Cloud Native HW2

Test 1

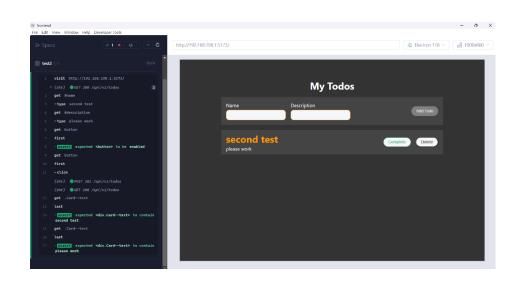
E2E 測試。使用 Cypress 測試程式在瀏覽器上是否運行正常,主要 測試項目為新增一項 TODO。連進瀏覽器後,先輸入文字,確認按 鈕是可以按的後按下按鈕,並確認 TODO 是否被新增。我這邊把 vite 指令的--host flag 加入,否則無法順利連到。

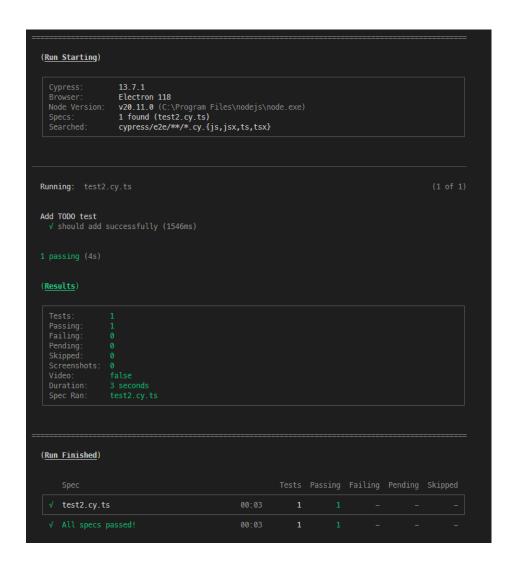
```
describe('Add TODO test', () => {
  it('should add successfully', () => {
    cy.visit('http://192.168.198.1:5173/')

    cy.get('#name').type("second test")
    cy.get("#description").type('please work')
    // check if i can click the button
    cy.get('button').first().should('be.enabled')
    cy.get('button').first().click()

    // get the first todo
    cy.get('.Card--text').last().should('contain', 'second test')
    cy.get('.Card--text').last().should('contain', 'please work')
})
})
```

結果 - 瀏覽器成功顯示並通過測試





Test 2

使用 K6 做流量測試,詳細設定如下方程式碼。每個使用者會分別新增一個 TODO,也就是 post 一次和 get 一次。我這邊設了兩個 threshold,分別是 http 的時間和成功率。根據實驗,若是沒有加入 post request 的 header,post 就會失敗。我最後使用 Chrome 的插件 k6 Browser Recorder (google.com)直接紀錄我的動作,完整還原使用 瀏覽器執行動作時送的封包。

```
import { sleep, group } from 'k6
import http from 'k6/http'
  thresholds: {
           http_req_duration: ['p(95)<500'], // threshold for response time
http_req_failed: ['rate<0.1'], // threshold for request failure rate</pre>
  stages: [
             { duration: '10s', target: 10 },
{ duration: '10s', target: 50 },
{ duration: '10s', target: 100 },
 xport default function main() {
  let response
let url = 'http://192.168.198.1:5173/
  group('page_1 - ' + url
response = http.post(
                                             + url, function () {
           url+'api/v1/todos',
'{"id":"","name":"do homework","description":"test","status":false}',
               headers: {
    'sec-ch-ua': '"Google Chrome";v="123", "Not:A-Brand";v="8", "Chromium";v="123",
    accept: 'application/json, text/plain, */*',
    'content-type': 'application/json',
    'sec-ch-ua-mobile': '?0',
    'sec-ch-ua-pblatform': 'Windows"',
    origin: url,
                     'sec-ch-ua-plation : Wildows , origin: url,

'sec-fetch-side': 'same-origin',
'sec-fetch-mode': 'cors',
'sec-fetch-dest': 'empty',
'accept-encoding': 'gzip, deflate, br, zstd',
'accept-language': 'zh-TW,zh;q=0.9,en-U5;q=0.8,en;q=0.7',
      response = http.get( url + '/api/v1/todos', {
          response = http.get( url + '/api/v1/todos', {
    headers: {
        'sec-ch-ua': '"Google Chrome";v="123", "Not:A-Brand";v="8", "Chromium";v="123"',
        accept: 'application/json, text/plain, */*',
        'sec-ch-ua-mobile': '?0',
        'sec-ch-ua-platform': '"Windows"',
        'sec-fetch-side': 'same-origin',
        'sec-fetch-mode': 'cors',
        'sec-fetch-dest': 'empty',
        'accept-encoding': 'gzip, deflate, br, zstd',
        'accept-language': 'zh-TW,zh;q=0.9,en-US;q=0.8,en;q=0.7',
    }
}
 sleep(1)
```

測試結果 - 通過測試

```
execution: local script: ./k0test.js
output:

scenarios: (100,000) 1 scenario, 100 max VMs, 1m0s max duration (incl. graceful stop):

* default: Up to 100 looping VMs for 30s over 3 stages (gracefulRampDown: 30s, gracefulStop: 30s)

page_1 - http://192.168.198.1:5173/

data_received. ... 1.5 NB 46 kB/s
data_seat. ... 1.1 NB 36 kB/s
group_duration. ... 20931,60ms ain=7.1ms
http.req_lored. ... 2093-90ms ain=2.00s
http.req_lored... ... 2093-90ms ain=3.00s
http.req_lored... ... 2093-90ms ain=3.00s
http.req_lored... ... 2093-90ms ain=3.00s
http.req_lored.response:true ) ... 2093-90ms ain=3.00s
http.req_lored.respo
```

Note: 沒有塞 header 的話 post 都會失敗



Note: 我是在自己的筆電上測的,又有連到家裡路由器,所以有時候也會不太穩定。