snake representation?

- We currently create a list of coord tuples for each rectangle of our snake
- How could we use the key events to update this list in a way to create movement?







Front of the  
snake needs to  
shift down by  
the snake\_size



Front of the  
snake needs to  
shift down by  
the snake\_size

But now we  
need to traverse  
through this list  
and update all  
the past  
coords :(





# ALTERNATE APPROACH





## ALTERNATE APPROACH

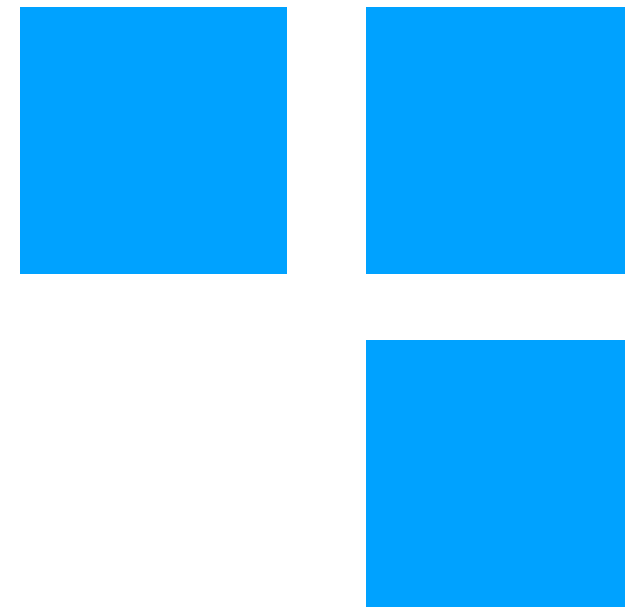


Add a new  
snake block  
where the head  
should be



## ALTERNATE APPROACH

Delete the last  
one!



# Important: Using Clock for Animation Speed

# Important: Using Clock for Animation Speed

```
pygame.time.Clock().tick(15)
```

Ensures that the loop runs at MOST 15 frames per second if placed in the frame

Let's write this code!

# Group Activity

- Make sure you have pip installed pygame
- Download starter code from website
- Add food functionality!
- Whenever the snake runs into food, make it grow by 1!
- Food should be in a random spot on the window, should re appear once eaten
- HINT: think about what multiples your snake moves in... and how the food should only be in those coordinates
- If you want to add a different fun functionality, be my guest!!