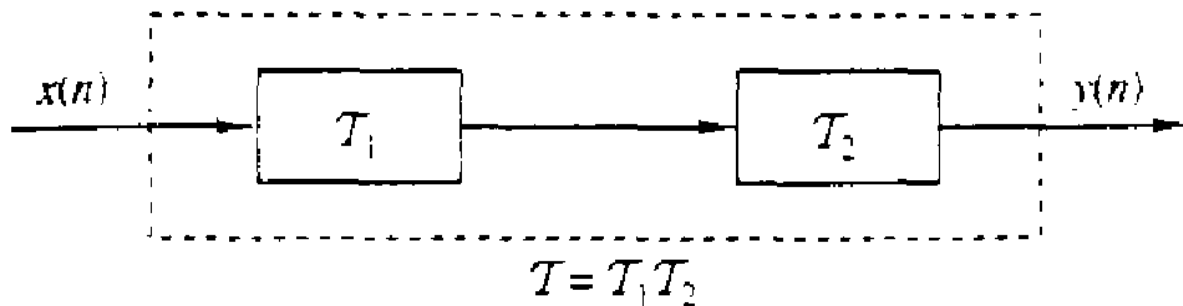


DSP Assignment 1

21/01/21

Q.1. Two discrete time systems T_1 and T_2 are cascaded to form a new system T .



If T_1 and T_2 are non-linear, then T is non-linear (True/False). Prove it?

Q.2. Show that the energy of a real-valued energy signal is equal to the sum of energies of its even and odd components.

Q.3. Show that average power of a real valued sequence $x[n]$ is given by the sum of the average powers of the even and odd parts of $x[n]$ respectively.

Q.4. A discrete time signal $g[n]$ is given by $g[n] = u[n+3] - u[n-5]$.

- What is the energy of the signal $g[n]$?
- What is the power of the signal $g[2n]$?

Q.5. Find out the convolution: $\mathbf{u[n+3]*u[n-3]}$.

Q.6. The impulse response of a discrete LTI system is given by $\mathbf{h(n) = (0.5)^n u(n)}$ the input of which is $\mathbf{x(n) = 2\delta(n)+\delta(n-3)}$. Find the output at $\mathbf{n = 1}$ and $\mathbf{n = 4}$.

Q.7. Consider a discrete-time system:

$$y[n] = \prod_{k=-\infty}^n e^{x[k]}$$

Is this a linear or a non-linear system?

Q.8. Let $\mathbf{g[n] = x1[n] * x2[n] * x3[n]}$ and $\mathbf{h[n] = x1[n-N1] * x2[n-N2] * x3[n-N3]}$. Express $\mathbf{h[n]}$ in terms of $\mathbf{g[n]}$. (Note * indicates convolution operation)

Q.9 Consider the following signal:

$$x(t) = u(t - 1) + r(t - 1) - r(t + 1) + u(t + 1); -1 \leq t \leq 2$$

Sketch $x(t - kT)$, where $T=3$ and $k \in (-\infty, \infty)$.

Q.10. Find whether the following systems are causal:-

a. $y[n] = x[n] - x[n+1]$

b. $y[n] = x[-n]$