K-Pop Data Analysis

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Starting in 2024.

Executive Summary

Write something here

Disclaimer

This manuscript is written solely by the author, not by ChatGPT or any other generative AI. The opinions and views expressed in this manuscript are those of the author, and do not necessarily state or reflect those of any institution or government entity.

1 Introduction

Important: Write about why K-pop music is so popular across the globe.

K-pop music (Korean popular music) is a music genre originated from South Korea (Lie, 2015), and it has emerged popularity worldwide since the early 2010's (Khiun, 2013; Sun, 2022). K-pop's international popularity stems from its appealing music, eye-catching performances, and the strategic use of social media, fostering a global community of dedicated fans who actively promote the artists and genre (Kim and Kwon, 2022; Chen, 2023). Therefore, K-pop enjoys fame not only across East Asian countries like China and Thailand (Malik, 2023), but also in the United States¹ and Western Europe² (Miroudot, 2024).

The paragraph above is too short. Need to add more content.

In addition to the K-pop performance itself, ...

Trend of survival reality shows in K-pop (Butsoontorn, 2023)

Then write about the author's motivation

The author became interested in K-pop music from the debut of Tzuyu (Chou Tzu-Yu, 周子瑜). Tzuyu is originally from Taiwan, the country in which the author grew up. In 2015, Tzuyu participated in the South Korean reality television show SIXTEEN, and eventually got added to the newly-formed girl group TWICE. 5

¹https://bit.ly/4iIHpor

 $^{{}^2{\}rm https://nolae.eu/blogs/news/diese-k-pop-konzerte-werden-2025-in-europa-stattfinden}$

³https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tzuyu

⁴https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sixteen_(TV_program)

 $^{^5 \}rm https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Twice$

In early 2016, Tzuyu was forced to apologize after she raised the Taiwan flag in a Korean entertainment show (Ahn and Lin, 2019).⁶ The flag controversy incident made headline news in Taiwan,⁷ and it was estimated to bring in 500,000 votes for the 2016 Taiwan presidential election.⁸

Unfinished below

Then in 2017, another Taiwanese girl, Snowbaby (蔡瑞雪), joined the Korean live reality show *Idol School* (偶像學校). At the end, the show would select nine winners to form the girl group *fromis_9*. This also generated lots of discussion in the Mandarin-speaking community. Although Snowbaby was eliminated in the middle of the show, she still deserves praise for her courage to participate as an international contestant. Since Snowbaby graduated from the same high school as the author did, Youndary's experience motivated the author to learn more about K-pop.

Survivorship bias is prevalent in the entertainment industry, and the K-pop genre is no exception (Lockwood, 2021). To become a K-pop idol in Korea, aspiring kids usually start as a trainee at an entertainment company in their early teens (Lee and Jin, 2019). The trainees take vocal and dance lessons, and the training process is intense and extremely competitive (Kang, 2017; Lee, 2024). (No wonder the K-pop artist performances are beautiful and well-rehearsed (Kim et al., 2021).) Very few trainees can eventually get selected to debut and perform on stage as the company's official group (Han and Pothong, 2021), and even fewer K-pop performers can achieve iconic status (Min, 2024). While a performing group enjoys the spotlight and fame, the group typically lasts only a few years before the contract ends (Cho et al., 2023).

K-pop overcrowded market (Liu, 2025).

(a lot more content here)

Need a transition paragraph to explain what we are doing in this analysis

Important: Write about the K-pop scandal revealed in 2019 and later.

Although the author enjoyed watching the K-pop survival reality shows, ...

In 2019, the author stopped following the shows produced by Mnet because ...

We focus on the ratings directly given by the vocal and dance instructors, rather than the published number of audience votes.

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mnet vote manipulation investigation

A K-pop vote manipulation scandal was surprisingly revealed in 2019, starting with the *Produce X 101*¹⁵ and the mysterious 29,978 number. After the producer Mnet¹⁷ published the number of votes each contestant received, people calculated the difference between rankings and noticed a strange pattern of the numbers. The difference was exactly 29,978 votes for five intervals among the rankings from 1st to 10th. The pattern seemed to be generated by some mathematical function, and it was nearly impossible to be a coincidence. Hence people suspected that the voting results were manipulated by Mnet, 18 resulting in a lawsuit against Mnet and other companies involved (Choi, 2023).

```
<sup>6</sup>https://bit.ly/3DOcNlP
```

⁷https://bit.ly/4k5j7ps

⁸https://bit.ly/3CUQWsK

⁹Snowbaby's YouTube channel: https://www.youtube.com/@snowbaby

¹⁰https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Idol_School_(2017_TV_series)

 $^{^{11} \}rm https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fromis_9$

 $^{^{12}}$ https://www.epochtimes.com/b5/17/7/2/n9346573.htm

 $^{^{13}}$ https://bit.ly/41p3pym

¹⁴https://bit.ly/424u3gv

¹⁵https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Produce_X_101

¹⁶ https://www.koreaboo.com/news/produce-x-101-rigged-votes-final-members/

 $^{^{17} \}rm https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mnet_(TV_channel)$

¹⁸https://bit.ly/4iWtPh0

Finally, Mnet admitted to manipulating the votes in the *Produce 101* series and the subsequent reality shows, including *Idol School.*¹⁹ The show producers rigged the votes in return for financial favors, resulting in not only unfair competition but also employment fraud (Lee and Zhang, 2021). The court demanded that Mnet must provide monetary compensation to the affected trainees, who should have been selected for the debut but lost the opportunity.²⁰ These entertainment agency representatives were charged with bribery, fraud, and sabotage (Yoshimitsu, 2020).

Idol School: Vote Manipulation Investigation (2019) https://www.ptt.cc/bbs/KoreaStar/M.1624467107.A.D7F.html

What was the penalty of these entertainment agency representatives? https://www.ptt.cc/bbs/KoreaStar/M.1680484737.A.28A.html

Need academic citations, not just news links.

Also need to mention other scandals with citations, such as sexual harassment and profit-sharing contracts.

Impact on the K-pop industry

Impact on the trainees who lost the chance to debut

After the 2019 scandal, Mnet has been under controversy but is still actively producing K-pop dance survival shows.²¹ Recent works of Mnet include *Kingdom: Legendary War* (2021)²² and *Stage Fighter* (2024).²³

1.1 Technical Narrative

This manuscript is created using R Markdown (Allaire et al., 2024)²⁴ for reproducible data analysis, just like our earlier technical report about the education in Taiwan (Chai, 2024). We have posted our code and data on GitHub,²⁵ so readers can download the GitHub repository and play with the script themselves.

The rest of this manuscript is organized as follows.

e.g. Chapter 23 does something.

2 Idol School Dataset (2017)

Idol School (偶像學校) is a 2017 Korean reality television show produced by Mnet. Unlike the 2016 Produce 101 that mostly featured K-pop trainees, ²⁶ Idol School did not require any vocal or dance experience and was willing to train the participants from scratch. Despite the low barrier to entry, many participants in the reality show had previously trained under various entertainment companies. ²⁷ For example, NATTY was trained under JYP Entertainment ²⁸ and made it to the finals of the SIXTEEN reality show ²⁹ in 2015. Lee Yoo Jeong (李悠汀) previously debuted in the girl group myB, but the group disbanded in 2016. ³⁰

Shall we also mention some beginners who quickly learned to perform K-pop? Showing that it's possible to succeed with little-to-no initial experience.

¹⁹https://www.popdaily.com.tw/korea/846603

²⁰https://bit.ly/44gkSKG

²¹https://www.ptt.cc/bbs/KoreaStar/M.1618588754.A.7C9.html

²²https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kingdom:_Legendary_War

²³https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stage_Fighter

 $^{^{24} \}rm https://rmarkdown.rstudio.com/$

²⁵https://github.com/star1327p/K-Pop-Dataset

²⁶https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Produce_101

²⁷https://kpop.fandom.com/wiki/Idol_School

²⁸https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/JYP_Entertainment

²⁹https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sixteen_(TV_program)

³⁰https://zh.wikipedia.org/wiki/MyB

e.g. Lee Si An (李詩安) and Yoo Ji Na (柳知娜) started out as complete beginners in the show, but they picked up the K-pop dance very fast and survived untill the final episode.

e.g. Baek Ji Heon (白知意) and Lee Na Gyung (李娜景) also scored low in the initial performance test, but both of them eventually made it to the top nine for the debut.

In the live reality show *Idol School*, nine winners were selected to form the new girl group *fromis_9*.³¹ This girl group debuted in 2018 and remained active until the contract with Pledis Entertainment ended in 2024. In January 2025, five members of the group signed a new contract with ASND.³²

What was the announced selection process for the nine winners?

Audience voting

What was the actual selection process instead?

Need to write the data description

Wikipedia data: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_Idol_School_contestants

2.1 Read in the *Idol School* Dataset

We manually copy-pasted the contestant data from Wikipedia into a Microsoft Excel workbook (.xlsx), and used the R package readxl (Wickham and Bryan, 2023) to load the dataset. A main advantage of .xlsx over .csv is that we can have multiple data sheets in the same Excel file for consolidation. Moreover, Excel supports Chinese characters, so we can also include the Chinese names of each contestant. Since the English translation of Korean names look similar to each other (Kim, 2020), we also include the date of birth (DOB) to make it easier to uniquely identify each contestant. For those who are able to read Chinese, we put each contestant's name in Chinese characters as well.

Specify the column names we included, also the column names we printed here.

Add the metadata in the Excel file or the Appendix ?!

Currently I prefer adding the metadata in the Excel file for proximity to the data itself.

Show the first 10 records as a snapshot of the dataset.

```
## # A tibble: 10 x 7
##
      Name_Chn Name_Eng
                               DOB
                                           Vocal Dance Physical Overall
##
      <chr>
               <chr>>
                               <date>
                                           <dbl> <dbl>
                                                           <dbl>
                                                                   <dbl>
##
    1 NATTY
               NATTY
                               2002-05-30
                                             9.8
                                                   8
                                                             8.1
                                                                    8.63
##
               Tasha
                               1993-10-11
                                             8
                                                   9.5
                                                             8
                                                                    8.5
    2 劉怡伶
    3 李采映
               Lee Chae Young 2000-05-14
                                                   8.5
                                                             7.5
##
                                             8.5
                                                                    8.17
   4 宋河英
               Song Ha Young 1997-09-29
                                             8.6
                                                   5.9
                                                             9.8
                                                                    8.1
```

 $^{^{31}}$ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fromis_9

 $^{^{32}}$ https://kpop.fandom.com/wiki/ASND

```
##
    5 金恩書
               Kim Eun Suh
                               2000-11-14
                                            6.3
                                                  6.9
                                                           10
                                                                   7.73
   6 金明智
               Kim Myong Ji
##
                               1997-10-09
                                            5.5
                                                  7.9
                                                           8.2
                                                                   7.2
##
   7 張圭悧
               Jang Gyuri
                               1997-12-27
                                            7.2
                                                  7.1
                                                            7
                                                                   7.1
                                                                   7.03
##
    8 朴宣
               Park Sun
                               2004-05-25
                                            9.5
                                                  6.1
                                                           5.5
##
     李悠汀
               Lee Yoo Jeong
                               1997-02-26
                                            5.8
                                                  6.2
                                                            9
## 10 金娜妍
               Kim Na Yeon
                               1996-05-15
                                                            6.4
                                                                   6.9
                                            8.3
                                                  6
```

Explain why we removed the 41st contestant whose scores were all zeros.

The 41st contestant, Som Hye In (慎惠仁), left the *Idol School* show due to health reasons. She was unable to complete the basic test, so her score was zero in all three categories (vocal, dance, and physical).

```
# UNFINISHED HERE
# We MUST remove the 41st contestant's scores (all zeros)!!
idol_school = idol_school[1:40,]
```

2.2 Idol School: Exploratory Data Analysis

Context: Write about how the vocal, dance, and physical scores were evaluated.

Physical testing contains a group exercise and an individual exercise.

Also mention the top performers in overall scores and in each category.

Most of the top performers had experience as a trainee under an entertainment company, and some even had debuted before.

Then why did they join the Idol School reality show?

Unfortunately, Snowbaby (蔡瑞雪) did not do well.

Snowbaby had not received any vocal or dance training in K-pop, so she was a complete beginner in the show.

2.2.1 Error Correction in Data

Still need to write the description

To observe the patterns of the *Idol School* data published on Wikipedia,³³ we first sorted the scores of each category (vocal, dance, and physical) in descending order.

What did we notice?

What changes did we make from the Wikipedia data?

Our presumption is that in each category, no two contestants should have the same score. However, after sorting the *Idol School* data, we found two 3.5's and two 1.2's in the physical scores. Especially that the two 3.5's belong to top-ranked contestants Bae Eun Yeong (裴思英) and Park Ji Won (朴池原), this issue quickly caught our attention to make corrections to the data.

Add a few transition sentences

Idol School (2017): Videos with subtitles in Simplified Chinese are available on the Bilibili platform.³⁴

Screenshots saved:

https://github.com/star1327p/K-Pop-Dataset/tree/main/Idol School Rating Screenshots

³³https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_Idol_School_contestants#Elimination_chart

³⁴https://www.bilibili.com/video/BV1554y1C7wj/

Then continue the discussion.

In the video clip, Park Ji Won (特 选原) and her partner were the first runner-up in the group physical exercise.³⁵ We are surprised that Ji Won's physical score was only 3.5. According to the video's score table for contestants ranked 11th to 20th,³⁶ Ji Won's physical score should be 6.2. The Wikipedia table shows an inconsistency in Ji Won's overall score, i.e., the average across the three categories. Ji Won's vocal score was 7.9, and her dance score was 5. These numbers seem to be reasonable for Ji Won, because she is known for excellent singing and good dancing as a performer.³⁷ Therefore, we assume both scores to be correct. If the physical score had really been 3.5, then Ji Won's overall score would be 5.47, dropping her from 13th place to the 18th. If the overall score of 6.37 had been correct, then Ji Won's physical score should be 6.2. The second scenario is more likely to be true, given the evidence we found in the video clip. Hence we corrected Ji Won's physical score to 6.2.

The two 1.2 physical scores are more difficult to check for the underlying values, probably because they occurred in two contestants of lower ranking.³⁸ The two contestants, Jessica Lee (季瑟) and Michelle White (懷特·米雪兒), ranked in the lower half of all 41 contestants in terms of the overall ability test. Both of them got eliminated in the first round, so they did not receive much attention in the show. With the help of Google Translate,³⁹ we were able to translate the image of Korean text to (readable) English. Finally, we discovered that Michelle White's physical score should be 1.3, not 1.2.

2.2.2 Summary Statistics

Check for the mean and median of each category score

The five-number summary refers to the five most important percentiles in the data sample – minimum, 1st quartile, median, 3rd quartile, and maximum.⁴⁰ The summary function in R outputs the five-number summary along with the arithmetic mean for the data.

```
# Combine all three summary tables
vocal_summary = summary(idol_school$Vocal)
dance_summary = summary(idol_school$Dance)
physical_summary = summary(idol_school$Physical)

score_summary = rbind(vocal_summary, dance_summary, physical_summary)
row.names(score_summary) = c("Vocal", "Dance", "Physical")
print(score_summary)
```

```
##
            Min. 1st Qu. Median
                                   Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## Vocal
             1.0
                    2.875
                            4.95 4.8850
                                           6.425 9.8
## Dance
                    3.825
                            5.55 5.4850
                                           7.025 9.5
             1.0
## Physical
             0.4
                    1.675
                            3.25 4.1925
                                          6.425 10.0
```

Observation:

Vocal and dance scores have 1 as the minimum score (who participated but made a blunder while performing), and the maximum score is below 10 (full mark). Physical scores have a wider range because the first place is automatically given a 10, and the other contestants' scores are calculated using the best performer as the baseline. Hence it is possible to receive a physical score below 1.

Vocal:

 $^{^{35}}$ Screenshot of the group physical exercise: https://bit.ly/4a7QT9m

³⁶https://bit.ly/400KUhH

³⁷Park Ji Won was the main vocalist in *fromis_9*. https://bit.ly/402yCFI

³⁸Physical scores of all contestants in *Idol School*: https://bit.ly/3DRNK0Z

³⁹https://translate.google.com/

⁴⁰http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Five-number_summary

NATTY received 9.8 as the highest vocal score, and the instructor said her singing performance was perfect (considering that NATTY is originally from Thailand and hence not a native speaker in Korean).⁴¹

On the other hand, Lee Hae In (李海印) received a score of 1 in vocal, because she lost her voice during the singing part (which was unfortunate).

What about the median score of vocal? Indicates decent performance.

Dance:

Although the best score was only 9.5 (given to Tasha (劉怡伶)), the median score of dance is the highest (5.55) among the three categories.

In K-pop, dance is an essential element for performers (Lee, 2018; Auh, 2025). In the live band, everyone must dance!

K-pop trainees: More talent in dance than in vocal (singing). (citation needed)

The video clip showed that Lee Si An (李詩安) and Yoo Ji Na (柳知娜) struggled in the dance exercise, but it was Jung So Mi (鄭昭彌) who got the lowest score of 1.

c.f. Vocal roles are divided into main vocal, lead vocal, and sub-vocal (i.e., everyone else, or simply "vocal"). 42

Generally the most challenging lines are assigned to the main vocal and the lead vocal, while the other vocals receive easier parts. (citation needed)

Physical:

Kim Eun Suh (金恩書) came in first and received the full mark of 10, while Song Ha Young (宋河英) got 9.8 as the second place.

Min = 0.4, and a total of five students had a score below 1.

Physical has the lowest median score (3.25) among all three categories.

The show did not reveal how the physical scores were calculated from the raw time sustained by each participant the exercises.

Physical: group physical exercise vs individual exercise

We suspect that the individual exercise accounted for a larger proportion of the physical score. We saw in the video that Lee Da Hee (李多熙) and Kim Na Yeon (金娜妍) came in first in the group physical exercise. However, Da Hee's physical score was only 4.9, and Na Yeon got 6.4 (which is good but not one of the best).⁴³

Remark: That's why it is important to remove the record with all zeros, otherwise the minimum score would be zero in every single category. Then we would not have noticed that the vocal and dance scores start from 1 with mere partipation, but the physical scores have a different scale.

Comparison:

The median in physical score (3.25) is lower than the median in vocal (4.95) or dance (5.55), indicating that many contestants did not do well in the physical test. In fact, some contestants had a remarkably high score in dance but a low score in physical. One example is Bae Eun Yeong (裴恩英), who scored 9.3 in dance (second place) and 3.5 in physical (slightly above the median of 3.25). Another example is Lee Hae In (李海 野), who got 8.4 in dance 8.4 and only 1.8 in physical.

With a few exceptions:

⁴¹NATTY's birth name is Anatchaya Suputhipong. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Natty_(Thai_singer)

⁴²https://bit.ly/3RFAHDL

 $^{^{43}}$ Screenshot of the first place team in the group physical exercise: https://bit.ly/3EDBhz5

e.g. Jo Yuri (曹柔理) received only 2.2 in dance but 5.9 in physical. Jo Yuri had not received any K-pop training prior to the show in 2017, but she was a long jump athlete during her school years. 44

e.g. Song Ha Young (宋河英) got 5.9 in dance and 9.8 in physical. Song Ha Young was a certified aerial yoga instructor before she first appeared in the *Idol School* reality show.

Figure 1 is the **box plot** of the vocal, dance, and physical scores in the *Idol School* show. We visualized the data using ggplot2 (Wickham, 2016) to compare the three sets of scores.

https://www.sthda.com/english/wiki/ggplot2-box-plot-quick-start-guide-r-software-and-data-visualization

```
# UNFINISHED HERE
library(tidyr)
# Convert wide data to long format
long_data <- pivot_longer(</pre>
  idol_school,
  cols = c("Vocal", "Dance", "Physical"), # Specify columns to pivot
 names_to = "Category",
                                # Name of the new column for the group labels
  values to = "Score"
                          # Name of the new column for the values
)
# Category should be 1. Vocal, 2. Dance, and 3. Physical.
# Hence we reorder the levels in the data frame.
long data$Category <- factor(long data$Category,</pre>
                             levels = c("Vocal", "Dance", "Physical"))
# UNFINISHED HERE
# To-Do:
# [done] 1. Change the group order!!!
# 2. Add agtitle for plot title (optional)
# [done] 3. Add Figure caption and reference it in the narrative.
# https://r-charts.com/distribution/box-plot-group-gqplot2/
# 4. Make the font size of axis labels larger and easier to read!!
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(long_data, aes(x=Category, y=Score)) +
  stat boxplot(geom = "errorbar", width=0.25) +
  geom_boxplot()
```

 $^{^{44}}$ https://bit.ly/431HHRS

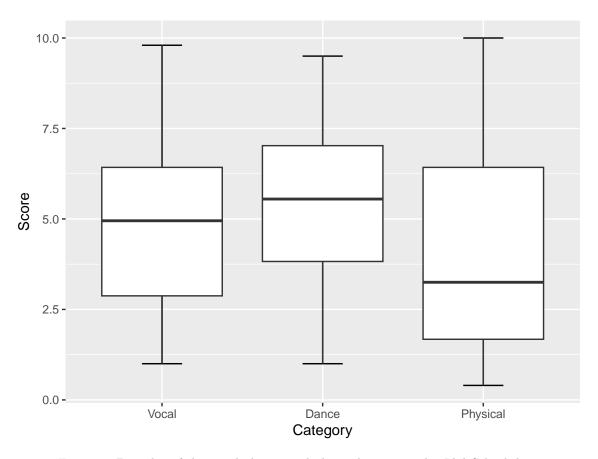


Figure 1: Box plot of the vocal, dance, and physical scores in the *Idol School* show

2.2.3 Correlation between Vocal, Dance, and Physical Scores

We can obtain the pairwise correlation coefficients of each category. There is a positive association between the vocal, dance, and physical scores. We round each number to three decimal places.

```
## Correlation of vocal and dance: 0.645
## Correlation of dance and physical: 0.509
## Correlation of vocal and physical: 0.664
```

Alternatively, we can also compute the correlation matrix for the three score categories (variables). The diagonal elements are always exactly 1 – because they represent the correlation of a variable with itself, which is a perfect positive correlation. The off-diagonal elements indicate the correlation coefficient between different categories.

round(cor(idol_school[,c("Vocal","Dance","Physical")]), 3)

```
## Vocal Dance Physical
## Vocal 1.000 0.645 0.664
## Dance 0.645 1.000 0.509
## Physical 0.664 0.509 1.000
```

Create the scatterplots and/or correlation plots!

Use ggplot or not ?!

Need to explain the correlation coefficients and the K-pop context.

The training at a K-pop entertainment company in Korea usually includes vocal and dance lessons (Padget, 2017), so it is reasonable to see a high correlation between vocal and dance scores. Theoretically dance and physical should be highly correlated (Ngo et al., 2024), but in the Idol School dataset, we observed a slightly lower correlation in dance vs physical than in dance vs vocal. Physical strength is essential to dancing, but dance also includes other critical elements such as technique and aesthetic expression (Geukes et al., 2023).

Do more analysis to the Idol School data!

2.3 Idol School: Additional Resources

Students who were eliminated from the show: https://www.ptt.cc/bbs/fromis_9/M.1555819461.A.C73.html

In 2017, a Taiwanese blogger followed the whole $Idol\ School\ series$, and used algorithms to predict the final ranking. 45

Both random forests and SVM 46 predicted Lee Hae In (季海印) to be in the top 9 for the debut, but Hae In ended up in an unexpected 11th place. K-pop fans crowdsourced to count the votes for Hae In, and the number of confirmed votes was already higher the number of votes published by Mnet. (Note that the number of confirmed votes is a subset of all actual votes.) This raised suspicion that the *Idol School* results may have been rigged. 47

Then in 2019, the court's investigation revealed widespread manipulation of the participant rankings. (citation needed)

A lot more evidence revealed that the rankings were manipulated by the organizers.

In the final episode of *Idol School*, Lee Hae In (李海印) actually came in first place. However, Mnet adjusted her ranking to 11th, resulting in Hae In being unfairly eliminated.

Elaborate more on the vote manipulation

Idol School: Vote Manipulation Investigation (2019) https://www.ptt.cc/bbs/KoreaStar/M.1624467107.A.D7F.html

Consider creating a table to document the number of votes manipulated

Columns:

- Episodes 1, 2, ..., 11
- Number of participants
- Number of rankings that were fabricated

⁴⁵https://shavid.pixnet.net/blog/post/331691281

⁴⁶Support Vector Machine https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Support_vector_machine

⁴⁷https://star.ettoday.net/news/1022482

Therefore, it is meaningless to predict the final rankings in a K-pop survival show. That's why we decided to analyze only the contestant scores given by the professional instructors. These scores are a relatively good benchmark of raw performance, especially that they were not artificially changed to favor any particular contestant.

3 *Produce 48* Dataset (2018)

Produce 48 dataset (2018)

Wikipedia data: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Produce_48

Need to write the background information of the reality show

3.1 Read in the *Produce 48* Dataset

Produce 48 dataset (2018)

Wikipedia data: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Produce_48

Need to write the data description

Produce 48 featured 96 contestants primarily from South Korea and Japan. The show was a collaboration between the Mnet's *Produce 101* series 48 and the Japanese AKB48 idol group. 49

Some former contestants in *Idol School* tried again in the *Produce 48* reality show in 2018.

A total of 12 contestants were eventually selected from $Produce\ 48$ to create the time-limited girl group IZ*ONE, ⁵⁰ which was active during 2018-2021 in both Korea and Japan.

```
## # A tibble: 20 x 6
##
      Name_Chn Name_Eng
                               DOB
                                          First_Eval Second_Eval Final_Rank
##
      <chr>
               <chr>
                                                     <chr>
                                                                       <dbl>
                               <date>
                                          <chr>>
##
   1 張員瑛
               Jang Won Young
                               2004-08-31 B
                                                     В
                                                                           1
   2 宮脇咲良 Miyawaki Sakura 1998-03-19 A
                                                                           2
##
                                                     Α
##
   3 曹柔理
               Jo Yuri
                               2001-10-22 A
                                                     F
                                                                           3
   4 崔叡娜
               Choi Ye Na
                                                     В
                                                                           4
##
                               1999-09-29 A
               An Yu Jin
                               2003-09-01 B
                                                     Α
                                                                           5
##
   5 安俞真
##
   6 矢吹奈子 Yabuki Nako
                                                                           6
                               2001-06-18 F
                                                     Α
               Kwon Eun Bi
                                                     C
   7 權恩妃
                               1995-09-27 A
                                                                           7
```

⁴⁸https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Produce_101

⁴⁹https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/AKB48

 $^{^{50}}$ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Iz*One

##	8	姜惠元	Kang Hye Won	1999-07-05	F	F	8
##	9	本田仁美	Honda Hitomi	2001-10-06	C	A	9
##	10	金采源	Kim Chae Won	2000-08-01	В	В	10
##	11	金玟周	Kim Min Ju	2001-02-05	D	C	11
##	12	李彩演	Lee Chae Yeon	2000-01-11	Α	A	12
##	13	韓霄瑗	Han Cho Won	2002-09-16	D	В	13
##	14	李佳恩	Lee Ka Eun	1994-08-20	Α	A	14
##	15	宮崎美穂	Miyazaki Miho	1993-07-30	D	D	15
##	16	高橋朱里	Takahashi Juri	1997-10-03	В	A	16
##	17	竹内美宥	Takeuchi Miyu	1996-01-12	Α	В	17
##	18	下尾美羽	Shitao Miu	2001-04-03	D	D	18
##	19	朴海允	Park Hae Yoon	1996-01-10	Α	D	19
##	20	白間美瑠	Shiroma Miru	1997-10-14	В	D	20

Data entry complete for all contestants in *Produce 48*, including those who left in the middle of the show.

Create a matrix for the two sets of ratings.

For each rating, also check how many contestants are from Korea and how many are from Japan.

```
# UNFINISHED HERE
produce_48_data[81:96, columns_to_show]
```

```
# A tibble: 16 x 6
##
##
      Name Chn
                 Name Eng
                                 DOB
                                            First Eval Second Eval Final Rank
##
      <chr>
                 <chr>
                                            <chr>
                                                       <chr>
                                                                        <dbl>
                                 <date>
##
   1 克利絲汀
                 Alex Christine
                                 1996-12-09 B
                                                       C
                                                                           82
##
   2 栗原紗英
                                                       D
                                                                           83
                 Kurihara Sae
                                 1996-06-20 F
                                                       С
   3 趙英燕
                 Cho Yeong In
                                 2001-10-31 B
                                                                           84
                                                       D
   4 淺井裕華
                 Asai Yuuka
                                 2003-11-10 F
                                                                           85
##
##
   5 安藝媛
                 Ahn Ye Won
                                 2001-02-10 F
                                                       F
                                                                           86
                                                       С
##
   6 內木志
                 Naiki Kokoro
                                 1997-04-06 D
                                                                           87
##
   7 金有彬
                 Kim Yu Bin
                                 2003-02-27 B
                                                       D
                                                                           88
                                                       F
     趙思朗
                 Cho Sa Rang
                                                                           89
##
   8
                                 2003-09-05 B
##
   9 崔韶恩
                 Choi So Eun
                                 2001-09-19 B
                                                       C
                                                                           90
                                                       F
## 10 篠崎彩奈
                 Shinozaki Ayana 1996-01-08 F
                                                                           91
## 11 元書妍
                 Won Seo Yeon
                                 2000-05-23 C
                                                       F
                                                                           92
                                                       F
## 12 月足天音
                 Tsukiashi Amane 1999-10-26 F
                                                                          100
## 13 田中美久
                 Tanaka Miku
                                 2001-09-12 F
                                                       С
                                                                          100
## 14 梅山戀和
                 Umeyama Kokona
                                 2003-08-07 F
                                                       X
                                                                          100
                                                       X
                                                                          100
## 15 植村梓
                 Uemura Azusa
                                 1999-02-04 F
## 16 松井珠理奈 Matsui Jurina
                                 1997-03-08 B
                                                       В
                                                                          100
```

Let's look at the nationality breakdown of Produce~48 contestants. Although Produce~48 advertised a collaboration between Korean and Japanese entertainment groups, the Korea-Japan split is not 1-1 among participants. The majority (56%) of contestants are domestic within South Korea, while a lower but remarkable (40%) proportion is from Japan. Also, two contestants are from China and another one is from the United States.

```
table(produce_48_data$Country)
```

```
##
## China Japan Korea USA
## 2 39 54 1
```

3.2 Produce 48: Two Evaluations of Contestant Performance

Write some narrative about Produce 48

At the beginning of the show, there were two evaluations to the 96 contestants' talents. Each evaluation involved a sing-and-dance performance and resulted in a letter grade (A-F). Both letter grades were recorded for each contestant.

In the first evaluation, the contestants were required to perform a popular K-pop song as their initial practice. Then the mentors gave each individual a grade based on their performance, and assigned them to temporary training classes at their level.

```
table(produce_48_data$First_Eval, dnn="First_Eval")
```

```
## First_Eval
## A B C D F
## 15 25 22 15 19
```

The second evaluation was to have each contestant perform the *Produce 48*'s theme song "Nekkoya (Pick Me)".⁵¹ After the song was announced, the contestants were given three days to prepare for the choreography and memorize the lyrics. The song has a Korean version and a Japanese version, so each student may choose to perform in their preferred language. Then the students were given their new grades, and reassigned to their new practice classes.

Need to explain the "X" ratings

```
table(produce_48_data$Second_Eval, dnn="Second_Eval")
```

```
## Second_Eval
## A B C D F X
## 14 20 22 16 22 2
```

Cross-table: First_Eval as row, and Country as column

Let's examine how Korean and Japanese participants scored in the first evaluation. We noticed that the majority of contestants from Japan were placed in D or F (lowest grades), while very few contestants from Korea did. Although the Korean K-pop coaches criticized the Japanese contestants for their performance, we would like to emphasize that the Idol training process differs greatly in Korea and Japan.⁵² In Korea, the primary focus is on vocal and dance techniques, while in Japan, the Idol training values artistic interpretation and individual expressiveness (Lee, 2023).

In the show, many Japanese contestants bursted into tears due to the harsh feedback given by the Korean K-pop instructors. The Japanese contestants enjoyed highly positive responses in their own country, so they thought they would receive an A in the evaluation during $Produce\ 48$. Instead, most of them received an F (failure). After the first evaluation, some Japanese contestants even withdrew from the show for various reasons. 54

⁵¹https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nekkoya_(Pick_Me)

 $^{^{52} \}rm https://www.adaymag.com/2020/10/22/japanese-vs-korean-idol.html$

⁵³https://star.ettoday.net/news/1192170

⁵⁴https://star.ettoday.net/news/1181576

```
##
               Country
## First_Eval China Japan Korea USA
##
              Α
                     0
                            2
              В
                     2
                            4
##
                                  18
                                        1
##
              С
                     0
                            5
                                  17
                                        0
              D
                     0
                                   4
                                        0
##
                           11
##
              F
                     0
                           17
                                   2
```

Cross-table: Second_Eval as row, and Country as column

What about the second evaluation?

Observation: Contestants from Japan faced a little better in the second evaluation – approximately half of them received a satisfactory grade (A, B, or C).

The scoring of domestic contestants in Korea became harsher this time – one third of them were rated unsatisfactory (D or F).

Need to specify the (inferred) reason

##	Country							
##	${\tt Second_Eval}$	${\tt China}$	Japan	${\tt Korea}$	USA			
##	A	0	4	10	0			
##	В	0	6	14	0			
##	C	1	8	12	1			
##	D	1	9	6	0			
##	F	0	10	12	0			
##	X	0	2	0	0			

Cross-table: First_Eval as row, and Second_Eval as column

```
## Second_Eval
## First_Eval A B C D F X
## A 6 3 4 1 1 0
## B 4 8 5 5 3 0
## C 3 6 4 3 6 0
## D 0 3 5 3 4 0
## F 1 0 4 4 8 2
```

List the names of the six contestants who got $A \rightarrow A$.

There are six contestants who got A's in both evaluations.

Miyawaki Sakura (宮脇咲良) is the only Japanese participant, and she was ranked 2nd in the final debut. The other five contestants are all from Korea.

```
Lee Chae Yeon (李彩演)
```

Known for her excellent dancing skills (citation needed)

Also made it to the final debut.

```
Lee Ka Eun (李佳恩)
```

Explain her actual ranking (5th) and the published ranking (14th) (citation needed) https://www.ptt.cc/bbs/KoreaStar/M.1605669895.A.97D.html

The remaining three did not do so well in the audience votes?!

Note that possessing a high talent does not guarantee being selected to debut in the new girl group; having a low starting point does not result in first-round elimination, either.

```
inds_A_to_A = which(produce_48_data$First_Eval=="A" & produce_48_data$Second_Eval=="A")
produce_48_data[inds_A_to_A, columns_to_show]
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 6
##
     Name_Chn Name_Eng
                              DOB
                                         First_Eval Second_Eval Final_Rank
##
     <chr>>
              <chr>
                              <date>
                                         <chr>>
                                                    <chr>
## 1 宮脇咲良 Miyawaki Sakura 1998-03-19 A
                                                                         2
                                                    Α
## 2 李彩演
             Lee Chae Yeon
                                                                        12
                              2000-01-11 A
                                                    Α
             Lee Ka Eun
## 3 李佳恩
                              1994-08-20 A
                                                    Α
                                                                        14
## 4 羅高恩
             Na Go Eun
                                                    Α
                                                                        29
                              1999-09-03 A
## 5 李河恩
             Lee Ha Eun
                              2004-10-30 A
                                                    Α
                                                                        48
## 6 黄召硯
             Hwang So Yeon
                                                                        60
                              2000-08-21 A
                                                    Α
```

```
Jo Yuri (曹柔理): A \rightarrow F
```

Yabuki Nako (矢吹奈子): $F \to A$

What about other participants?

Kang Hye Won (姜惠元): $F \to F$

Nevertheless, Hye Won made it to the debut of the IZ*ONE girl group, and she was ranked 8th out of all 12 finalists.

Next step: Breakdown the 1st-cross-2nd table by country (Korea and Japan)

1st-cross-2nd table: Korea

```
## Second_Eval
## First_Eval A B C D F
## A 5 2 4 1 1
## B 3 7 3 2 3
## C 2 4 4 3 4
## D 0 1 1 0 2
## F 0 0 0 0 2
```

1st-cross-2nd table: Japan

```
## Second_Eval
## First_Eval A B C D F X
## A 1 1 0 0 0 0
## B 1 1 0 2 0 0
## C 1 2 0 0 2 0
## D 0 2 4 3 2 0
## F 1 0 4 4 6 2
```

3.3 Produce 48: Additional Resources

What happened next?

The final rankings were arbitrarily decided by the show organizers. (citation needed) https://www.koreastardaily.com/tc/news/122447

What were the political dynamics at play?

The show organizers received gifts from Starship and Woollim. (citation needed)

Evidence: Three contestants were unfairly eliminated from the debut in the final round of the show. (citation needed)

```
Lee Ka Eun (李佳恩): Actual ranking 5th, published ranking 14th. https://disp.cc/ptt/KoreaStar/1brmSfeA
```

Han Cho Won (韓霄瑗): Actual ranking 6th, published ranking 13th.

Cho Won's Wiki: http://bit.ly/45HLq8j

Additional suspects by the K-pop fans.

https://www.kagit.kr/posts/123744

Why did Jang Won Young (張員瑛) came in 1st place, instead of Miyawaki Sakura (宮脇咲良)?

Tradition: First place must be Korean, rather than an international participant. (citation needed)

The importance of being selected in 1st place for the group debut:

C-position or center position in K-pop (citation needed)

Idea: We can assume that the vote manipulation happened only in the final round of the show.

Comparison: the 20 participants in the final round vs the rest

Or compare in other rounds: survived vs eliminated ?!

Combine the ratings in the two evaluations:

Average method or take the best score only ?!

4 Tentative Placeholders

Write something here

4.1 Test for Non-English Characters

```
CJK = Chinese, Japanese, Korean
```

Chinese example

RStudio 有辦法打中文嗎?

```
print("大家好,很高興能認識你們!")

## [1] "大家好,很高興能認識你們!"

Japanese example
思い出にするにはまだ早すぎる

print("みやわき さくら")

## [1] "みやわき さくら"

print("宮脇 咲良")

## [1] "宮脇 咲良")
```

This template does not support Korean characters yet.

4.2 R Markdown Narrative

This is an R Markdown document. Markdown is a simple formatting syntax for authoring HTML, PDF, and MS Word documents. For more details on using R Markdown see http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com.

When you click the **Knit** button a document will be generated that includes both content as well as the output of any embedded R code chunks within the document. You can embed an R code chunk like this:

summary(cars)

```
##
        speed
                         dist
                              2.00
##
    Min.
           : 4.0
                   Min.
                           :
    1st Qu.:12.0
                    1st Qu.: 26.00
##
   Median:15.0
                   Median : 36.00
##
##
   Mean
           :15.4
                   Mean
                           : 42.98
                   3rd Qu.: 56.00
##
    3rd Qu.:19.0
           :25.0
                           :120.00
    Max.
                   Max.
```

4.3 Including Plots

You can also embed plots, for example in Figure 2:

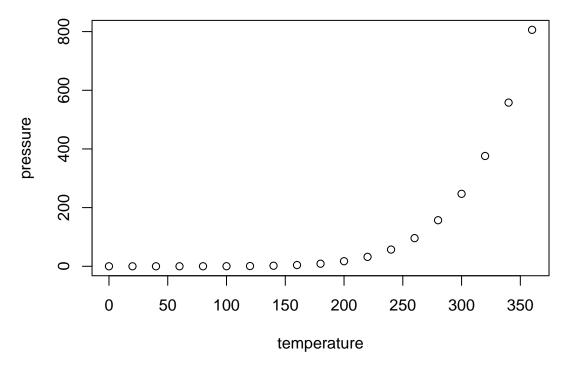


Figure 2: Test Plot

Note that the echo = FALSE parameter was added to the code chunk to prevent printing of the R code that generated the plot.

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