Monte Carlo Methods and Computer Arithmetics

HW 2 of STAT 5361 Statistical Computing

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Abstract

Use Monte Carlo Methods to approch $\Phi(t)$ and explain some computer arithmetics.

1 Monte Carlo Methods

1.1 Principles

The CDF of standard norm distribution is

$$\Phi(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{t} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-y^2/2} dy \tag{1}$$

by the Monte Carlo methods

$$\hat{\Phi}(t) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} I(X_i \le t)$$
(2)

where X_i 's are iid N(0,1) variables.

1.2 Approximation Outcomes

The approximation is implemented at $n \in \{10^2, 10^3, 10^4\}$ at $t \in \{0.0, 0.67, 0.84, 1.28, 1.65, 2.32, 2.58, 3.09, 3.72\}$. The outcome table with true values is shown below.

Table 1: Approximation Outcomes with True Values

$\hat{\Phi}(t)$	t = 0.0	t = 0.67	t = 0.84	t = 1.28	t = 1.65	t = 2.32	t = 2.58	t = 3.09	t = 3.72
$n = 10^2$	0.4600	0.7400	0.8200	0.9100	0.9700	0.9900	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
$n = 10^{3}$	0.5210	0.7390	0.7940	0.8920	0.9360	0.9900	0.9960	0.9990	0.9990
$n = 10^4$	0.5056	0.7496	0.7937	0.8967	0.9521	0.9910	0.9960	0.9994	1.0000
$\Phi(t)$	0.5000	0.7486	0.7995	0.8997	0.9505	0.9898	0.9951	0.9990	0.9999

```
n <- c(10^2, 10^3, 10^4)
t <- c(0.0, 0.67, 0.84, 1.28, 1.65, 2.32, 2.58, 3.09, 3.72)
truth <- pnorm(t)

table <- matrix(NA, 3, 9)

set.seed(1)
sample <- list()
for (i in 1:length(n)) {
    sample[[i]] <- rnorm(n[i])</pre>
```

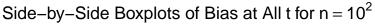
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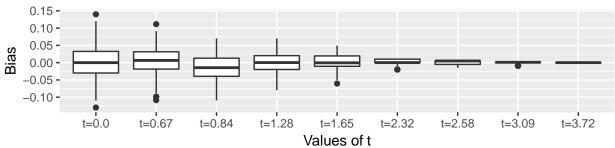
```
for (i in 1:length(n)) {
   for (j in 1:length(t)) {
     table[i, j] <- sum(sample[[i]] <= t[j])/n[i]
   }
}</pre>
```

1.3 Box Plots of the Bias

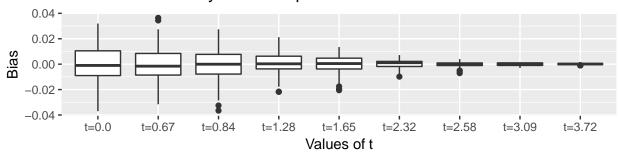
For each n and t, we have $\hat{\Phi}(t)$ and the true value $\Phi(t)$, then we can calculate the bias. We repeat the experiments 100 times and will obtain 100 biases. Thus box plots can be drawn.

```
## Using as id variables
## Using as id variables
## Using as id variables
```





Side-by-Side Boxplots of Bias at All t for $n = 10^3$



Side-by-Side Boxplots of Bias at All t for $n = 10^4$

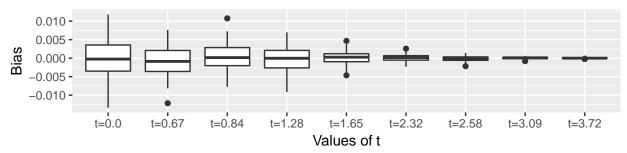


Figure 1: Side-by-Side Boxplots of Bias at all t for Different n

2 Computer Arithmetics