XLAT instruction, the code of the pressed key obtained from the keyboard (i.e. the code to be translated) is moved in AL and the base address of the look up table containing the 7-segment codes is kept in BX. After the execution of the XLAT instruction, the 7-segment code corresponding to the pressed key is returned in AL, replacing the key code which was in AL prior to the execution of the XLAT instruction. To find out the exact address of the 7-segment code from the base address of look up table, the content of AL is added to BX internally, and the contents of the address pointed to by this new content of BX in DS are transferred to AL. The following sequence of instructions perform the task.

Example 2.22

MOV AX, SEG TABLE ; Address of the segment containing look-up-table

MOV DS.AX ; is transferred in DS

MOV AL, CODE ; Code of the pressed key is transferred in AL

MOV BX, OFFSET TABLE; Offset of the code look-up-table in BX XLAT ; Find the equivalent code and store in AL

Mnemonics & Description	Instruction Code			
Data Transfer				
MOV = Move	76543210	76543210	76543210	76543210
Register/Memory to/from Register	100010 dw	mod reg r/m		
Immediate to Register/Memory	1100011 w	mod 000 r/m	data	data if w = 1
Immediate to Register	1011 w reg	data	data if w = 1	
Memory to Accumulator	1010000 w	addr-low	addr-high	
Accumulator to Memory	1010001 w	addr-low	addr-high	
Register/Memory to Segment Register	10001110	mod 0 reg r/m	•	
Segment Register to Register/Memory	10001100	mod 0 reg r/m		
PUSH = Push:		· ·		
Register/Memory	11111111	mod 110 r/m		
Register	01010 reg			
Segment Register	000 reg 110			
POP = Pop:	•			
Register/Memory	10001111	mod 000 r/m		
Register	01011 reg			
Segment Register	000 reg 111			
XCHG = Exchange	•			
Register/Memory with Register	1000011 w	mod reg r/m		
Register with Accumulator	10010 reg	•		
IN = Input from:				
Fixed Port	1110010 w	port		
Variable Port	1110110 w	•		
OUT = Output to				
Fixed Port	1110011 w	port		
Variable Port	1110111 w	•		
XLAT = Translate Byte to AL	11010111			
LEA = Load EA to Register	10001101	mod reg r/m		
LDS = Load Pointer to DS	11000101	mod reg r/m		
LES = Load Pointer to ES	11000100	mod reg r/m		
LAHF = Load AH with Flags	10011111	3		
SAHF = Store AH into Flags	10011110			
PUSHF = Push Flags	10011100			
POPF = Pop Flags	10011101			
ARITHMETIC	76543210	76543210	76543210	76543210
ADD = Add:				
Reg/Memory with Register to Either	000000 dw	mod reg r/m		
Immediate to Register/Memory	100000 sw	mod 000 r/m	data	data if $s w = 0$

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Mnemonics & Description	Instruction Code			
XOR = Exclusive or:				
Reg/Memory and Register to Either	001100 dw	mod reg r/m		
Immediate to Register/Memory	1000000 w	mod 110 r/m	data	data if w = 1
Immediate to Accumulator	0011010 w	data	data if w = 1	
STRING MANIPULATIONS				
REP = Repeat	1111001 z			
MOVS = Move Byte/Word	1010010 w			
CMPS = Compare Byte/Word	1010011 w			
SCAS = Scan Byte/Word	1010111 w			
LODS = Load byte/Wd to AL/AX	1010111 w			
STOS = Stor Byte/Wd from AL/A	1010101 w			
CONTROL TRANSFER	1010101 ₩			
CALL = Call:				
Direct Within Segment	11101000	disp-low	disp-high	
Indirect Within Segment	11111111	mod 010 r/m	disp-nigh	
Direct Intersegment	10011010	offset-low	offset-high	
Direct intersegment	10011010		•	
	70540040	seg-low	seg-high	
In all 10 at 1 at 1 at 2 a 2 a 2 a 2 a 2	76543210	76543210	76543210	
Indirect Intersegment	11111111	mod 011 r/m		
JMP = Unconditional Jump:	44404004	J' 1-	al!	
Direct Within Segment	11101001	disp-low	disp-high	
Direct Within Segment-short	11101011	disp		
Indirect Within Segment	11111111	mod 100 r/m		
Direct Intersegment	11101010	offset-low	offset-high	
		seg-low	seg-high	
Indirect Intersegment	11111111	mod 101 r/m		
RET = Return from CALL:				
Within Segment	11000011			
Within Seg Adding Immediate to SP	11000010	data-low	data-high	
Intersegment	11001011			
Intersegment Adding Immediate to SP	11001010	data-low	data-high	
JE/JZ = Jump on Equal/Zero	01110100	disp		
JL/JNGE = Jump on Less/Not	011111100	disp		
Greater or Equal				
JLE/JNG = Jump on Less or	01111110	disp		
Equal/Not Greater		·		
JB/JNAE = Jump on Below/Not Above	01110010	disp		
or Equal		·		
JBE/JNA = Jump on Below or	01110110	disp		
Equal/Not Above				
JP/JPE = Jump on Parity/Parity Even	01111010	disp		
JO = Jump on Overflow	01110000	disp		
JS = Jump on Sign	01111000	•		
		disp		
JNE/JNZ = Jump on Not Equal/Not	01110101	disp		
Zero	_			
JNL/JGE = Jump on Not Less/Greater	01111101	disp		
or Equal				
JNLE/JG = Jump on Not Less or	01111111	disp		
Equal/Greater				
JNB/JAE = Jump on Not Below/Above	01110011	disp		
or Equal		•		
JNBE/JA = Jump on Not Below or	01110111	disp		
Equal/Above		aiop		
JNP/JPO = Jump on Not Par/Par Odd	01111011	disp		
•				
JNO = Jump on Not Overflow	01110001	disp		
JNS = Jump on Not Sign	01111001	disp ''		
LOOP = Loop CX Times	11100010	disp 		
LOOPZ/LOOPE = Loop While Zero/	11100001	disp		

Mnemonics & Description	Instruction Code		
Equal			
LOOPNZ/LOOPNE = Loop While Not Zero/Equal	11100000	disp	
JCXZ = Jump on CX Zero	11100011	disp	
INT = Interrupt		·	
Type Specified	11001101	type	
Type 3	11001100	•	
INTO = Interrupt on Overflow	11001110		
IRET = Interrupt Return	11001111		
·	76543210	76543210	
PROCESSOR CONTROL			
CLC = Clear Carry	11111000		
CMC = Complement Carry	11110101		
STC = Set Carry	11111001		
CLD = Clear Direction	11111100		
STD = Set Direction	11111101		
CLI = Clear Interrupt	11111010		
STI = Set Interrupt	11111011		
HLT = Halt	11110100		
WAIT = Wait	10011011		
ESC = Escape (to External Device)	11011xxx	mod xxx r/m	
LOCK = Bus Lock Prefix	11110000		

^{*}The v, w, d, s and z bits and the mod, reg, r/m fields are discussed in the addressing modes' section.

Fig. 2.4 8086/8088 Instruction Set Summary

LEA: Load Effective Address The load effective address instruction loads the effective address formed by destination operand into the specified source register. This instruction is more useful for assembly language rather than for machine language. The examples are given below.

```
Example 2.23

LEA BX,ADR ; Effective address of Label ADR i.e. offset of ADR will be transferred to Reg ; BX.

LEA SI, ADR[Bx]; offsetofLabelADRwillbeaddedtocontentofBxtoformeffective ; address and it will be loaded in SI
```

LDS/LES: Load Pointer to **DS/ES** This instruction loads the DS or ES register and the specified destination register in the instruction with the content of memory location specified as source in the instruction. The example in Fig. 2.5 explains the operation.

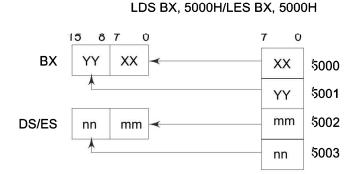


Fig. 2.5 LDS/LES Instruction Execution