

Last time :

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + h(a k_1 + b k_2), \quad \text{where} \quad \begin{aligned} k_1 &= f(t_n, y_n) \\ k_2 &= f(t_n + \alpha h, y_n + \beta h k_1) \end{aligned}$$

$a, b, \alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{R}$ parameters

Example

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} y_{n+1} &= y_n + \frac{1}{6} h (k_1 + 2k_2 + 2k_3 + k_4) \\ k_1 &= f(t_n, y_n) \\ k_2 &= f(t_n + \frac{h}{2}, y_n + \frac{h}{2} \cdot k_1) \\ k_3 &= f(t_n + \frac{h}{2}, y_n + \frac{h}{2} \cdot k_2) \\ k_4 &= f(t_n + h, y_n + h k_3) \end{aligned} \right.$$

method of order 4
this method needs
4 function evaluations
per each step

General linear multistep methods

Example $y'(s) = f(s, y(s)), \quad y(t_0) = y_0$

after integrating both sides of the differential equation over $[t_{n-1}, t_{n+1}]$

$$\int_{t_{n-1}}^{t_{n+1}} y'(s) ds = \int_{t_{n-1}}^{t_{n+1}} f(s, y(s)) ds \approx \frac{t_{n+1} - t_{n-1}}{6} \left[f(t_{n-1}, y(t_{n-1})) + 4f\left(\frac{t_{n+1} + t_{n-1}}{2}, y\left(\frac{t_{n+1} + t_{n-1}}{2}\right)\right) + f(t_{n+1}, y(t_{n+1})) \right]$$

Simpson's rule

$$y(t_{n+1}) - y(t_{n-1}) \approx \frac{2h}{6} \left[f(t_{n-1}, y(t_{n-1})) + 4f(t_n, y(t_n)) + f(t_{n+1}, y(t_{n+1})) \right]$$

$$y(t_{n+1}) \approx y(t_{n-1}) + \frac{h}{3} f(t_{n-1}, y(t_{n-1})) + \frac{4h}{3} f(t_n, y(t_n)) + \frac{h}{3} f(t_{n+1}, y(t_{n+1}))$$

Two-step method;

$$y_{n+1} = y_{n-1} + \underbrace{\frac{h}{3} f(t_{n-1}, y_{n-1}) + \frac{4h}{3} f(t_n, y_n) + \frac{h}{3} f(t_{n+1}, y_{n+1})}_{3 \text{ function evaluations per step}}$$

General linear k-step methods

$$(1) \quad \sum_{j=0}^K \alpha_j y_{n+j} = h \sum_{j=0}^K \beta_j \underbrace{f(t_{n+j}, y_{n+j})}_{=f_{n+j}}, \quad \text{where } \alpha_0, \dots, \alpha_K \in \mathbb{R} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{parameters} \\ \beta_0, \dots, \beta_K \in \mathbb{R} \end{array} \right.$$

$n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$

$\alpha_K \neq 0$ and either $\alpha_0 \neq 0$ or $\beta_0 \neq 0$

$$\alpha_0^2 + \beta_0^2 \neq 0$$

If $\beta_K = 0$ then method (1) is explicit.

If $\beta_K \neq 0$ then method (1) is implicit.

(1) needs K starting values $y_0, y_1, y_2, \dots, y_{K-1}$

Examples

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + h f(t_n, y_n) \longrightarrow \text{explicit Euler method}$$

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + h f(t_{n+1}, y_{n+1}) \longrightarrow \text{implicit Euler method}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} y_{n+1} &= y_n + \frac{h}{2} f(t_{n+1}, y_{n+1}) + \frac{h}{2} f(t_n, y_n) \\ &= y_n + \frac{h}{2} f_{n+1} + \frac{h}{2} f_n \end{aligned} \right\} \text{trapezoidal rule}$$

$$y_{n+4} = y_{n+3} + \frac{h}{24} (55f_{n+3} - 59f_{n+2} + 37f_{n+1} - 9f_n) \longrightarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{explicit} \\ \text{four-step method} \\ \text{Adams-Bashforth} \end{array}$$

$$y_{n+3} = y_{n+2} + \frac{h}{24} (9f_{n+3} + 19f_{n+2} - 5f_{n+1} - 9f_n) \longrightarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{implicit} \\ \text{three-step method} \\ \text{Adams-Moulton} \end{array}$$