Ls -alt (list all files including hidden files)

Stdin (standard input)

Stdout (standard output)

Stderr (standard error)

Cat (cut out from a file)

‘>’ (copy some file into antoher without ‘’)  
‘>>’ (add something to a file)

| pipe (pipe (add) several commands in one line)

Sort (sorts alphabetically)

Uniq (show unique values only, removes double entries)

Grep (search for regular expressions in a file) (e.g. Grep Mount mountaints.txt)  
Searches for “Mount” in the txt file.

Grep -i (-i to search for lower an uppercase otherwise it only searches for uppercase “M”)

Grep -R (recursive; searches for file names and lines with machted results)  
Grep -Rl (only outputs file names with matched results)

Sed (stream editor, accepts standard input and and modifies it based on an expression before it outputs it; like find and replace)

Sed ‘s/snow/rain/’ forests.txt (s = substitution; snow = search string text; rain = replacement string; forests.txt = file to search in)

Sed ‘s/snow/rain/g’ (last g = globally; will replace all snow with rain in the file)