

1. The British debt following the seven years war was astronomical. To manage this debt the British government implemented a series of financial policies like sugar act stamp act which are met with heavy resistance from American colonists who felt unfairly burdened

2. Under George III and his minister George, the motivation behind these taxes shifted from regulating trade to generating income for Britain. They aimed to directly tax American colonies to help alleviate the national debt from 7 years war.

3. The stamp act protests in American colonies inspired the regulator movements. The regulator movements were located in north and south Carolina were formed by settlers in the outskirts dissatisfied with corruption and inactivity of colonial governments, they sought fair representation and to end unjust taxation

Wool Act - Iron act
cannot manufacture must export Iron, wool, and other raw materials

Sugar Act

Lowered tax on sugar but now its regulated

Stamp act

tax on stamps caused major boycotts

Townshend act

taxation on imports lead port boycotts caused many false reports except for

tea act

tax on tea Boston tea party caused British to do more importations and make the

Intolerable act

Allowed British soldiers to live in colonists homes