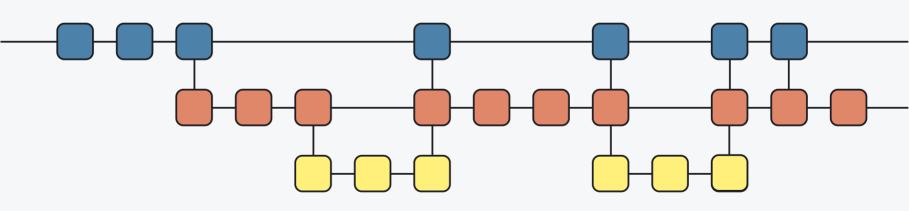


Best practices for modern social science



Today's Agenda

- 1. What does modern social science look like?
- 2. Why are we here today?
- 3. What are best practices and why are they important?
- 4. How do we get our lab started with best practices for teams?
- 5. How do we leverage modern tools as a lab? a department? a field?



Open science is increasingly emphasized



- Collaboration between teams and fields
- Reusing others' materials and reproducing findings
- Public accessibility
- Many powerful drivers
 - Journals, funders, individuals, scientific societies



Complex problems need computing resources

- Experiments are more powerful, creative, and complex
- Analyses increasingly rely on computationally-intensive approaches

Global networks are more common



- Academics are increasingly working with people outside their lab, department, university, or even academia itself.
- If people leave academia for the private sector, wherever they go, the best possible practices are used and expected.
 - Facilitating better research practices is good for academics, increasingly common in academia, and crucial outside of academia

Modern social science looks like...



Open Science



Complex Problems



Global Networks

Modern social science looks like...



Open Science



Complex Problems



Global Networks

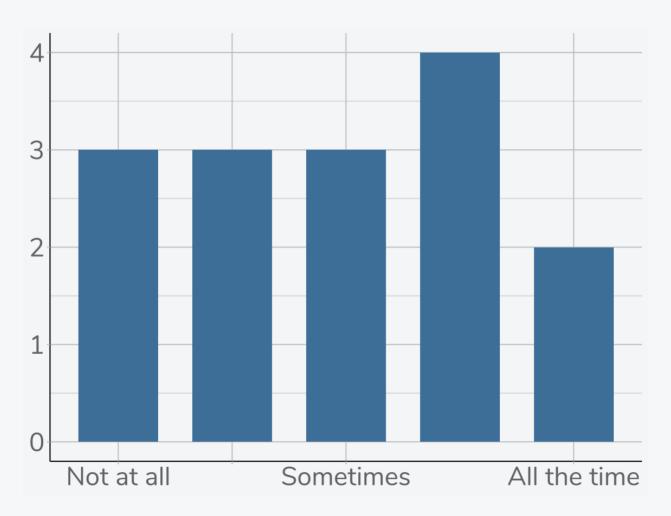


Team Science

Why are we here today?

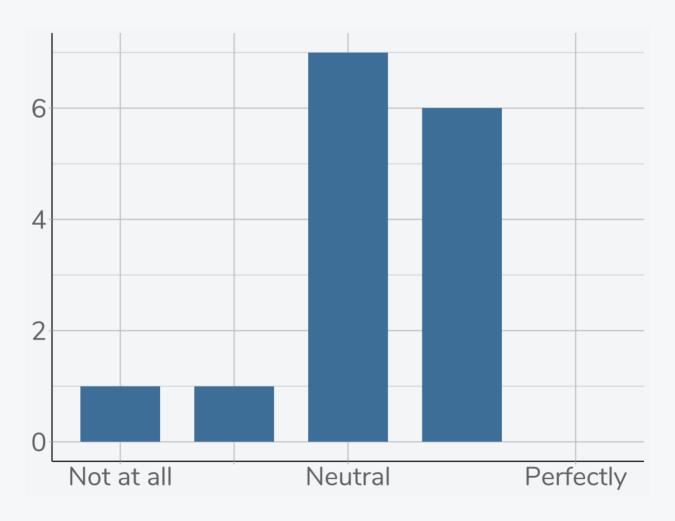
We can't keep track of different versions

How often do you store and spend time searching for file versions?



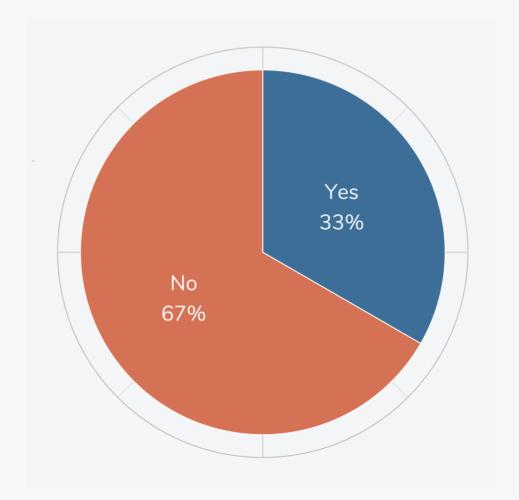
We can't find files confidently

How organized do you feel your project files are?



We can't share without extra effort

Are you able to share analysis files with collaborators with one or two clicks without doing any editing to the file?



Continuing current research practices has costs

- 1. They are expensive in both time and effort
 - This is hours of your time and others' time, wasted.
- 2. They lead to risk of serious errors
 - This is mistakes in publications and unnecessary confusion.
- 3. They make collaboration harder than it needs to be
 - This is lost opportunities and lost innovation.

We can do better by using best practices

What are best practices and why are they important?

Best practices are...

- methods
- strategies
- techniques
- procedures
- etc.

...that are generally agreed upon as the **most effective** or **most prudent** way to work.

Best practices are vital to successful collaboration with your team, projects, and code.

Who agrees upon these "best" practices?

The private sector

...especially those in **software and technology** who carry out their entire professional lives in this setting with tremendous incentives & desire to improve, streamline, and facilitate digital work.

Who agrees upon these "best" practices?

Other academics

Ram, 2013, Git can facilitate greater reproducibility and increased transparency in science, Source Code for Biology and Medicine

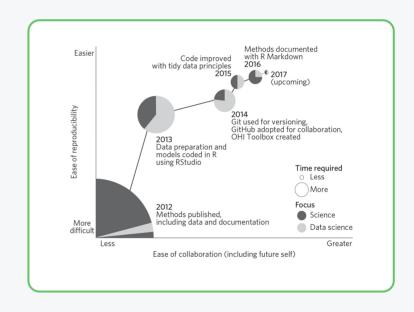
Wilson et al, 2014, Best practices for scientific computing, *PLoS Biology*

Gorgolewski & Poldrack, 2016, A practical guide for improving transparency and reproducibility in neuroimaging research, *PLoS Biology*

Lowndes et al, 2017, Our path to better science in less time using open data science tools, *Nature Ecology & Evolution*

Wilson et al, 2017, Good enough practices in scientific computing, *PLoS Computational Biology*

Hesse, 2018, Can psychology walk the walk of open science?, American Psychologist



What is the value of adopting best practices?

Best practices are consistent with our scientific values

- Better science
 - More reusability
 - More reproducibility
 - Fewer errors
- Transparency
- Efficiency

- More attractive collaborator
- Fast onboarding of new lab members
- Supports young scholars
- Intentional organization of digital lab materials

Future-proofing

This is and will be the standard for years to come

How do we get our lab started with best practices for teams?

It starts with the best tools for teams

Start communicating with Slack



- Can be asynchronous, can be synchronous
- Designed for teams with multiple people coordinating unevenly across multiple projects in shifting ways over time
- Can be 1:1 private, shared within a small group, or shared with everyone, all within the same platform
- Stores your communication and makes it easy to find later
- Connects with nearly every other modern tool for teams

Who else uses Slack?

As of 2019, Slack had 10+ million daily active users, and 87% of users state that Slack improves their entire work process

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Start scheduling with Google Calendar

- Designed for teams with multiple projects and various meeting needs
- Both public and private calendar events to schedule weekly lab meetings and one-on-one meetings
- It is more accessible for external collaborators than Outlook

Who else uses Google Calendar?

As of 2018, at least 500 million people use Google Calendar





- Provides a shared interface for all digital materials in the cloud
- Relates ideas and conversation directly to code
- Tracks informative, detailed changes line-by-line, file-by-file, folderby-folder
- Designed explicitly for teams who write code of any kind
- Resolves conflicts between different peoples' materials
- Facilitates discussion and planning about those digital materials

Who else uses GitHub?

As of 2021, GitHub had 69+ million accounts from across the whole world and 200+ million repositories



How does GitHub work?

GitHub uses a version control system called Git.

Let's take a look!

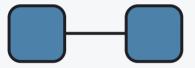
Conceptual flow

Here is your main idea



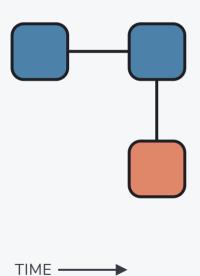


Make a quick update to your main idea

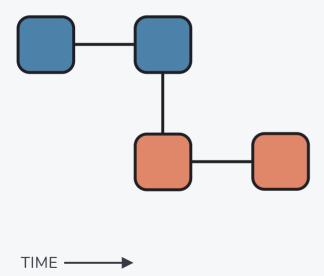




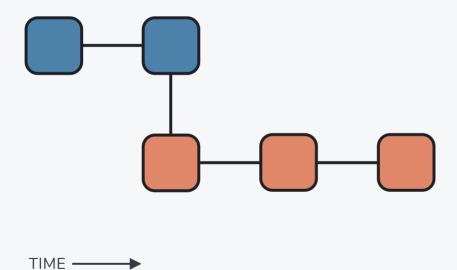
Draft a new idea separate from your main idea



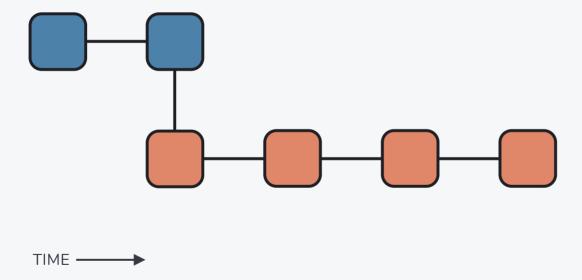
Iterate on the draft of your new idea



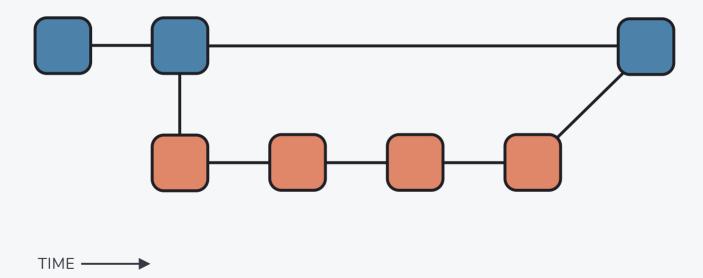
Continue developing the new idea



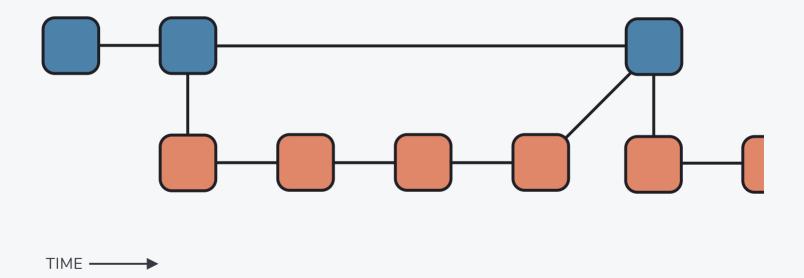
Make one more update to the new idea



Update your main idea with the new idea



Start a draft of another new idea



Meal-prep flow

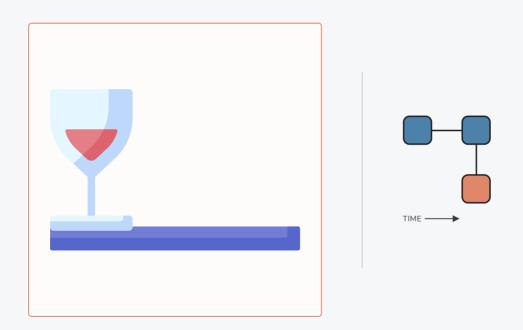
Here is your wine glass



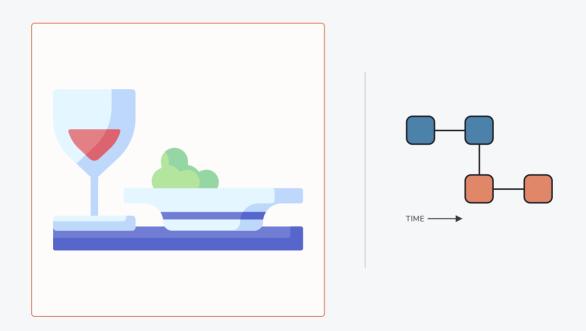
Add wine to your wine glass



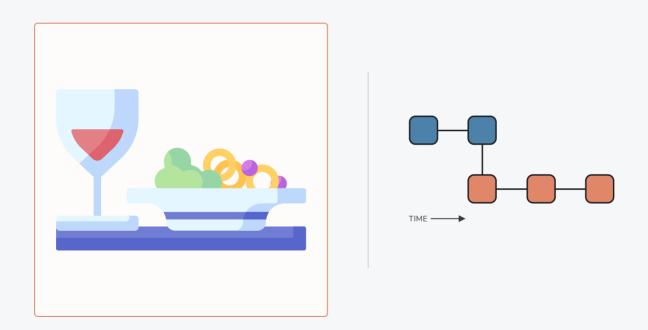
Leave wine aside to prepare your salad



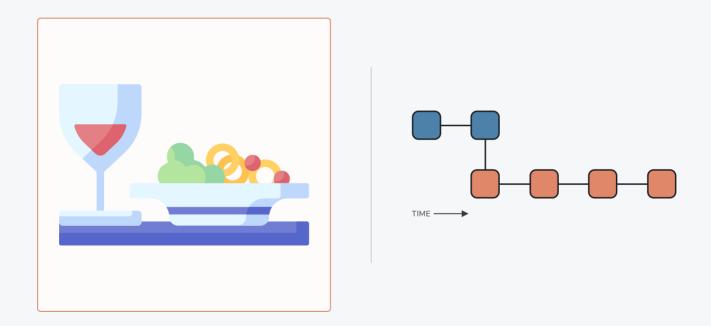
Add some greens to start your salad



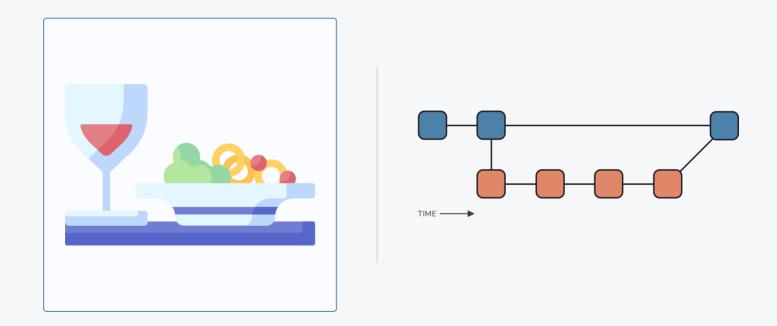
Add onions and grapes to your salad



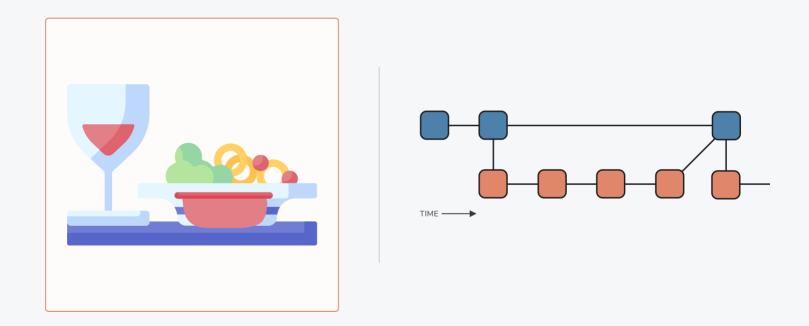
Replace the grapes with tomatoes



Bring together your salad and wine

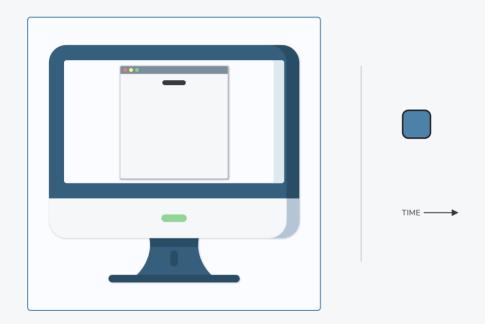


Start prepping another part of your meal



Online survey flow

Here is a blank survey with a small title



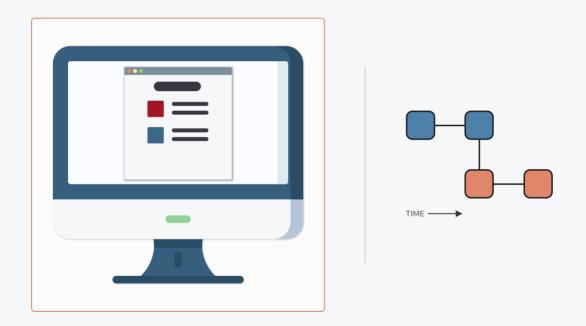
Resize the title to increase readability



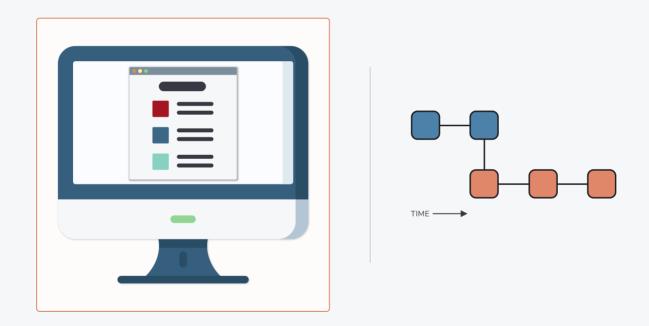
Draft the first set of questions separately



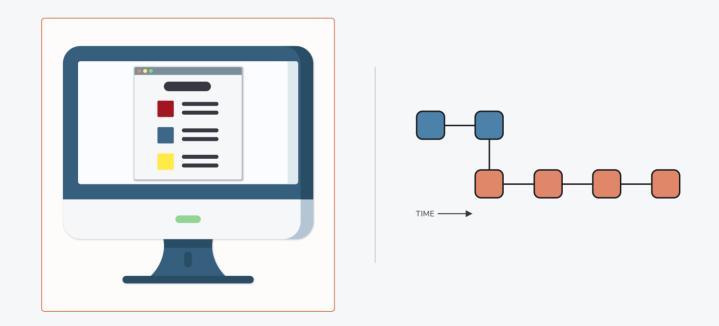
Add two questions to the survey draft



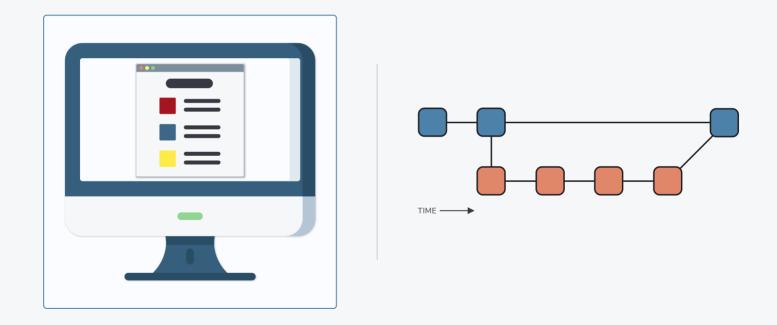
Add a third question to the survey draft



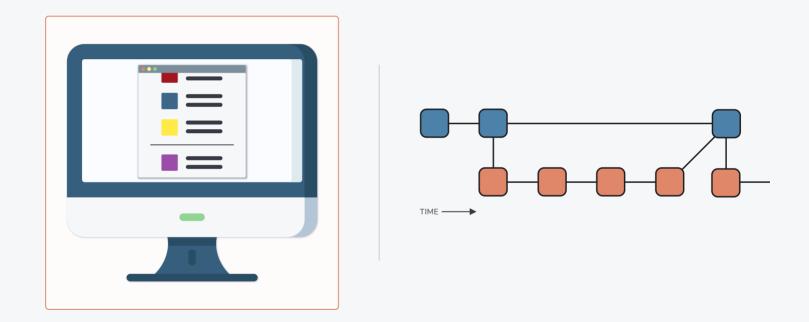
Replace the third question with a new version



Combine your questions with the title

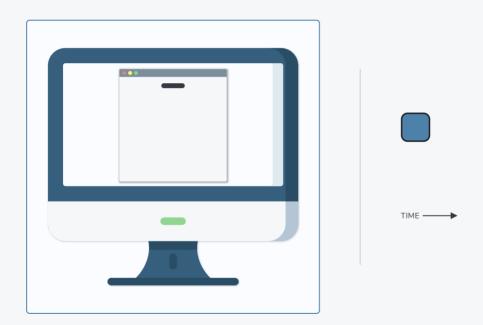


Start drafting another section of the survey



Online survey flow with Git terms

The first survey version on the main branch



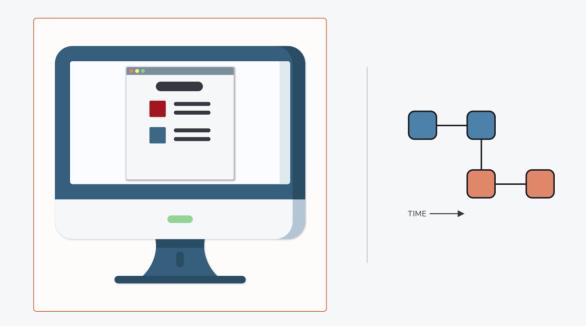
Add, commit, and push very minor changes



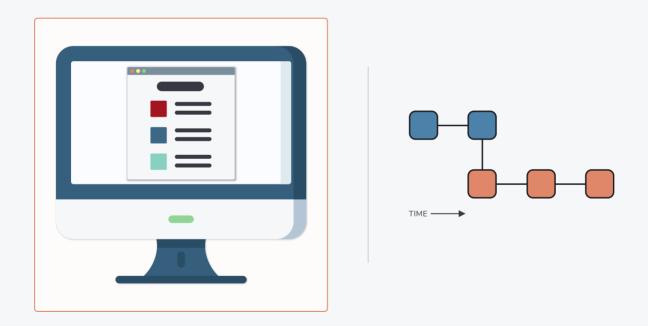
Checkout a draft branch to make major changes



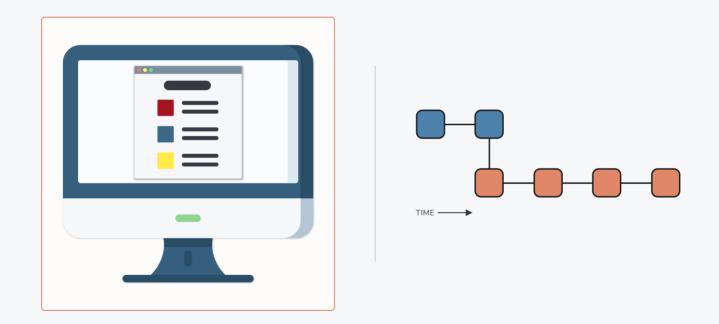
Add, commit, and push changes to draft branch



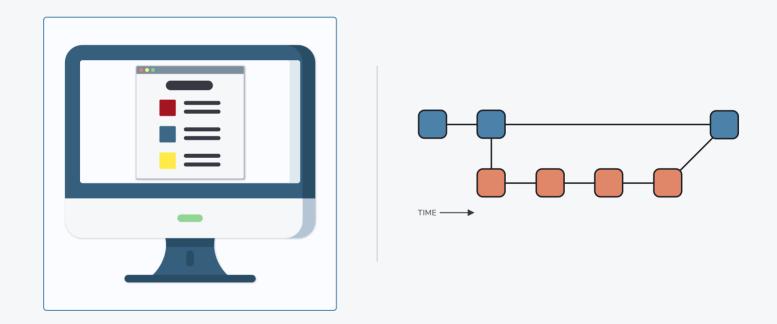
Add, commit, and push changes to draft branch



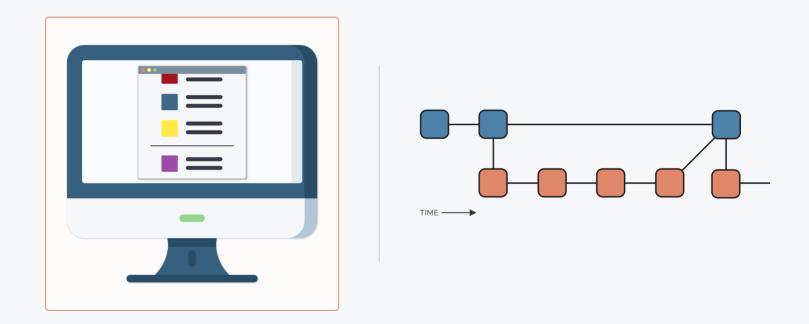
Add, commit, and push changes to draft branch



Merge your draft branch into your main branch



Checkout a new branch to make more changes



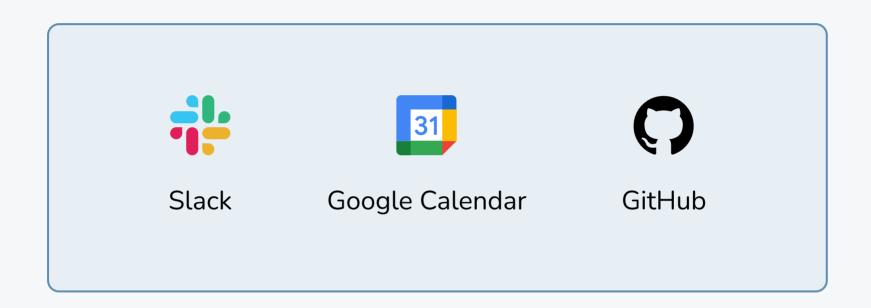


Again, how does GitHub work?

GitHub uses *Git* to help teams **develop** their ideas little by little, and documents *everything* thoughtfully.

Flow: Checkout > Add > Commit > Push > Merge

Tools help teams accomplish best practices



How do we leverage modern tools as a lab? a department? a field?



Learn how to setup and work with software tools that are designed to help teams collaborate efficiently and effectively on complex projects.

www.startyourlab.com

Acknowledgments

Active team

• Dr. Peter Sokol-Hessner, Assistant Professor, University of Denver

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- Aaron Rios, Data Scientist, Even
- Ted Kornish, Head of Engineering, TruthSet

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