

# EM Project

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## Verify the E- and M-steps.

### E- stapes

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q(\Psi|\Psi^{(k)}) &= E[l_n^c(\Psi)|(x, y)] \\
 &= l_n^c(\Psi) \sum_z P(z|(x, y), \Psi^k) \\
 &= \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^m z_{ij} [\log \pi_j + \log \varphi(y_i - x_i^T \beta_j; 0, \sigma^2)] \sum_z P(z|(x, y), \Psi^k) \\
 &= \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^m [\log \pi_j + \log \varphi(y_i - x_i^T \beta_j; 0, \sigma^2)] \sum_z z_{ij} P(z|(x, y), \Psi^k) \\
 &= \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^m [\log \pi_j + \log \varphi(y_i - x_i^T \beta_j; 0, \sigma^2)] \frac{\pi_j^k \varphi(y_i - x_i^T \beta_j; 0, \sigma^2)}{\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j^k \varphi(y_i - x_i^T \beta_j; 0, \sigma^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

because  $z_{ij}$  is binary r. v

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^m [\log \pi_j + \log \varphi(y_i - x_i^T \beta_j; 0, \sigma^2)] p_{ij}^{k+1}$$

### M-steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q(\Psi|\Psi^{(k)}) &= \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^m [\log \pi_j + \log \varphi(y_i - x_i^T \beta_j; 0, \sigma^2)] p_{ij}^{k+1} \\
 &= \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^m p_{ij}^{k+1} [\log \pi_j + \log \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} e^{-\frac{(y_i - x_i^T \beta_j)^2}{2\sigma^2}}] \\
 &= [\sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^m p_{ij}^{k+1} \log \pi_j] - [\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^m p_{ij}^{k+1} \log(2\sigma^2\pi)] - [\sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^m p_{ij}^{k+1} \frac{(y_i - x_i^T \beta_j)^2}{2\sigma^2}]
 \end{aligned}$$

Verify

$$\pi_j^{k+1}$$

.

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial \pi_j} Q &= \frac{\partial}{\partial \pi_j} \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^m p_{ij}^{k+1} \log \pi_j \\
&= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n p_{ij}^{k+1}}{\pi_j} - \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n p_{im}^{k+1}}{\pi_m} \\
&= 0 \\
\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n p_{ij}^{k+1}}{\pi_j} &= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n p_{im}^{k+1}}{\pi_m} \\
&= c \\
\sum_{i=1}^n p_{ij}^{k+1} &= c \sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j \\
c &= n \\
\pi_j^{k+1} &= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n p_{ij}^{k+1}}{n}
\end{aligned}$$

Verify

$$\beta_j^{k+1}$$

.

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta_j} Q &= \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta_j} \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^m p_{ij}^{k+1} \frac{(y_i - x_i^T \beta_j)^2}{2\sigma^2} \\
&= -2 \sum_{i=1}^n p_{ij}^{k+1} x_i (y_i - x_i^T \beta_j) \\
&= 0 \beta_j^{k+1} &= \left( \sum_{i=1}^n x_i x_i^T p_{ij}^{k+1} \right)^{-1} \left( \sum_{i=1}^n x_i p_{ij}^{k+1} y_i \right)
\end{aligned}$$

berify

$$\sigma^{2(k+1)}$$

.

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial \sigma^{2(k+1)}} Q &= \frac{\partial}{\partial \sigma^{2(k+1)}} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^m p_{ij}^{k+1} \log(2\sigma^2 \pi) \right] - \left[ \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^m p_{ij}^{k+1} \frac{(y_i - x_i^T \beta_j)^2}{2\sigma^2} \right] \\
\sigma^{2(k+1)} &= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^m p_{ij}^{k+1} (y_i - x_i^T \beta_j^k)^2}{\sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^m p_{ij}^{k+1}} \\
&= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^m p_{ij}^{k+1} (y_i - x_i^T \beta_j^k)^2}{n}
\end{aligned}$$

## implement the algorithm

```

regmix_em <- function(y, xmat, pi.init, beta.init, sigma.init,
                      control=list(maxit = 100, tol = .Machine$double.eps^0.5)) {
  n <- nrow(xmat)
  c <- ncol(xmat)
  m <- length(pi.init)

  maxit <- control$maxit
  tol <- control$tol

  pi <- pi.init
  beta <- beta.init
  sigma <- sigma.init

  p <- matrix(NA, nrow = n, ncol = m)
  beta.new <- matrix(NA, nrow = c, ncol = m)

  xmat <- as.matrix(xmat)

  for (i in 1:maxit) {
    for (j in 1:n) {
      p[j, ] <- pi * dnorm(y[j] - xmat[j, ] %*% beta, mean = 0, sd = sigma) /
        sum(pi * dnorm(y[j] - xmat[j, ] %*% beta, mean = 0, sd = sigma))
    }

    pi.new <- colMeans(p)

    for (j in 1:m) {
      beta.new[, j] <- solve(t(xmat) %*% diag(p[, j]) %*% xmat) %*%
        t(xmat) %*% diag(p[, j]) %*% y
    }

    sigma.new <- sqrt(sum(p * (y %*% t(rep(1, m)) - xmat %*% beta.new)^2)/n)

    if (sum(abs(pi-pi.new))+sum(abs(beta-beta.new))+abs(sigma-sigma.new) < tol) {
      break
    }
    pi <- pi.new
    beta <- beta.new
    sigma <- sigma.new
  }
  if (i == maxit) {
    print("Reach the Maximum Iteration")
  }
  return(list(pi = pi.new, beta = beta.new, sigma = sigma.new,
             conv = 1, iter = i))
}

```

## Generate data & Estimate parameters

```

regmix_sim <- function(n, pi, beta, sigma) {
  K <- ncol(beta)
  p <- NROW(beta)
  xmat <- matrix(rnorm(n * p), n, p) # normal covaraites
  error <- matrix(rnorm(n * K, sd = sigma), n, K)
  ymat <- xmat %*% beta + error # n by K matrix
  ind <- t(rmultinom(n, size = 1, prob = pi))
  y <- rowSums(ymat * ind)
  data.frame(y, xmat)
}

n <- 400
pi <- c(.3, .4, .3)
bet <- matrix(c( 1, 1, 1,
                -1, -1, -1), 2, 3)

sig <- 1
set.seed(1205)
dat <- regmix_sim(n, pi, bet, sig)

fit <- regmix_em(y = dat[,1], xmat = dat[,-1],
  pi.init = pi / pi / length(pi),
  beta.init = bet * 0,
  sigma.init = sig / sig,
  control = list(maxit = 500, tol = 1e-5))
fit

```

```

## $pi
## [1] 0.3333333 0.3333333 0.3333333
##
## $beta
##      [,1]      [,2]      [,3]
## [1,] 0.3335660 0.3335660 0.3335660
## [2,] -0.4754645 -0.4754645 -0.4754645
##
## $sigma
## [1] 1.732492
##
## $conv
## [1] 1
##
## $iter
## [1] 2

```

Because when beta.initial equals zero, the parameter didnt update after 2 iterations, So i randomly choose another value as the beta.initial. Then, we can see it is convergence to 1 in 55 iterations.

```
fit1 <- regmix_em(y = dat[,1], xmat = dat[,-1],  
  pi.init = pi / pi / length(pi),  
  beta.init = matrix(c(1,2,3,1,2,3),2,3),  
  sigma.init = sig / sig,  
  control = list(maxit = 500, tol = 1e-5))  
fit1
```

```
## $pi  
## [1] 0.3453911 0.2687873 0.3858217  
##  
## $beta  
##           [,1]      [,2]      [,3]  
## [1,] -0.9136974  0.9911857  0.8796608  
## [2,] -1.1990372 -1.2424565  0.9341965  
##  
## $sigma  
## [1] 1.023598  
##  
## $conv  
## [1] 1  
##  
## $iter  
## [1] 55
```