

## Assignment 3

04/02/2021

1. Determine the coefficients of FIR filter using rectangular window with following

$$H_d(e^{j\omega}) = \begin{cases} e^{-j3\omega} & -\pi/4 \leq \omega \leq +\pi/4 \\ 0 & \pi/4 \leq \omega \leq \pi \end{cases}$$

Length of the filter is 7.

2. Let  $h_d[n]$ ,  $-\infty < n < \infty$ , denotes the impulse response samples of a zero-phase filter with frequency response  $H_d(\exp\{j\omega\})$ . It is known that the frequency response  $H_t(\exp\{j\omega\})$  of the zero-phase FIR filter  $h_t[n]$ ,  $-M \leq n \leq M$ , obtained by multiplying  $h_d[n]$  with a rectangular window  $w_R[n]$ ,  $-M \leq n \leq M$ , has the least integral-squared error  $\Phi_R$  defined in the following equation.

$$\Phi_R = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} |h_t[n] - h_d[n]|^2$$

Let  $\Phi_{\text{Hann}}$  denote the integral-squared error if a length  $2M+1$  Hann window is used to develop FIR filter. Determine an expression for the excess error

$$\Phi_{\text{excess}} = \Phi_R - \Phi_{\text{Hann}}$$

3. Repeat above problem if a Hamming window is used instead.
4. Determine the coefficients  $\{h(n)\}$  of a linear-phase FIR filter of length  $M=15$  which has a symmetric unit sample response and a frequency response that satisfies the condition

$$H_r\left(\frac{2\pi k}{15}\right) = \begin{cases} 1, & k = 0, 1, 2, 3 \\ 0 & k = 4, 5, 6, 7 \end{cases}$$

5. Design a 5-tap FIR band reject filter with a lower cutoff frequency of 2,000 Hz, an upper cutoff frequency of 2,400 Hz, and a sampling rate of 8,000 Hz using the Hamming window method. Determine the transfer function.
6. What are the filter coefficients for a 3-tap FIR low pass filter with a cutoff frequency of 800 Hz and a sampling rate of 8,000 Hz using Hamming window? Also determine the transfer function and difference equation of the designed FIR system.
7. A Hilbert Transform is a filter with frequency response  $H_d(\omega) = -j \text{sign}(\omega)$ 
  - A] Roughly plot the magnitude and phase plot of the filter.
  - B] Determine  $h_d(n)$ .
8. A Digital Filter is defined by the difference equation  $y[n] = 0.99y[n-1] + x[n]$ .
  - A] Determine the filter transfer function.
  - B] What is filter impulse function?
  - C] Is it LPF or HPF? (hint: check pole-zero plot)