683 Final project

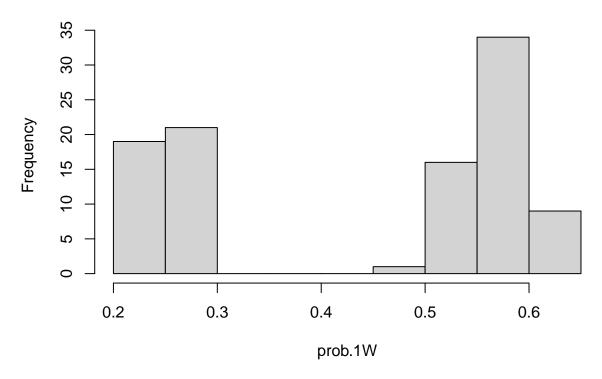
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```
set.seed(123)
# simple substitution estimator (a.k.a. parameteric G-computation)
txt <- ObsData
control <- ObsData
txt$A <- 1
control$A <- 0
g.comp.reg \leftarrow glm(Y \sim W11 + W12 + W13 + W14 + W2 + A, family="binomial", data=ObsData)
pred.txt <- predict(g.comp.reg, newdata = txt, type = "response")</pre>
pred.control <- predict(g.comp.reg, newdata = control, type = "response")</pre>
psi.hat <- mean(pred.txt - pred.control)</pre>
psi.hat
## [1] 0.01454638
```

```
# IPTW estimator
prob.AW.reg <- glm(A ~ W11 + W12 + W13 + W14, family="binomial", data=ObsData)</pre>
prob.1W <- predict(prob.AW.reg, type= "response")</pre>
prob.0W \leftarrow 1 - prob.1W
hist(prob.1W)
```

Histogram of prob.1W

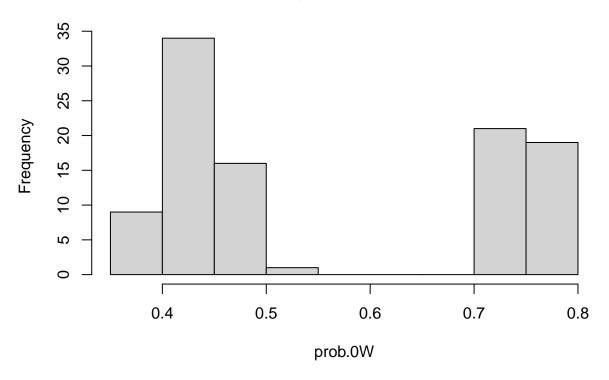


summary(prob.1W)

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 0.2216 0.2516 0.5358 0.4400 0.5727 0.6226
```

hist(prob.0W)

Histogram of prob.0W



summary(prob.OW)

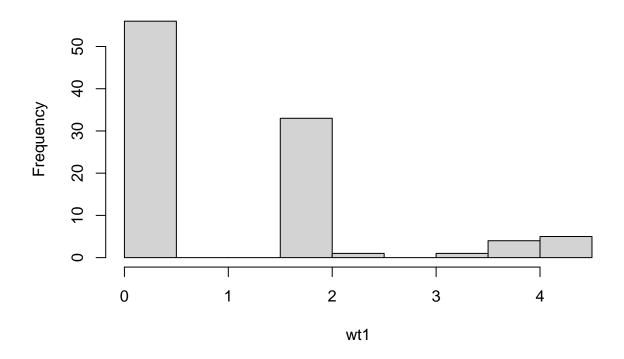
```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 0.3774 0.4273 0.4642 0.5600 0.7484 0.7784
```

```
wt1 <- as.numeric(ObsData$A==1)/prob.1W
wt0 <- as.numeric(ObsData$A==0)/prob.0W
summary(wt1)</pre>
```

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 0.000 0.000 0.000 1.004 1.766 4.452
```

hist(wt1)

Histogram of wt1

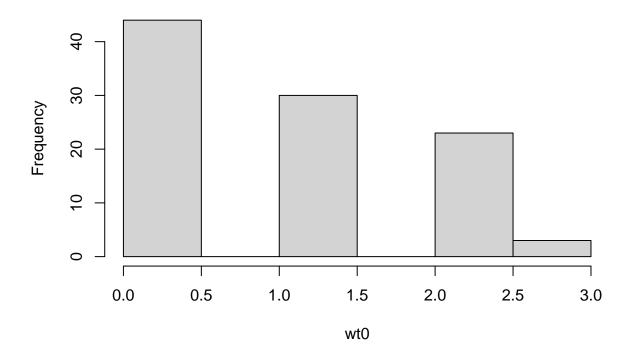


summary(wt0)

Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. ## 0.000 0.000 1.312 0.998 2.074 2.594

hist(wt0)

Histogram of wt0



```
psi.iptw <- mean(wt1*ObsData$Y) - mean(wt0*ObsData$Y)
psi.iptw

## [1] -0.003532538

# Modified HT
psi.ht <- mean(wt1*ObsData$Y)/mean(wt1) - mean(wt0*ObsData$Y)/mean(wt0)
psi.ht</pre>
```

[1] -0.00916455

```
# Unadjusted estimator
wt1.ua <- as.numeric(ObsData$A==1)/mean(ObsData$A == 1)
wt0.ua <- as.numeric(ObsData$A==0)/mean(ObsData$A == 0)
psi.unadj <- mean(wt1.ua*ObsData$Y) - mean(wt0.ua*ObsData$Y)
psi.unadj</pre>
```

[1] -0.02922078

```
# TMLE estimator
```

SS, IPTW and TMLE estimator with super learner

```
library("SuperLearner")
SL.library<- c('SL.glm', 'SL.glm.interaction', "SL.step",
               "SL.randomForest", "SL.step.forward", "SL.stepAIC", "SL.mean")
run.tmle <- function(ObsData, SL.library){</pre>
  # Simple substitution estimator
  # dataframe X with baseline covariates and exposure
  X <- subset(ObsData, select=c(A, W11, W12, W13, W14,W2))</pre>
  # set the exposure=1 in X1 and the exposure=0 in X0
  X1 <- X0 <- X
  X1$A <- 1
 XO$A <- 0
  # Estimate E O(Y/A, W) with Super Learner
  SL.outcome <- SuperLearner(Y=ObsData$Y, X=X, SL.library=SL.library,</pre>
              family="binomial", cvControl=list(V=10))
  # get the expected outcome, given the observed exposure and covariates
  expY.givenAW <- predict(SL.outcome, newdata=ObsData)$pred</pre>
  # expected outcome, given A=1 and covariates
  expY.given1W <- predict(SL.outcome, newdata=X1)$pred</pre>
  # expected outcome, given A=O and covariates
  expY.givenOW <- predict(SL.outcome, newdata=X0)$pred</pre>
  # simple substitution estimator would be
  PsiHat.SS <- mean(expY.given1W - expY.given0W)
  # Inverse probability of txt weighting
  # Super Learner for the exposure mechanism P_0(A=1/W)
  SL.exposure <- SuperLearner(Y=ObsData$A,</pre>
                               X=subset(ObsData, select= -c(A,Y,W2)),
                               SL.library=SL.library, family="binomial",
                               cvControl=list(V=10, stratifyCV = TRUE))
  # generate the predicted prob of being exposed, given baseline cov
  probA1.givenW <- SL.exposure$SL.predict</pre>
  # generate the predicted prob of not being exposed, given baseline cov
  probA0.givenW <- 1- probA1.givenW</pre>
  # clever covariate
 H.AW <- as.numeric(ObsData$A==1)/probA1.givenW - as.numeric(ObsData$A==0)/probA0.givenW
  # also want to evaluate the clever covariate at A=1 and A=0 for all participants
 H.1W <- 1/probA1.givenW
 H.OW <- -1/probAO.givenW
```

```
# IPTW estimate
  PsiHat.IPTW <- mean(H.AW*ObsData$Y, na.rm = TRUE)
  #-----
  # Targeting & TMLE
  # Update the initial estimator of E O(Y/A, W)
  # run logistic regression of Y on H.AW using the logit of the esimates as offset
  expY.givenAW <- expY.givenAW - 0.000001</pre>
  logitUpdate<- glm( ObsData$Y ~ -1 +offset(qlogis(expY.givenAW)) +</pre>
                       H.AW, family='binomial')
  epsilon <- logitUpdate$coef</pre>
  # obtain the targeted estimates
  expY.givenAW.star<- plogis( qlogis(expY.givenAW)+ epsilon*H.AW )</pre>
  expY.given1W.star<- plogis( qlogis(expY.given1W)+ epsilon*H.1W )</pre>
  expY.givenOW.star<- plogis( qlogis(expY.givenOW)+ epsilon*H.OW )</pre>
  # TMLE point estimate
  PsiHat.TMLE<- mean(expY.given1W.star - expY.given0W.star)
  # Return a list with the point estimates, targeted estimates of E_{-}O(Y/A,W),
  # and the vector of clever covariates
  estimates <- data.frame(cbind(PsiHat.SS=PsiHat.SS, PsiHat.IPTW, PsiHat.TMLE))
  predictions <- data.frame(cbind(expY.givenAW.star, expY.given1W.star, expY.given0W.star))</pre>
  colnames(predictions) <- c('givenAW', 'given1W', 'given0W')</pre>
  list(estimates=estimates, predictions=predictions, H.AW=H.AW, probA1.givenW=probA1.givenW, probA0.giv
set.seed(123)
out <- run.tmle(ObsData = ObsData, SL.library = SL.library)</pre>
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
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## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
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## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
```

```
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: algorithm did not converge
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
est <- out$estimates</pre>
est
       PsiHat.SS PsiHat.IPTW
                               PsiHat.TMLE
## 1 0.008577927 -0.07048078 -0.0001254867
```

CV Superlearner

CV.SL.out\$whichDiscrete

```
X<- subset(ObsData, select= -Y )</pre>
CV.SL.out<- CV.SuperLearner(Y=ObsData$Y, X=X,
                            SL.library=SL.library, family='binomial',
                            cvControl = list(V = 5),
                            innerCvControl = list(list(V = 20)))
summary(CV.SL.out)
##
## Call:
## CV.SuperLearner(Y = ObsData$Y, X = X, family = "binomial", SL.library = SL.library,
       cvControl = list(V = 5), innerCvControl = list(list(V = 20)))
## Risk is based on: Mean Squared Error
## All risk estimates are based on V = 5
##
##
                 Algorithm
                                                  Min
                               Ave
                                          se
##
             Super Learner 0.10958 0.025377 0.020846 0.16398
##
               Discrete SL 0.11054 0.026048 0.022500 0.16285
##
                SL.glm_All 0.11662 0.025487 0.035708 0.17882
##
   SL.glm.interaction_All 0.25011 0.043372 0.150000 0.45000
##
               SL.step_All 0.11476 0.025447 0.026246 0.17515
       SL.randomForest_All 0.11643 0.024761 0.032584 0.16285
##
##
       SL.step.forward_All 0.11452 0.026196 0.022500 0.17515
##
            SL.stepAIC_All 0.10819 0.025367 0.022500 0.17000
               SL.mean_All 0.10819 0.025367 0.022500 0.17000
##
```

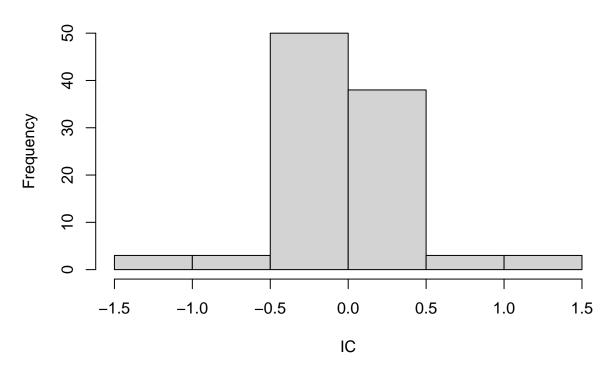
```
## $'1'
## [1] "SL.mean_All"
##
## $'2'
## [1] "SL.randomForest_All"
##
## $'3'
## [1] "SL.stepAIC_All"
##
## $'4'
## [1] "SL.randomForest_All"
##
## $'5'
## [1] "SL.mean_All"
```

Influence Curve

hist(IC)

```
n <- nrow(ObsData)</pre>
# clever covariate
H.AW <- out$H.AW
# targeted predictions
expY.AW.star <- out$predictions[,'givenAW']</pre>
expY.1W.star <- out$predictions[,'given1W']</pre>
expY.OW.star <- out$predictions[,'givenOW']</pre>
# point estimate
PsiHat.TMLE <- est$PsiHat.TMLE</pre>
# pluq-in
IC <- H.AW*(ObsData$Y - expY.AW.star) + expY.1W.star - expY.0W.star - PsiHat.TMLE</pre>
summary(IC)
##
          V1
## Min. :-1.29683
## 1st Qu.:-0.13405
## Median :-0.08957
## Mean : 0.00000
## 3rd Qu.: 0.15439
## Max. : 1.36008
```

Histogram of IC



[1] -0.07698952 0.07673855

```
# calculate the pvalue tmle
2* pnorm( abs(PsiHat.TMLE /se), lower.tail=F)

## [,1]
## [1,] 0.9974469

####### IPTW

PsiHat.IPTW <- est$PsiHat.IPTW

# obtain 95% two-sided confidence intervals TMLE:
alpha <- 0.05
c(PsiHat.IPTW+qnorm(alpha/2, lower.tail=T)*se,
    PsiHat.IPTW+qnorm(alpha/2, lower.tail=F)*se)

## [1] -0.147344817 0.006383259

# calculate the pvalue tmle
2* pnorm( abs(PsiHat.IPTW /se), lower.tail=F)</pre>

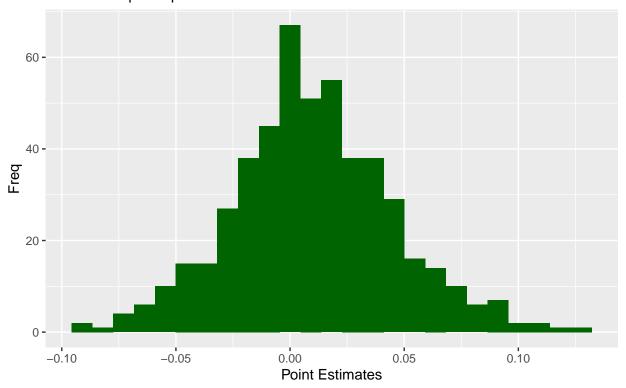
## [,1]
## [,1]
## [,1]
## [,1]
```

Non-parametric bootstrap

```
load('boot_par.Rdata')
summary(estimates)
      SimpSubs
                           IPTW
                                             TMLE
## Min. :-0.088893
                      Min. :-0.32983 Min. :-0.402617
## 1st Qu.:-0.012123
                      1st Qu.:-0.15514
                                        1st Qu.:-0.122351
## Median : 0.007485
                      Median :-0.08800
                                        Median: 0.038971
## Mean : 0.010020
                      Mean :-0.09301
                                        Mean : 0.008726
## 3rd Qu.: 0.032206
                      3rd Qu.:-0.03223
                                        3rd Qu.: 0.127827
## Max. : 0.129803
                      Max. : 0.17234
                                        Max. : 0.376132
                                        NA's
##
                                              :9
ggplot(mapping = aes(estimates[,1]))+
 geom_histogram(fill="dark green",bins = 25)+
 xlab("Point Estimates")+
 ylab("Freq")+
 labs(title="Simple Substitution Estimator",
      subtitle = "500 Bootstrap Samples")+
 theme(plot.title = element_text(colour = "red"))
```

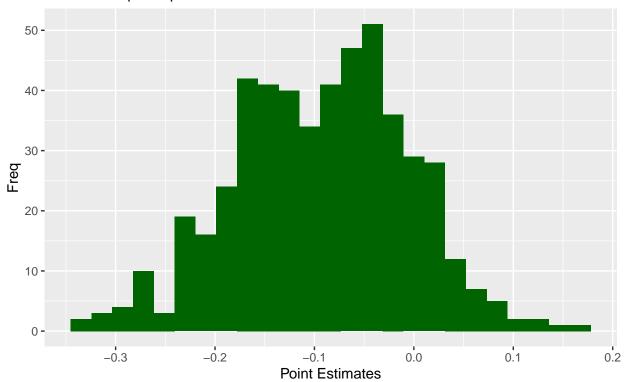
Simple Substitution Estimator

500 Bootstrap Samples



IPTW Estimator

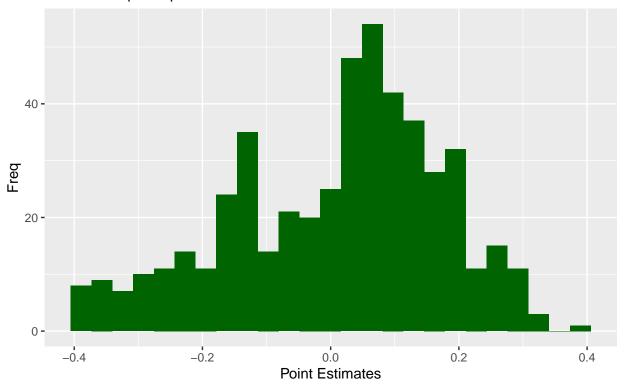
500 Bootstrap Samples



Warning: Removed 9 rows containing non-finite values (stat_bin).

TMLE Estimator

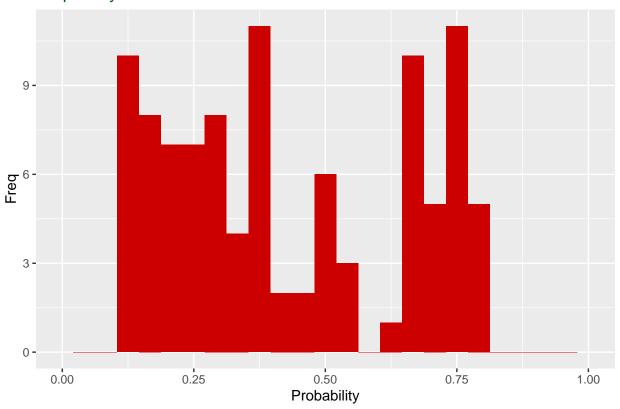
500 Bootstrap Samples



```
ggplot(mapping = aes(out$probA1.givenW))+
  geom_histogram(fill="red3",bins = 25)+
  xlab("Probability")+
  ylab("Freq")+
  labs(title="Propensity Score A=1")+
  theme(plot.title = element_text(colour = "dark green"))+
  xlim(0,1)
```

Warning: Removed 2 rows containing missing values (geom_bar).

Propensity Score A=1



```
# 95% Confidence intervals assuming a normal dist & via quantiles
create.CI <- function(pt, boot, alpha=0.05){</pre>
 Zquant <- qnorm(alpha/2, lower.tail=F)</pre>
 CI.normal <- c(pt - Zquant*sd(boot,na.rm = TRUE),</pre>
                 pt + Zquant*sd(boot,na.rm = TRUE) )
 CI.quant <- quantile(boot, prob=c(0.025,0.975), na.rm=TRUE)
 out <- data.frame(rbind(CI.normal, CI.quant))</pre>
  colnames(out) <- c('CI.lo', 'CI.hi')</pre>
  out
# IMPORTANT - POINT OF CONFUSION FOR PAST STUDENTS
# The point estimate 'pt' is from the original dataset
# Simple Subs - note the bias because of misspecified regression? Will it converge fast enough?
est$PsiHat.SS
## [1] 0.008577927
create.CI(pt=est$PsiHat.SS, boot=estimates[,"SimpSubs"])
##
                   CI.lo
                               CI.hi
## CI.normal -0.06110947 0.07826532
## CI.quant -0.05987893 0.08625440
```

```
# IPTW
est$PsiHat.IPTW
## [1] -0.07048078
create.CI(pt=est$PsiHat.IPTW, boot=estimates[,"IPTW"])
                           CI.hi
##
                 CI.lo
## CI.normal -0.2417312 0.1007696
## CI.quant -0.2721505 0.0668197
# TMLE
est$PsiHat.TMLE
## [1] -0.0001254867
create.CI(pt=est$PsiHat.TMLE, boot=estimates[,"TMLE"])
                 CI.lo
                            CI.hi
## CI.normal -0.3248202 0.3245693
## CI.quant -0.3615892 0.2772986
# Compare to IC estimate
c(PsiHat.TMLE+qnorm(alpha/2, lower.tail=T)*se,
PsiHat.TMLE+qnorm(alpha/2, lower.tail=F)*se)
## [1] -0.07698952 0.07673855
```