

# 2021级概率论期中考试

Edited by Stellaria 2022/11/3

1. Let A, B and C be three events,  $P(A):P(B):P(C)=1/4$   $P(AB)=P(AC)=P(BC)=1/8$   $P(ABC)=1/16$  The expression of the event "at least one of the events occurs" is \_\_, the expression of the event "none of the events occurs" is \_\_, it's probability \_\_, the expression of the event "at most one of the events occurs" is \_\_

2. For a sequence of independent trials each trial results in a success with probability  $p$  ( $0 < p < 1$ ) Then the probability that at least 1 failure occurs in the first 3 trials is \_\_

3. Suppose  $P(A)=0.5$   $P(B)=0.6$   $P(B|\bar{A})=0.8$  the probability of the event that both A and B occur is \_\_ and the probability of the event that at least one of A and B occurs is \_\_

4. There are 6 red balls and a 4 yellow balls in a bag. Two balls are randomly withdrawn from the bag (no replacement) . Then the probability of the event that the second one is yellow is \_\_

5. Someone shoots a target and the hitting probability is  $3/4$  Then the probability that he does not hit the target until the third shooting is \_\_

6. Suppose X is a discrete random variable with the following probability mass function

X	-1	0	1	2
P	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.3

Then  $P(X=1)=$  \_\_  $F(0.5)=$  \_\_  $P(-1 < X \leq 1)=$  \_\_  $P(-1 \leq X < 2)=$  \_\_  $E(X)=$  \_\_  $D(X)=$  \_\_

7. Let  $X_1, X_2$  be two random variables and  $F_1(X), F_2(X)$  be their distribution function. Suppose  $F(x) = aF_1(X) + bF_2(X)$  is a distribution function of a random variables then a and b should be \_\_ and \_\_, respectively