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# Assignment 4

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## Question 1: Report on work done in PA 9

```
close all;
clear all;

% Parameters
R1 = 1;
Cap = 0.25;
R2 = 2;
L1 = 0.2;
R3 = 10;
alpha = 100;
R4 = 0.1;
RO = 1000;

%setting up 8x8 matrix
G=zeros(8);
C=zeros(8);

%matrix C,G
G(1,:)= [1 -1 0 0 0 0 0 1];
C(1,:)= [Cap -Cap 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(2,:)= [(-1/R1) (1/R2+1/R1) 0 0 0 1 0 0];
C(2,:)= [-Cap Cap 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(3,:)= [0 0 1/R3 0 0 -1 0 0];
C(3,:)= [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(4,:)= [0 0 0 alpha/R3 -1*alpha/R3 0 1 0];
C(4,:)= [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(5,:)= [0 0 0 -1/R4 (1/R4+1/RO) 0 0 0];
C(5,:)= [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(6,:)= [0 1 -1 0 0 0 0 0];
C(6,:)= [0 0 0 0 0 -L1 0 0];
G(7,:)= [0 0 -10 1 0 0 0 0];
C(7,:)= [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(8,:)= [1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
C(8,:)= [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];

% Matrix G:
G

%Matrix C:
```

```

C

V1 = [];
V2 = [];

for Vin=-10:1:10
    Ffunc=[0; 0; 0; 0; 0; 0; 0; 0; Vin];
    V=G\Ffunc;
    V1 = [V1 V(1)];
    V2 = [V2 V(5)];
end

figure(1)
hold on;
plot(-10:1:10, V1);
plot(-10:1:10, V2);
hold off;
legend('V3', 'V0');
title('DC Sweep');
ylabel('Voltage (V)');
xlabel('V (V)');

steps=1000;
Data=zeros(2,steps);
Data(1,:)=linspace(0,500,steps);
Vin=1;
for i=1:steps
    og=Data(1,i);
    Ffunc=[0; 0; 0; 0; 0; 0; 0; 0; Vin];
    V=(G+1j*og*C)\Ffunc;
    Data(2,i)=V(5);
end

figure(2)
plot(Data(1,:),real(Data(2,:)));
title('AC plot - VO as a function of Omega');
ylabel('VO (V)');
xlabel('radians/s');

figure(3)
V2 = [];
stand = 0.05;
w = 3.14;
Vin = 1;
Ffunc=[0; 0; 0; 0; 0; 0; 0; 0; Vin];

for w=1:1:10
    ep = (G+2*w^2*1j*C)\Ffunc;
    V2 = [V2 20*log10(abs(ep(5)/Ffunc(8)))];
end

semilogx(1:1:10, V2);
hold on;
title('AC Sweep');

```

```

xlabel('Radians/sec');
ylabel('dB');

figure(4);
cin = stand.*randn(5000,1) + Cap;
hold on;
V2 = [];
Ffunc=[0; 0; 0; 0; 0; 0; 0; 0; Vin];

for index=1:5000
    C(1,1) = cin(index);
    C(2,1) = -cin(index);
    C(1,2) = -cin(index);
    C(2,2) = cin(index);
    ep = (G+2*pi*w*1j*C)\Ffunc;
    V2 = [V2 20*log10(abs(ep(5)/Ffunc(8)))];
end

title('Cap Sweep');
xlabel('Gain (dB)');
histogram(V2);

```

$G =$

Columns 1 through 7

1.0000	-1.0000	0	0	0	0	0
-1.0000	1.5000	0	0	0	1.0000	0
0	0	0.1000	0	0	-1.0000	0
0	0	0	10.0000	-10.0000	0	1.0000
0	0	0	-10.0000	10.0010	0	0
0	1.0000	-1.0000	0	0	0	0
0	0	-10.0000	1.0000	0	0	0
1.0000	0	0	0	0	0	0

Column 8

1.0000
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0

$C =$

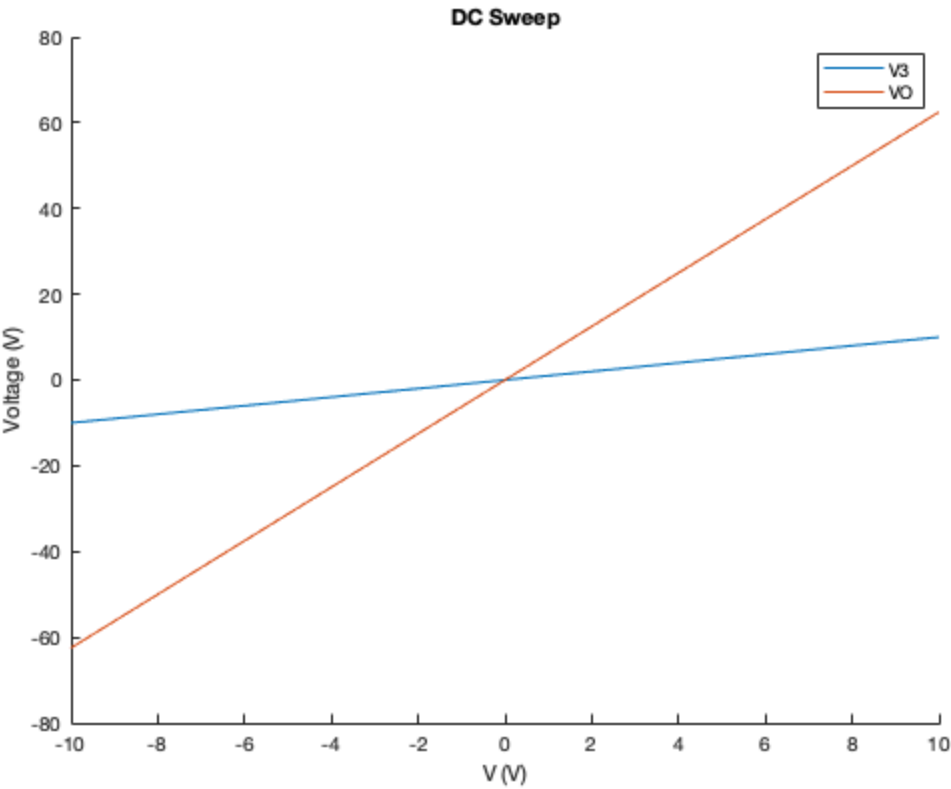
Columns 1 through 7

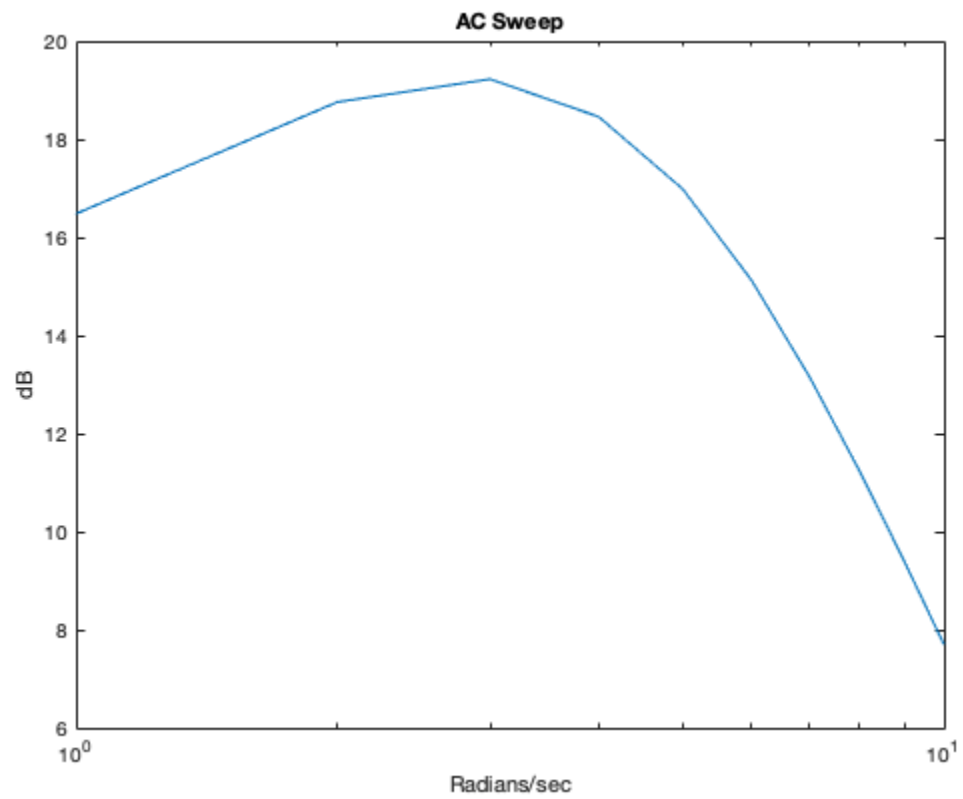
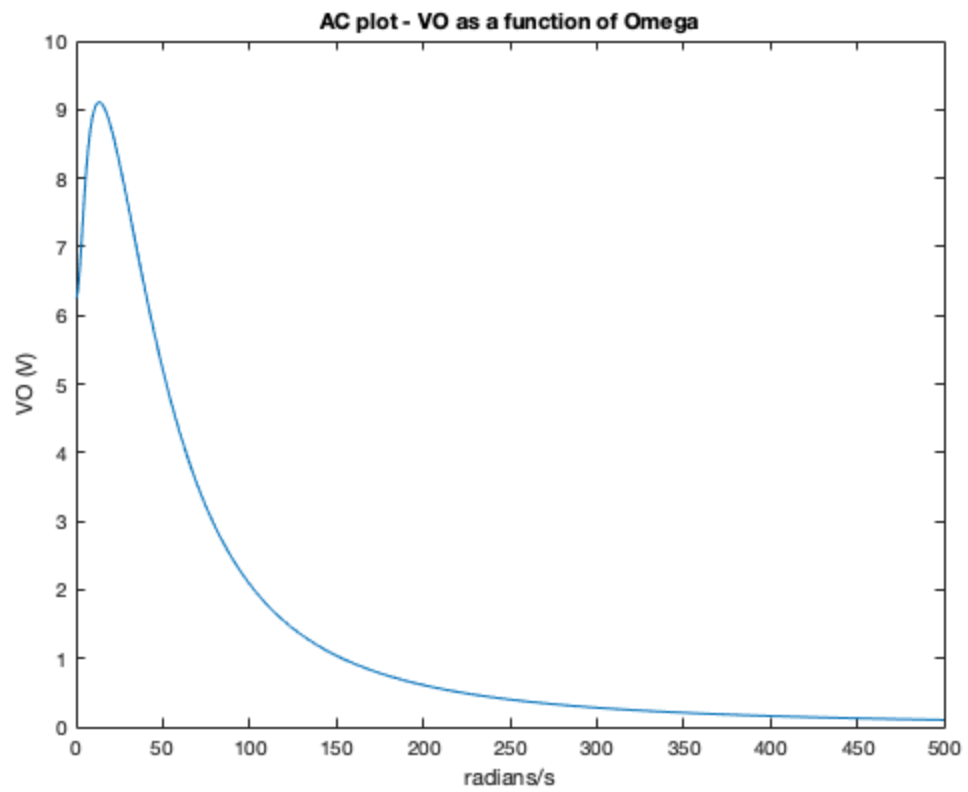
0.2500	-0.2500	0	0	0	0	0
-0.2500	0.2500	0	0	0	0	0

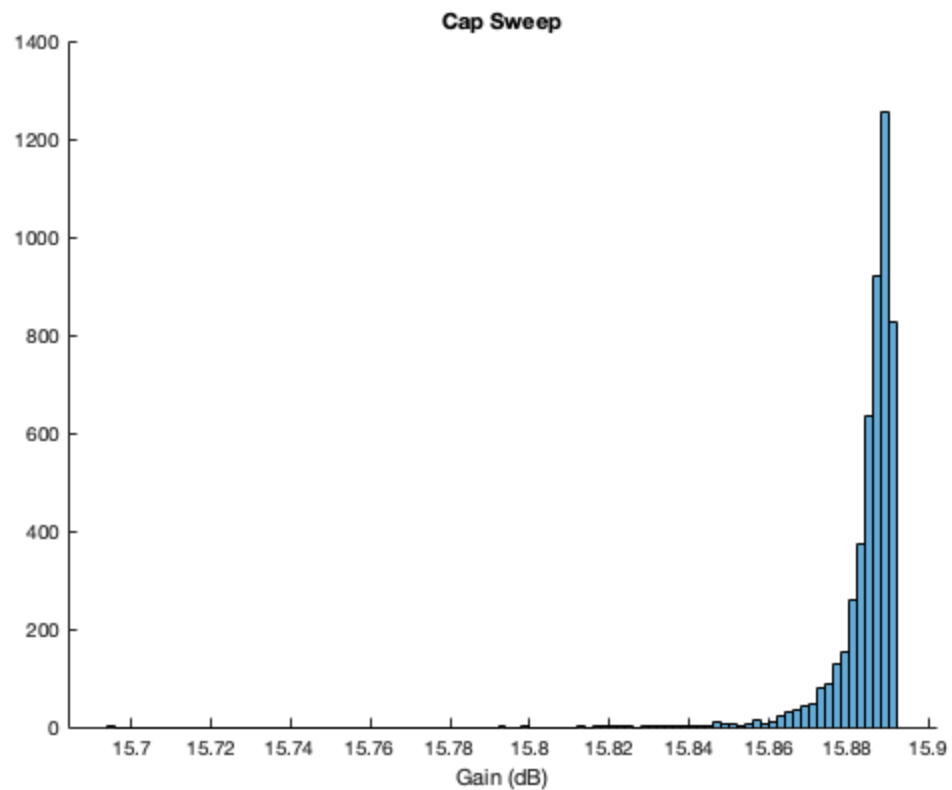
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	-0.2000	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Column 8

0  
0  
0  
0  
0  
0  
0  
0  
0  
0







## Question 2: Transient circuit simulation

```
iterations = 1000;
R1 = 1;
Cap = 0.25;
R2 = 2;
L = 0.2;
R3 = 10;
alpha = 100;
R4 = 0.1;
RO = 1000;
Cn = 0;
In = zeros(1,iterations);
time = 1;
dif = time/iterations;

G(1,:)=[1 -1 0 0 0 0 0 1];
C(1,:)=[Cap -Cap 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(2,:)=[(-1/R1) (1/R2+1/R1) 0 0 0 1 0 0];
C(2,:)=[-Cap Cap 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(3,:)=[0 0 1/R3 0 0 -1 0 0];
C(3,:)=[0 0 Cn 0 0 0 0 0];
G(4,:)=[0 0 0 alpha/R3 -1*alpha/R3 0 1 0];
C(4,:)=[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(5,:)=[0 0 0 -1/R4 (1/R4+1/RO) 0 0 0];
```

```
C(5,:)= [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(6,:)= [0 1 -1 0 0 0 0 0];
C(6,:)= [0 0 0 0 0 -L1 0 0];
G(7,:)= [0 0 -10 1 0 0 0 0];
C(7,:)= [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(8,:)= [1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
C(8,:)= [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];

Vin = zeros(1,iterations);
Vin(0.03*iterations:iterations) = 1;
Ffunc = zeros(8,1,iterations);

for i=1:iterations
    Ffunc(3,1,i) = -In(i);
    Ffunc(8,1,i) = Vin(i);
end

li = zeros(8,1, iterations);

for i=2:iterations
    ep = C/dif + G;
    li(:,:,i) = ep\(C*li(:,:,i-1)/dif + Ffunc(:,:,i));
end

figure(5);
Vout = li(5, :, :);
Vout = Vout(1, :);
hold on;
plot(linspace(0,time,iterations), Vout);
plot(linspace(0,time,iterations), Vin);
title('Step input voltages');
legend('Vout', 'Vin');
xlabel('Time (s)');
ylabel('V (V)');

Vin = sin(linspace(0,1,iterations)*2*pi*1/0.03);
Ffunc = zeros(8,1,iterations);

for i=1:iterations
    Ffunc(3,1,i) = -In(i);
    Ffunc(8,1,i) = Vin(i);
end

li = zeros(8,1, iterations);

for i=2:iterations
    ep = C/dif + G;
    li(:,:,i) = ep\(C*li(:,:,i-1)/dif + Ffunc(:,:,i));
end

Vout = li(5, :, :);
Vout = Vout(1, :);
figure(6);
hold on;
```

```
plot(linspace(0,time,iterations), Vout);
plot(linspace(0,time,iterations), Vin);
title('Voltage with sine input');
legend('Vout', 'Vin');
xlabel('Time (s)');
ylabel('Vo (V)');

Vin = gaussmf(linspace(0,1,iterations),[0.03 0.06]);

Ffunc = zeros(8,1,iterations);
for i=1:iterations
    Ffunc(3,1,i) = -ln(i);
    Ffunc(8,1,i) = Vin(i);
end

li = zeros(8,1, iterations);

for i=2:iterations
    ep = C/dif + G;
    li(:, :, i) = ep \ (C*li(:, :, i-1)/dif + Ffunc(:, :, i));
end

Vout = li(5, :, :);
Vout = Vout(1, :);
figure(7);
hold on;
plot(linspace(0,time,iterations), Vout);
plot(linspace(0,time,iterations), Vin);
hold off;
xlabel('Time (s)');
ylabel('Vout (V)');
title('Voltage for Gaussian Function');
legend('Vout', 'Vin');

Vin = sin(linspace(0,1,iterations)*2*pi*1/0.03);
Ffunc = zeros(8,1,iterations);

for i=1:iterations
    Ffunc(3,1,i) = -ln(i);
    Ffunc(8,1,i) = Vin(i);
end

li = zeros(8,1, iterations);

for i=2:iterations
    ep = C/dif + G;
    li(:, :, i) = ep \ (C*li(:, :, i-1)/dif + Ffunc(:, :, i));
end

Ffunc = abs(fftshift(fft(Vout)));
figure(8);
hold on;
plot((1:length(Ffunc))/iterations)-0.5, 20*log10(Ffunc));
```



```

Ffunc = abs(fftshift(fft(Vin)));
plot((1:length(Ffunc))/iterations)-0.5,20*log10(Ffunc));

xlabel('Frequency (Hz)');
ylabel('Magnitude (dBV)');
legend('Vout','Vin');
title('Sine Function Frequency Response');

Vin = gaussmf(linspace(0,1,iterations),[0.03 0.06]);

Ffunc = zeros(8,1,iterations);
for i=1:iterations
    Ffunc(3,1,i) = -ln(i);
    Ffunc(8,1,i) = Vin(i);
end

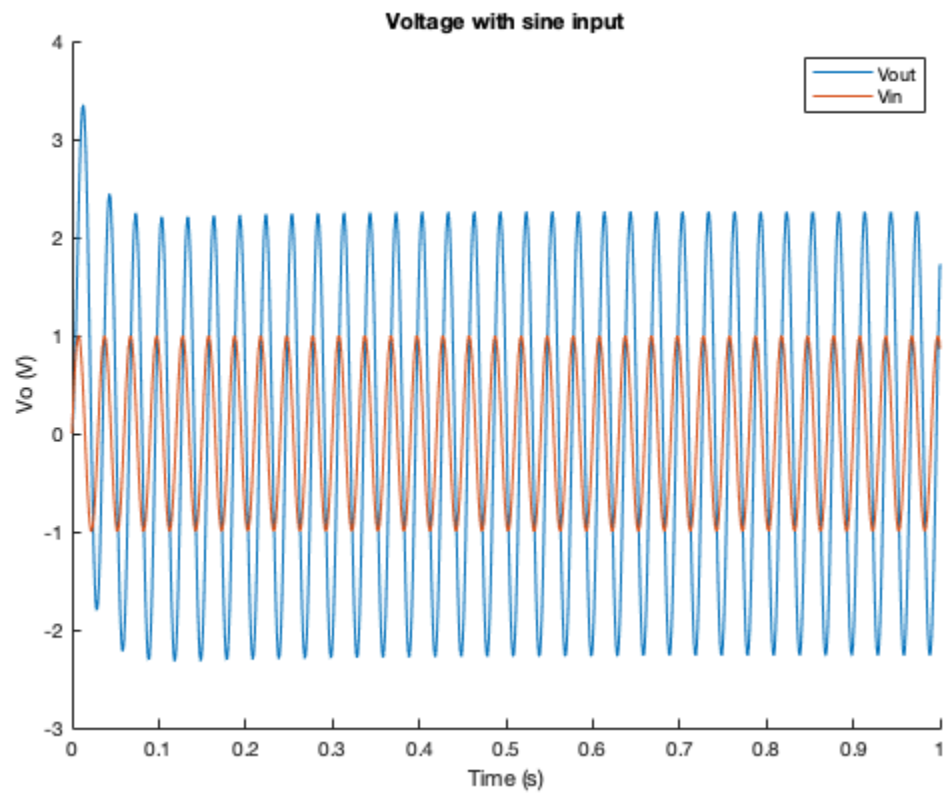
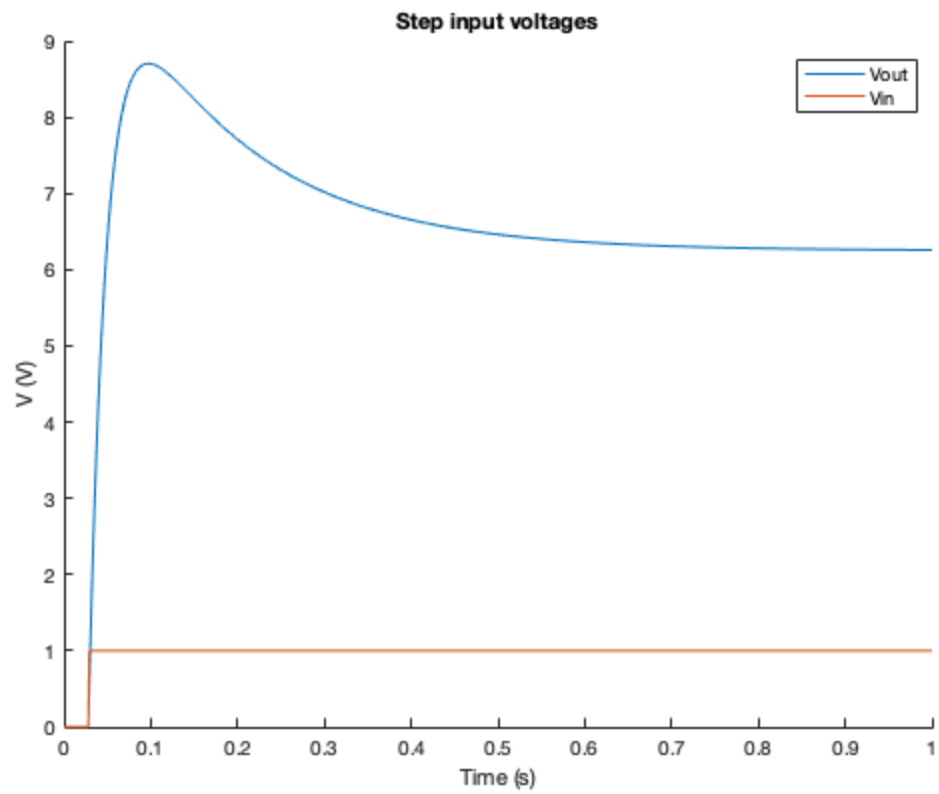
li = zeros(8,1, iterations);

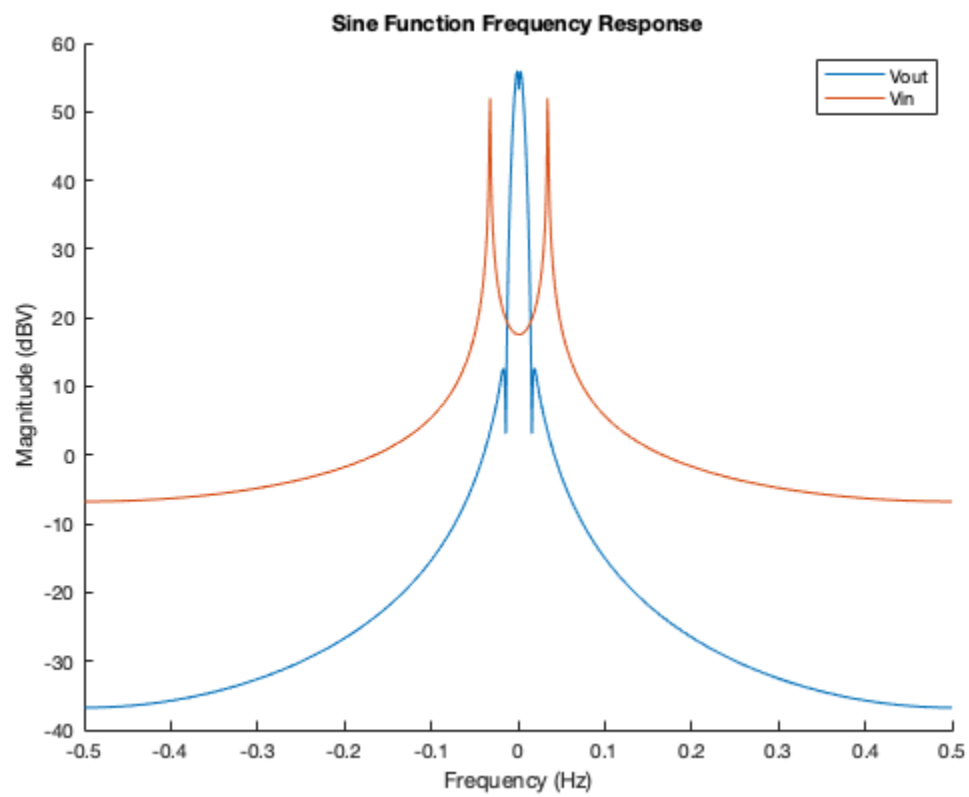
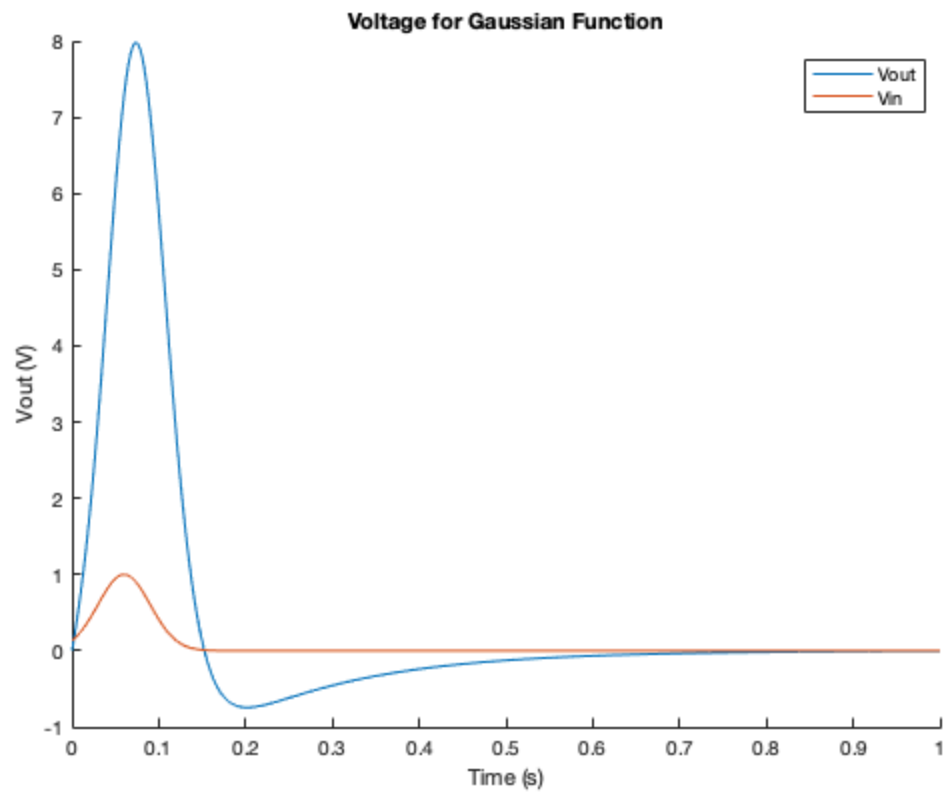
for i=2:iterations
    ep = C/dif + G;
    li(:, :, i) = ep \ (C*li(:, :, i-1)/dif + Ffunc(:, :, i));
end

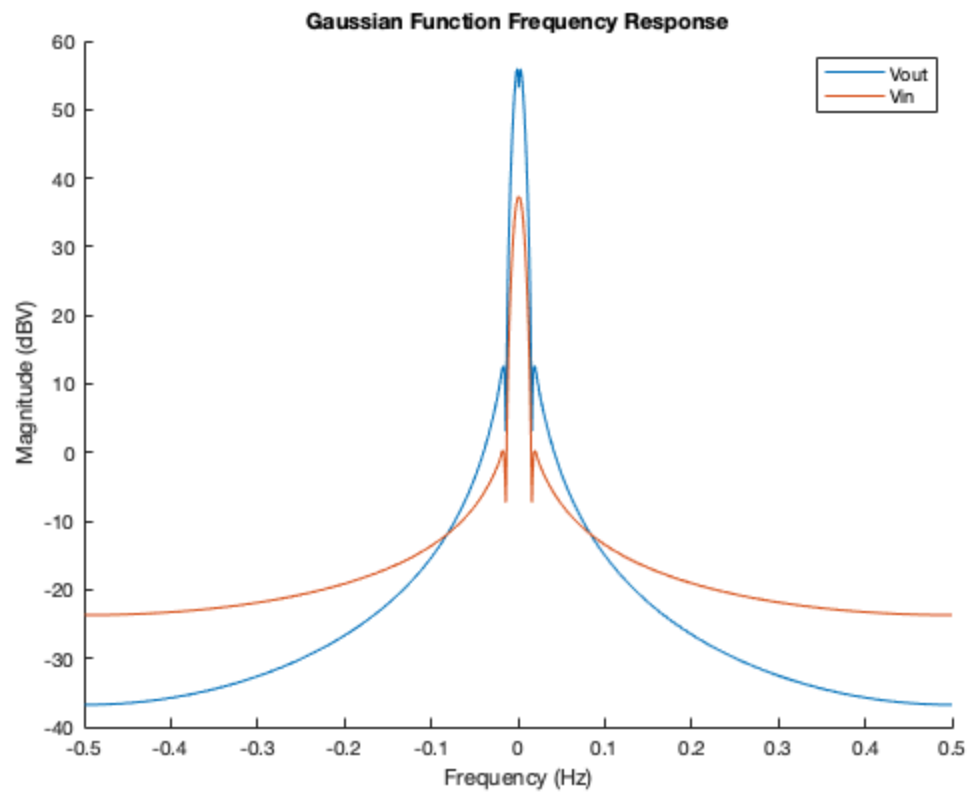
Ffunc = abs(fftshift(fft(Vout)));

figure(9);
hold on;
plot((1:length(Ffunc))/iterations)-0.5,20*log10(Ffunc));
Ffunc = abs(fftshift(fft(Vin)));
plot((1:length(Ffunc))/iterations)-0.5,20*log10(Ffunc));
xlabel('Frequency (Hz)');
ylabel('Magnitude (dBV)');
legend('Vout','Vin');
title('Gaussian Function Frequency Response');

```







## Question 3: Circuit with noise

```
% New C matrix
```

```
C(1,:)=[Cap -Cap 0 0 0 0 0 0];
C(2,:)=[-Cap Cap 0 0 0 0 0 0];
C(3,:)=[0 0 Cn 0 0 0 0 0];
C(4,:)=[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
C(5,:)=[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
C(6,:)=[0 0 0 0 0 -L1 0 0];
C(7,:)=[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
C(8,:)=[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
```

```
C
```

```
Vin = gaussmf(linspace(0,1,iterations),[0.03 0.06]);
In = 0.001*rand(iterations,1);
```

```
Ffunc = zeros(8,1,iterations);
for i=1:iterations
    Ffunc(3,1,i) = -In(i);
    Ffunc(8,1,i) = Vin(i);
end
```

```
li = zeros(8,1, iterations);
```

```

for i=2:iterations
    ep = C/dif + G;
    li(:,:,i) = ep\(C*li(:,:,i-1)/dif + Ffunc(:,:,i));
end

Vout = li(5, :, :);
Vout = Vout(1, :);
figure(10);
hold on;
plot(linspace(0,time,iterations), Vout);
plot(linspace(0,time,iterations), Vin);
xlabel('Time (s)');
ylabel('Vout (V)');
title('Voltages for Gassian plot with noise');
legend('Vout', 'Vin');

FF1 = abs(fftshift(fft(Vout)));
figure(11);
hold on;
plot((1:length(FF1))/iterations)-0.5, 20*log10(FF1));
FF1 = abs(fftshift(fft(Vin)));
plot((1:length(FF1))/iterations)-0.5, 20*log10(FF1));
xlabel('Frequency (Hz)');
ylabel('Magnitute (dBV)');
legend('Vout', 'Vin');
title('Gaussian pluse with noise');

figure(12);
hold on;
FF1 = abs(fftshift(fft(Vout)));
plot((1:length(FF1))/iterations)-0.5, 20*log10(FF1));
xlabel('Frequency (Hz)');
ylabel('Magnitute (dBV)');
title('Voltages with noise with different Cn');

Cn = 0.1;

G(1,:)=[1 -1 0 0 0 0 0 1];
C(1,:)=[Cap -Cap 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(2,:)=[(-1/R1) (1/R2+1/R1) 0 0 0 1 0 0];
C(2,:)=[-Cap Cap 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(3,:)=[0 0 1/R3 0 0 -1 0 0];
C(3,:)=[0 0 Cn 0 0 0 0 0];
G(4,:)=[0 0 0 alpha/R3 -1*alpha/R3 0 1 0];
C(4,:)=[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(5,:)=[0 0 0 -1/R4 (1/R4+1/RO) 0 0 0];
C(5,:)=[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(6,:)=[0 1 -1 0 0 0 0 0];
C(6,:)=[0 0 0 0 0 -L1 0 0];
G(7,:)=[0 0 -10 1 0 0 0 0];
C(7,:)=[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(8,:)=[1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
C(8,:)=[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];

```

```

li = zeros(8,1, iterations);

for i=2:iterations
    ep = C/dif + G;
    li(:,:,i) = ep\(C*li(:,:,i-1)/dif + Ffunc(:,:,i));
end

Cn = 0.01;

G(1,:)=[1 -1 0 0 0 0 0 1];
C(1,:)=[Cap -Cap 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(2,:)=[(-1/R1) (1/R2+1/R1) 0 0 0 1 0 0];
C(2,:)=[-Cap Cap 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(3,:)=[0 0 1/R3 0 0 -1 0 0];
C(3,:)=[0 0 Cn 0 0 0 0 0];
G(4,:)=[0 0 0 alpha/R3 -1*alpha/R3 0 1 0];
C(4,:)=[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(5,:)=[0 0 0 -1/R4 (1/R4+1/RO) 0 0 0];
C(5,:)=[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(6,:)=[0 1 -1 0 0 0 0 0];
C(6,:)=[0 0 0 0 0 -L1 0 0];
G(7,:)=[0 0 -10 1 0 0 0 0];
C(7,:)=[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(8,:)=[1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
C(8,:)=[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];

li = zeros(8,1, iterations);

for i=2:iterations
    ep = C/dif + G;
    li(:,:,i) = ep\(C*li(:,:,i-1)/dif + Ffunc(:,:,i));
end

Vout = li(5, :, :);
Vout = Vout(1, :);
FF1 = abs(fftshift(fft(Vout)));
plot((1:length(FF1))/iterations)-0.5, 20*log10(FF1));

Cn = 0.0000000001;

G(1,:)=[1 -1 0 0 0 0 0 1];
C(1,:)=[Cap -Cap 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(2,:)=[(-1/R1) (1/R2+1/R1) 0 0 0 1 0 0];
C(2,:)=[-Cap Cap 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(3,:)=[0 0 1/R3 0 0 -1 0 0];
C(3,:)=[0 0 Cn 0 0 0 0 0];
G(4,:)=[0 0 0 alpha/R3 -1*alpha/R3 0 1 0];
C(4,:)=[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(5,:)=[0 0 0 -1/R4 (1/R4+1/RO) 0 0 0];
C(5,:)=[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(6,:)=[0 1 -1 0 0 0 0 0];
C(6,:)=[0 0 0 0 0 -L1 0 0];
G(7,:)=[0 0 -10 1 0 0 0 0];

```

```

C(7,:)= [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G(8,:)= [1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
C(8,:)= [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];

li = zeros(8,1, iterations);

for i=2:iterations
    ep = C/dif + G;
    li(:,:,i) = ep\ (C*li(:,:,i-1)/dif + Ffunc(:,:,i));
end

Vout = li(5, :, :);
Vout = Vout(1, :);
FF1 = abs(fftshift(fft(Vout)));
plot((1:length(FF1))/iterations)-0.5, 20*log10(FF1));
legend('Cn = 0.1', 'Cn = 0.01', 'Cn = 0.000000001');

%Changing Step Size

R1 = 1;
Cap = 0.25;
R2 = 2;
L = 0.2;
R3 = 10;
alpha = 100;
R4 = 0.1;
RO = 1000;
Cn = 0.00001;
iterations = 100;
time = 1;

dif = time/iterations;
Vin = gaussmf(linspace(0,1,iterations), [0.03 0.06]);
In = 0.001*rand(iterations,1);

Ffunc = zeros(8,1,iterations);
for i=1:iterations
    Ffunc(3,1,i) = -In(i);
    Ffunc(8,1,i) = Vin(i);
end

li = zeros(8,1, iterations);

for i=2:iterations
    ep = C/dif + G;
    li(:,:,i) = ep\ (C*li(:,:,i-1)/dif + Ffunc(:,:,i));
end

Vout = li(5, :, :);
Vout = Vout(1, :);

figure(13);
hold on;
subplot(3,1,1);

```

```

plot(linspace(0,time,iterations), Vout);
xlabel('Time (s)');
ylabel('Vout (V)');
title('Gaussian Function Transient Response with Various Time Steps -
100');

iterations = 1000;
time = 1;
stand = 0.03;
mean = 0.06;
dif = time/iterations;
Vin = gaussmf(linspace(0,1,iterations),[stand mean]);
In = 0.001*rand(iterations,1);

Ffunc = zeros(8,1,iterations);
for i=1:iterations
    Ffunc(3,1,i) = -In(i);
    Ffunc(8,1,i) = Vin(i);
end

li = zeros(8,1, iterations);

for i=2:iterations
    ep = C/dif + G;
    li(:, :, i) = ep\(C*li(:, :, i-1)/dif + Ffunc(:, :, i));
end
Vout = li(5, :, :);
Vout = Vout(1, :);
subplot(3,1,2);
plot(linspace(0,time,iterations), Vout);
xlabel('Time (s)');
ylabel('Vout (V)');
title('Gaussian Function Transient Response with Various Time Steps -
1000');

iterations = 100000;
time = 1;
dif = time/iterations;
Vin = gaussmf(linspace(0,1,iterations),[stand mean]);
In = 0.001*rand(iterations,1);

Ffunc = zeros(8,1,iterations);
for i=1:iterations
    Ffunc(3,1,i) = -In(i);
    Ffunc(8,1,i) = Vin(i);
end

li = zeros(8,1, iterations);

for i=2:iterations
    ep = C/dif + G;
    li(:, :, i) = ep\(C*li(:, :, i-1)/dif + Ffunc(:, :, i));
end

```



```

Vout = li(5, :, :);
Vout = Vout(1, :);

subplot(3,1,3);
plot(linspace(0,time,iterations), Vout);
xlabel('Time (s)');
ylabel('Vout (V)');
title('Gaussian Function Transient Response with Various Time Steps -
      100000');

```

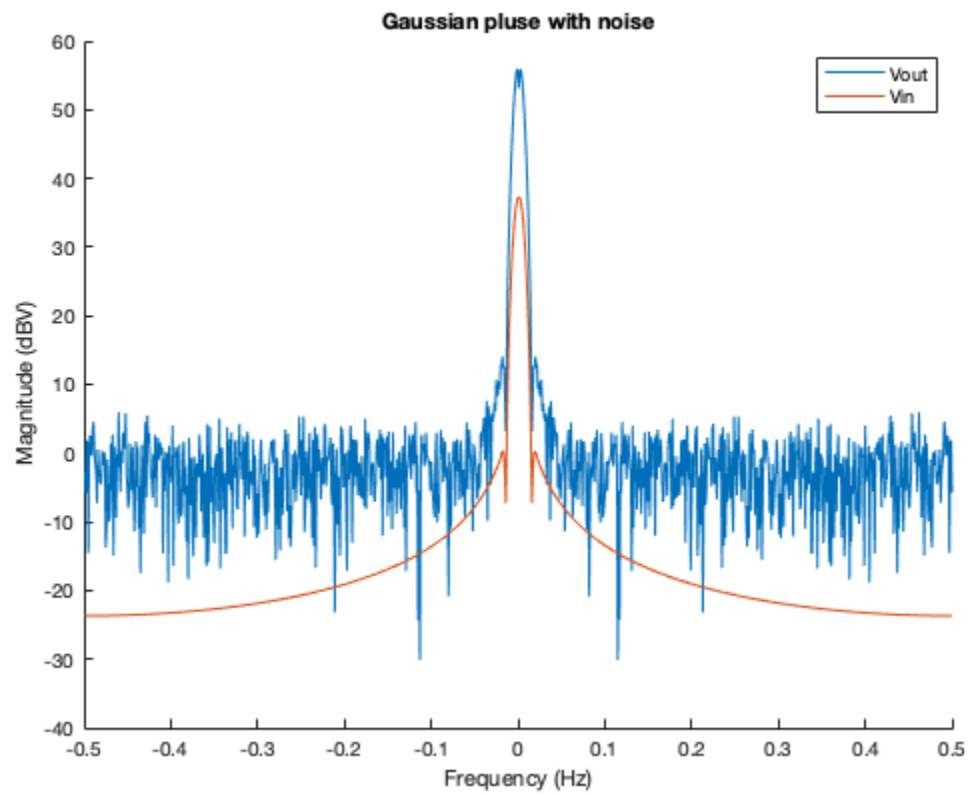
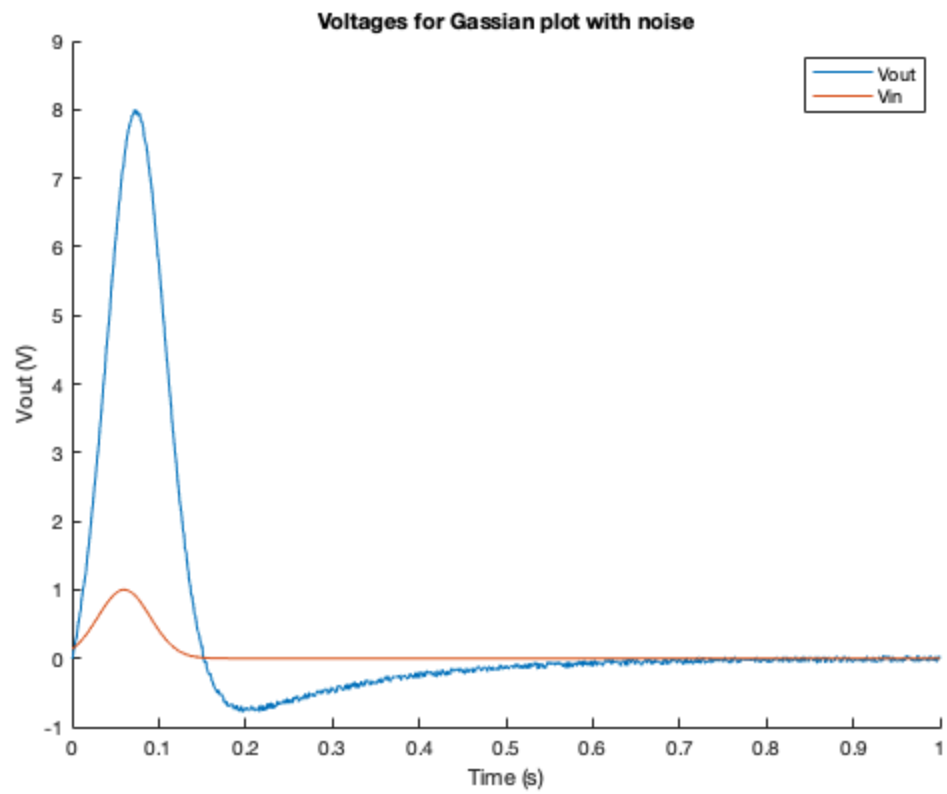
*C* =

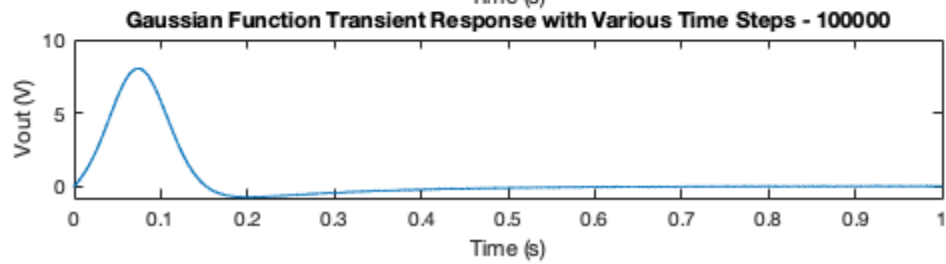
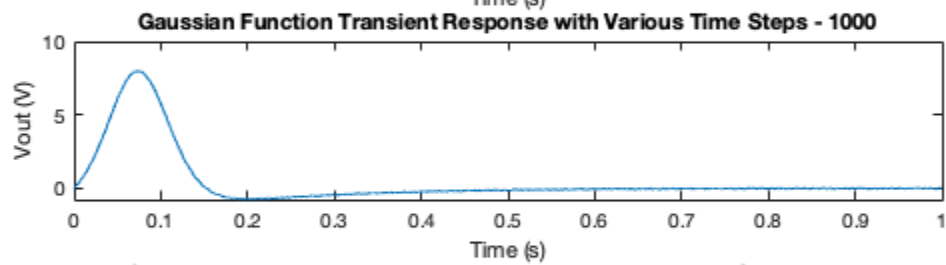
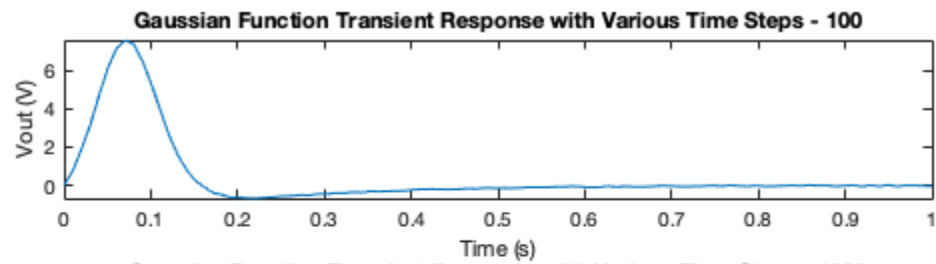
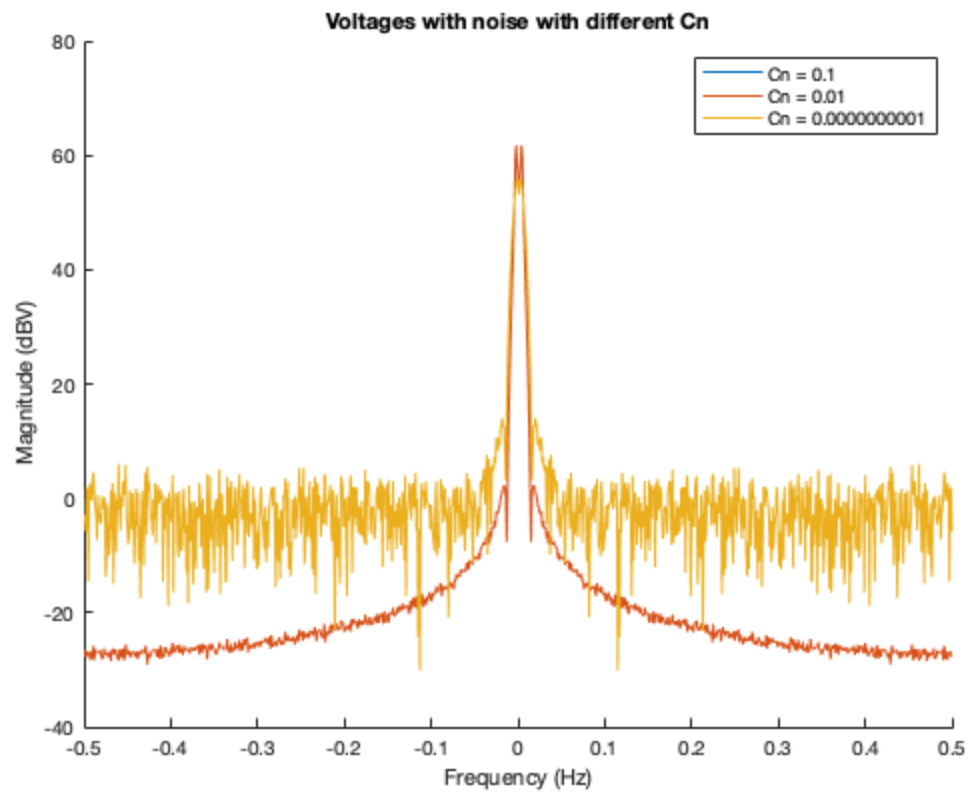
*Columns 1 through 7*

0.2500	-0.2500	0	0	0	0	0
-0.2500	0.2500	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	-0.2000	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0

*Column 8*

0  
0  
0  
0  
0  
0  
0  
0  
0





## Question 4: Non-linearity

```
%Another matrix would need to be used to represent the non-linear  
nature of  
%the voltage.
```

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