速度Verlet算法的计算公式如下

$$\mathbf{r}_{i}^{(n+1)} = \mathbf{r}_{i}^{(n)} + h\mathbf{v}_{i}^{(n)} + \mathbf{F}_{i}^{(n)}h^{2}/2m$$

 $\mathbf{v}_{i}^{(n+1)} = \mathbf{v}_{i}^{(n)} + h(\mathbf{F}_{i}^{(n+1)} + \mathbf{F}_{i}^{(n)})/2m$

用速度Verlet算法计算一维谐振子

$$\begin{cases} F(x) = -kx \\ x(t=0) = 1.0 \\ v(t=0) = 0.0 \end{cases}$$

 $\mathfrak{D}k = 1, m = 1, h = 0.1$

In [1]: ▶

```
import numpy as np
 2
 3
   def F(x):
 4
       return -x
 5
   r0 = 1.0
 6
 7
   v0 = 0.0
 9
   h = 0.1
10
11 \mid r\_1ist = [r0]
12 \mid v\_1ist = [v0]
13 F_{1ist} = [F(r0)]
14
15 \mid t_{tot} = 20.0
16
17 \mid N = int(t_tot/h)
18
   for i in range(N):
19
20
        r_list.append(r_list[i] + h*v_list[i] + F_list[i]*h*h/2)
21
        F_list.append(F(r_list[i+1]))
        v_list.append(v_list[i] + h*(F_list[i+1] + F_list[i])/2)
22
```

Verlet速度算法的结果与解析解 $r(t) = \cos(t)$ 比较

In [2]:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 1
 2
 3 \mid t = \text{np.1inspace}(0, t_{\text{tot}}, \text{len}(r_{\text{list}}))
 4
    x = np. cos(t)
 5
   plt.figure(figsize=(10,5), dpi=100)
 7
    plt.xlabel('t')
    plt.ylabel('r')
    plt.plot(t, x, color='blue', label='$\cos{(t)}$')
    plt.scatter(t, r_list, color='red', label='Velocity Verlet')
11
    plt.legend()
12 plt. show()
```

