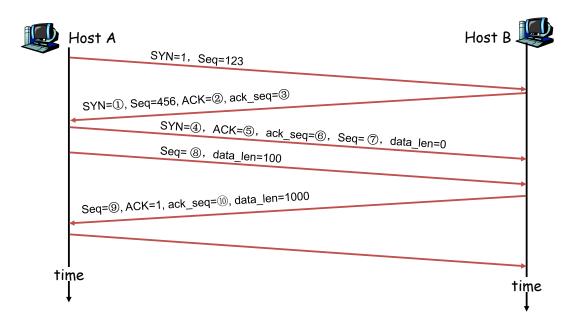
计算机网络 自主评测 (4) 参考答案

要求:在下面各个问题的空白处填入最合适的答案(每空1分)(得分:)

1. 如下图所示的 TCP 连接建立与数据传输过程。依据图中信息推定: $①=(_1_), ②=(_1_), ③=(_124_), ④=(_0_), ⑤=(_1_), ⑥=(_457_), ⑦=(_124_), ⑧=(_124_), ⑨=(_457_), ①=(_124_), ⑥=(_457_), ①=(_124_), ①=(_124_), ①=(_124_), ①=(_124_), ①=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ②=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=(_124_), ③=$



- 2. 主机甲与主机乙之间已建立一个 TCP 连接, 主机甲向主机乙发送了 3 个连续的 TCP 段, 分别包含 300 字节、400 字节和 500 字节的有效载荷, 第 3 个段的序列号为 900。若主机乙仅正确接收到第 1 和第 3 个段,则此时主机乙发送给主机甲的确认序列号是(___500___)。
- 3. 一个 TCP 连接总是以 1 KB 的最大段长发送 TCP 段,发送方有足够多的数据要发送。当拥塞窗口为 16 KB 时发生了超时,如果接下来的 4 个 RTT(往返时间)时间内的 TCP 段的传输都是成功的,那么当第 4 个 RTT 时间内发送的所有 TCP 段都得到肯定确认时,拥塞窗口大小是(9 KB),此时的拥塞控制阈值是(8 KB)。
- 4. 主机甲和主机乙之间已建立了一个 TCP 连接, TCP 最大段长度为 1 000 字节。若主机甲的当前拥塞窗口为 4 000 字节,在主机甲向主机乙连续发送两个最大段后,成功收到主机乙发送的对第一个段的确认段,确认段中通告的接收窗口大小为 2 000 字节,则此时主机甲还可以向主机乙发送的最大字节数是(1000)。
- 5.主机甲和主机乙新建一个 TCP 连接,甲的拥塞控制初始阈值为 32 KB,甲向乙始终以 MSS = 1 KB 大小的段发送数据,并一直有数据发送;乙为该连接分配 16 KB 接收缓存,并对每个数据段进行确认,忽略段传输延迟。若乙收到的数据全部存入缓存,不被取走,则甲从连接建立成功时刻起,未发生超时的情况下,经过 4 个 RTT 后,甲的拥塞窗口是(<u>16 KB</u>),甲最新收到的乙的接收窗口是(<u>1 KB</u>),甲的发送窗口是(<u>1 KB</u>)。