Stat 134: Section 17

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April 8th, 2019

Conceptual Review

- a. Let X, Y have joint density $f_{X,Y}$. Draw a picture showing what we mean by $P(X \in dx, Y \in dy)$.
- b. If *X*, *Y* are jointly uniformly distributed over a region, what does their joint density look like?
- c. X, Y are jointly distributed on the region (x,y): 1 < x < y < 3. True or false: X, Y could be independent.

Problem 1

A metal rod is ℓ inches long. Measurements made using this rod are distributed uniformly from $\ell-0.1$ to $\ell+0.1$ inches, accounting for random error. Assume measurements are independent of each other.

- a. Find the chance that a measurement is within 0.01 inches of ℓ .
- b. Find the chance that two measurements are within 0.01 inches of each other.

Draw a picture to help visualize this

Ex 5.1.2 in Pitman's Probability

Problem 2

Suppose that (X, Y) is uniformly distributed over the region $\{(x, y) : 0 < |y| < x < 1\}$. Find:

- a. The joint density of (X, Y)
- b. The marginal densities $f_X(x)$ and $f_Y(y)$
- c. Are *X* and *Y* independent?
- d. Find $\mathbb{E}(X)$ and $\mathbb{E}(Y)$.

Ex 5.2.1 in Pitman's Probability

As before, draw a picture of the region. This will help you to set bounds for integration, and may provide a hint for part (d).

Problem 3

Minimum and maximum of two independent exponentials. Suppose S and T are i.i.d. Exponential (λ) random variables. Define $X = \min\{S, T\}, Y = \max\{S, T\}, \text{ and } Z = Y - X.$

- a. Find the joint density of *X* and *Y*. Are *X*, *Y* independent?
- b. Find the joint density of *X* and *Z*. Are *X*, *Z* independent?
- c. Identify the marginal distributions of *X* and *Z*.

Ex 5.2.9 in Pitman's Probability

Consider $P(X \in dx, Y \in dy)$. What are the possible ways this could happen?