Stat 134: Section 14

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Conceptual Review

Consider a Poisson Process with rate λ per unit time. Identify what each random variable represents, and find the distributions of:

- a. N_t ;
- b. W_k ;
- c. T_k . (How is this different from (b)?)

Problem 1

Suppose calls are arriving at a telephone exchange at an average rate of one per second, according to a Poisson arrival process. Find:

- a. the probability that the fourth call after time t=0 arrives within 2 seconds of the third call;
- b. the probability that the fourth call arrives by time t = 5 seconds;
- c. the expected time at which the fourth call arrives.

Ex 4.2.5 in Pitman's Probability

Problem 2: Geometric from Exponential

Show that if $T \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda)$, then Z = int(T) = |T|, the greatest integer less than or equal to T, has a geometric (p) distribution on $\{0,1,2,\ldots\}$. Find *p* in terms of λ . Ex 4.2.10 in Pitman's Probability

How can we use the CDF of Z to simplify this problem?

Problem 3: Gammas, Exponentials, and Moments

Consider the gamma function $\Gamma(r) = \int_0^\infty x^{r-1} e^{-x} dx$, r > 0.

- a. Use integration by parts to show that $\Gamma(r+1) = r\Gamma(r)$.
- b. Deduce from (a) that for any positive integer n, $\Gamma(n) = (n-1)!$
- c. Show that if $T \sim \text{Exp}(1)$, then $\mathbb{E}(T^n) = n!$.
- d. Show that if $S = T/\lambda$, then $S \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda)$. (Note: from this, we can easily show that $\mathbb{E}(S^n) = n!/\lambda^n$).

Hint: Consider the expression P(S > s), then substitute for *S* appropriately.

Ex 4.2.9 in Pitman's Probability