**EXAM 2 CHEATSHEET – CAMERON STARK  
Binary Numbers**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

= 12

**Binary Operations**

A = 0011 1100

B = 0000 1101

A & B : 1 if both numbers have are a 1, 0 else

A & B = 0000 1100

A | B : 1 if it exists in either, 0 else

A | B = 0011 1101

A ^ B: 1 if it is 1 in either, 0 else or set to 1 in both

A ^ B = 0011 0001

A ~ B: flips the bits

A ~ B = -0111 101

A << #: everything moved left by #

A << 2 = 1111 0000

A >> #: everything moved right by #

A >> 2 = 0000 1111

A[4] = { 0x3333, 0x5555, 0x7777, 0x9999}

B[4] = {0x6666, 0x8888, 0xAAAA, 0xCCCC}

Mask = 0x7

N\_Shift = 8

to\_assign = 5

\*pInt = B

A[0] & A[0] = 0x3333

!A[1] = 0x0

~A[2] = 0x8888

0x000F ^ A[3] = 0x9996

32 / 6 = 0x5

15 – ((15>>2)<<2) = 0x3

~(Mask << N\_shift) = 0xF8FF

B[0] & ~(Mask << N\_shift) = 0x6066

\*(pInt + 1) = 0x8888

\*pInt++ = 0x6666

(\*pInt)++ = 0xAAAA

++(\*pInt) = 0xAAAC

**Pointer Arrays**

int nums[2][3] = { {16, 18, 20}, { 25, 26, 27} }

\*(\*nums) == nums[0][0] = 16

\*(\*nums + 1) == nums[0][1] = 18

\*(\*nums + 2) == nums[0][2] = 20

\*(\*(nums + 1)) == nums[1][0] = 25

\*(\*(nums + 1) + 1) == nums[1][1] = 26

\*(\*(nums + 1) + 2) == nums[1][2] = 27

**Assembly**

functionName PROC

PUSH {r4, lr } ;preserve environment in stack

LDR r4, [r0] ;r4 = \*r0

LSL r2, r2, r3 ;r2 = r2 << r3

MVN r2, r2 ;r2 = ~r2

AND r4, r4, r2 ;r4 = r4 & r2

LSL r1, r1, r3 ;r1 = r1 << r3

ORR r4, r4, r1 ;r4 = r4 | r1

STR r4, [r0] ;\*r0 = r4

POP {r4, pc} ;return

ENDP

//set\_a\_fpio\_pin(&FPIOA -> ODR, (1 << 2));

IMPORT pin

set\_a\_fpio\_pin PROC

PUSH {r4, pin }

LSL r4, r4,2

STR r4, [r0]

POP {r4, pc}

ENDP

**Data Operations**

C-Flag

Adding two unsigned numbers

if result > max(number) then 1

else 0

Subtracting two unsigned numbers

if result < min(number) then 0

else 1

V-Flag

Adding two signed numbers

if two positive number result < 0

or

if two negative number result > 0

then 1

else 0

Subtracting two signed numbers

if positive from negative result > 0

or

if negative from positive result < 0

then 1

else 0