# 深圳秦唐盛世科技有限公司

# Product Specification 产品规格书

产品生产商:深圳秦唐盛世科技有限公司

产品名称 : <u>5.5寸1080\*1920点阵彩屏模组</u>

规格型号: <u>HD55017C31</u>

部门确认:

研发	工程	品管	审核

印 章:

日期:

客户回签:

采购	工程	品管	确认



印 章:

日期:

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#### **REVISION HISTORY**

Rev	Description	Page	Date
1.0	Initial Release	All	2024-12-6

#### 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

HD55017C31 is a transmissive type color active matrix TFT (Thin Film Transistor) liquid crystal display (LCD) that uses amorphous silicon TFT as a switching device. This model is composed of a TFT-LCD module (TFT-LCD panel, driver IC and FPC), a back-light unit and. The resolution of 5.5" contains 1080 RGB X1920 pixels and can display up to 16.7m colors.

#### 1.2 GENERAL INFORMATION

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Drive element	a-Si TFT	-	-
LCM outline size	70.84 (H) x128.78 (V)	mm	
Active area	68.04 (H) x 120.96 (V)	mm	-
Number of pixels	1080(H)X1920(V)	pixels	-
Pixel arrangement	RGB stripe	-	-
Sub pixel size	21 × 36	um	-
Display color	16.7m color	color	-
Viewing direction	ALL	-	1
Controller / Driver	JD9522Z	-	1
Data interface	MIPI	-	
Backlight	14 White LED	-	
Weight	TBD	g	

#### 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

(Ta=25±2°C, Vss=GND=0V)

Characteristics	Symbol	Min.	Тур	Max.	Uni t	Notes
Cumply Voltage	IOVCC	-0.3	1	3.6	٧	
Supply Voltage	VCI	-0.3	1	4.8	٧	
TFT Gate On voltage	VGH	-0.3	-	16	V	
TFT Gate Off voltage	VGL	0.3	-	-16	V	
Backlight Forward Current	I <sub>F</sub>	-		40	mA	
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OPR</sub>	-20		+70	°C	(1), (3)
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-30		+80	°C	(2), (3)
Humidity	RH	-		90	%	Max. 60 °C

#### Notes:

- (1) In case of below 0°C, the response time of liquid crystal (LC) becomes slower and the color of panel becomes darker than normal one. Level of retardation depends on temperature, because of the LC characteristics.
- (2) If product is exposed to high temperatures for extended time, there is a possibility of the polarizer film damage which could degrade the optical characteristics.
- (3) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded or reverse voltage is loaded.
  - Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions described under normal operating conditions.

#### 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### 3.1 LCM DC CHARACTERISTICS

 $(Ta=25\pm2^{\circ}C)$ 

Characteristics	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage 1	IOVCC	1.65	-	3.6	V	
Power Supply Voltage 2	VCI	2.5	-	48	V	
Power Supply Voltage 3	-	-	-	-	V	
Power Supply for MTP	VPP	-	-	-	V	
Current Consumption	I <sub>DD</sub>	-	TBD	-	mA	Normal mode
Current Consumption	I <sub>DD-SLEEP</sub>		TBD		uA	Sleep mode
Input voltage "L" Level	$V_{IL}$	-0.3	1	0.3IOVCC	V	IOVCC=1.65~
Input voltage "H" Level	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7IOVCC	1	IOVCC	V	3.3
Output voltage "L" Level	$V_{oL}$	0	-	0.2IOVCC	V	I <sub>OL</sub> =1mA
Output voltage "H" Level	$V_{oH}$	0.8IOVCC	-	IOVCC	V	I <sub>OH</sub> =-1mA
Analog operating voltage	VSP	4.5		6.6	V	
Analog operating voltage	VSN	-6.6	-	-4.5	V	

#### 3.2 BACK-LIGHT UNIT CHARACTERISTICS

The back-light system is an edge-lighting type with 12 white LEDs. The characteristics of the back-light are shown in the following tables.

(Ta=25±2°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Type	Max.	Unit	Notes
Forward Voltage	Vf	I <sub>L</sub> =40mA	ı	21	22.4	V	-
Forward current	lι		-	40	-	mA	-
Luminance	Lv	I <sub>L</sub> =40mA		330	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	-
LED life time	-	I∟=40mA	20,000	25,000		Hr	Note 1

Note:

(1) The "LED life time" is defined as the module brightness decrease to 50% of original brightness at I<sub>L</sub>=20mA. The LED life time could be decreased if operating I<sub>L</sub> is larger than 20mA.

Bcklight circuit diagram shown in below:



#### 4. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The following items are measured under stable conditions. The optical characteristics should be measured in a dark room.

Measuring equipment: BM-5AS, BM-7, EZ-Contrast.

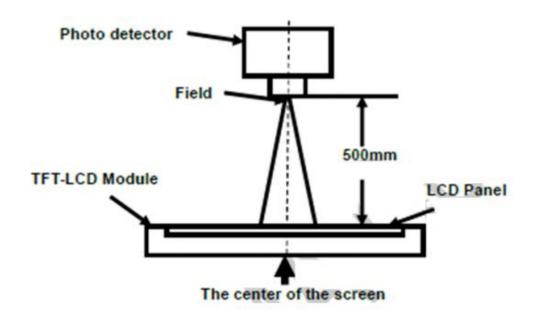
(Ta=25±2°C)

Parame	ter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Contrast Ratio (Center point)		-	700	1000	ı	-	BM-7 Note(2)
Luminance o		$L_{w}$	B/L on	15%	TBD	15%	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	CA-210
Luminance ur	niformity	Uw		80	-	-	%	BM-7 Note(3)
Response	Time	Tr + Tf		-	35	45	ms	BM-5AS Note(4)
	White	$W_X$	$\theta = 0$ .	-	0.299	-		
	VVIIILE	Wx	Normal viewing	1	0.316	1	_	CA-210 Note(5)
	Red	R <sub>X</sub>	angle B/L On Note(1)	-	-	-		
Color		$R_Y$		-	-	-		
Chromaticity (CIE 1931)	Chann	G <sub>X</sub>		-	-	-		
	Green	Gy		-	-	-		
	Dluc	B <sub>X</sub>		-	-	-		
	Blue	B <sub>Y</sub>		-	-	-		
	Han	$\theta_{T}$		-	80	-		
Viewing	Hor.	$\theta_{B}$	O/D> 40	-	80	-	Deg	EZ Contrast
Angle	Var	θι	C/R≥10	-	80	-		Note(6)
	Ver.	$\theta_{R}$		-	80	-		
Optima \	/iew Dire	ction			ALL			Note(7)

<sup>\*</sup> This condition will be changed by the evaluation circumstance. If product is exposed to high temperatures for extended time, there is a possibility of the polarizer film damage which could degrade the optical characteristics.

#### Notes:

(1) Test Equipment Setup: After stabilizing and leaving the panel alone at a given temperature for 30min, the measurement should be executed. Measurement should be executed in a stable, windless, and dark room 30min after lighting the back-light. This should be measured in the center of screen.

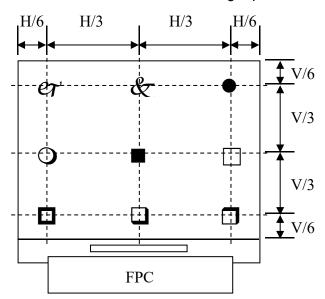


(2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

(3) Definition of Luminance Uniformity: Active area is divided into 9 measuring areas (Shown in below), every measuring point is placed at the center of each measuring area.

Luminance Uniformity = Min Luminance of white among 9-points

Max Luminance of white among 9-points x100%

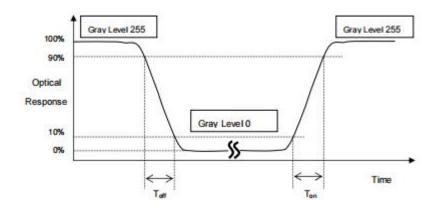


The spot locations for luminance measurement

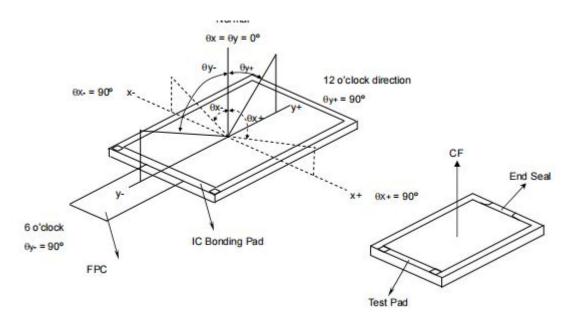
#### (4) Definition of Response time:

The output signals of photo detector are measured when the input signals are Changed from "black" to "white" (rising time) and from time "white" to "black" (falling time), Respectively.

The response time is defined as the time interval between the 10% and 90% of Amplitudes. Refer to figure as below.

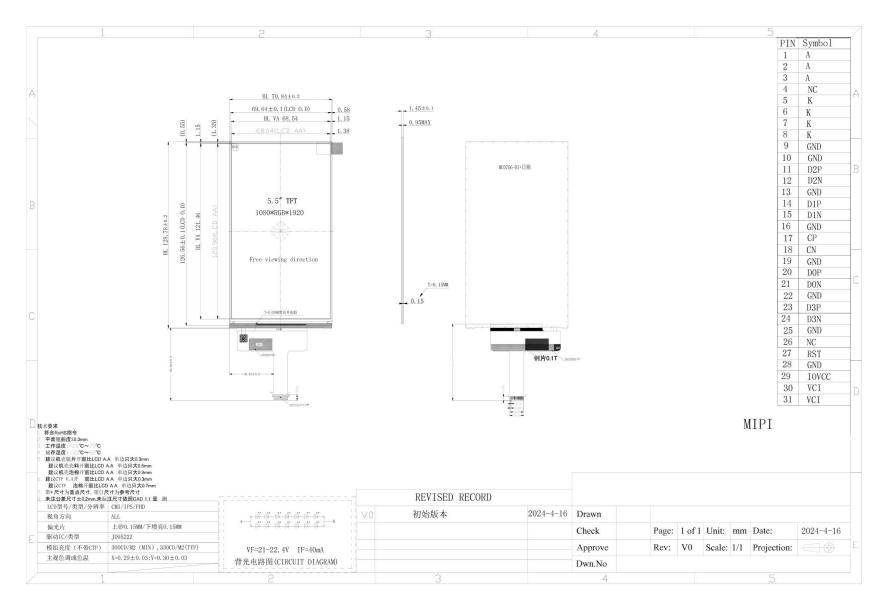


#### (5) Definition of viewing angle, 0. Refer to figure as below



- (6) Definition of Color Chromaticity (CIE 1931)Color coordinate of white & red, green, blue at center point.
- (7) The different Rubbing Direction will cause the different optima view direction.

# **OUTLINE DIMENSION 5.MODULE**



2024-12-6

# **6.MODULE INTERFACE DESCRIPTION**

Pin No.	Symbol	Description		
1	А	Back-light Anode		
2	А	Back-light Anode		
3	А	Back-light Anode		
4	NC	NC		
5	K	Back-light Cathode		
6	K	Back-light Cathode		
7	К	Back-light Cathode		
8	K	Back-light Cathode		
9	GND	Power Ground		
10	GND	Power Ground		
11	D2P	MIPI-DSI DATE signal input		
12	D2N	MIPI-DSI DATE signal input		
13	GND	Power Ground		
14	D1P	MIPI-DSI DATE signal input		
15	D1N	MIPI-DSI DATE signal input		
16	GND	Power Ground		
17	СР	MIPI-DSI DATE signal input		
18	CN	MIPI-DSI DATE signal input		
19	GND	Power Ground		
20	D0P	MIPI-DSI DATE signal input		
21	D0N	MIPI-DSI DATE signal input		
22	GND	Power Ground		
23	D3P	MIPI-DSI DATE signal input		
24	D3N	MIPI-DSI DATE signal input		
25	GND	Power Ground		
26	NC	NC		

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27	RST	Reset input pin
28	GND	Power Ground
29	IOVCC	Power supply for I/O block. 1.8V
30	VCI	Power supply for I/O block. 2.8-3.3V
31	VCI	Power supply for I/O block. 2.8-3.3V

#### **7.REFERENCE APPLICATION CIRCUIT**

Please consult our technical department for detail information.

#### **8.RELIABILITY TEST CONDITIONS**

No.	Test Item	Test Condition	Notes	
1	High Temperature Storage	+80°C / 240H	Inspection after	
2	Low Temperature Storage	-30°C / 240H	2~4h storage at room temperature,	
3	High Temperature Operating	+70°C / 240H	the sample shall be	
4	Low Temperature Operating	-20°C / 240H	free from defects:	
5	Temperature Cycle	Ta=-10°C~+25~+50°C,10 Cycle,per30min	1. Air bubble in the LCD; 2. Seal leak;	
6	High Temperature /Humidity storage	60°C ,90%RH / 240H	3. Non-display; 4. Missing	
7	ESD test	Open Cell , Air mode , + 2 KV	segments; 5.Glass crack; 6. The surface shall be free from damage. 7. The electrical characteristics requirements shall be satisfied.	

#### Remarks:

- (1) The test samples should be applied to only one test item.
- (2) Sample size for each test item is 5~10pcs.
- (3) For High Temperature/Humidity storage test, pure water (resistance>10 $M\Omega$ ) should be used.
- (4) In case of malfunction defect caused by ESD damage, if it would be recovered to normal state after resetting, it would be judge as a good part.
- (5) Failure judgment criterion: basic specification, electrical characteristic, mechanical characteristic, optical characteristic.

#### 9.PACKING SPECIFICATION

TBD

## **10.INSPECTION CRITERION**

		Judgement standard					
Inspection item					Acceptable number		
			Category	A zone	B zone		
	Black spot, White spot, Bright Spot, Pinhole Foreign Particle, Bubble and Particle Between polarizer and  Black spot, White spot,  b  a		A B C	Φ≤0.10 0.10<Φ≤0.20 Φ>0.2	Ignored 2 0	d Ignored	
	Between polarizer and $\Phi = (a+b)/2(mm)$ glass, scratch on polarizer		Total defective point(B,C)		3		
		Bright spot	0.15<Φ≦0.20		N≤2	Ignored	
	Pixel point defect	Dark spot/ Black spot	0.15<Φ≦0.20		N≤2		
1		Attached to the two pixels are bright spots		0.15<Φ≦0.20	N≤2		
		Even a two pixel is dark	n a two pixel is dark 0.15		N≤2		
		Pixel total number 0.15<Φ≦0.20		N≤2			
		Note1: the spot defect caused by foreign matter is judged according to the defect of the foreign body.					
		Note 2: when the light is not wired to show the type of defects.					
2	Black line, White line, Bubble and Particle Between	W	A B C	W≦0.03 L≦3.0 0.03 <w≦0.05 l≦3.0<br="">0.05<w< td=""><td>Ignored 2 0</td><td>Ignored</td></w<></w≦0.05>	Ignored 2 0	Ignored	
	Polarizer and glass, Scratch on polarizer	L W:Width, L:Length(mm)		Total defective point(B,C)	2		
	Contrast variation	, J ,	Α	Ф≦0.1	Ignored	Ignored	
3		b	B C	0.1<Φ≦0.3 Φ>0.3	0		
		$\begin{vmatrix} a \\ & \Rightarrow \end{vmatrix}$ $\Phi = (a+b)/2(mm)$		Total defective point(B,C)	2		
4	Bubble inside cell		any size		none	none	
	Polarizer defect (if Polarizer is used)	Scratch and damage on polarizer, particle on polarizer or between polarizer and glass.	Refer to item 1 and item 2.				
5		Bubble, dent and convex	A B C	$Φ \le 0.3$ $0.3 < Φ \le 0.5$ $0.5 < Φ$ Total defective point(B,C)	Ignored 2 0 2	Ignored	
				Total doloolivo politi(b,o)			

			Judgement standard		
Inspection item		Catagony	Acceptable number		
		Category	A zone	B zone	
6	Surplus glass	①Stage surplus glass	b≦0.3mm		
		②Surrounding surplus glass	Should not influence o	utline dimension and assembling.	
7	MURA	①MURA	Naked eye examination: red, green, blue screen does not allow the appearance, black screen requires visual is not obvious, the specific reference limit samples. Note: the principle of closing the sample is to be installed on the whole machine and the end user will not find it in the normal usage scenario. Inspection basis: 6%ND (MURA mainly in the black screen and indoor light is relatively dark will be found, it is recommended to turn off the indoor lighting inspection.)		
		②Point Black / White point(MURA)	D≤0.10mm Ignored; 0.10mm <d≤0.3mm, m<br="">D&gt;0.3mm: Unqualifi 2, switch to the red, §</d≤0.3mm,>	N≦2;	

			Judgment standard		
Inspection item			Category(application: B zone)		
	①The front of lead terminals	А	If a≦t and b ≦1.0, c is not limited		
		В	a≦t, 1≦b≦2mm, c≦3mm		
	b	С	If glass crack cover alignment mark, b ≦ 0.5mm.		
	w t	D	Crack at two sids of lead terminals should not cover patterns and alignment mark		
Glass 8 defect crack	②Surrounding crack—non-contact side  Inner border line of the seal Outer border line of the seal Surrounding crack— contact side  Inner border line of the seal Outer border line of the seal	b·	Inner borderline of the seal Outer borderline of the seal $a \leq t, b \leq 3.0, c \leq 3.0$ as crack should not cover patterns used for		

		Inspection item	Judgement standard		
9	FPC defect	Component soldering: No cold soldering, short/open circuit, burr, tin ball.  The flat encapsulation component position deviation must be less than 1/2 width of the pin (Pic.1);  The sheet component deviation: pin deviates from the pad and contact with the near components is not permitted (Pic.2)	Component  L≤W/2  W		
		lead defect: The lead lack must be less than 1/2of its width; The lead burr must be less than 1/2 of the seam; Impurities connect with the near leads is not permitted	Soldering pad Lead  L2>0  Component  L1>0		
		Connector soldering: Soldering tin is at contact position of the plug and socket is not permitted No foundation is scald Serious cave distortion on plug and socket contact pin is not permitted	Soldering tin is not permit in this area  Soldering tin is not permit in this area  Socket  Base Board		

#### 11.GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

#### 1.1 **HANDING**

- (1) When the module is assembled, it should be attached to the system firmly. Be careful not to twist and bent the module.
- (2) Refrain from strong mechanical shock and / or any force to the module. In addition to damage, this may cause improper operation or damage to the module and back-light unit.
- Note that display modules are very fragile and could be easily damaged. Do not press or (3) scratch the surface harder than a HB pencil lead.
- (4) Wipe off water droplets or oil immediately. If you leave the droplets for a long time, straining and discoloration may occur.
- If the display module surface becomes contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe (5) it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, should be wiped by moisten cloth with isopropyl alcohol or ethyl alcohol solvents, DO NOT with water, ketone type materials (e.g. acetone), aromatic, toluene, ethyl acid or methyl chloride, and so on.
- (6) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, legs or clothes, it must be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- Use finger-stalls with sort gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection (7) and assembly process.
- (8) Protection film for polarizer on the module shall be slowly peeled off just before use so that the electrostatic charge can be minimized.
- (9)Do not touch directly conductive parts such as the CMOS LSI pad and the interface terminals with bare hands, therefore operations should be grounded whenever he/she comes into contact with the modules.
- (10) Do not exceed the absolute maximum rating value. (The supply voltage variation, input voltage variation, variation in part contents and environmental temperature, and so on), otherwise the module may be damaged.

#### 1.2 SOLDERING

- (1) Use soldering irons with proper grounding and no leakage.
- (2) For No RoHS Product: soldering temperature is 290~350°C, soldering time is 3~5s; for RoHS Product: soldering temperature is 340~370°C, soldering time is 3~5s.
- (3) If soldering flux is used, be sure to remove any remaining flux after soldering (This does not apply in the case of a non-halogen type of flux).

#### 1.3 STORAGE

- (1) DO NOT leave the module in high temperature and high humidity for a long times, keep the temperature from 0°C to 35°C and relative humidity of less than 60%.
- (2) It is highly recommended to store the module in a dark place. The Liquid crystal is deteriorated by ultraviolet, DO NOT leave it in direct sunlight and strong ultraviolet ray for many hours.