

Stat 134: Conditional Probabilities, Distributions, & Expectations Review

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Problem 1

Let $X_1 \sim \text{Geom}(p_1)$, $X_2 \sim \text{Geom}(p_2)$, $X_1 \perp X_2$, both on $\{1, 2, \dots\}$.

Find:

a. $P(X_1 \leq X_2)$;

b. $P(X_1 = x | X_1 \leq X_2)$. Recognize $X_1 | X_1 \leq X_2$ as a named distribution, and state the parameter(s).

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } P(X_1 = x, X_2 \geq x) &= q_1^{x-1} p_1 q_2^{x-1} = p_1 (q_1 q_2)^{x-1} \\ P(X_1 \leq X_2) &= \sum_{x=1}^{\infty} P(X_1 = x, X_2 \geq x) = \sum_{x=1}^{\infty} p_1 (q_1 q_2)^{x-1} \\ &= \frac{p_1}{1 - q_1 q_2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{b) } P(X_1 = x | X_1 \leq X_2) = \frac{P(X_1 = x, X_1 \leq X_2)}{P(X_1 \leq X_2)} = \frac{p_1 (q_1 q_2)^{x-1}}{\frac{p_1}{1 - q_1 q_2}} = \frac{(q_1 q_2)^{x-1}}{(1 - q_1 q_2)} \rightarrow \text{Geom}(1 - q_1 q_2)$$

Problem 2

Let $Y \sim \text{Beta}(r, s)$. Conditioned on $Y = y$, let $X \sim \text{Geometric}(y)$ on $\{0, 1, 2, \dots\}$. For simplicity, assume $r, s > 1$.

a. Find $E(X)$.

b. $P(X = x, Y \in dy)$

c. Find $P(X = x)$, for $x \in \{0, 1, 2, \dots\}$.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } E(X) &= E(E(Y|X)) = E\left(\frac{1-Y}{Y}\right) = \int_0^1 \left(\frac{1-y}{y}\right) \frac{\Gamma(r+s)}{\Gamma(r)\Gamma(s)} y^{r-1} (1-y)^{s-1} dy \\ &= \sum_{r=1}^{\infty} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } P(X=x, Y \in dy) &= P(Y \in dy) P(X=x | Y=y) \\ &= \frac{\Gamma(r+s)}{\Gamma(r)\Gamma(s)} y^{r-1} (1-y)^{s-1} dy (1-y)^x y \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{c) } P(X=x) = \int_0^1 P(X=x, Y \in dy) = \frac{\Gamma(r+s) \Gamma(r+1) \Gamma(s+x)}{\Gamma(r) \Gamma(s) \Gamma(r+s+x+1)}$$

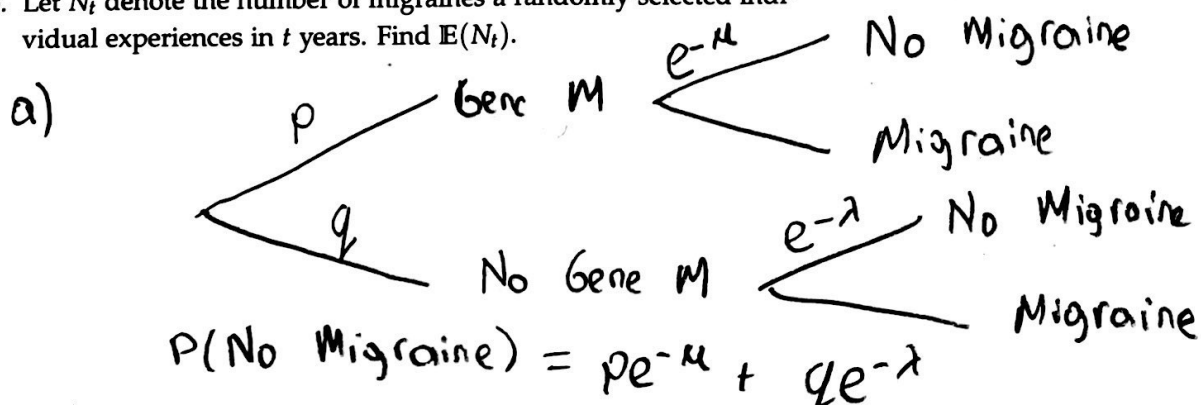
Problem 3

Suppose a proportion p of a population has a gene m that makes them predisposed to migraines. Of these people, the number of migraines they experience in a year follows a Poisson process with rate μ per year, whereas the rest of the population experiences migraines according to a Poisson process with rate λ .

- a. What is the probability that a randomly selected individual experiences no migraines in a given year?

Hint: Condition on whether the individual has gene m .

- b. Let N_t denote the number of migraines a randomly selected individual experiences in t years. Find $E(N_t)$.



- b) Let I be indicator that the person has gene m
- $$E[N_t] = P(I=1) E(N_t | I=1) + P(I=0) E(N_t | I=0)$$
- $$= p\mu t + q\lambda t$$

Problem 4

Let X, Y have joint density $f_{X,Y}(x,y) = 2\lambda^2 e^{-\lambda(x+y)}, 0 < x < y$. It can be shown that $f_X(x) = 2\lambda e^{-2\lambda x}, x > 0$. Find:

- a. The conditional density of Y , given $X = x$;

- b. $E(Y|X = x)$.

a)

$$f_{Y|X}(y) = \frac{f_{X,Y}(x,y)}{f_X(x)} = \frac{2\lambda^2 e^{-\lambda(x+y)}}{2\lambda e^{-2\lambda x}} = \lambda e^{-\lambda(y-x)}$$

on $x < y < \infty$

b)

$$E(Y|X=x) = \int_x^\infty y f_{Y|X}(y) dy$$

$$= \int_x^\infty y \lambda e^{-\lambda(y-x)} dy = x + \frac{1}{\lambda}$$