## Stat 134: Section 19

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## Conceptual Review

- a. Let X, Y have joint density  $f_{X,Y}(x,y) > 0$  for all x,y > 0. Set up an integral that would yield the density of Z = X + Y.
- b. Repeat (a), but for W = 3X + 4Y.
- c. For  $X \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda)$ , a > 0, what is the distribution of aX?

## Problem 1

Let  $X \sim \text{Unif (0,1)}$ , and  $Y \sim \text{Unif (0,2)}$ , independent of each other. Find the density of Z = X + Y, using:

- a. the convolution formula;
- b. the CDF of *Z*.

Suppose  $X \sim \text{Exp }(\lambda_X)$ ,  $Y \sim \text{Exp }(\lambda_Y)$ , and X, Y are independent.

- a. Find P(X < Y).
- b. Now suppose  $\lambda_X = \lambda_Y = \lambda$ . Using part (a), find the density of Z = X/Y. (Hint: look at the CDF of Z.)
- c. By a similar process as in (b), find the distribution of  $W = \frac{X}{X+Y}$ . (Simplify  $F_W$ , and you should recognize W as one of our famous distributions.)

## Problem 3

Let X = UV for independent uniform (0,1) variables U and V. Find the density of X.

Ex. 5.4.9 in Pitman's Probability