



# USING MARKET REGIMES, CHANGEPOINTS AND ANOMALY DETECTION IN QWIM

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# Motivation

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## Models:

- Markov Models on single indices like S&P500 and VIX
- Markov Models on economic variables like inflation, unemployment rate
- Non-parametric model

## Problems:

- Not our interest/target (time horizon, portfolio management...)
- Hard to evaluate signal quality...

# Main Reference

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## *Dynamic Strategic Asset Allocation: Risk and Return across Economic Regimes*

- Detect regime change:
  1. Credit Spread, Earnings Yield, ISM, Unemployment
  2. Standardize the four economic variables using full-sample median and standard deviation
  3. Add them up and dividing by square root of 4
  4. Compare it with NBER indicator

Expansion: score  $> 0$  and increasing

Peak: score  $> 0$  and decreasing

Recession: score  $< 0$  and decreasing

Recovery: score  $< 0$  and increasing

# Main Reference

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*Dynamic Strategic Asset Allocation: Risk and Return across Economic Regimes*

- Asset Allocation:

1. SAA : fix weights
2. TAA: optimize for highest expected return
3. TAA-C: optimize expected return subject to same risk as SAA
4. DSAA: optimize expected return subject to a fixed risk

# Main Reference

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*Dynamic Strategic Asset Allocation: Risk and Return across Economic Regimes*

- What's good?
  1. Evaluate classifications by comparing with NBER indicator
  2. Time horizon: 6 months ~ 10 years
  3. Portfolio management: a diversified universe

# Main Reference

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*Dynamic Strategic Asset Allocation: Risk and Return across Economic Regimes*

▪ Drawbacks:

1. Strong assumptions
2. Using full sample data in generating signals
3. Using full sample data in determining asset weights in different regimes

*‘... Our results do not aim to represent real-life investment strategies.’*

Takeaway:

In order to give meaningful investment advice, we must not use future information/data to make decisions

# Idea

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## Using supervised learning algorithms to detect regime change

- **Different algorithms**  
more robust, ease assumptions made by authors
- **Different classifications**  
expansion vs recession
- **Different testing procedure**  
forward chaining, moving windows...



# PROJECT PLAN



# Data (1948 – )

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## Trading Universe

- U.S. large cap equities (S&P500)
- U.S. small cap equities (Russell 2000)
- U.S. value equities (MSCI BARRA value)
- U.S. growth equities (MSCI BARRA growth)
- U.S. credits (Lehman U.S. Corporate )
- U.S. Treasuries (Lehman U.S. Treasury)
- Commodities (GSCI)
- Cash (U.S. 30-day T-bills)

## Economic Indicators

- Credit spread (Baa-Aaa)
- Earning yields (E/P ratio of the S&P500)
- ISM
- Unemployment rate

# Supervised Learning

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1. Implement different supervised learning algorithms
2. Replicate method in the main reference
3. Cross validation (forward chaining/moving windows)
4. Metrics to be considered: accuracy, confusion matrix, f score.....

# Asset Allocation

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Using the same strategies as the paper.....