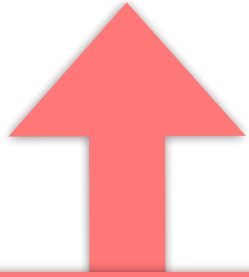


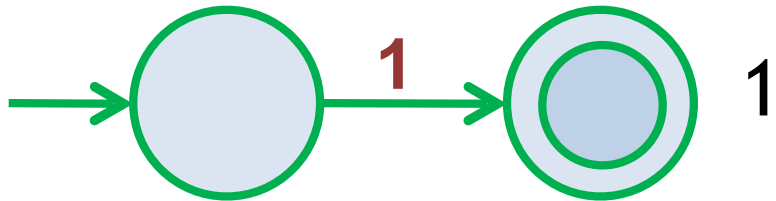
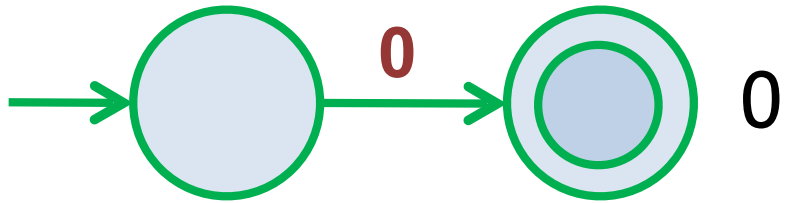
$$(0^* \cup 10)^+ = (0^* \cup 10)^*(0^* \cup 10)$$



non ha 11 come
fattore e finisce con 0

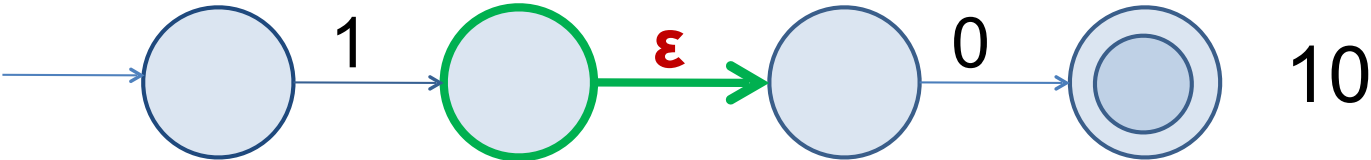
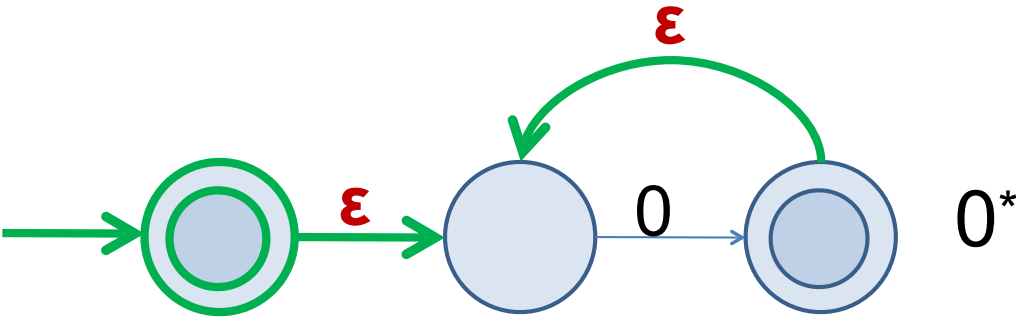
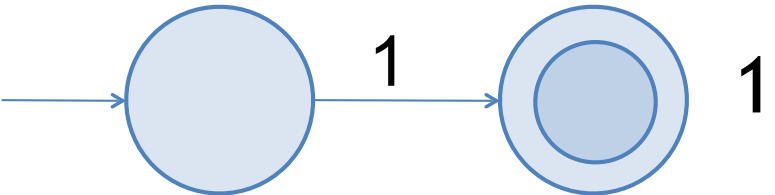
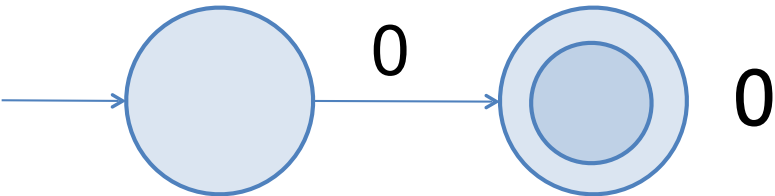
Devo dividere le
RE in RE più
piccole e poi
ricomporre...

$$(0^* \cup 10)^+ = (0^* \cup 10)^*(0^* \cup 10)$$

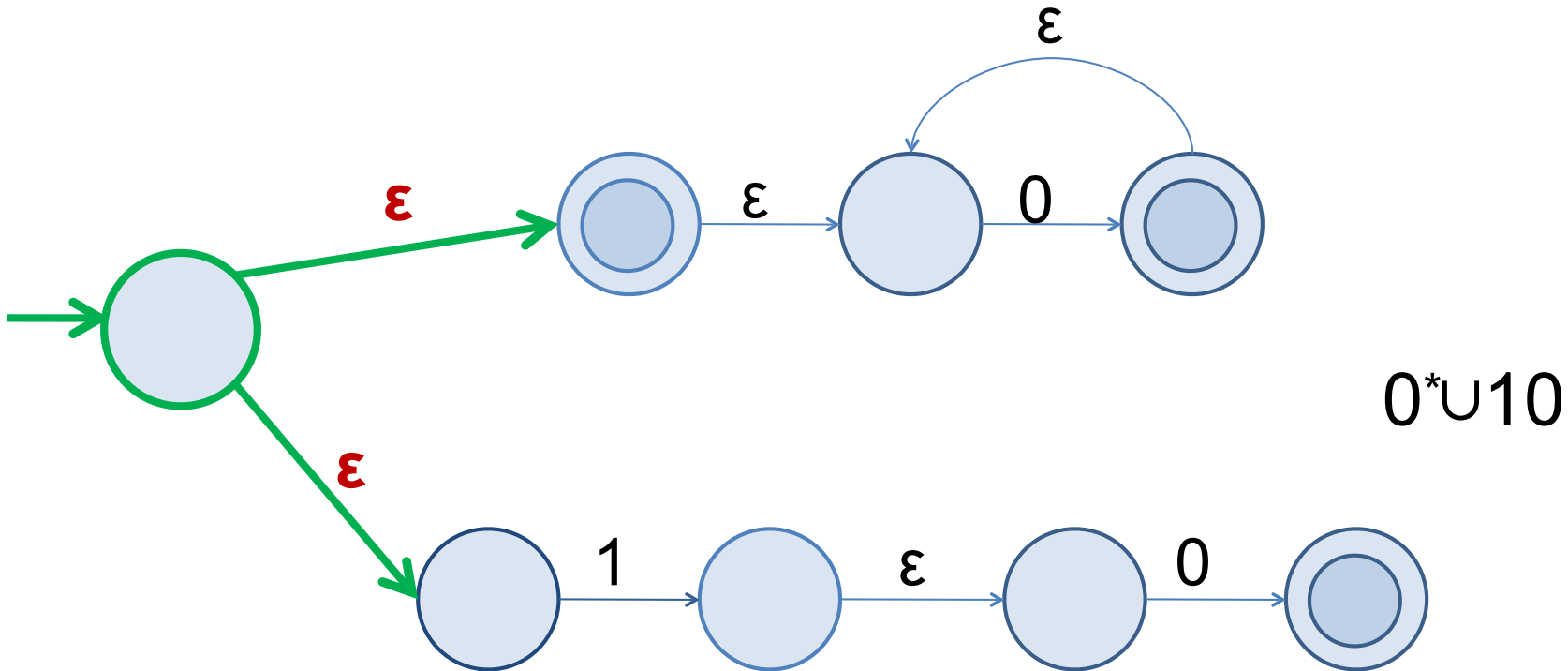
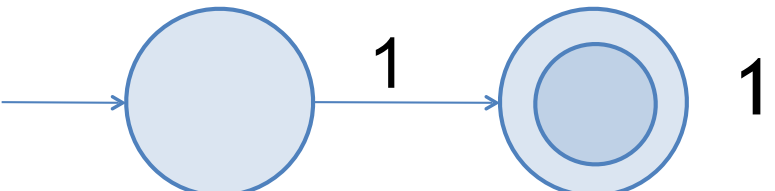
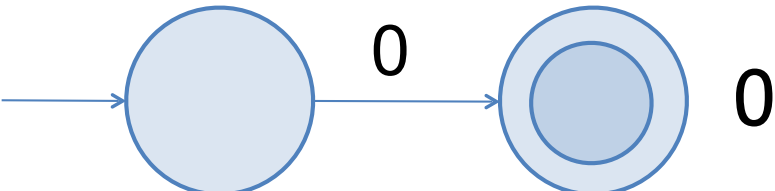


Devo dividere le
RE in RE più
piccole e poi
ricomporre...

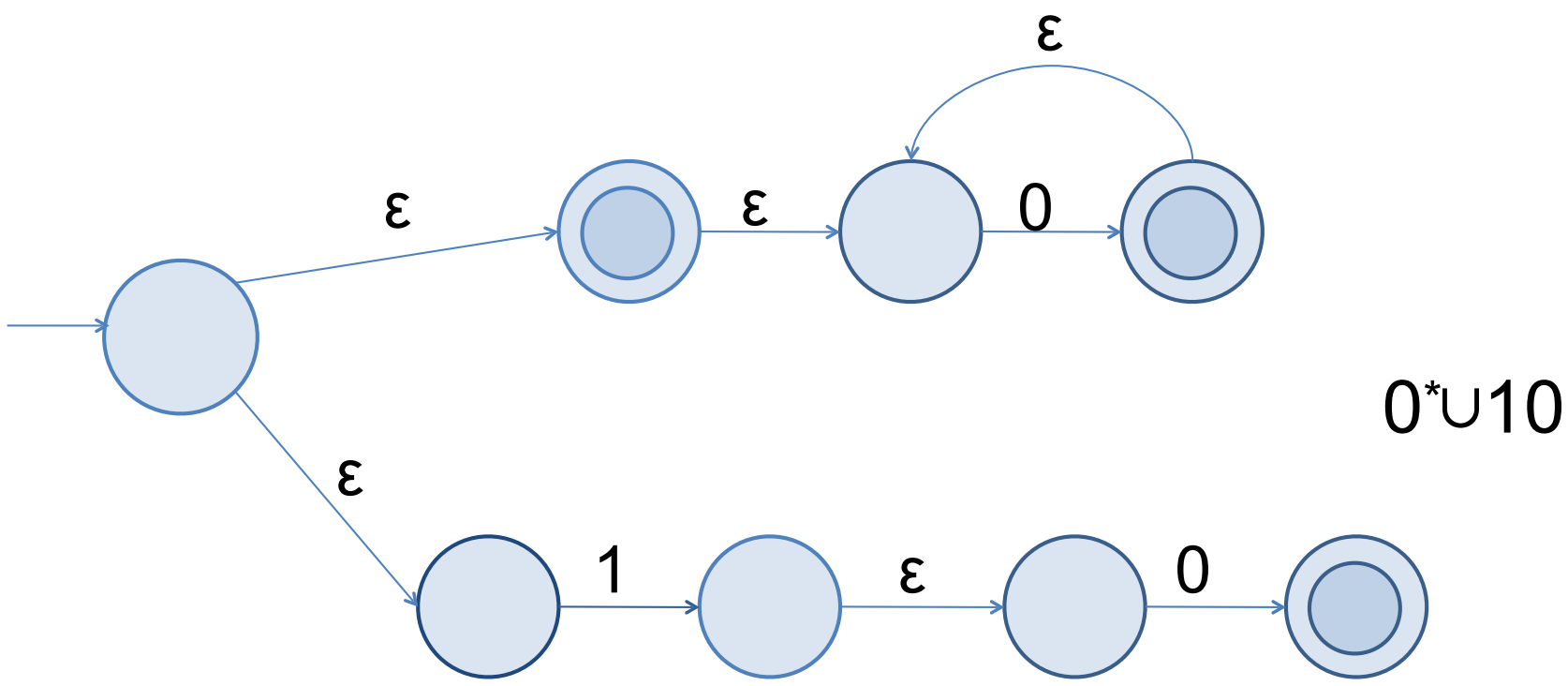
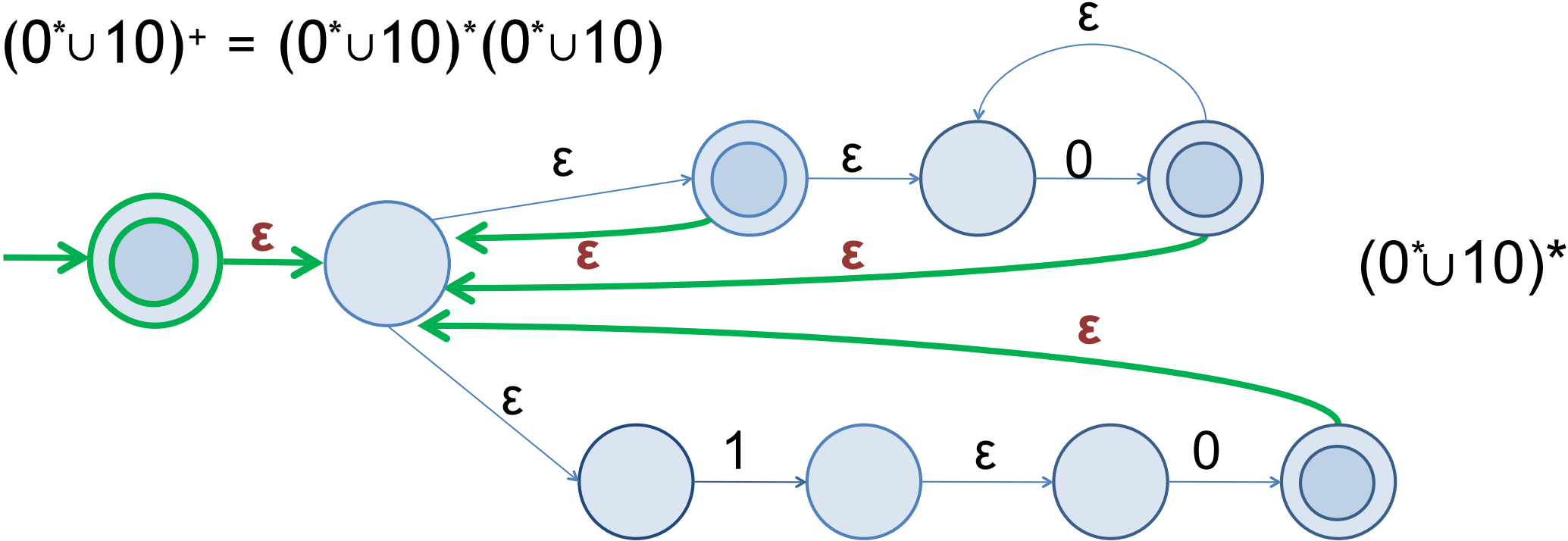
$$(0^* \cup 10)^+ = (0^* \cup 10)^*(0^* \cup 10)$$



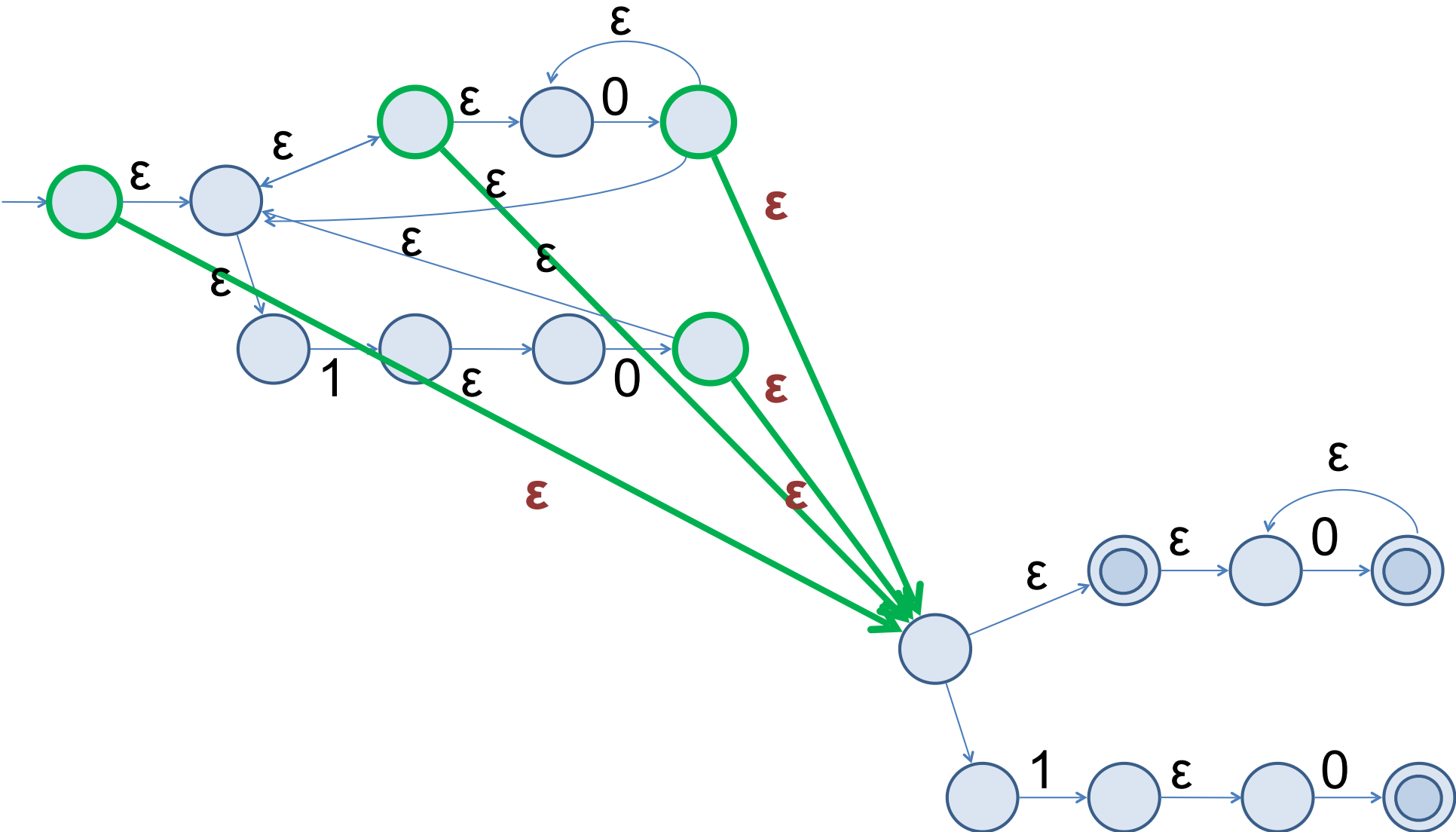
$(0^* \cup 10)^+ = (0^* \cup 10)^*(0^* \cup 10)$



$$(0^* \cup 10)^+ = (0^* \cup 10)^*(0^* \cup 10)$$



$(0^* \cup 10)^+ = (0^* \cup 10)^*(0^* \cup 10)$

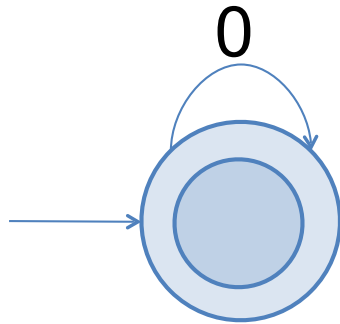


Modo più semplice!

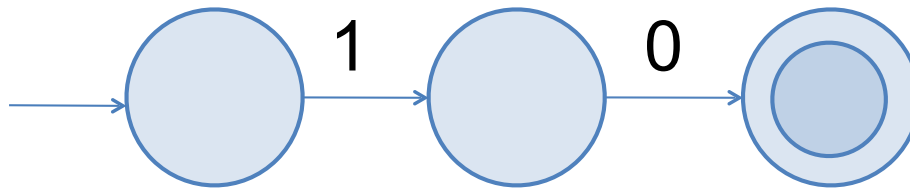
$$(0^* \cup 10)^+$$

$(0^* \cup 10)^+$

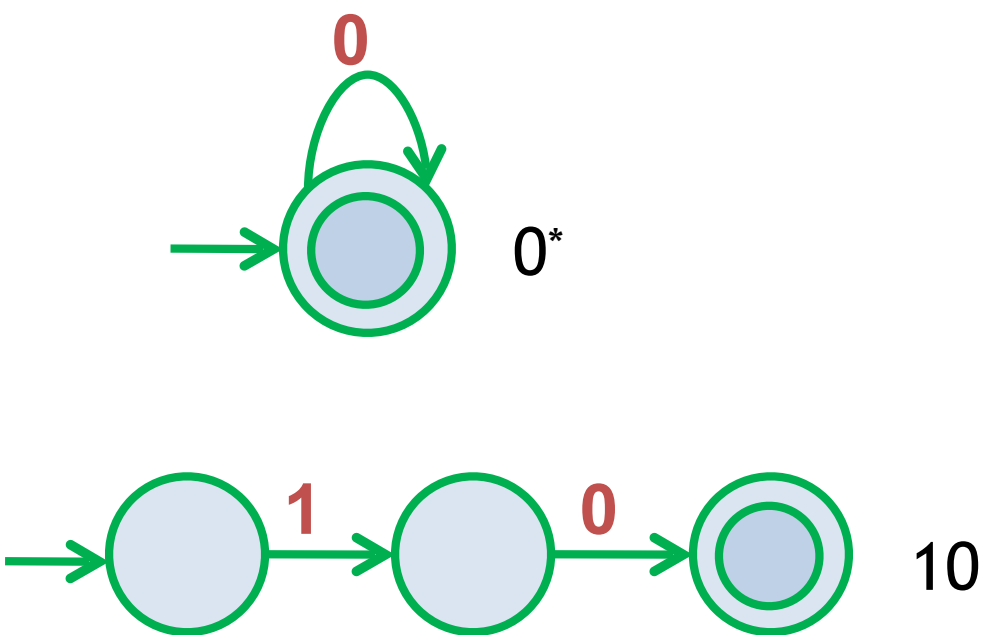
• 0^*



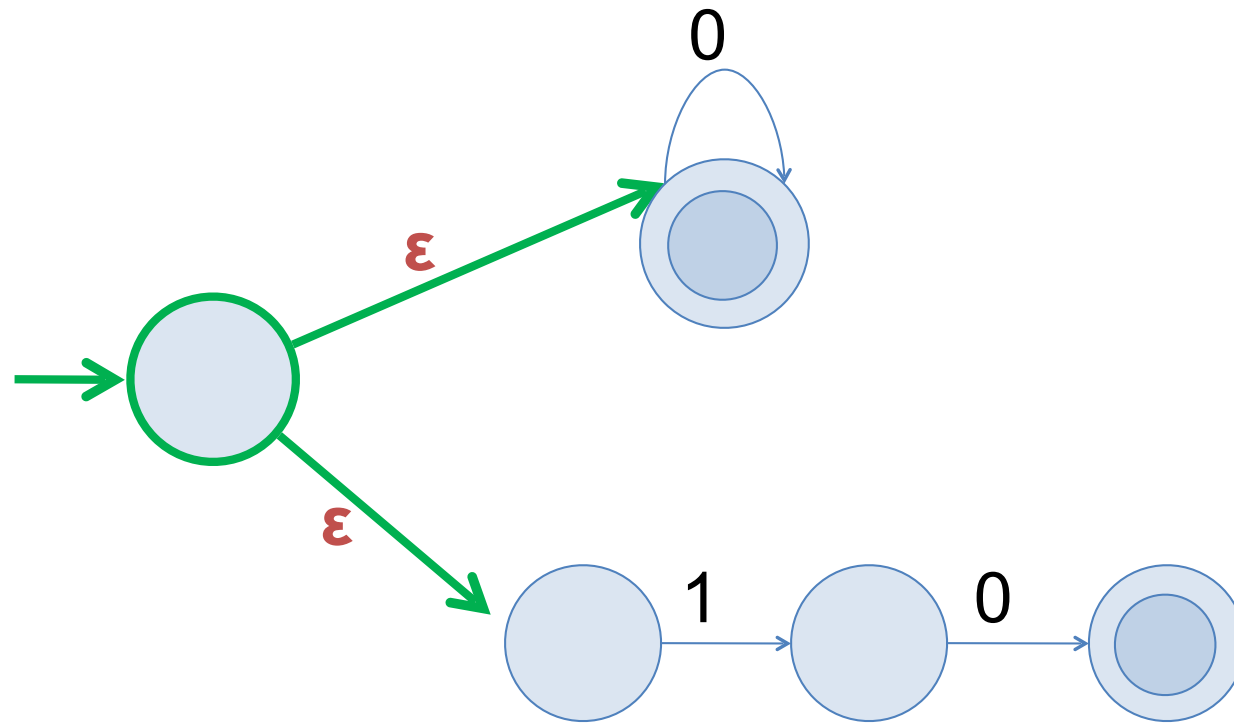
• 10



$(0^* \cup 10)^+$

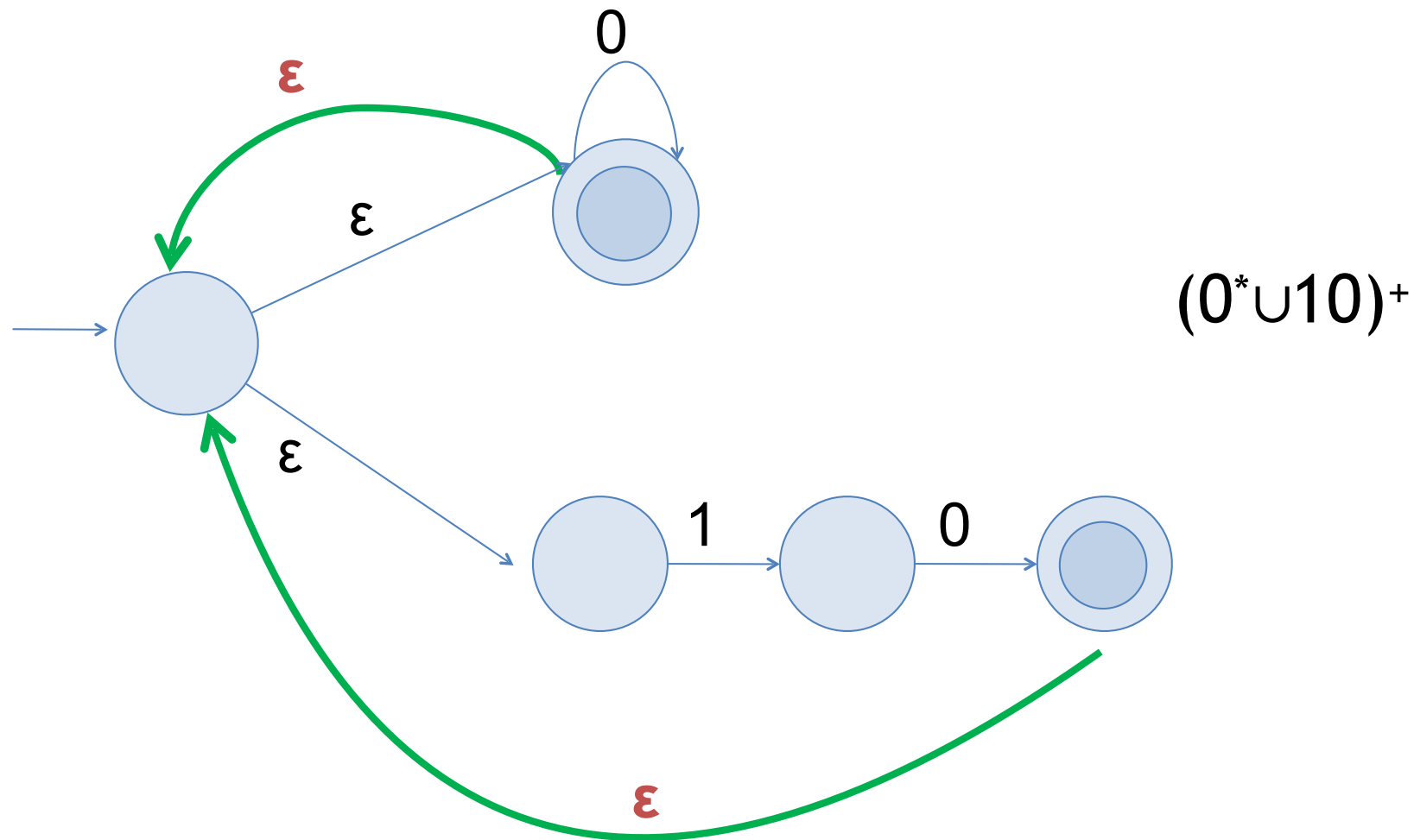


$(0^* \cup 10)^+$



$(0^* \cup 10)$

$(0^* \cup 10)^+$



abbiamo visto come si fa la chiusura positiva di un linguaggio...