HW7 Qi Qi 10/26/2018

$$f(x|\delta, \mu_1, \mu_2, \sigma_1^2, \sigma_2^2) = \delta \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_1} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu_1)^2}{2\sigma_1^2}} + (1-\delta) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_2} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu_2)^2}{2\sigma_2^2}}$$

 $\mu_1 \sim N(0,10^2), \, \mu_2 \sim N(0,10^2), \, 1/\sigma_1^2 \sim Gamma(.5,10), \, 1/\sigma_2^2 \sim Gamma(.5,10).$

$$f(\delta, \mu_1, \mu_2, \sigma_1^2, \sigma_2^2, x) = \left[\delta \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_1} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu_1)^2}{2\sigma_1^2}} + (1-\delta) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_2} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu_2)^2}{2\sigma_2^2}}\right]$$
$$\frac{1}{2\pi} e^{-\frac{\mu_1^2 + \mu_2^2}{2000}} \frac{1}{\Gamma(.5)^2 10} (1/\sigma_1^2)^{1.5} (1/\sigma_2^2)^{1.5} e^{-\frac{1}{10\sigma_1^2}} e^{-\frac{1}{10\sigma_2^2}}$$

$$f(\delta,\mu_1,\mu_2,\sigma_1^2,\sigma_2^2|x) \propto \exp[\log(\frac{\delta}{\sigma_1}e^{-\frac{(x-\mu_1)^2}{2\sigma_1^2}} + \frac{1-\delta}{\sigma_2}e^{-\frac{(x-\mu_2)^2}{2\sigma_2^2}}) - \mu_1^2/200 - \mu_2^2/200 - 3\log\sigma_1 - 3\log\sigma_2 - \frac{1}{10\sigma_1^2} - \frac{1}{10\sigma_2^2}]$$

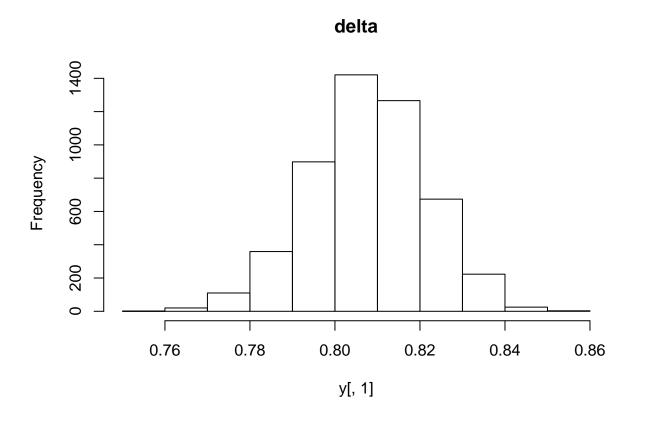
using arms() univariate version in each step

sigma1

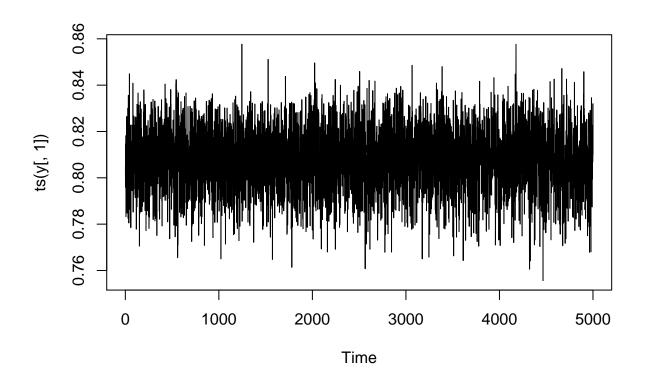
```
# true value
delta <- 0.7
mu1 <- 2
mu2 <- 4
sigma1 < -2
sigma2 <- 3
# sample
n <- 1000
u <- rbinom(n, prob = delta, size = 1)</pre>
dat <- rnorm(n, ifelse(u == 1, mu1, mu2), ifelse(u == 1, sigma1, sigma2))
mylike <- function(delta, mu1, mu2, sigma1, sigma2, x){</pre>
  sum(log(delta / sigma1 * exp(-(x - mu1) ^ 2 / (2 * sigma1 ^ 2)) + (1 - delta) / sigma2 * exp(-(x - mu
mymcmc <- function(niter, init, data){</pre>
    v <- matrix(NA, niter, 5)
    for (i in 1:niter) {
      delta <- arms(init[1], function(x) mylike(x,mu1 = init[2], mu2 = init[3], sigma1 = init[4], sigma
      v[i, 1] <- init[1] <- delta
      ## mu1
      mu1 <- arms(init[2], function(x) mylike(delta = init[1], x, mu2 = init[3], sigma1 = init[4], sigm</pre>
      v[i, 2] <- init[2] <- mu1
      ## mu2
      mu2 <- arms(init[3], function(x) mylike(delta = init[1], mu1 = init[2], x, sigma1 = init[4], sigm
      v[i, 3] <- init[3] <- mu2
```

```
sigma1 <- arms(init[4], function(x) mylike(delta = init[1], mu1 = init[2], mu2 = init[3], x, sigm
v[i, 4] <- init[4] <- sigma1

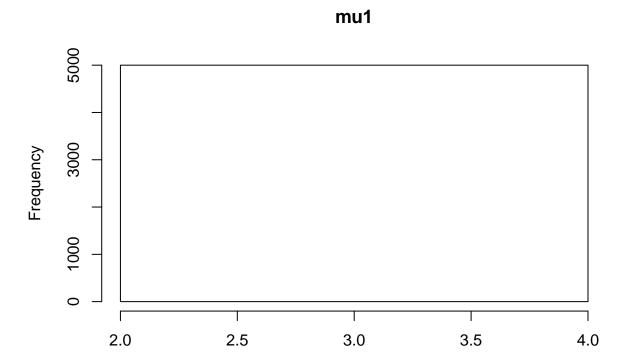
## sigma2
sigma2 <- arms(init[5], function(x) mylike(delta = init[1], mu1 = init[2], mu2 = init[3], sigma1 = v[i, 5] <- init[5] <- sigma2
}
v[i, 5] <- init[5] <- sigma2
}
niter <- 10000
init <- c(.6, 3, 5, 3, 4)
y <- mymcmc(niter, init, dat)[-(1: 5000), ]
hist(y[, 1], main = "delta")</pre>
```



```
plot(ts(y[, 1]))
```

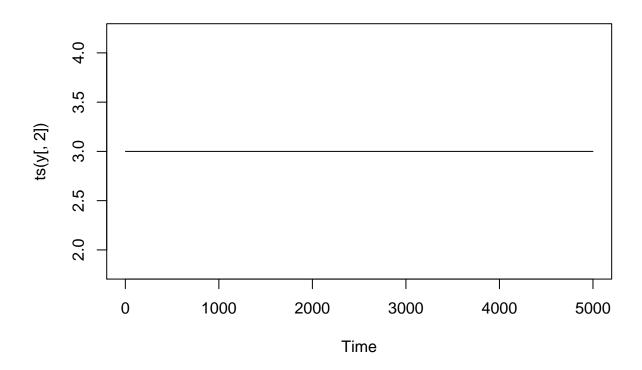


hist(y[, 2], main = "mu1")

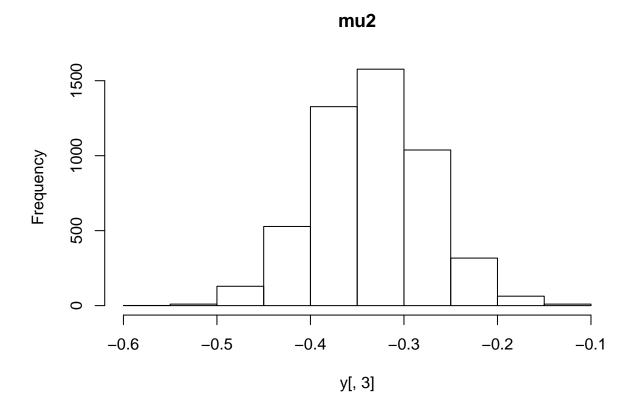


plot(ts(y[, 2]))

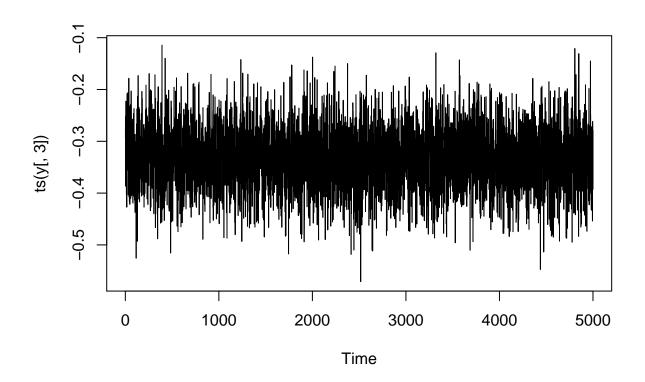
y[, 2]



hist(y[, 3], main = "mu2")

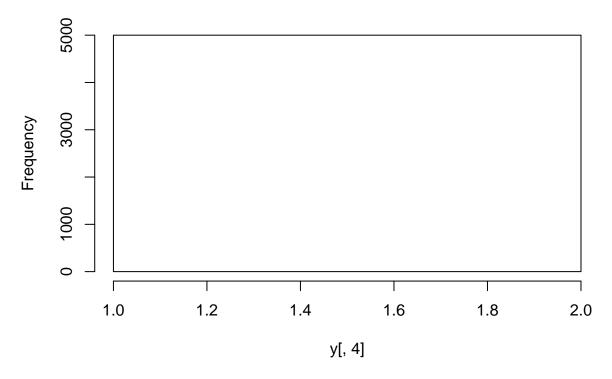


plot(ts(y[, 3]))

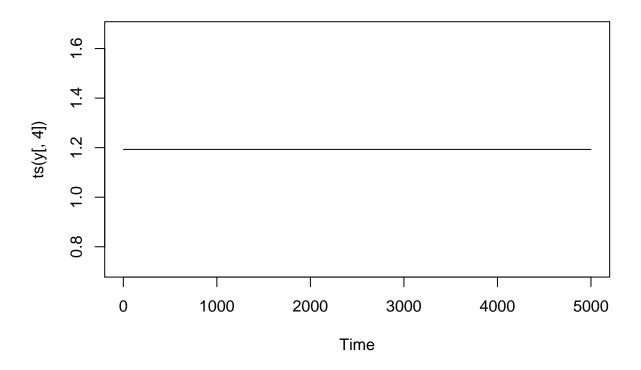


hist(y[, 4], main = "sigma1")



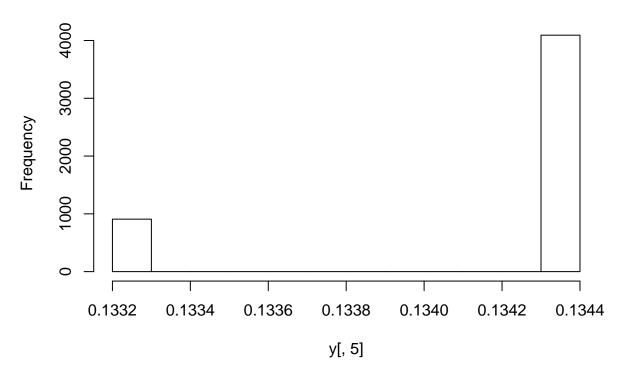


plot(ts(y[, 4]))

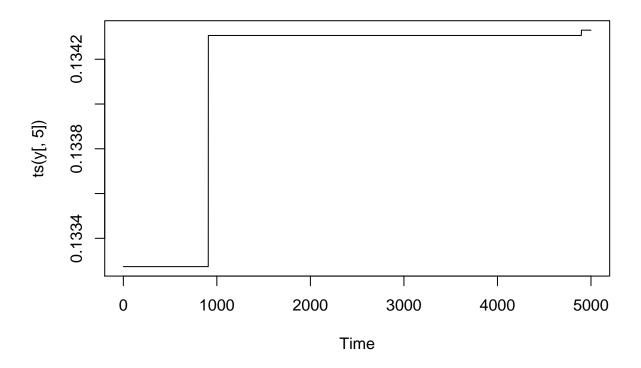


hist(y[, 5], main = "sigma2")



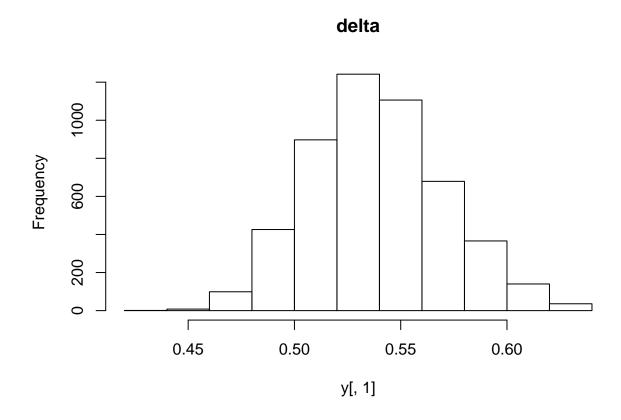


plot(ts(y[, 5]))



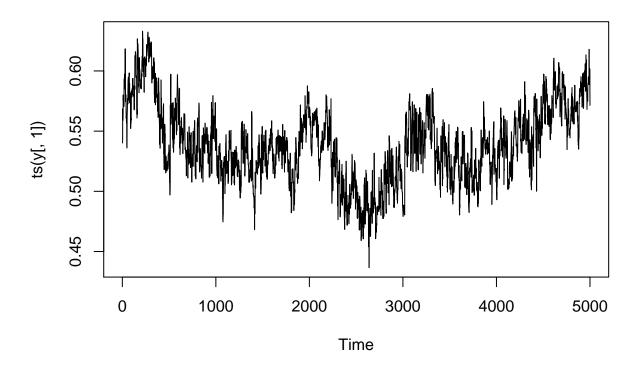
using arms() multivariate version

```
# true value
delta <- 0.7
mu1 <- 2
mu2 <- 4
sigma1 <- 2
sigma2 <- 3
# sample
n <- 1000
u <- rbinom(n, prob = delta, size = 1)</pre>
dat \leftarrow rnorm(n, ifelse(u == 1, mu1, mu2), ifelse(u == 1, sigma1, sigma2))
mylike <- function(delta, mu1, mu2, sigma1, sigma2, x){</pre>
 sum(log(delta / sigma1 * exp(-(x - mu1) ^ 2 / (2 * sigma1 ^ 2)) + (1 - delta) / sigma2 * exp(-(x - mu
}
init <-c(.6, 3, 5, 3, 4)
y \leftarrow arms(init, function(x) mylike(x[1], x[2], x[3], x[4], x[5], x = dat), function(x) (x[1] > 1e-5) *
hist(y[, 1], main = "delta")
```

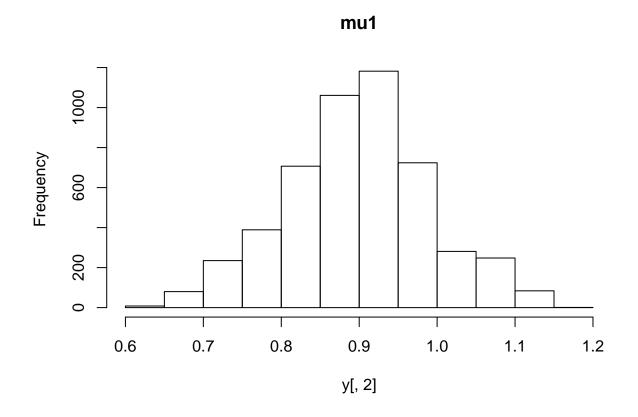


plot(ts(y[, 1]), main = "delta")



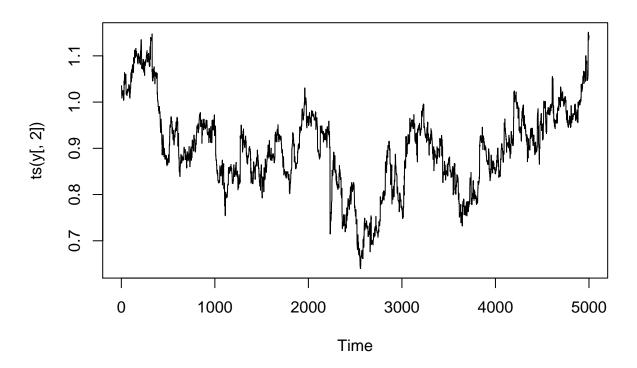


hist(y[, 2], main = "mu1")

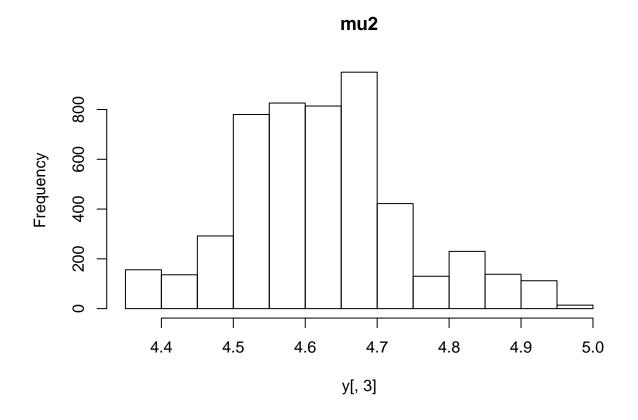


plot(ts(y[, 2]), main = "mu1")



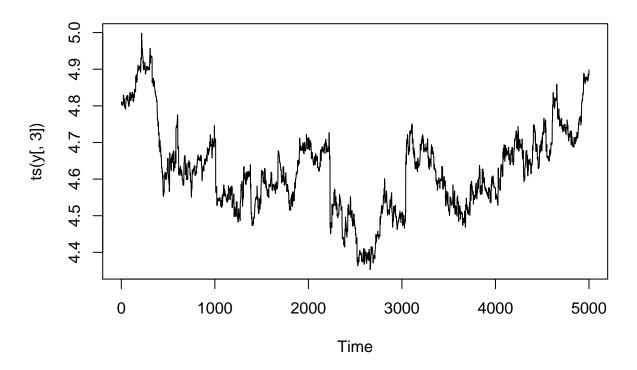


hist(y[, 3], main = "mu2")

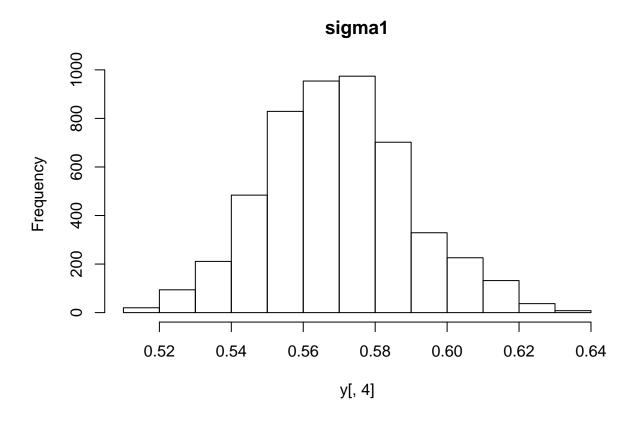


plot(ts(y[, 3]), main = "mu2")



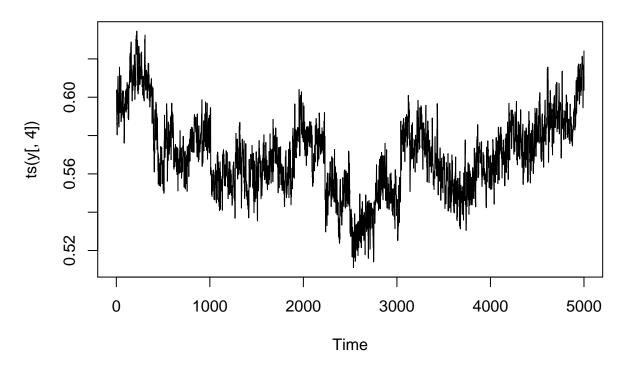


hist(y[, 4], main = "sigma1")

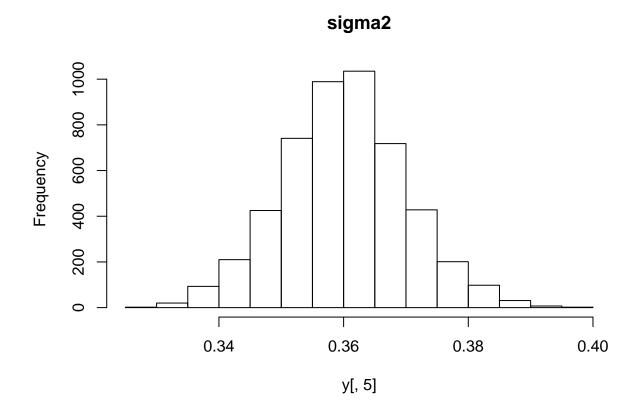


plot(ts(y[, 4]), main = "sigma1")





hist(y[, 5], main = "sigma2")



plot(ts(y[, 5]), main = "sigma2")

sigma2

