Problem 2: Competing Exponentials

Suppose $X \sim \text{Exp }(\lambda_X)$, $Y \sim \text{Exp }(\lambda_Y)$, and X, Y are independent.

- a. Find P(X < Y).
- b. Now suppose $\lambda_X = \lambda_Y = \lambda$. Using part (a), find the density of Z = X/Y. (Hint: look at the CDF of Z.)
- c. By a similar process as in (b), find the density of $W = \frac{X}{X+Y}$.

a) See p.352 in Pitman. Answer:
$$\frac{\lambda_x}{\lambda_x + \lambda_y}$$
.

b) Key fact: for
$$X \sim Exp(\lambda)$$
, $aX \sim Exp(\frac{\lambda}{a})$ (for $a > 0$.)

Note
$$Z\in(0,\infty)$$
. $F_{z}(z)=P(Z$

$$= \mathbb{P}(\times < \ge Y) \xrightarrow{\text{by (a)}} \frac{\lambda}{\lambda^{+\frac{1}{2}}} = \frac{1}{1+\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{2}{2+1}.$$

$$\Rightarrow f_{2(2)} = \frac{1}{(2+1)^{2}}, 2^{2}, 0.$$

$$\mathbb{P}(W < \omega) = \mathbb{P}(\frac{x}{x+y} < \omega) = \mathbb{P}(x < \omega(x+y))$$

$$= P\left(\frac{1-\omega}{1-\omega} \times \langle \omega \times \rangle = \frac{\frac{\lambda}{1-\omega}}{\frac{\lambda}{1-\omega} + \frac{\lambda}{\omega}} = \frac{\frac{1}{1-\omega}}{\frac{1}{1-\omega} + \frac{1}{\omega}} = \frac{1}{1+\frac{1-\omega}{\omega}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1+\frac{1}{N}-1} = W.$$
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Prepared by Brian Thorsen and Yiming Shi