The Language StarsepLang

BNF Converter

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This document was automatically generated by the *BNF-Converter*. It was generated together with the lexer, the parser, and the abstract syntax module, which guarantees that the document matches with the implementation of the language (provided no hand-hacking has taken place).

The lexical structure of StarsepLang

Identifiers

Identifiers *Ident* are unquoted strings beginning with a letter, followed by any combination of letters, digits, and the characters _ ' reserved words excluded.

Literals

Integer literals *Integer* are nonempty sequences of digits.

Character literals *Char* have the form 'c', where c is any single character. Double-precision float literals *Double* have the structure indicated by the regular expression digit+ '.' digit+ ('e' ('-')? digit+)? i.e.\ two sequences of digits separated by a decimal point, optionally followed by an unsigned or negative exponent.

String literals String have the form "x"}, where x is any sequence of any characters except "unless preceded by \setminus .

Reserved words and symbols

The set of reserved words is the set of terminals appearing in the grammar. Those reserved words that consist of non-letter characters are called symbols, and they are treated in a different way from those that are similar to identifiers. The lexer follows rules familiar from languages like Haskell, C, and Java, including longest match and spacing conventions.

The reserved words used in StarsepLang are the following:

| assert | auto | bool | char |
|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| elif | else | false | float |
| fn | for | if | in |
| int | let | list | loop |
| print | return | string | true |
| void | while | | |

The symbols used in StarsepLang are the following:

Comments

Single-line comments begin with #, //. Multiple-line comments are enclosed with /* and */.

The syntactic structure of StarsepLang

Non-terminals are enclosed between < and >. The symbols -> (production), | (union) and \mathbf{eps} (empty rule) belong to the BNF notation. All other symbols are terminals.

```
Program
                     [FnDef]
FnDef
               ->
                     Type Ident ( [Arg] ) Block
[FnDef]
                     FnDef
                     FnDef [FnDef]
Arg
                     Type Ident
               ->
[Arg]
                    eps
                     Arg
                     Arg , [Arg]
FunExec
                     Ident ( |Expr| )
Block
                     \{ [Stmt] \}
               ->
Stmt
                     Block
               ->
                     Oper;
                     while Expr\ Block
                     for Oper ; Expr ; Oper\ Block
                     \quad \text{for } \mathit{Ident} \ \text{in } \mathit{Expr} \ \mathit{Block}
                     loop\ Block
                     IfStmt
                     I\!f\!ElseStmt
|Stmt|
                    \mathbf{eps}
                     Stmt [Stmt]
Oper
                     Type [Item]
                     let /Item/
                     auto [Item]
                     Ident AssOp Expr
                     Ident ++
                     Ident --
                     return Expr
                     return
                     FunExec
                     print ( \mathit{Expr} )
                     {\tt assert} ( {\it Expr} )
Item
                     Ident
                     Ident = Expr
[Item]
                     Item
                     Item , [Item]
IfStmt
                     \mathit{IfStmt} elif \mathit{Expr} \mathit{Block}
                     \mathtt{if}\ \mathit{Expr}\ \mathit{Block}
IfElseStmt
                     \mathit{IfStmt} else \mathit{Block}
              ->
Type
               ->
                     int
                     char
                     string
                     bool
                     float
                     void
                     fn < [Type] >
                     list < Type >
[Type]
                     Type
                    Expr8
                     Type [ /Expr/ ]
                     Ident
                     Integer
                     Char
                     Double
                     String
```

false