

## Homework 6

Name: Cameron Stark

**Problem 1:** What is the difference between Procedure and Function?

A Procedure and function do the same actions but a function has the ability to return values to the requested source

**Problem 2:** Suppose we have two tables:

orders(order\_id int, product\_id int, quantity int, shipping varchar(255), order\_date Date)

products(product\_id int, price double, description varchar(255))

Create a **function** “**getPriority**” with order\_id as input. Our **getPriority** function will get the priority of the order based on the total cost of the order as follows

Order Total Cost	Priority
>1000	High
500 - 1000	Medium
<500	Low

The order total cost can be calculated as “order total cost = quantity \* product price”.

delimiter ||

```
CREATE FUNCTION getPriority(quantity double, price double) RETURNS VARCHAR(10)
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    DECLARE priority VARCHAR(10);
```

```
    DECLARE cost double;
```

```
    SET cost = quantity * price;
```

```
    IF (cost > 1000) THEN
```

```
        SET priority = 'High';
```

```
    ELSEIF (cost <= 1000 AND cost >= 500) THEN
```

```
        SET priority = 'Medium';
```

```
    ELSEIF (cost < 500) THEN
```

```
        SET priority = 'Low';
```

```
    END IF;
```

```
    RETURN (priority);
```

```
END
```

```
||
```

**Problem 3:** Suppose we have two tables:

orders(order\_id int, product\_id int, quantity, **total\_cost double**, shipping varchar(255), order\_date Date)

products(product\_id int, price double, description varchar(255), **on\_sale** int)

In the products table, if the product is on sale, then the value for the “**on\_sale**” attribute is 1, otherwise the value is 0. To facilitate the order processing, we now add a new attribute “**total\_cost**” into our orders table. The value for the total\_cost is calculated as

total\_cost = quantity \* product price \* 0.8, if on\_sale =1  
total\_cost = quantity \* product price            if on\_sale =0

Suppose we have 8 orders in our order tables now as

order_id	product_id	quantity	total_cost	shipping	order_date
1	2	10		test	3-2-2016
2	3	2		test	3-1-2016
3	1	13		test	2-1-2016
4	3	3		test	1-21-2016
5	2	1		test	1-12-2015
6	1	4		test	1-11-2016
7	3	5		test	1-10-2016
8	4	8		test	1-10-2016

Create a **procedure** updateTotalCost to update the “total\_cost” attribute for all 8 orders in the orders table. You **must use a loop design** in your procedure.

```
delimiter ||
CREATE PROCEDURE updateTotalCost()
BEGIN
    DECLARE n INT;
    DECLARE i INT;
    DECLARE newPrice DOUBLE;

    DECLARE quan INT;
    DECLARE prod INT;
    DECLARE sale INT;
    DECLARE cost INT;
    SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Orders INTO n;
    SET i = 1;

    WHILE i < n DO
        SELECT quantity FROM orders WHERE order_id == i INTO quan;
        SELECT product_id FROM orders WHERE order_id == i INTO prod;
        SELECT on_sale FROM products WHERE product_id == prod INTO sale;
        SELECT price FROM products WHERE product_id == prod INTO cost;

        IF (sale == 1) THEN
            SET newPrice = quan * cost * 0.8;
        ELSEIF (sale == 0) THEN
            SET newPrice = quan * cost;
        END IF

        UPDATE orders SET total_cost = newPrice WHERE order_id == i;
        SET i = i + 1;
    END WHILE;
END;
||
```