## STAT 134: Section 6

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Conceptual Review (random variables, indicators)

- a. What is a random variable (r.v.)? How is this different than a distribution?
- b. For r.v.s X, Y, what does X = Y mean? Is this different from X and Y having the same distribution?
- c. What does it mean for two r.v.s to be independent?
- d. What is  $\mathbb{E}(X)$ ? Is it a random variable? If X = Y, does  $\mathbb{E}(X) = \mathbb{E}(Y)$ ?
- e. If *A* is an event, we denote by  $\mathbf{1}_A$  the indicator r.v. of *A*. What is the distribution of  $\mathbf{1}_A$ ? What is  $\mathbb{E}(\mathbf{1}_A)$ ?

## Problem 1

Derive the expectation of a uniform r.v. on  $\{0, 1, ..., n\}$ .

## Problem 2

Let A and B be independent events, with indicator r.v.s  $\mathbf{1}_A$  and  $\mathbf{1}_B$ .

- 1. Describe the distribution of  $(\mathbf{1}_A + \mathbf{1}_B)^2$  in terms of  $\mathbb{P}(A)$  and  $\mathbb{P}(B)$ ;
- 2. What is  $\mathbb{E}\left((\mathbf{1}_A + \mathbf{1}_B)^2\right)$ ?