Proposal: What is the impact of weather catastrophe frequency and severity on property insurance policy prices, and how can homeowners alleviate financial strain?

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Introduction Weather catastrophes, including hurricanes, tornados, wildfires, hail storms, and other extreme weather events, have been increasingly prevalent and severe in recent years. These events pose significant risks to homeowners and carry substantial financial implications. This research proposal aims to investigate how the frequency and severity of weather catastrophes impact the pricing of property insurance policies and to identify strategies that can be developed to mitigate the financial burden on homeowners. Previous studies in the field (e.g., Kraehnert et al., 2021) have provided valuable insights, and we seek to build upon their findings.

Specific Aims Our study focuses on three main objectives pertaining to weather catastrophes and property insurance pricing. To start with, we seek to explore the overarching research query: "What is the impact of weather catastrophe frequency and severity on property insurance policy prices, and how can homeowners alleviate financial strain;' This fundamental inquiry will serve as the basis for our investigation.

To examine this question thoroughly, we intend to analyze how variations in insured loss over time correlate with changes in both the frequency and severity of weather catastrophes such as hurricanes, tornados, wildfires, and hail storms. By studying these factors' influence on policy pricing fluctuations, we aim to gain a comprehensive understanding of their interplay.

Moreover, we plan to convert this primary research question into specific statistical inquiries that employ data science techniques. These focused queries include evaluating whether there exists a correlation between weather catastrophe occurrence rates and alterations in insured loss over time. Additionally, through data-driven analysis methods, we aim to identify effective strategies for alleviating homeowners' financial burdens caused by these catastrophic events.

By successfully achieving these aims through quantitative methodologies rooted in data science principles, our research endeavors hold promise for providing valuable insights that can inform practices within the insurance industry. Finally, this knowledge has potential implications for public policy decisions aimed at enhancing disaster resilience amidst escalating climate-related risks.

Data We will primarily rely on information acquired from reputable sources for our research, particularly the Insurance Information Institute (III)

Research Design and Methods In order to fully address the research objectives, our research design and methods will take an integrated approach. We will start by performing a thorough analysis of the information obtained from the Insurance Information Institute (III)

On the basis of historical weather catastrophe data and other relevant variables, we will use predictive modeling techniques to forecast changes in the pricing of property insurance premiums in order to address the data science aspects of our research. Additionally, we'll pinpoint the elements most responsible for changes in insurance costs in the face of frequent and severe weather catastrophes.

Our research will be executed over a well-defined timeline, which includes data collection, statistical analysis, predictive modeling, and the synthesis of findings into actionable recommendations. This comprehensive approach will ensure that we address both the statistical and data science aspects of our research question and provide a better understanding of the issue at hand.

Discussion In order to comprehend the effects of weather catastrophes on house insurance price and propose mitigation techniques, our research faces a number of difficulties. The intricacy of the dataset obtained from the Insurance Information Institute and Aon's 2023 Weather, Climate, and Catastrophe Insight Report presents a substantial problem. These datasets need careful data preprocessing, cleansing, and validation because they are packed with information. Additionally, because it requires negotiating complex relationships among the data, comprehending the outcomes of statistical analysis and predictive modeling can be challenging.

Furthermore, the accuracy and availability of the data may provide challenges for our research. Even if Aon's report and III's statistics are reliable sources, they might have gaps in their geographic scope, breadth, or level of detail for some factors. These restrictions might affect how thorough our findings are.

We have developed a fallback plan to deal with these difficulties and constraints. We shall give data quality and analytical robustness the highest priority in the event that unanticipated problems occur. To ensure the validity of our findings, we will carefully record our data preprocessing procedures. In addition, if data restrictions occur, we will be upfront about them in our final report and indicate how they might affect our results.

Conclusion In conclusion, our study proposal describes a thorough and multi-methodological approach to investigate the effect of weather catastrophes on the pricing of home insurance policies and the development of methods to lessen the financial burden on homeowners. Our research attempts to provide important insights into this urgent topic by utilizing data from

reliable sources including the Insurance Information Institute and Aon's 2023 Weather, Climate, and Catastrophe Insight Report. We will be able to present a comprehensive viewpoint on the topic and contribute to informed policy decisions and industrial practices thanks to the mix of statistical analysis, and data science approaches.

References

Kraehnert, K., D. Osberghaus, C. Hott, L. T. Habtemariam, F. Wätzold, L. P. Hecker, and S. Fluhrer (2021). Insurance against extreme weather events: An overview. *Review of Economics* 72(2), 71–95.