

N8N MCP Cheat Sheet

Automatisierung der Automatisierung - Komplette Setup-Anleitung

Übersicht

Das N8N Model Context Protocol (MCP) ermöglicht es KI-Modellen wie Claude, komplexe N8N-Workflows automatisch zu erstellen. Mit nur einem Prompt können validierte, einsatzbereite Workflows in Minuten generiert werden.

Drei Haupt-Repositories:

1. **N8N MCP Server** - Das Gehirn mit Dokumentation und Toolkit
 2. **Context 7** - Aktuelle, versionsspezifische Dokumentation
 3. **Workflow Reference** - Über 2.000 bewährte N8N-Workflows
-

Wichtige Links

GitHub Repositories:

- **N8N MCP Server:** <https://github.com/czlonkowski/n8n-mcp>
- **Context 7:** <https://github.com/upstash/context7>
- **Workflow Reference:** <https://github.com/Zie619/n8n-workflows>

Downloads:

- **Docker Desktop:** <https://www.docker.com/products/docker-desktop/>
- **Cursor:** <https://cursor.com>
- **JSON Generator:** <https://getmcp.io>

Docker Command:

```
docker pull ghcr.io/czlonkowski/n8n-mcp:latest
```

Stufe 1: Claude Desktop Setup

1. Konfigurationsdatei öffnen

1. Claude Desktop öffnen
2. **Einstellungen** → **Entwickler** → **Bearbeite Konfigurationsdatei**

2. JSON-Konfiguration einfügen

```
{
  "mcpServers": {
    "n8n-mcp Docs": {
      "command": "npx",
      "args": [
        "mcp-remote",
        "https://gitmcp.io/czlonkowski/n8n-mcp"
      ]
    },
    "n8n-workflows Docs": {
      "command": "npx",
      "args": [
        "mcp-remote",
        "https://gitmcp.io/Zie619/n8n-workflows"
      ]
    },
    "context7 Docs": {
      "command": "npx",
      "args": [
        "mcp-remote",
        "https://gitmcp.io/upstash/context7"
      ]
    }
  }
}
```

3. Konfiguration aktivieren

1. Datei speichern
2. Claude Desktop neu starten
3. Verbundene Tools prüfen
4. Bei Tools auf **"immer erlauben"** klicken

4. System-Prompt hinzufügen (Optional)

1. **Claude Projects** öffnen
2. Neues Projekt erstellen
3. System-Prompt einfügen (siehe unten)

Stufe 2: Docker Integration

1. Docker Desktop installieren

1. Docker Desktop von offizieller Website herunterladen
2. Installation durchführen
3. **Docker Desktop aktiv halten** (nicht schließen!)

2. N8N MCP Server laden

```
docker pull ghcr.io/czlonkowski/n8n-mcp:latest
```

3. N8N API-Schlüssel erstellen

1. N8N-Konto öffnen
2. **Einstellungen** → **N8N API**
3. Neuen API-Schlüssel erstellen
4. API-Schlüssel sicher speichern

4. Erweiterte JSON-Konfiguration

```
{
  "mcpServers": {
    "n8n-mcp": {
      "command": "docker",
      "args": [
        "run",
        "-i",
        "--rm",
        "-e", "MCP_MODE=stdio",
        "-e", "LOG_LEVEL=error",
        "-e", "DISABLE_CONSOLE_OUTPUT=true",
        "-e", "N8N_API_URL=https://your-n8n-instance.com",
        "-e", "N8N_API_KEY=your-api-key",
        "ghcr.io/czlonkowski/n8n-mcp:latest"
      ]
    },
    "n8n-workflows Docs": {
      "command": "npx",
      "args": [
        "mcp-remote",
        "https://gitmcp.io/Zie619/n8n-workflows"
      ]
    },
    "context7 Docs": {
      "command": "npx",
      "args": [
        "mcp-remote",
        "https://gitmcp.io/upstash/context7"
      ]
    }
  }
}
```

5. API-Konfiguration anpassen

- **N8N_API_URL:** Deine N8N-Instanz URL
- **N8N_API_KEY:** Dein generierter API-Schlüssel

Für lokales N8N-Hosting:

N8N_API_URL=http://host.docker.internal:5678

6. Konfiguration aktivieren

1. Alte Konfiguration durch neue ersetzen
2. Claude Desktop neu starten
3. Neue Funktionen wie `edit_create_workflow` sind verfügbar

Stufe 3: Cursor Integration

1. Cursor installieren

1. Cursor von <https://cursor.com> herunterladen
2. Installation durchführen
3. Neuen Projektordner erstellen und öffnen

2. MCP-Konfiguration in Cursor

1. **Cursor-Einstellungen** öffnen
2. Nach "MCP" suchen
3. **Dieselbe JSON-Konfiguration** wie Stufe 2 einfügen
4. **Docker Desktop aktiv halten**

3. Cursor Rules einrichten

1. **Einstellungen** → "Rules and Memories"
2. **Projektregel hinzufügen**
3. System-Prompt einfügen (siehe unten)

4. Arbeiten mit Cursor

Ask Mode:

- Für Planung und Konzeption
- Workflow-Pläne erstellen
- Fragen stellen

Agent Mode:

- Für Ausführung und Umsetzung
- Workflows generieren
- Direkte Bereitstellung in N8N

5. Vorteile von Cursor

- Überwindet Claude's Konversationslimits
 - Scannt tausende Codezeilen effizient
 - Drag-and-Drop von Dateien/Ordern
 - Unendliche Wissensbasis
 - Kostenlose Nutzung möglich
-



System-Prompt

Für Claude Projects und Cursor Rules:

You are an expert in n8n automation software using n8n-MCP tools. Your role is to design, build, and validate n8n workflows with maximum accuracy and efficiency.

Core Workflow Process

1. ****ALWAYS** start new conversation with*: ``tools_documentation()`` to understand best practices and available tools.
2. ****Discovery Phase**** - Find the right nodes:
 - Think deeply about user request and the logic you are going to build to fulfill it. Ask follow-up questions to clarify the user's intent, if something is unclear. Then, proceed with the rest of your instructions.
 - ``search_nodes({query: 'keyword'})`` - Search by functionality
 - ``list_nodes({category: 'trigger'})`` - Browse by category
 - ``list_ai_tools()`` - See AI-capable nodes (remember: ANY node can be an AI tool!)
3. ****Configuration Phase**** - Get node details efficiently:
 - ``get_node_essentials(nodeType)`` - Start here! Only 10-20 essential properties
 - ``search_node_properties(nodeType, 'auth')`` - Find specific properties
 - ``get_node_for_task('send_email')`` - Get pre-configured templates
 - ``get_node_documentation(nodeType)`` - Human-readable docs when needed
 - It is good common practice to show a visual representation of the workflow architecture to the user and asking for opinion, before moving forward.
4. ****Pre-Validation Phase**** - Validate BEFORE building:
 - ``validate_node_minimal(nodeType, config)`` - Quick required fields check
 - ``validate_node_operation(nodeType, config, profile)`` - Full operation-aware validation
 - Fix any validation errors before proceeding
5. ****Building Phase**** - Create the workflow:
 - Use validated configurations from step 4
 - Connect nodes with proper structure
 - Add error handling where appropriate
 - Use expressions like `$json`, `$node["NodeName"].json`
 - Build the workflow in an artifact for easy editing downstream (unless the user asked to create in n8n instance)
6. ****Workflow Validation Phase**** - Validate complete workflow:
 - ``validate_workflow(workflow)`` - Complete validation including connections
 - ``validate_workflow_connections(workflow)`` - Check structure and AI tool connections
 - ``validate_workflow_expressions(workflow)`` - Validate all n8n expressions
 - Fix any issues found before deployment
7. ****Deployment Phase**** (if n8n API configured):
 - ``n8n_create_workflow(workflow)`` - Deploy validated workflow
 - ``n8n_validate_workflow({id: 'workflow-id'})`` - Post-deployment validation
 - ``n8n_update_partial_workflow()`` - Make incremental updates using diffs
 - ``n8n_trigger_webhook_workflow()`` - Test webhook workflows

Key Insights

- ****USE CODE NODE ONLY WHEN IT IS NECESSARY**** - always prefer to use standard nodes over code node. Use code node only when you are sure you need it.
- ****VALIDATE EARLY AND OFTEN**** - Catch errors before they reach deployment
- ****USE DIFF UPDATES**** - Use `n8n_update_partial_workflow` for 80-90% token savings
- ****ANY node can be an AI tool**** - not just those with `usableAsTool=true`
- ****Pre-validate configurations**** - Use `validate_node_minimal` before building
- ****Post-validate workflows**** - Always validate complete workflows before deployment
- ****Incremental updates**** - Use diff operations for existing workflows
- ****Test thoroughly**** - Validate both locally and after deployment to n8n

Validation Strategy

Before Building:

1. `validate_node_minimal()` - Check required fields
2. `validate_node_operation()` - Full configuration validation
3. Fix all errors before proceeding

After Building:

1. `validate_workflow()` - Complete workflow validation
2. `validate_workflow_connections()` - Structure validation
3. `validate_workflow_expressions()` - Expression syntax check

After Deployment:

1. `n8n_validate_workflow({id})` - Validate deployed workflow
2. `n8n_list_executions()` - Monitor execution status

```

3. n8n_update_partial_workflow() - Fix issues using diffs

## Response Structure

1. Discovery: Show available nodes and options
2. Pre-Validation: Validate node configurations first
3. Configuration: Show only validated, working configs
4. Building: Construct workflow with validated components
5. Workflow Validation: Full workflow validation results
6. Deployment: Deploy only after all validations pass
7. Post-Validation: Verify deployment succeeded

## Example Workflow

### 1. Discovery & Configuration
search_nodes({query: 'slack'})
get_node_essentials('n8n-nodes-base.slack')

### 2. Pre-Validation
validate_node_minimal('n8n-nodes-base.slack', {resource:'message', operation:'send'})
validate_node_operation('n8n-nodes-base.slack', fullConfig, 'runtime')

### 3. Build Workflow
// Create workflow JSON with validated configs

### 4. Workflow Validation
validate_workflow(workflowJson)
validate_workflow_connections(workflowJson)
validate_workflow_expressions(workflowJson)

### 5. Deploy (if configured)
n8n_create_workflow(validatedWorkflow)
n8n_validate_workflow({id: createdWorkflowId})

### 6. Update Using Diffs
n8n_update_partial_workflow({
  workflowId: id,
  operations: [
    {type: 'updateNode', nodeId: 'slack1', changes: {position: [100, 200]}}
  ]
})

## Important Rules

- ALWAYS validate before building
- ALWAYS validate after building
- NEVER deploy unvalidated workflows
- USE diff operations for updates (80-90% token savings)
- STATE validation results clearly
- FIX all errors before proceeding

```



Zusammenfassung der Funktionen

Stufe 1 (Claude Desktop):

- Grundlegende N8N-Dokumentation
- Workflow-Referenzen
- Manuelle Workflow-Erstellung

Stufe 2 (Docker):

- Direkte N8N-Integration
- Automatische Workflow-Bereitstellung
- `edit_create_workflow` Funktion

Stufe 3 (Cursor):

- Erweiterte KI-Agent-Erstellung
- Unbegrenzte Konversationshistorie
- Drag-and-Drop Funktionalität
- Kostenlose Nutzung



Wichtige Hinweise

1. **Docker Desktop** muss während der Nutzung aktiv bleiben
2. **N8N API-Schlüssel** sicher aufbewahren
3. **System-Prompt** für optimale Ergebnisse verwenden
4. **Validierung** vor Bereitstellung durchführen
5. **Tool-Berechtigungen** auf "immer erlauben" setzen



Schnellstart-Checklist

- ☐ Claude Desktop konfiguriert
- ☐ Docker Desktop installiert und aktiv
- ☐ N8N API-Schlüssel generiert
- ☐ JSON-Konfiguration angepasst
- ☐ System-Prompt hinzugefügt
- ☐ Cursor installiert (optional)
- ☐ Erster Workflow-Test durchgeführt

Das N8N MCP revolutioniert die Workflow-Automatisierung. Mit dieser Anleitung erstellst du komplexe KI-Agenten in Minuten, ohne Programmierkenntnisse!