

# Proposal: Influences of GDP in the U.S

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November 10, 2022

**Introduction** Gross Domestic Product is one of the main factors that goes into determining a country's economic growth. GDP is the total monetary value of all goods and services that are produced in a country and is a "comprehensive measure of U.S economic activity" [Bureau of Economic Analysis \(2022\)](#). For this paper, I will focus solely on the GDP in the United States. [Divya and Devi \(2014\)](#) found that exchange rates and market indexes are important factors that influence an economy's GDP. They also found that inflation is highly correlated, but not a significant influencer.

**Specific Aims** With so many economic factors and data readily available, which variables should economists focus on? When investigating U.S. Gross Domestic Product, the goal is to determine the relationship between variables and if those variables can help predict GDP. If a variable tends to predict the value of GDP, then economists should focus more on these independent variables when forecasting Gross Domestic Product. I decided to choose this topic because as an Economics minor, I have seen similar analysis, but have never had the opportunity to do this statistical analysis myself. This is important because even though there is an abundance of resources available about GDP, this information can change based on country, variables used, and which years your data contains. Having the ability to accurately predict GDP is important because governments, corporations, and investors heavily take GDP into consideration when making decisions [Corporate Finance Institute \(2020\)](#).

**Data** My data has been collected from the Federal Reserve Economic Data (FRED) website. The data from the FRED website is collected and updated by the Research Department at the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis. All of the datasets used in this analysis have been collected separately and compiled into one dataset. There are seven variables and sixty seven observations in this dataset. My dependent variable is Gross Domestic Product (GDP). My independent variables are Population (POP), Nominal Broad U.S Dollar Index (NBUSDI), 10 Year Treasury Constant Maturity Rate (TCMR), Disposable Personal Income (DPI), Unemployment Rate (UNRATE), and Business Sector Labor Productivity (BSLP). The dataset contains quarterly observations starting from January 1st, 2006 up until July 7th, 2022. The limited amount of data comes from Nominal Broad U.S Dollar Index (NBUSDI) only starting to be recorded by FRED in 2006.

**Research Design and Methods** For this paper, I plan to create a multiple linear regression model. For the model, my dependent variable will be Gross Domestic Product, and my independent variables will be Population (POP), Nominal Broad U.S Dollar Index (NBUSDI), 10 Year Treasury Constant Maturity Rate (TCMR), Disposable Personal Income (DPI), Unemployment Rate (UNRATE), and Business Sector Labor Productivity (BSLP). My goal is to find which independent variables are associated and can help predict the value of GDP. There has been much research into what impacts GDP, but I am curious to see if Nominal Broad U.S Dollar Index (NBUSDI) and Business Sector Labor Productivity (BSLP) are successful indicators. My methods will help my hypothesis because it allows me to compare variables against one another while also testing their relationship to GDP.

**Discussion** I expect to find that many of my variables will have a strong relationship with GDP. Mainly, I expect Disposable Personal Income (DPI) and Unemployment Rate (UNRATE) to have the strongest relationships since personal consumption and high government costs impact GDP. I am interested in testing Nominal Broad U.S Dollar Index (NBUSDI) because this variable measures the U.S. dollar compared with all other currencies. This variable is associated with exports which is used when calculating GDP. I am also interested in testing Business Sector Labor Productivity (BSLP). GDP is a measure of labor productivity, so I am expecting BSLP to have a strong relationship with GDP.

**Conclusion** Overall, even though there is a lot of research about what impacts GDP, my main goal is to test these methods myself. The purpose behind my research is to corroborate previous research while also exploring my own interest. If my model is successful, I will be able to confirm my expectations while also indicating to economists which variables they should focus on.

## References

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